



SFS-6622-A User Guide

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2. Make Cool Practical Technology
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If anything at all with your Ross experience does not live up to your expectations be sure to reach out to us at solutions@rossvideo.com.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "David Ross". The signature is stylized, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

David Ross
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Ross Video Code of Ethics

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2. We will do our best to understand our customers' requirements.
3. We will not ship crap.
4. We will be great to work with.
5. We will do something extra for our customers, as an apology, when something big goes wrong and it's our fault.
6. We will keep our promises.
7. We will treat the competition with respect.
8. We will cooperate with and help other friendly companies.
9. We will go above and beyond in times of crisis. *If there's no one to authorize the required action in times of company or customer crisis - do what you know in your heart is right. (You may rent helicopters if necessary.)*

SFS-6622-A · User Guide

- Ross Part Number: 6622DR-004-04
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Patents

Patent numbers US 7,034,886; US 7,508,455; US 7,602,446; US 7,802,802 B2; US 7,834,886; US 7,914,332; US 8,307,284; US 8,407,374 B2; US 8,499,019 B2; US 8,519,949 B2; US 8,743,292 B2; GB 2,419,119 B; GB 2,447,380 B; and other patents pending.

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Safety Notices

Refer to the “**Important Regulatory and Safety Notices**” document that accompanied your product.

Statement of Compliance

This product has been determined to be compliant with the applicable standards, regulations, and directives for the countries where the product is marketed.

Compliance documentation, such as certification or Declaration of Compliance for the product is available upon request by contacting techsupport@rossvideo.com. Please include the product; model number identifiers and serial number and country that compliance information is needed in request.

EMC Notices

US FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A Digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a Commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio

communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Notice — *Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by Ross Video Ltd. could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.*

Canada

This Class “A” digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003 and part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe “A” est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

European Union

This equipment is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions established under regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Decision No 768/2008/EC referred to as the “New Legislative Framework”.



Warning — *This equipment is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.*

Australia/New Zealand

This equipment is in compliance with the provisions established under the Radiocommunications Act 1992 and Radiocommunications Labeling (Electromagnetic Compatibility) Notice 2008.

Korea

This equipment is in compliance with the provisions established under the Radio Waves Act.

Class A equipment (Broadcasting and communications service for business use)

This device is a business-use (Class A) EMC-compliant device. The seller and user are advised to be aware of this fact. This device is intended for use in areas outside home.

Type of Equipment	User's Guide
A급 기기 (업무용 방송통신기자재)	이 기기는 업무용(A급) 전자파적합기기로서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목적으로 합니다.
Class A Equipment (Industrial Broadcasting & Communication Equipment)	This equipment is Industrial (Class A) electromagnetic wave suitability equipment and seller or user should take notice of it, and this equipment is to be used in the places except for home.

International

This equipment has been tested under the requirements of CISPR 22:2008 or CISPR 32:2015 and found to comply with the limits for a Class A Digital device.

Notice — *This is a Class A product. In domestic environments, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may have to take adequate measures.*

Maintenance/User Serviceable Parts

Routine maintenance to this openGear product is not required. This product contains no user serviceable parts. If the module does not appear to be working properly, please contact Technical Support using the numbers listed under the “**Contact Us**” section of this manual. All openGear products are covered by a generous 5-year warranty

and will be repaired without charge for materials or labor within this period. See the “**Warranty and Repair Policy**” section in this manual for details.

Environmental Information

The equipment may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment.

To avoid the potential release of those substances into the environment and to diminish the need for the extraction of natural resources, Ross Video encourages you to use the appropriate take-back systems. These systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials from your end-of-life equipment in an environmentally friendly and health conscious manner.

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol invites you to use these systems.



If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration. You can also contact Ross Video for more information on the environmental performances of our products.

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Introduction

This guide covers the installation and use of the SFS-6622-A Single Channel Frame Synchronizer with Audio Processing. The following chapters are included:

- “**Introduction**” summarizes the guide and provides important terms, and conventions.
- “**Before You Begin**” provides general information to keep in mind before installing and configuring your SFS-6622-A.
- “**Hardware Overview**” provides a basic introduction to the SFS-6622-A hardware features.
- “**Physical Installation**” provides instructions for the physical installation of the SFS-6622-A.
- “**Cabling**” provides basic cabling information for setting up the SFS-6622-A as an encoder or decoder.
- “**Using DashBoard**” provides an overview of launching DashBoard and accessing the SFS-6622-A interfaces in the DashBoard window.
- “**Video Setup**” provides a general overview of how to specify a reference source, adding a delay, using the video proc amps, ANC processing options, and configuring the test features.
- “**Audio Setup**” provides a general overview of the options in DashBoard for configuring the audio features of your card.
- “**DashBoard Menus**” provides a brief summary of the menus available for the SFS-6622-A in DashBoard.
- “**Software Upgrades**” outlines how to upgrade the software on the SFS-6622-A using the options in DashBoard.
- “**Technical Specifications**” provides the specifications for the SFS-6622-A.
- “**Channel Status Data**” provides additional information for channel status bits for all output audio.
- “**Service Information**” provides information on the warranty and repair policy for your SFS-6622-A.
- “**Glossary**” provides a list of terms used throughout this guide.

Related Publications

It is recommended to consult the following Ross documentation before installing and configuring your SFS-6622-A:

- *DashBoard User Manual*, Ross Part Number: 8351DR-004
- *MFC-OG3-N User Manual*, Ross Part Number: 8322DR-004
- *OGX-FR User Manual*, Ross Part Number:

Documentation Conventions

Special text formats are used in this guide to identify parts of the user interface, text that a user must enter, or a sequence of menus and sub-menus that must be followed to reach a particular command.

Interface Elements

Bold text is used to identify a user interface element such as a dialog box, menu item, or button. For example:

In the **Network** tab, click **Apply**.

User Entered Text

Courier text is used to identify text that a user must enter. For example:

In the **Language** box, enter **English**.

Referenced Guides

Text set in bold and italic represent the titles of referenced guides, manuals, or documents. For example:

For more information, refer to the ***DashBoard User Manual***.

Menu Sequences

Menu arrows are used in procedures to identify a sequence of menu items that you must follow. For example, if a step reads “**File > Save As**,” you would click the **File** menu and then click **Save As**.

Important Instructions

Star icons are used to identify important instructions or features. For example:

- ★ Contact your IT department before connecting to your facility network to ensure that there are no conflicts. They will provide you with an appropriate value for the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway for your device.

Contacting Technical Support

At Ross Video, we take pride in the quality of our products, but if problems occur, help is as close as the nearest telephone.

Our 24-hour Hot Line service ensures you have access to technical expertise around the clock. After-sales service and technical support is provided directly by Ross Video personnel. During business hours (Eastern Time), technical support personnel are available by telephone. After hours and on weekends, a direct emergency technical support phone line is available. If the technical support person who is on call does not answer this line immediately, a voice message can be left and the call will be returned shortly. This team of highly trained staff is available to react to any problem and to do whatever is necessary to ensure customer satisfaction.

- **Technical Support:** (+1) 613-652-4886
- **After Hours Emergency:** (+1) 613-349-0006
- **E-mail:** techsupport@rossvideo.com
- **Website:** <http://www.rossvideo.com>

Before You Begin

This chapter provides general information to keep in mind before installing and configuring your SFS-6622-A.

Product Overview

Each card is a single channel 3G/HD/SD SDI frame synchronizer that automatically detects the incoming video format. Each card accepts an SDI signal of either 270Mbps, 1.485Gbps, or 2.987Gbps, automatically equalizing for cable loss and providing two processed SDI outputs. The video is synchronized to either a frame-wide reference or a local reference. You can also resolve system timing problems as an additional fixed delay can be added to the video and/or audio. A single mode fiber interface with two LC/UPC connectors provide one SDI output and one SDI input.

Each card is also a high quality program AES multiplexer/de-multiplexer capable of embedding/de-embedding up to eight AES/EBU pairs (sixteen audio channels) into an SDI signal. Audio proc control on each output allows for audio processing with independent channel Sample Rate Conversion (SRC) on each AES input, gain of +/-20dB, audio delay up to 1 second and channel phase invert and summing capability. If the input is a synchronous 48kHz signal, the audio can be embedded into the SDI signal unaltered. If the input is not a synchronous 48kHz signal, it may be converted using SRC before it is embedded on the SDI output.

Table 2.1 Configuration Options

Card Model	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3
SFS-6622-A	8 x AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced inputs	8 x AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced outputs	4 x AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced inputs, 4 x AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced outputs

Before You Begin

Each card provides a valid video output frame with formatted TRS codes. In certain conditions, however, the video output of the card will have to be re-synchronized and while doing so, the card will not be able to maintain a valid output. The following conditions will force a re-sync of the video output of the card:

- **Reference loss and reference re-acquired** — To provide a stable output, the card must have a stable reference.
- **Changes in the vertical (V) or horizontal (H) delay parameters** — A parameter change will force the SFS output to reset and restart the video output with the specified V/H offset. Note that changing the number of frames (F) of delay will not reset the output as long as the V/H parameters are constant.
- **Video input format change** — Depending on how the **Loss of Input Format** setting¹ is configured, the card will auto-detect the video input format and apply the last valid input format (Last Input Format setting) or a specified format, it will set its output to match it. While doing so, the output will be reset to the format and re-started.

It is important to understand that when the card is using the digital reference extracted from the SDI video input, the SDI video input signal must be stable at all times. Any glitches on this signal will likely cause the card video output to stop and restart, basically re-syncing the video output to the digital reference. Therefore, in practical applications, it will not be possible to switch the SDI video input from an upstream router without re-syncing the card video output. For this reason, it is strongly recommended not to use the SDI input as the reference, and to select instead one of the analog references. If the SDI video input signal happens to be locked to the selected analog reference, the card will be effectively operating in frame delay mode, as no frames drop/repeat will be occurring.

1. The Loss of Input Format setting can be configured to either a user-specified video format or to auto-detect the format of an incoming video signal and will set the card output to match. While doing so, the output will be reset and re-locked to the selected reference signal (if available) or an internal clock.

Audio Timing

The audio timing for embedded audio of the SFS-6622-A card will be within 1 frame of the video timing on the output (approximately 16ms in SD formats), as measured with an asynchronous video input and with no additional audio delay being added through card user controls. If the input video is locked to the same reference as the card, and is not asynchronous, the audio delay will match the video delay. However, the user then has the choice to increase or decrease the overall total delay using the Embedded Audio Setup tab.

Features

The SFS-6622-A includes the following features:

- Supports SMPTE 259M (270Mbps), SMPTE 292M (1.485Gbps), and SMPTE 424M (2.987Gbps)
- Supports embedding of non-PCM data such as Dolby® Digital and Dolby® E
- Audio embedding for all popular formats 480i, 576i, 720p, and 1080i
- Two SDI processed outputs
- Video proc amp on output video
- Eight configurable AES connections (can be configured as inputs or outputs)
- Support for multiple frames of video delay
- Support for different reference format locking (frame rates must match)
- Programmable video output on SDI input loss
- Automatic input video format detection
- Ability to strip VANC data from specific or all lines of a video output
- Audio embedding for all popular formats: 480i, 576i, 720p, 1080i, and 1080p (Level A)
- Full control over channel assignments
- Audio proc controls such as gain, invert, delay and sum on embedded outputs and AES outputs
- Internally generated test patterns and test tones
- Programmable silence detection and timeout thresholds
- Automatic audio delay to match video delay in addition to up to 1 second of user adjusted audio delay
- Reports status and configuration remotely via DashBoard Control System
- SNMP support available
- Fits openGear frames
- 5-year transferable warranty

Functional Block Diagrams

This section provides a functional block diagram that outlines the workflow of the SFS-6622-A.

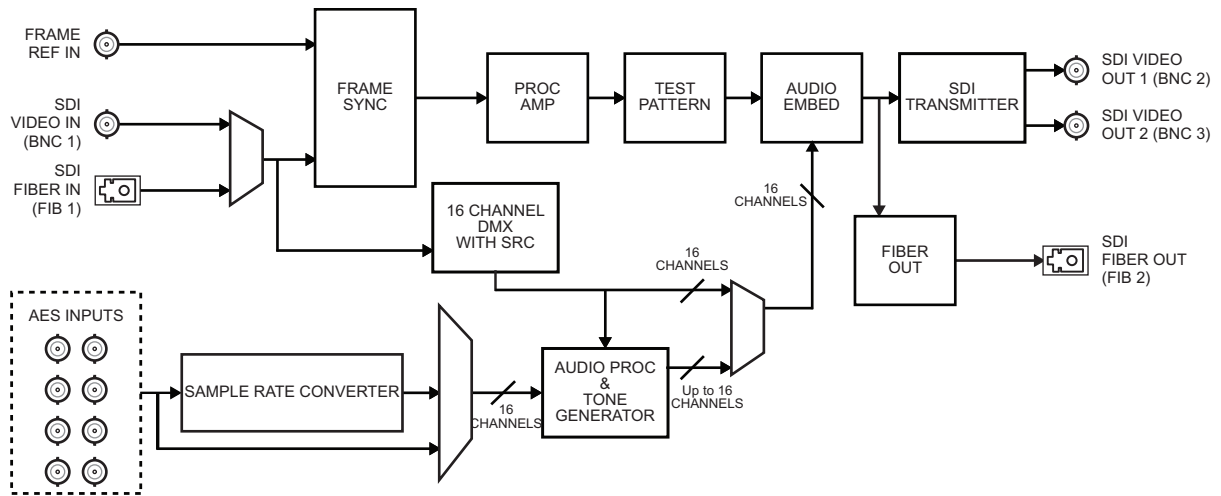


Figure 2.1 SFS-6622-A Simplified Block Diagram — Eight AES Inputs

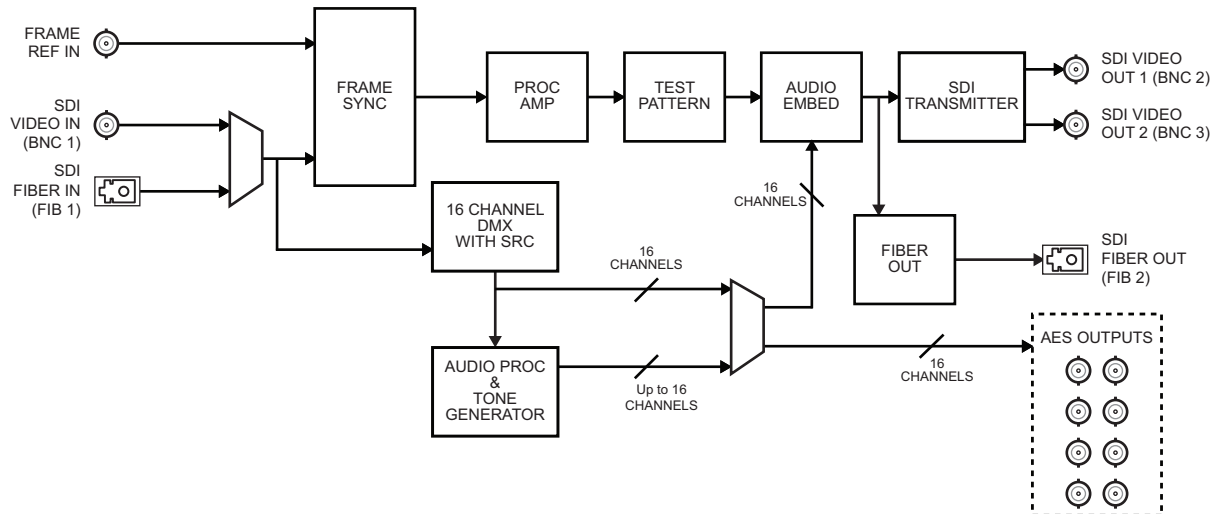


Figure 2.2 SFS-6622-A Simplified Block Diagram — Eight AES Outputs

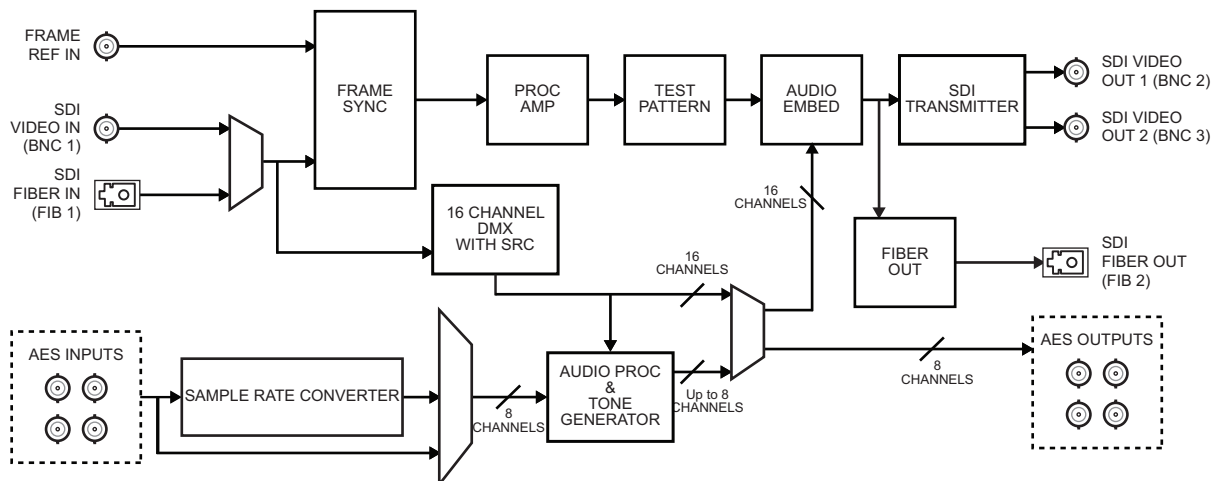


Figure 2.3 SFS-6622-A Simplified Block Diagram — Four AES Inputs, Four AES Outputs

Frame Synchronizer Overview

Each card will typically be used in a broadcast studio for one or both of the following functions:

- Frame delay for timing alignment
- Frame synchronizer for frame rate conversion

Figure 2.4 illustrates the operation of your card

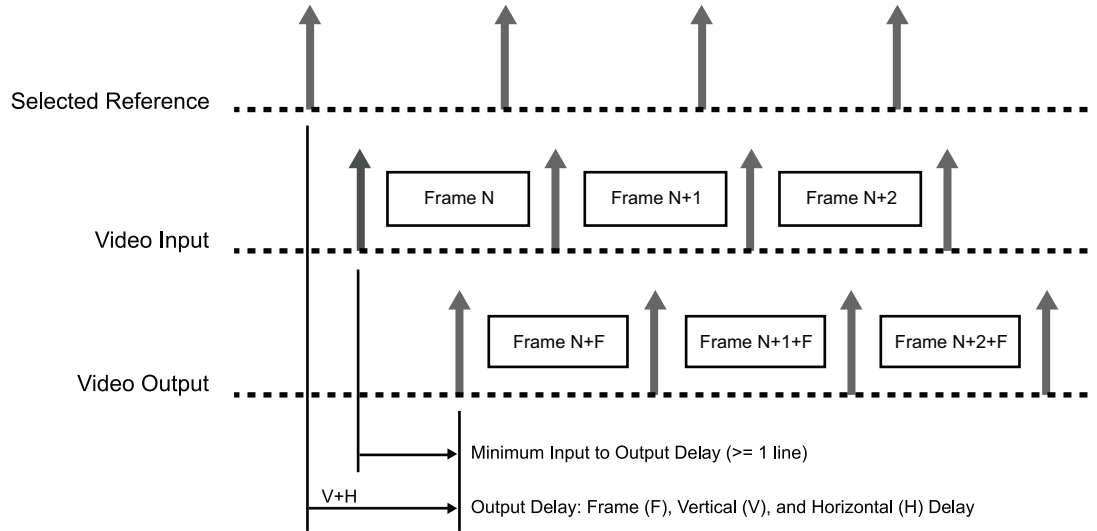


Figure 2.4 Functional Overview

The following elements are presented in **Figure 2.4**:

1. Up Arrow

Represents the start of a video frame.

2. Selected Reference

The selected reference can be on of the following: either analog reference from the openGear frame, or the digital reference extracted from the SDI video input. Note that when selecting the digital reference from the SDI input, **Figure 2.4** should be re-drawn with the Up Arrows of the Selected Reference and Video Input aligned vertically.

3. Video Input

The SDI video input is derived from the rear module. When the video input is not locked to the selected reference, the video input start of frame will drift compared to the reference. This can be visualized by sliding the Up Arrows of **Figure 2.4** to the left if the video input frame rate is slower than the reference, or to the right if it is higher.

4. Video Output

The processed SDI video outputs are available on the rear module. The video output timing is always locked to the selected reference. The SFS-6622-A allows the user to set the relative position of the video output start of frame as an offset to the reference. With the adjustable Vertical and Horizontal Delay settings, you can set the relative offset anywhere in the reference frame timing, in increments of 1 line for vertical timing and 1 pixel for horizontal timing.

5. Delay (F, V, H)

The value F represents the number of frame of delay that can be adjusted, the value V the number of lines, and the value H the number of pixels of delay. The delay values can be adjust from 0 to a maximum limited by video format. The default value is 1 frame. Refer to **Table 7.2** for details.

User Interfaces

The SFS-6622-A includes the following interfaces.

DashBoard Control System

DashBoard enables you to monitor and control openGear frames and cards from a computer. DashBoard communicates with other cards in the openGear frames through the Network Controller Card. The DashBoard Control System software and manual are available for download from our website.

For More Information on...

- installing and using DashBoard, refer to the *DashBoard User Manual*.
- the menus in DashBoard, refer to the chapter “**DashBoard Menus**” on page 41.

Card-edge Controls

The front-edge of the SFS-6622-A features LED indicators for the power, and video reference input status.

For More Information on...

- the card-edge controls and LEDs, refer to the section “**Card Overview**” on page 17.

SNMP Monitoring and Control

The Network Controller Card in the openGear frames can provide optional support for remote monitoring of your frame and using Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), which is compatible with many third-party monitoring and control tools.

For More Information on...

- enabling SNMP Monitoring and Control for your frame, refer to the *MFC-OG3 Series User Manual*.
- SNMP controls for the card, refer to the Management Information Base (MIB) for your card.

Hardware Overview

This chapter provides a general overview of the user controls available on the front edge of the card.

Card Overview

This section provides a general overview of the SFS-6622-A components. For information on the LEDs available on the card-edge, refer to the section “**Control and Monitoring Features**” on page 18.

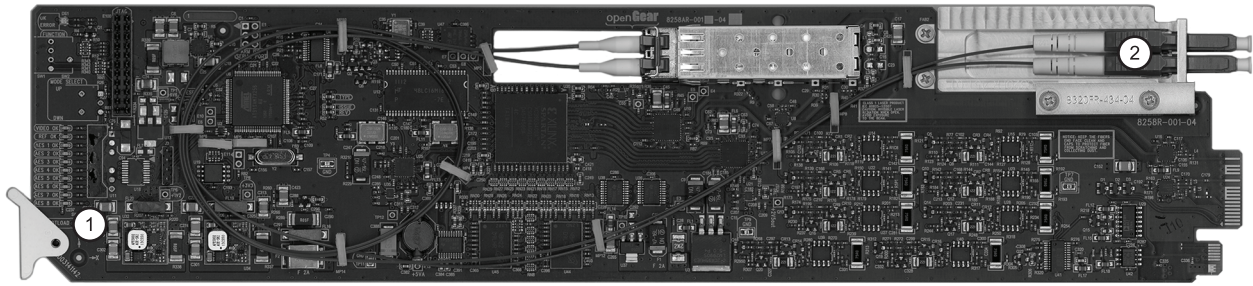


Figure 3.1 Card Components

1) Bootload Button (SW3)

2) Fiber Optic Connectors

1. Bootload Button (SW3)

This button for factory service in the unlikely event of a complete card failure. Do not press this button unless instructed to do so by Ross Technical Support personnel.

2. Fiber Optic Connectors

The cards use two blind mate, single mode, LC/UPC connectors to interface with the Full Rear Module (8320AR-059). The rear module is passive, which allows for the card to be replaced without the need to remove any connected BNC or fiber optic cables.

Each fiber optic connector for the card includes a dust cap. The dust caps must stay on at all times when the card is not installed in a frame. Ensure to keep the fibers end face clean and use the caps to protect the fiber from scratches and collecting dust.

For More Information on...

- the LEDs located on the card-edge, refer to the section “**Status and Selection LEDs**” on page 18.
- handling fiber optic components, refer to the *Important Regulatory and Safety Notices* document that shipped with your card.
- the fiber optic connectors, refer to the section “**Working with Fiber Optic Connectors**” on page 23.

Control and Monitoring Features

This section provides information on the card-edge LEDs for the card. Refer to **Figure 3.2** for LED locations.

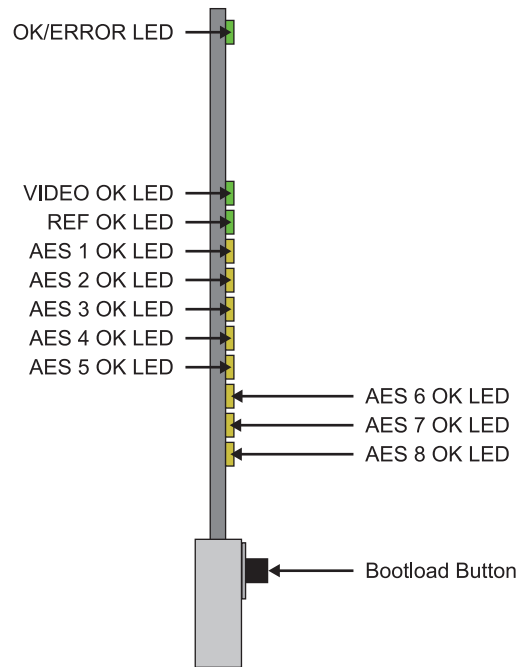


Figure 3.2 Card-edge LEDs

Status and Selection LEDs

The front-edge of the card has LED indicators for the power, video input status, and communication activity. Basic LED displays and descriptions are provided in **Table 3.1**.

Table 3.1 Card-edge LEDs

LED	Color	Display and Description
OK/ERROR	Green	When lit green, this LED indicates that the card is functioning normal and that no anomalies have been detected. The following conditions must be satisfied: • a valid input signal is present • a valid reference signal is present when a reference is required, and that the reference standard matches the input standard.
	Flashing Green	When flashing green, this LED indicates the bootloader is waiting for a software upload.
	Flashing Green and Orange	When lit green with flashing orange, this LED indicates there is a signal error, such as a missing or invalid input or reference.
	Orange	When lit orange, this LED indicates the card is powering on.
	Red	When powering on, this LED will be lit red momentarily as the card boots. If lit red for more than 3 seconds, this LED indicates the card is not operational.
		When lit red, this LED indicates the card is not operational.
	Off	When off, this LED indicates there is no power to the card.

Table 3.1 Card-edge LEDs

LED	Color	Display and Description
VIDEO OK	Green	When lit, this LED indicates that the video input is valid.
	Flashing Green	When flashing, this LED indicates that video is present, but the input format is unsupported.
	Off	When unlit, this LED indicates the absence of an input signal.
REF OK	Green	When lit, this LED indicates a valid reference signal.
	Off	When unlit, this LED indicates that a reference signal is not present or is not supported.
AES # OK	Yellow	When lit, an LED indicates a valid signal is detected on the corresponding AES input.
	Off	When unlit, an LED indicates the specified AES signal is configured as an output.

Physical Installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing a rear module, and installing a card into an openGear frame.

★ The SFS-6622-A cards are not supported in the DFR-8310 series or DFR-8320 series frames.

Before You Begin

Before proceeding with the instructions in this chapter, ensure that your openGear frame is properly installed according to the instructions in its manual.

Static Discharge

Throughout this chapter, please heed the following cautionary note:



ESD Susceptibility — *Static discharge can cause serious damage to sensitive semiconductor devices. Avoid handling circuit boards in high static environments such as carpeted areas and when synthetic fiber clothing is worn. Always exercise proper grounding precautions when working on circuit boards and related equipment.*

Unpacking

Unpack each card you received from the shipping container and ensure that all items are included. If any items are missing or damaged, contact your sales representative or Ross Video directly.

Working with Fiber Optic Connectors

Refer to the section “**Working with Fiber Optic Connectors**” on page 23 for details.

Installing a Rear Module

If the rear module is already installed, proceed to the section “**Installing the Card**” on page 22.



Caution — *Never attempt to look down the barrel of a connected fiber or device transmitting an optical signal. The transmitted light is not in the visible spectrum and may cause permanent eye damage. Turn off all laser sources before disconnecting devices.*

Supported Rear Modules

The **8320AR-059** Full Rear Module is required when installing the SFS-6622-A. Each rear module occupies two slots and accommodates one card.

To install a rear module in your openGear frame

1. Locate the card frame slots on the rear of the openGear frame.
2. Remove the Blank Plate from the slot you have chosen for the card installation.
3. Remove the dust caps from the Fiber ports on the rear module that face the interior of the frame. Refer to **Figure 4.1** for dust cap locations.

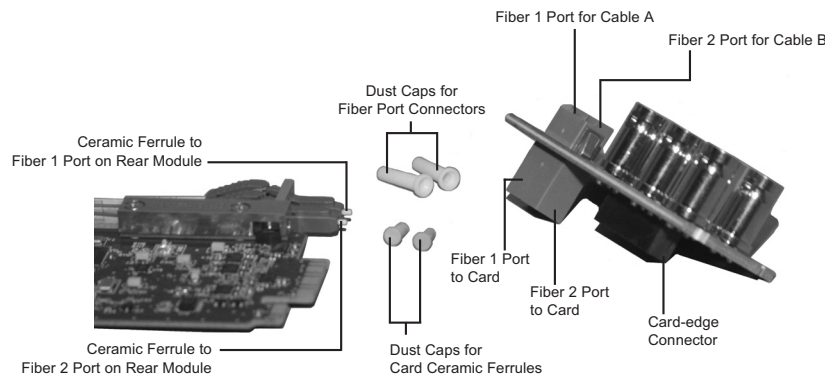


Figure 4.1 Card Connectors with Dust Caps Removed

4. Install the bottom of the rear module in the **Module Seating Slot** at the base of the frame's back plane.
5. Align the top hole of the rear module with the screw on the top-edge of the frame back plane.
6. Verify that the card aligns with the rear module before fully tightening any of the slot screws.
7. Using a Phillips screwdriver and the supplied screw, fasten the rear module to the back plane of the frame. Do not over tighten.
8. Ensure proper frame cooling and ventilation by having all rear frame slots covered with rear modules or blank plates.

Installing the Card

Each card uses a single mode, LC/UPC connector to interface with the rear module. The optical connector used to mate the card to the rear module is designed for blind mate optical connectors. All fiber interfaces are single mode fibers. This section outlines how to install a card in an openGear frame. If the card is to be installed in a frame other than a Ross Video product, refer to the frame manufacturer's manual for specific instructions.



Notice — Every time you are required to insert a connector into a device or mating sleeve, you must clean the connector. All exposed surfaces of the ceramic ferrule must be clean. Follow your facility practices of cleaning fiber optic connectors. Connectors must always be inserted into a device or have a dust cap on.

To install the card in an openGear frame

1. Locate the rear module you installed in the procedure “**Installing a Rear Module**” on page 21.
2. Ensure the rear module is the **8320AR-059** Full Rear Module.
3. Remove the dust caps from the connectors on the card end.
 - Refer to **Figure 5.1** and **Figure 4.1** for dust cap locations.
 - Before handling fiber optic components, refer to the ***Important Regulatory and Safety Notices*** document that shipped with your card.
4. Ensure that the exposed surfaces of the ceramic ferrule of the connectors is clean. Refer to the section “**Working with Fiber Optic Connectors**” on page 21.
5. Hold the card by the edges and carefully align the card-edges with the slots in the frame.
6. Fully insert the card into the frame until the rear connection plus is properly seated in the rear module. You will feel a click when the card mates onto the rear module.
7. Remove the dust cap from the **Fiber 1** and **Fiber 2** ports on the rear module that faces the exterior of the frame.
8. Ensure the ceramic ferrule of each **Fiber** port connector is clean.
9. Cable your rear module as outlined in the chapter “**Cabling**” on page 23.

Cabling

This chapter illustrates the cabling designations for the SFS-6622-A. Note that the number of inputs and outputs is dependent on the selection made in the **AES I/O Config** menu in DashBoard.

★ AES inputs and outputs are configured in groups of four.

Working with Fiber Optic Connectors

Keep the following in mind when working with fiber optic connectors:

- Every time you are required to insert a connector into a device or mating sleeve, you must clean the connector. All exposed surfaces of the ceramic ferrule must be clean. Follow your facility practices of cleaning fiber optic connectors.
- Connectors must always be inserted into a device or have a dust cap on. Refer to **Figure 5.1** for dust cap locations.
- A poor optical connection is often similar to a poor electrical connection. Try removing the connector, cleaning, and re-inserting the connector. A bad connection can result in experiencing instability of signal, high loss, or a noisy signal.

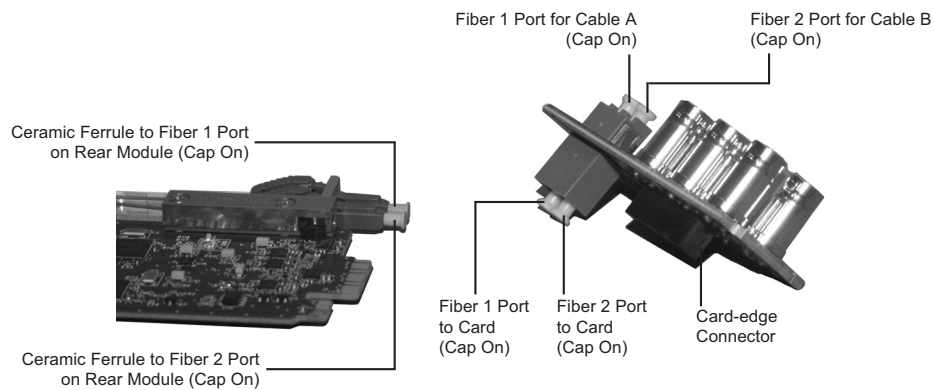


Figure 5.1 Card Connectors with Dust Caps Installed

Eight Unbalanced AES Inputs

Figure 5.2 illustrates the cabling designations when the rear module provides one SDI input, one SDI output, one fiber input, one fiber output, and eight unbalanced AES inputs. The **AES I/O Config** menu is set to **8 in, 0 out**.

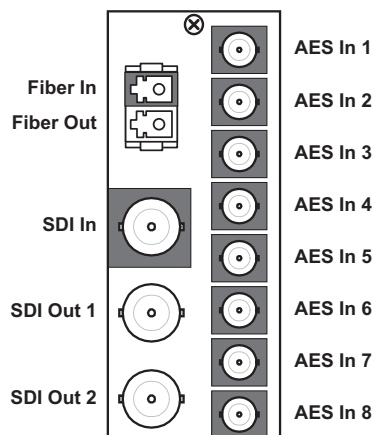


Figure 5.2 Cable Connections — 8 in, 0 out

Eight Unbalanced AES Outputs

Figure 5.3 illustrates the cabling designations when the rear module provides one SDI input, one SDI output, one fiber input, one fiber output, and eight AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced outputs. The **AES I/O Config** menu is set to **0 in, 8 out**.

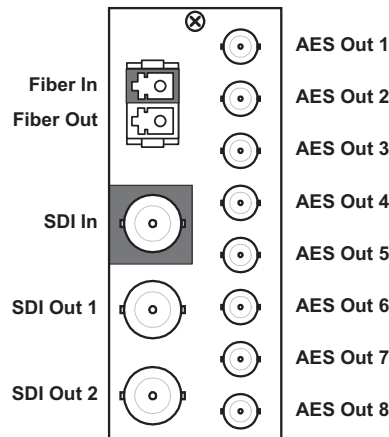


Figure 5.3 Cable Connections — 0 in, 8 out

Four Unbalanced AES Inputs and Four Unbalanced AES Outputs

Figure 5.4 illustrates the cabling designations when the rear module provides one SDI input, one SDI output, one fiber input, one fiber output, four AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced inputs, and four AES-3id 75ohm unbalanced outputs. The **AES I/O Config** menu is set to **4 in, 4 out**.

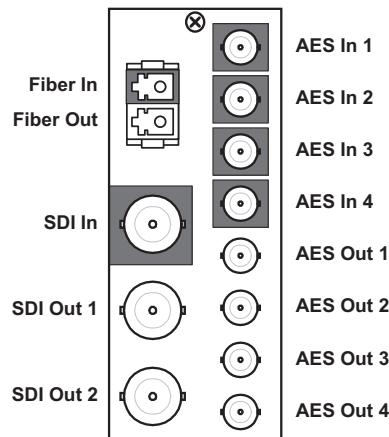


Figure 5.4 Cable Connections — 4 in, 4 out

Using DashBoard

Before proceeding, ensure that the DashBoard is installed on a computer connected to your facility network. The DashBoard software and user manual are available from the Ross Video website.

For More Information on...

- using DashBoard, refer to the *DashBoard User Manual*.

Launching DashBoard

DashBoard must run on a computer that has a physical wired ethernet connection.

To launch DashBoard

1. Ensure that you are running DashBoard software version 8.4.0 or higher.
2. Launch DashBoard by double-clicking its icon on your desktop.
3. Ensure that the openGear frame with your card is displayed in the Tree View located on the left-side of the DashBoard window. It may take 30 seconds or more to update the Tree View. Consult the *MFC-OG3 Series User Manual* and *DashBoard User Manual* should the Tree View not display your card.

Accessing the SFS-6622-A Interfaces in DashBoard

Once the card displays in the tree view of its openGear frame, you can access the SFS-6622-A tabs. These tabs provide options for configuring, monitoring, and operating your SFS-6622-A.

To access a card in DashBoard

1. From the **Tree View**, expand the node for the openGear frame your cards are installed in.
A list of cards installed in that frame displays in a tree view.
2. Double-click the node for a card to display its menus in the **Device View** of DashBoard (right-side of the DashBoard window).

Video Setup

This chapter provides a general overview of the user controls available on the SFS-6622-A.

- ★ This chapter assumes that DashBoard is launched on your computer and the SFS-6622-A interface displays in the right-side of the DashBoard window.
- ★ Wait 30 seconds after the last setting change to ensure all changes are saved to the non-volatile memory of the card.

Selecting a Reference Source

The openGear frames support a distributed frame reference, allowing incoming reference signals to feed timing information to all cards in that frame. Thus, a single signal can be used for multiple cards.

Frame Rate Compatibility

Refer to **Table 7.1** for frame rate compatibility. Note that 720p, 1080i 60Hz, 1080p 30Hz, and 1080p 60Hz are supported with 60Hz frame rate references.

Table 7.1 Output/Reference Compatibility

Video Format	Reference Format									
	480i 59.94Hz (NTSC)	1080i 59.94Hz	720p 59.94Hz	576i 50Hz (PAL)	1080i 50Hz	720p 50Hz	1080p 23.98Hz	1080psf 23.98Hz	1080p 24Hz	1080psf 24Hz
480i 59.94Hz	✓	✓	✓							
720p 59.94Hz	✓	✓	✓							
1080i 59.94Hz	✓	✓	✓							
1080p 59.94Hz	✓	✓	✓							
1080p 29.97Hz	✓	✓	✓							
576i 50Hz				✓	✓	✓				
720p 50Hz				✓	✓	✓				
1080i 50Hz				✓	✓	✓				
1080p 50Hz				✓	✓	✓				
1080p 25Hz				✓	✓	✓				
1080psf 24Hz									✓	✓
1080psf 23.98Hz							✓	✓		
1080p 23.98Hz							✓	✓		

- ★ When using a progressive format reference signal to lock an interlaced format video signal, the lock will be Frame Locked but Field indeterminate.

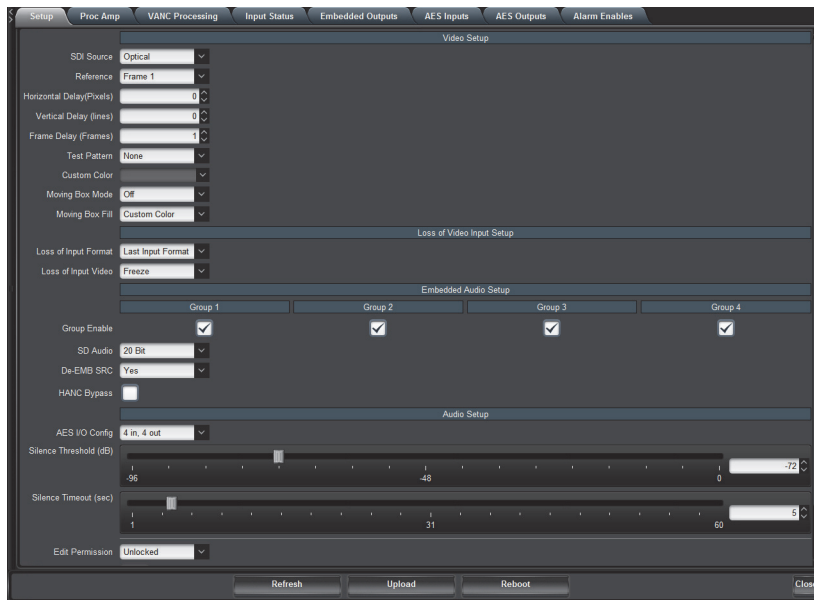
Selecting a Reference Source

If the **Reference source** is set to **Frame 1**, or **Frame 2**, if the reference present is valid, and if the frame timing settings is greater than or equal to 1, the card is automatically set to Frame Sync mode. If a valid reference is selected, and then removed, the card will remain in Frame Sync mode but will flywheel. This means that the card will be dropping or repeating the display of some video input frames as necessary to keep the input to output delay within the specified range of F to F+1 frames delay. The frame drop/repeat occurs whenever the video input frame start point crosses over the video output frame start point.

The card has built-in hysteresis to avoid visible artifacts if the input and output timing alignment oscillates around the drop/repeat cross-over point.

To select a reference source for the card

1. Select the **Setup** tab.



2. Select a reference input from the **Reference Setup** area. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.

★ If you are using **Frame 1** or **Frame 2** as the reference, the card input video frame rate must match the reference frame rate.

Adding a Delay

The card is suited to solve system timing problems where the difference in delay is constant between two paths. An example of this would be a situation where a downstream switcher needs to have clean switches between the output of a production switcher and some of the same input sources fed to the production switcher. The card cannot completely correct badly missed switches, signal drops, or similar issues unless the user has chosen to add at least 1 frame of delay. The delay values can be adjusted from 0 to a maximum limit that depends on the video format. Refer to **Table 7.2** for the range of available delay values.

Table 7.2 Delay Range

Format	Range of Values		
	Horizontal Delay (pixels)	Vertical Delay (lines)	Frame Delay (frames)
480i 59.94	0-857	0-524	0-120
576i 50	0-863	0-624	0-100
1080p 60	0-2199	0-1124	0-36

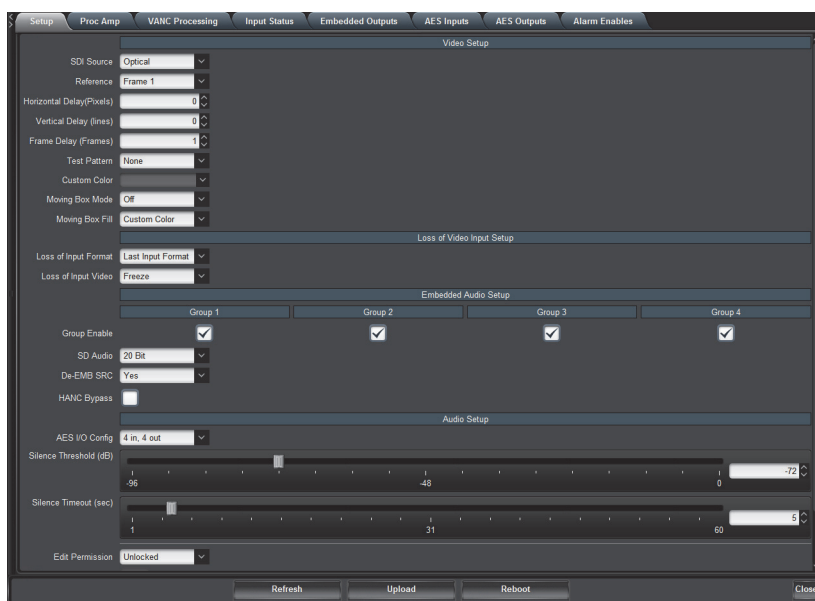
Table 7.2 Delay Range

Format	Range of Values		
	Horizontal Delay (pixels)	Vertical Delay (lines)	Frame Delay (frames)
1080p 59.94	0-2199	0-1124	0-36
1080p 50	0-2639	0-1124	0-30
1080i 60	0-2199	0-1124	0-36
1080i 59.94	0-2199	0-1124	0-36
1080i 50	0-2639	0-1124	0-30
1080p 30	0-2199	0-1124	0-36
1080p 29.97	0-2199	0-1124	0-36
1080p 25	0-2639	0-1124	0-30
1080p 24	0-2749	0-1124	0-28
1080p 23.98	0-2749	0-1124	0-28
1080pSF 24	0-2749	0-1124	0-28
1080pSF 23.98	0-2749	0-1124	0-28
720p 60	0-1649	0-749	0-75
720p 59.94	0-1649	0-749	0-75
720p 50	0-1979	0-749	0-62

★ The **Input Timing** field of the **Signal** tab reports the input video timing with respect to the selected analog reference signal.

To add a delay to the video output

1. Select the **Setup** tab.



2. Use the **Horizontal Delay** field to specify the horizontal delay relative to the selected reference. Adjustments are made in pixel increments.
3. Use the **Vertical Delay** field to specify the vertical delay relative to the selected reference. Adjustments are made in line increments.

4. Use the **Frame Delay** field to specify the delay in number of frames. Frame delay adjustments are made in full frame increments.

Selecting an SDI Input Signal

The 8320AR-059 rear module provides two SDI input connections: a BNC and an optical fiber port. However, only one SDI input can be used at a time. Therefore, you must specify which connection the SFS-6622-A will use as its SDI input using the option in the **Setup** tab.

To specify the source of the SDI input signal

1. Select the **Setup** tab.
2. Use the **SDI Source** menu to specify the input connection on the rear module that the SFS-6622-A will use.

Adjusting with Video Proc Amps

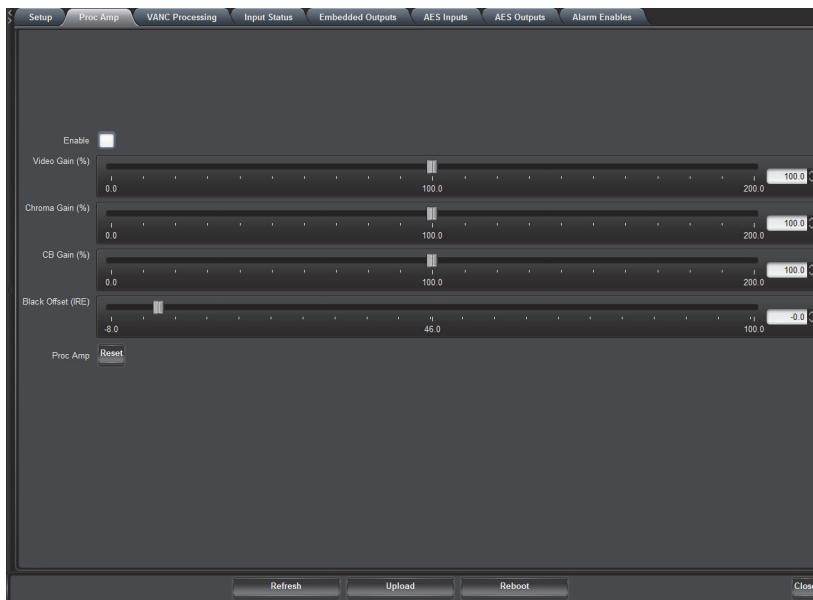
The output on the card has a Proc Amp that can adjust the black offset, the video gain, the C_r gain, and the C_b gain. This section briefly outlines how to adjust the options available in the **Proc Amp** tab.

For More Information on...

- the options in the Proc Amp tab, refer to **Table 9.5**.

To adjust the output using a Proc Amp

1. Select the **Proc Amp** tab.



2. Select the **Enable** box to ensure your adjustments are applied. The **Enable** box must be selected in order for any Proc Amp adjustments to take effect on the output. Note that the Proc Amp controls are not applied when the outputs are assigned to Test Pattern.
 3. Use the **Video Gain** slider to adjust the video gain. This gain control affects the luminance (Y) and the color difference signals (Cr and Cb).
 4. Use the **Chroma Gain** slider to adjust the chrominance video signal components (Cr and Cb) simultaneously.
 5. Use the **CB Gain** slider to adjust the Cb component of the chrominance video signal.
 6. Use the **Black Offset** slider to adjust the Black Offset you want to apply.
- ★ To reset the Proc Amps settings to the default values, click **Reset** > **Yes** in the **Confirm** dialog.

ANC Processing

Ancillary Data (ANC) is the non-video data that can be embedded within the SDI signal, such as audio, audio metadata, timecode, closed caption data, AFD, and payload identification. This section briefly summarizes the ANC processing features of the card.

HANC Processing

When the input format is SD (480i and 576i), SMPTE 291M formatted ancillary packets such as timecode (other than audio related packets) will be stripped from input to output except when the HANC Bypass is selected.

VANC Processing

The card provides options for replacing the full active portion of selected lines of video with black. The **VANC Processing** tab is divided into separate sub-tabs for each format to provide selection of the lines. This enables you to individually select any combination of lines, from line 1 up to the third line after the active video for the current video format. For interlaced formats, the lines in the two fields are separately configured. **Table 7.3** lists the allowable line selections based on format.

Table 7.3 VANC Processing — Line Selection

Format	Field 1 Lines	Fields 2 Lines
1080p	1-44	-
1080i	1-23	562-586
720p	1-28	-
576i	1-25	313-338
480i	1-23	264-285

To delete the VANC components in a line

1. Select the **VANC Processing** tab.
2. Select the sub-tab, located at the bottom of the **VANC Processing** tab, for the applicable video format. When using an 1080pSF input signal, select the 1080i sub-tab.
3. In the **Line** column, locate the line you wish to delete the VANC components for. Notice for interlaced formats that the **Line** column on the left lists the lines in **Field 1**, and the **Line** column on the right lists the lines in **Field 2**.
4. To delete the VANC components, choose one of the following:
 - **for a specific line** — select **Strip** for that line. The default for each line is **Pass**.
 - **for all lines of a video format** — click the **Strip** button located near the bottom of the applicable sub-tab.

★ To pass the VANC components without modification for all lines in a specific video format, click **Pass**.

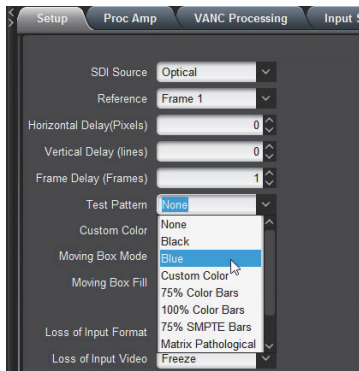
Selecting a Test Pattern

You can also specify the type of internally generated test pattern to output.

- ★ When selecting a test pattern as the Loss of Input Video, the card will output the video in the format that is selected in the Loss of Input Format field.

To choose the type of test pattern to output

1. Select the **Setup** tab.
2. Use the **Test Pattern** menu to select a pattern to display on the output. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.



3. If you selected **Custom Color** in step 2, specify the color as outlined in the section “**Specifying a Custom Color**” on page 33.

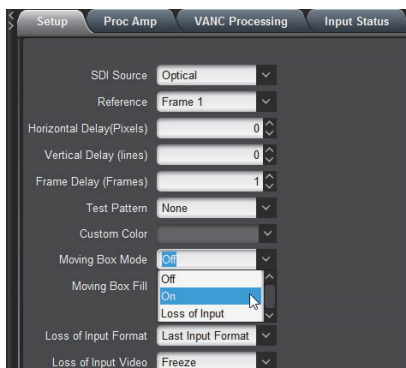
Configuring the Moving Box Test Feature

The **Moving Box** feature enables an overlay in the shape of a box that moves across the screen in a pre-determined pattern.

- ★ If Freeze is selected for the Loss of Input Video setting and the input video signal is lost, the Moving Box test feature remains active (the box continues to move across the screen).

To configure the moving box test feature

1. Select the **Setup** tab.
2. To enable this feature, set the **Moving Box** menu to **On**.



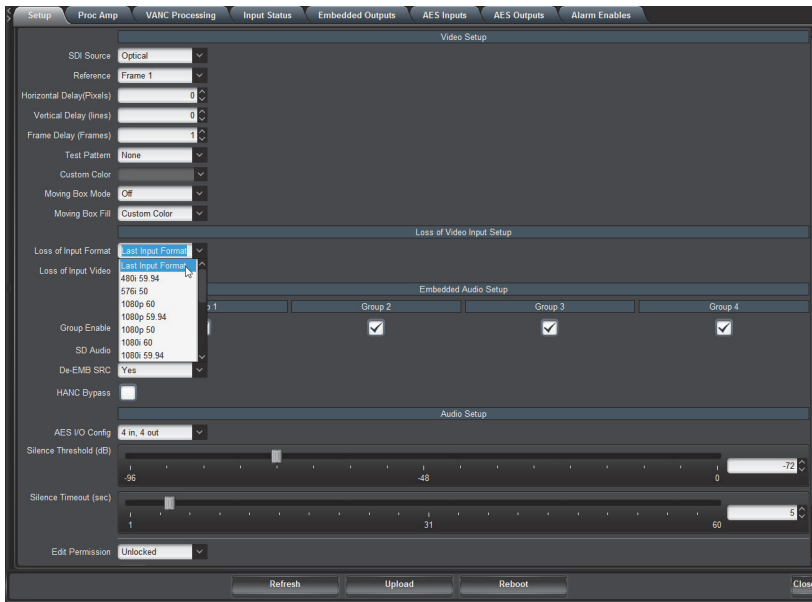
3. Use the **Moving Box Fill** menu to specify the fill of the box. Refer to **Table 9.4** for details on the available options.
4. If you selected **Custom Color** in 3, specify the color fill for the box as outlined in the section “**Specifying a Custom Color**” on page 33.

Specifying the Output During a Loss of Input

The card enables you to specify the output during a loss of input, or during a change of input format. The embedded audio will also go silent if passing from input to output (when AES is not selected).

To choose the type of output produced if the video input is lost

1. Select the **Setup** tab.
2. Use the **Loss of Input Format** menu to specify the video format to use when the card experiences a loss of input. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.



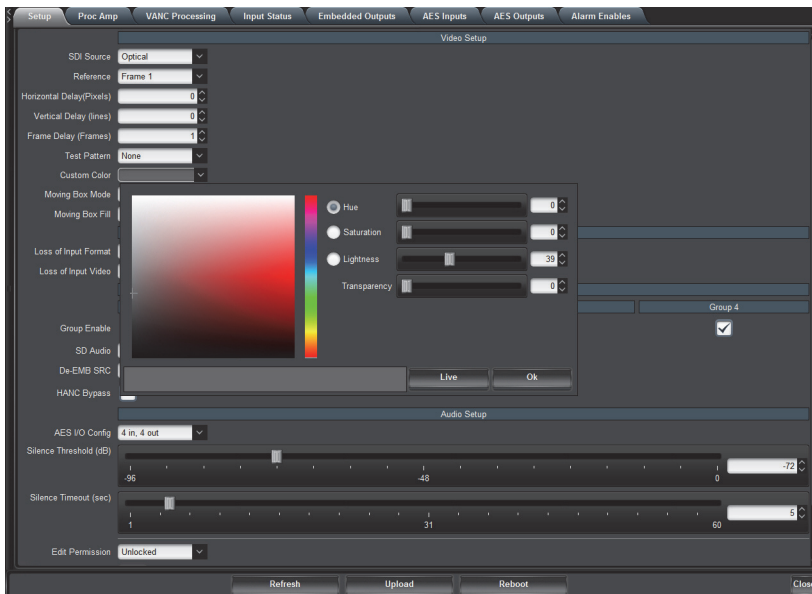
3. Use the **Loss of Input Video** menu to specify what to output when the card experiences a loss of input. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.
- ★ If you selected Freeze, ensure that the Loss of Input Format menu is set to the same format as the input video signal or to Last Input Format. If not, the card will not output a Freeze Frame, but a full Field Black image in the format selected in the Loss of Input Format menu.
4. If you selected **Custom Color** in step 3, proceed to the section “**Specifying a Custom Color**” on page 33.

Specifying a Custom Color

You can create a custom color using the HSL color space tool in DashBoard. You can then assign this custom color as the Test Pattern, the output during a loss of input signal, or as the fill for the Moving Box test feature.

To specify a custom color

1. Select the **Setup** tab.
2. Select the **Custom Color** menu to display the **Custom Color** dialog.



★ The Transparency menu is not implemented.

3. Use the **Hue** options to specify whether the color is red yellow, green, blue, purple etc. Or you can select the hue from the provided vertical color grid in the dialog.
4. Use the **Saturation** options to specify the depth of the color.
5. Use the **Lightness** options to specify the amount of white or black mixed with the hue selected in 3.
6. Confirm that the field beneath the color grids displays the selected color.
7. Apply your changes using one of the following options:
 - Click **Live** to preview the color scheme and apply it but not close the **Custom Color** dialog; or
 - Click **OK** to apply the new color scheme and close the dialog.

Audio Setup

This chapter provides a general overview of the options in DashBoard for configuring the audio features of your SFS-6622-A.

- ★ This chapter assumes that DashBoard is launched on your computer and the SFS-6622-A interface displays in the right-side of the DashBoard window.
- ★ Wait 30 seconds after the last setting change to ensure all changes are saved to the non-volatile memory of the card.

Selecting an AES Configuration

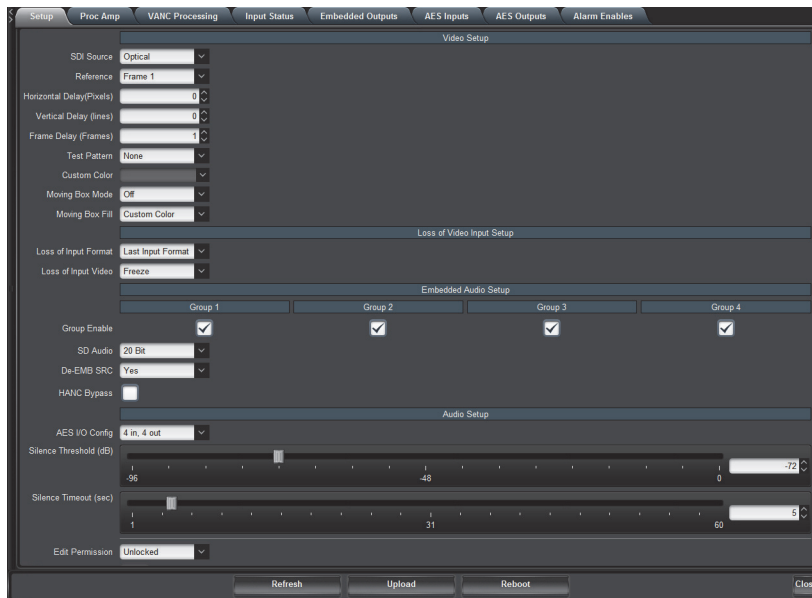
The SFS-6622-A enables you to configure the AES inputs/outputs in one of the following configurations: 8 inputs, 4 inputs plus 4 outputs, or 8 outputs.

For More Information on...

- the menus and parameters available in the **AES I/O Config** menu of the **Setup** tab, refer to **Table 9.4**.
- alarm options for AES sources, refer to the section “**Alarm Enables Tab**” on page 51.

To specify the AES configuration

1. Select the **Setup** tab.



2. Specify the configuration for your card by selecting an option from the **AES I/O Config** menu.
- ★ Changing the AES I/O Config setting may default some audio source settings if they become invalid.
3. If you have selected a configuration with AES inputs, proceed to the section “**Configuring the AES Inputs**” on page 36.
 4. If you have selected a configuration with AES outputs, proceed to the section “**Configuring the AES Outputs**” on page 36.
 5. Use the **SD Audio** menu to specify the type of SD audio to embed. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.
- ★ The card will detect and indicate async for any audio input that is an asynchronous audio input, or has a sample rate other than 48kHz.

6. Use the **De-EMB SRC** menu to apply the Sample Rate Converter on all de-embedded audio groups from the input source.
- ★ When the De-EMB SRC is enabled, the Word Length status field always reports that the audio word length is 24bit.
7. Use the **Silence Threshold** slider to specify a threshold value for silence. Audio with an amplitude (dBFS) that is equal to or less than this value will be considered silent.
8. Use the **Silence Timeout** slider to define how long (in seconds) that audio is silent before an alarm is raised in the **Audio Status** field of the **Signal** tab.

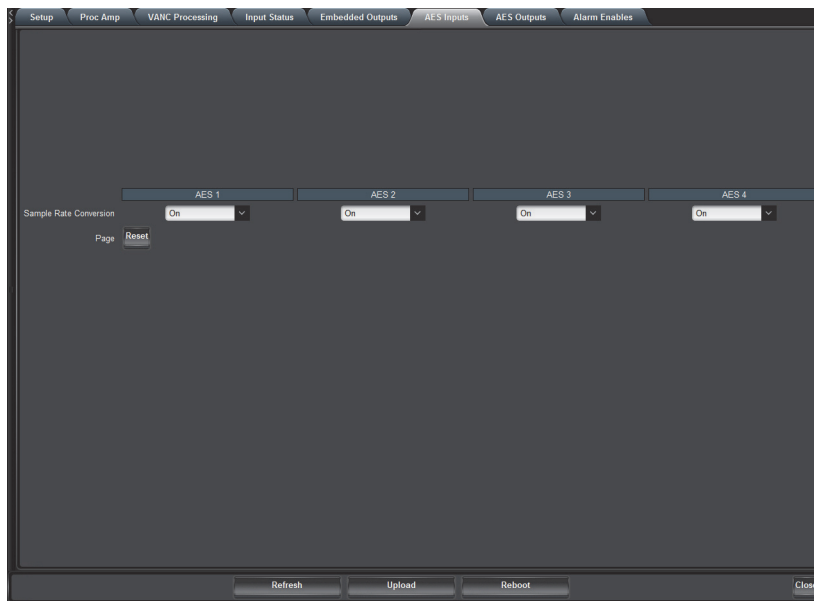
Configuring the AES Inputs

The rear module accepts synchronous AES audio input streams at 48kHz or any asynchronous AES streams from 32kHz to 96kHz with SRC enabled. Note that SRC should only be used with Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) digital audio and not any form of compressed signal, such as Dolby®.

This section briefly summarizes how to configure the options in the **AES Inputs** tab when the AES I/O Config is set to include AES inputs.

To configure the AES inputs

1. Select the **AES Inputs** tab.



2. To enable the SRC of the AES source, select the **Sample Rate Conversion** box.

Configuring the AES Outputs

This section briefly summarizes how to configure the options in the AES Outputs tab when the AES I/O Config is set to include AES outputs. The number of sub-tabs available depends on the number of AES outputs you have selected.

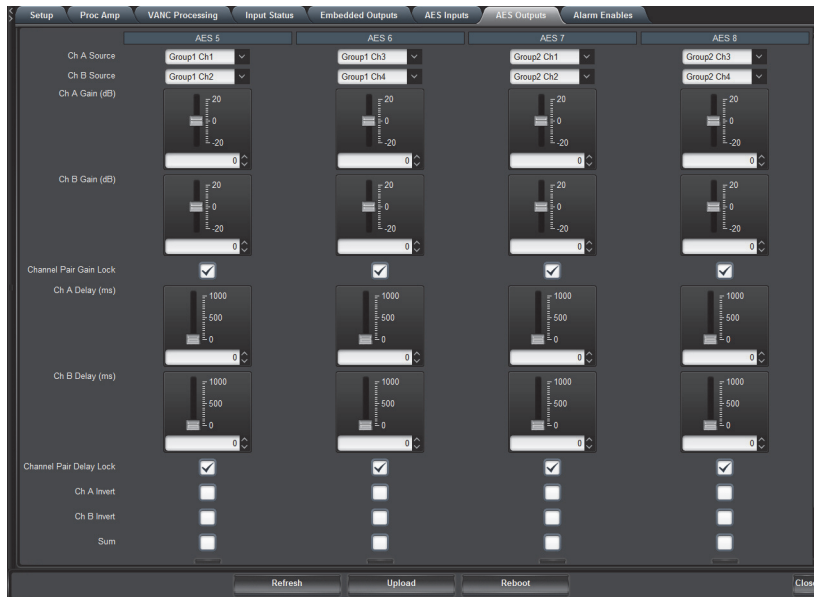
The embedded audio output Proc Amp adjustments are applied in the following order:

1. **Delay** — This option enables you to adjust the delay of the audio channel. If you have enabled the Delay Lock feature, changing the delay value for one channel automatically changes the value for the other channel.
2. **Gain** — This option provides a +/- 20dB gain range in 1dB increments. If you have enabled the Gain Lock feature, changing the gain value for one channel automatically changes the value for the other channel.

3. **Invert** — This option enables you to invert the polarity of the audio signal for the selected channel.
4. **Sum** — This option enables both channels to carry the average of the two selected input channels (A+B/2).

To configure the AES outputs

1. Select the **AES Outputs** tab.



2. Use the associated **Ch# Source** menu to specify the channel source of an AES output.
3. To set the gain for a channel of an AES output, use the associated **Ch # Gain** slider to select a value between -20dB and 20dB.
4. To set the delay for a channel of an AES output, use the associated **Ch # Delay** slider to select a value between 0ms and 500ms.
5. To invert a channel of an AES output, select the associated **Ch # Invert** box.
6. To sum the input (A+B/2) of the AES output, select the **Sum** box.
7. Repeat steps 2- 6 for each AES output you wish to configure.

Embedded Outputs

The SFS-6622-A includes options for configuring how audio is embedded for SDI video outputs.

For More Information on...

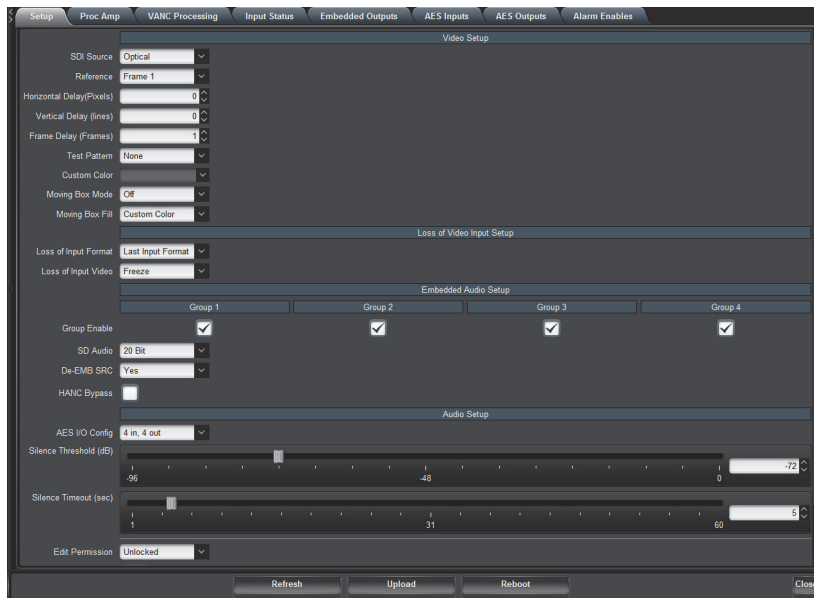
- the embedded audio menus and parameters available in the **Setup** tab, refer to the section “**Setup Tab**” on page 44.
- the menus and parameters available in the **Embedded Outputs** tab, refer to the section “**Embedded Outputs Tab**” on page 49.

Setting up Embedded Outputs

Before proceeding, you will need to configure some of the embedded audio options in the **Setup** tab.

To set up the embedded audio for an output source

1. Select the **Setup** tab.



2. In the **Embedded Audio Setup** area, select the **Enable** box for the group(s) to embed in the video output.
 3. Use the **SD Audio** menu to specify the type of SD audio to embed. Refer to **Table 9.4** for a list of options.
 4. Use the **De-EMB SRC** menu to apply the Sample Rate Converter on all de-embedded audio groups from the input source. Refer to the section “**Embedding PCM and Non-PCM Signals**” on page 39 for details.
- ★ When the De-EMB SRC is enabled, the Word Length status field always reports that the audio word length is 24bit.
5. Use the **Silence Threshold** slider to specify a threshold value for silence. Audio with an amplitude (dBFS) that is equal to or less than this value will be considered silent.
 6. Use the **Silence Timeout** slider to define how long (in seconds) that audio is silent before an alarm is raised in the **Audio Status** field of the **Signal** tab.

Configuring the Embedded Output Groups

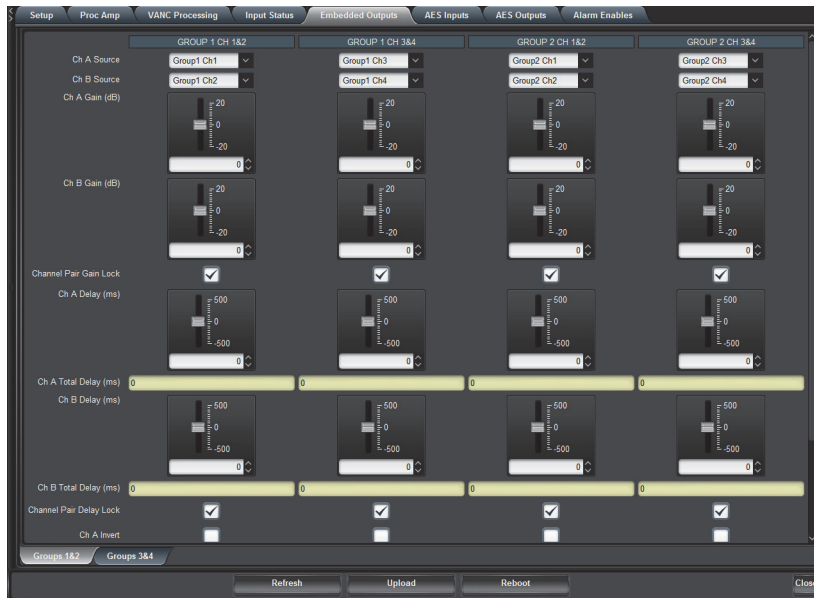
This section briefly outlines how to configure the options in the **Embedded Output** tab. Refer to **Table 9.9** for details on the options in this tab.

The embedded audio output Proc Amp adjustments are applied in the following order:

1. **Delay** — This option enables you to adjust the delay of the audio channel. If you have enabled the Delay Lock feature, changing the delay value for one channel automatically changes the value for the other channel.
- ★ The card will automatically add audio delay based on the number of frames of video delay that was added in the procedure “**To add a delay to the video output**” on page 29. The user then has the choice to increase or decrease the overall total delay.
2. **Gain** — This option provides a +/- 20dB gain range in 1dB increments. If you have enabled the Gain Lock feature, changing the gain value for one channel automatically changes the value for the other channel.
 3. **Invert** — This option enables you to invert the polarity of the audio signal for the selected channel.
 4. **Sum** — This option enables both channels to carry the average of the two selected input channels (A+B/2).

To configure the embedded audio outputs

1. Select the **Embedded Outputs** tab.



2. If required, select the sub-tab that includes the embedded group you wish to configure.
3. To map a channel:
 - From the associated **Ch # Source** menu, select an audio source that is inserted into the embedded group if present. Refer to **Table 9.9** for a list of options.
 - If the selected source is not present on the input video, silence is embedded.
4. To set the gain for an output channel, use the associated **Ch # Gain** slider to select a value between -20dB and 20dB.
5. To set the delay for an output channel, use the associated **Ch # Delay** slider to select a value between -500ms and 500ms.
- ★ Selecting a value less than 0ms is only applicable if a delay is already added. For example, if an applied delay is already specified at 200ms, setting the **Ch # Delay** slider to -50ms changes the applied delay to 150ms.
6. To invert an output channel, select the associated **Ch # Invert** box.
7. To sum the output channel pair (A+B/2), select the **Sum** box.
8. Repeat steps 2-7 for each output channel you wish to configure.
9. Repeat for each group/channel pair you wish to configure.

Embedding PCM and Non-PCM Signals

This section provides additional information on the Processing Amplifiers (Proc Amps) for the audio outputs on the card.

Embedding PCM Signals

The SFS-6622-A can embed PCM audio from two sources: the AES input or from the embedded audio of the source video. Processing also includes embedding channel status data as per **Table 12.1**.

Embedding Non-PCM Signals

You can configure the SFS-6622-A to embed non-PCM signals, such as Dolby® Digital and Dolby® E, using the options available in DashBoard. However, when embedding the non-PCM signal, the A and B channels of the input signal must be embedded on Channels 1 and 2, or Channels 3 and 4 of a given group. For example, you would embed AES1A in Group1Ch1, and AES1B in Group1Ch2.

To embed non-PCM signals

1. Select the **AES Inputs** tab.
2. Set the **Sample Rate Conversion** to **Off** for the required AES or embedded source.
3. Select the **Embedded Outputs** tab.
4. In the **Embedded Outputs** tab, select the sub-tab for the output group that you wish to configure.
5. Clear the applicable **Sum** box to disable the channel summing.
6. Set the applicable **Ch # Gain** to **0**.
7. Clear the applicable **Ch # Invert** box to disable inverting on the channel.
8. Ensure that the **Delay** values of the channels match.

DashBoard Menus

This chapter briefly summarizes the menus, items, and parameters available from the DashBoard for the SFS-6622-A. Parameters marked with an asterisk (*) are the factory default values.

★ Wait 30 seconds after the last setting change to ensure all changes are saved to the non-volatile memory of the card.

Status Tabs

This section summarizes the read-only information displayed in the Status tabs. The fields in the **Status** tabs vary in severity from green (valid), yellow (caution), to red (alarm). DashBoard reports the most severe alarm for a single field. Alarm colors are noted within the tables as text set in brackets next to the menu parameter name.

Signal Tab

Table 9.1 summarizes the read-only information displayed in the **Status** tabs.

Table 9.1 Status Tab Items

Item	Parameters	Description
General		
SDI Status	OK	A valid SDI signal is detected on the input, the format is supported, and the selected reference signal is supported and compatible
	No Input	An invalid SDI signal is detected on the input
	Incompatible	A valid SDI signal is detected on the input, the format is supported but the selected reference format selected is not compatible (e.g. an 480i input with a PAL reference signal)
	Non-Sync Video	A valid SDI signal is detected on the input, the format is supported, the selected reference format is supported but a reference lock is not occurring
	Group Not Present	At least one embedded audio group is missing from the valid, supported format SDI input signal
	Group Channel Silent	At least one embedded audio channel from the valid, supported SDI input signal has an amplitude at or below the Silence Threshold
Audio Status	OK	A valid AES signal (PCM or non-PCM) is detected on all the inputs
	Source Missing	No valid AES signal detected on at least one input
	Source Async	At least one AES input is non-synchronous relative to the selected reference source on the receiving card
	AES Input Silent	At least one AES input signal has an amplitude at or below the Silence Threshold
	AES Input Not Present	At least one AES input signal is not detected
	Group 4 Reduced to 20bit	Reduces Group 4 of the embedded audio to 20bit while the other three groups of embedded audio are 24bit

Table 9.1 Status Tab Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Reference Status	OK	Indicates that a valid reference source is present
	No Ref - Video	The following conditions are occurring: • Card reference is set to Frame 1 or Frame 2 • A valid reference signal is not present • Card has gone to Video Timing Mode
	No Ref - Free Run	First possible error condition: • Card detects an invalid or absent video signal • A valid reference signal is not present • The Reference menu is set to Frame 1 or Frame 2 Second possible error condition: • Card detects an invalid or absent video signal • The Reference menu is set to Video
Input Format	#	Indicates the input video format
Reference Format	#	Indicates the reference video format
Output Format	#	Indicates the output video format
Input Timing	Lines: #, Pixels: #	Indicates the timing offset between the video input signal and the reference signal. The unit of measure is lines and pixels with respect to the input video format.
Optical Module Status	OK	Indicates the status of the card Optical Module
	Temp High	
	Temp Low	
	Tx Power High	
	Tx Power Low	
	Tx Fault	
	Not Detected	
Optical Rx Power (dBm)	#	Indicates the input power of the Optical Module
Optical Tx Power (dBm)	#	Indicates the output power of the Optical Module
Embedded Audio Status		
Group #	PCM	Indicates the status of the specified embedded audio group
	No Input	
	PCM-Silent	
	Non-PCM	
	Async	
	Mixed ^a	Indicates the status of the specified embedded audio group
	Not Present	One of the audio channel pairs are not detected

Table 9.1 Status Tab Items

Item	Parameters	Description
AES Inputs		
AES #	PCM	Indicates the presence of the specified AES input
	No Input	
	AES Input Async	
	PCM-Silent	
	Non-PCM	
	Async	
	Mixed ^a	

a. The status of each channel in the pair is different. For example, Channel A is PCM audio but Channel B is non-PCM audio.

Hardware Tab

Table 9.2 summarizes the read-only information displayed in the **Hardware** tab.

Table 9.2 Hardware Tab Items

Item	Parameters	Description
HW Status	OK	Indicates the status of the hardware including the SFP module. Some messages displayed are dependent on the settings in the Alarms Enable tab.
	FPGA load invalid	
	Incomp I/O module	
	Current out of spec	
	Internal Error	
	SFP Temp Low	
	SFP Temp High	
	SFP Power High	
	SFP Power Low	
	SFP Tx Fault	
	SFP Not Detected	
Voltage (mV)	#	Supply Voltage
Current (mA)	#	Current consumption in milliamperes
Optical Module Temperature (C)	#	Indicates the temperature of the Optical Module
Optical Tx Wavelength (nm)	#	Indicates the wavelength being transmitted
CPU Headroom	#	Processing power available
RAM Available	##/###	On-board processing memory available
Uptime (h)	#	Displays the number of hours since the last reboot of the card
Configuration Bank	#	Storage count

Product Tab

Table 9.3 summarizes the read-only information displayed in the **Product** tab.

Table 9.3 Product Tab Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Product	SFS-6622-A	Indicates the product name
Supplier	Ross Video Ltd.	Indicates the manufacturer of your card
Board Rev	##	Indicates the board version of your card
Rear Module	#	Type of rear module in the slot
Board S/N	#####	Indicates the serial number of your card
Software Rev	##.##	Indicates the software version
Firmware Rev	#.###	Indicates the firmware version

Setup Tab

Table 9.4 summarizes the **Setup** options available in DashBoard.

Table 9.4 Setup Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Video Setup		
SDI Source	Copper*	Uses the SDI input signal available on the SDI IN BNC of the rear module
	Optical	Uses the SDI input signal available on the FIBER IN fiber optic connector of the rear module
Reference	Frame 1*	Assigns the external analog reference connected to REF 1 port on the openGear frame
	Frame 2	Assigns the external analog reference connected to REF 2 port on the openGear frame
	Video	Reference is taken from the SDI IN video input on the rear module
Horizontal Delay (Pixels)	0* - #	Adjusts the horizontal delay with respect to the selected reference. Refer to Table 7.2 .
Vertical Delay (lines)	0* - #	Specifies the vertical delay with respect to the selected reference. Refer to Table 7.2 .
Frame Delay (Frames)	0 - # ^a	Specifies the number of frames of delay with respect to the selected reference
Test Pattern	None*	Disables the test pattern feature
	Black	Specifies the type of test pattern to output. Note that the test pattern replaces all of the output picture but not the HANC, while the VANC is blanked.
	Blue	
	Custom Color	
	75% Color Bars	
	100% Color Bars	
	75% SMPTE Bars	
	Matrix Pathological	

Table 9.4 Setup Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Test Pattern	Luma Ramp	Specifies the type of test pattern to output. Note that the test pattern replaces all of the output picture but not the HANC, while the VANC is blanked.
	Y/C Ramp	
Custom Color	#	Select this drop down to display a dialog that enables you to configure the Custom Color setting. This Custom Color will be used as a Test Pattern, Loss of Input, and the Moving Box fill when those menus are set to Custom Color.
Moving Box Mode	On	An overlay in the shape of a box, filled with the pattern specified in the Moving Box Fill menu, moves across the screen in a pre-determined pattern
	Off*	Disables this feature
	Loss of Input	The box overlay only displays when a loss of input video is detected
Moving Box Fill	Custom Color	The box overlay is filled with the color specified in the Custom Color menu
	Black	The box overlay is filled with black
	Inverse Video	The box overlay is filled with the inverse image of the current video signal
Loss of Video Input Setup		
Loss of Input Format	Last Input Format*	Forces the output video standard to match the last detected and valid input signal format
	#	Forces the output video standard to match the specified video signal format
Loss of Input Video	Black	Specifies the video output in the event of a loss of video input
	Blue	
	Custom Color	Sets the output to a custom color in the event of a loss of video input. Use the provided Custom Color menu to configure the color.
	75% SMPTE Bars	Specifies the video output in the event of a loss of video input
	Matrix Pathological	
	Freeze*	Displays the last captured frame of video from the input signal. Ensure that the Loss of Input Format is set to the same format as the input video signal or set to Last Input Format. Note that a valid input signal must be captured in order that the output video is valid.
Embedded Audio Setup		
Group Enable - Group #	Selected*	Determines if the specified audio group is inserted in the SDI video output or not
	Cleared	

Table 9.4 Setup Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
SD Audio ^{bc}	20 Bit*	Embeds 20bits
	24 Bit	Embeds 24bits
	Auto	Embeds 20-24bit depending on the audio source and the number of bits (only applies to SD formats)
De-EMB SRC	No	Sample Rate Converter is not applied, before the Frame Sync, to any of the channels in the SDI input
	Yes*	Applies the SRC on the audio channels in the video input before processed by the Frame Sync
HANC Bypass	Selected	HANC data is passed through without any modifications. Use when local audio embedding is not required and input video source is synchronous with reference.
	Cleared*	Disables this feature
Audio Setup		
AES I/O Config	8 in, 0 out	Card is configured to manage eight AES inputs and no AES outputs
	0 in, 8 out	Card is configured to manage no AES inputs, but does manage eight AES outputs
	4 in, 4 out	Card is configured to manage four AES inputs and four AES outputs. AES connections 1-4 on the rear module are now configured as inputs. AES connections 5-8 on the rear module are now configured as outputs. Refer to Figure 5.4 .
Silence Threshold (dB) ^d	-96 to 0	Audio equal to or less than the specified threshold value is considered silent
Silence Timeout (sec) ^e	1 to 60	Audio silent for longer than the specified value raises an alarm
Edit Permission	Unlocked*	All menu options are unlocked and can be edited
	Locked	All other menu items are locked and read-only
All Audio	Reset	Resets the parameters in the Audio Inputs and Embedded Audio Outputs tabs to factory defaults
Factory Defaults	Reset	Resets all parameters to factory defaults except for the AES I/O Config setting

- The default value is 1.
- When performing an analog to digital conversion of audio, the card produces 24bit resolution by default. When converting, ensure that you set the **SD Audio** option in the **Setup** tab to **20bit**. Otherwise, the card will output 24bit and an alarm is reported in the **Audio Status** field.
- This menu is only applicable when using SD formats.
- The default value is -72dB.
- The default value is 5 seconds.

Proc Amp Tab

Table 9.5 summarizes the **Proc Amps** options available in DashBoard.

Table 9.5 Proc Amps Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Enable	Selected	The Proc Amp settings are applied to the selected output
	Cleared*	The Proc Amp color correction is not applied to the selected output
Video Gain (%)	0 to 200 ^a	Adjusts the output video gain level
Chroma Gain (%)	0 to 200 ^a	Adjusts the card output chroma gain percentage (C_b and C_r simultaneously)
CB Gain (%)	0 to 200 ^a	Adjusts the output C_b gain
Black Offset (IRE)	-8 to 100 ^b	Adjusts the output black level of the card
Proc Amp	Reset	Resets all Proc Amp controls to the factory default values

a. The default value is 100.

b. The default value is 0.

VANC Processing Tab

Table 9.6 summarizes the **VANC Processing** options available in DashBoard.

★ Use the **1080i** sub-tab when processing an 1080pSF input signal.

Table 9.6 VANC Processing Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
480i, 576i, 1080i		
Line	# ^a	Indicates the specific line the VANC components will be deleted from
Field #	Pass*	VANC components are passed unmodified to the card output
	Strip	VANC components are deleted from the card output
720p, 1080p		
Line	# ^a	Indicates the specific line the VANC components will be deleted from
Option	Pass*	VANC components are passed unmodified to the card output
	Strip	VANC components are deleted from the card output
All Lines	Pass	All VANC components are passed unmodified to the card output
	Strip	All VANC components are deleted from the card output

a. The range is dependent on the format.

Input Status Tab

This section summarizes the sub-tabs available in the **Input Status** tab.

Video Input & Embedded Audio Tab

Table 9.7 summarizes the read-only information displayed in the **Video Input & Embedded Audio** sub-tab.

Table 9.7 Video Input & Embedded Audio Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Input Format (read-only)	#	Format of the video input
Input Errors (read-only)	#	Displays the count of the CRC errors on the video input. This 14bit counter is reset on loss of video, or when the Reset button is selected. The counter is non-latching, and rolls over from maximum count to zero. • SD formats — displays both active picture and full frame errors • HD, 3G formats — displays the total count of errors
Error Count	Reset	Resets the CRC Errors field
Embedded Audio - Group #		
Channel # (read-only)	PCM	Status of each group and channel of embedded audio
	No Input	
	PCM-Silent	
	Non-PCM	
	Async	
	Mixed	
Word Length (read-only)	#bit	Word length of the audio in number of bits

Audio Tab

Table 9.8 summarizes the read-only information displayed in the **Audio** sub-tab.

Table 9.8 Audio Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
AES #		
Ch # Status	No Input	Displays the status of the specified Channel input
	PCM	
	PCM-silent	
	Non-PCM	
	Async ^a	
Word Length	#bit	Displays the number of bits of audio

Table 9.8 Audio Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Emphasis	Present	The incoming AES signal is indicating 50/15 or CCiTT J.17 emphasis
	Not Present	The incoming AES signal is indicating no emphasis or the emphasis is not indicated
Sample Rate	#	Displays the sample rate of the AES input

- a. If the SRC is ON, an async AES signal is processed to be PCM and indicated as such.

Embedded Outputs Tab

Table 9.9 summarizes the **Embedded Outputs** options available in DashBoard. Note that Groups 1 and 2 are located on the first sub-tab, while Groups 3 and 4 are on the second sub-tab.

Table 9.9 Embedded Outputs Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
GROUP # CH #		
Ch # Source	Mute	Configures the input source for the specified channel that is inserted in to the embedded group (if present)
	Group# Ch#*	
	AES #	
	#Hz Tone	
	#kHz Tone	
Ch # Gain (dB)	-20 to +20 ^a	- Adjusts the gain of the specified channel of audio - Select 0 when using non-PCM audio data
Channel Pair Gain Lock	Selected*	Locks the Ch Gain sliders of both channels together. If the values for the two channels are different, that change is maintained when the channels are locked.
	Cleared	Unlocks the Ch Gain sliders
Ch # Delay (ms)	-500 to 500 ^b	Adjusts the delay of the specified audio channel
Ch # Total Delay (ms) (read-only)	#	Reports the total audio delay for each embedded audio channel
Channel Pair Delay Lock	Selected*	Locks the Ch Delay slider of both channels together. If the values for the two channels are different, that change is maintained when the channels are locked.
	Cleared	Unlocks the Ch Delay sliders
Ch # Invert	Selected	Inverts the audio signal of the specified channel
	Cleared*	- Audio signal of the specified channel is not inverted - Use for non-PCM audio data
Sum	Selected	Both channels will carry the average of the two input channels (A+B/2)
	Cleared*	Disables this feature

Table 9.9 Embedded Outputs Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Channel Pair	Reset	Resets the settings for the specified channel pair only to the default values
Groups #	Reset	Resets the settings for all groups of the specified sub-tab to the default values

- a. The default value is 0.
- b. The default value is 0.

AES Inputs Tab

Table 9.10 summarizes the **AES Inputs** tab available in DashBoard.

★ The number of AES inputs available depends on how the AES I/O Config is set on the Setup tab.

Table 9.10 AES Inputs Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
AES #		
Sample Rate Conversion	Off	SRC is not used on an input. Select this option when using non-PCM audio data
	On*	SRC is used on an input
Page	Reset	Resets the SRC setting to On for all AES inputs

AES Outputs Tab

Table 9.11 summarizes the **AES Outputs** tab available in DashBoard.

★ The number of AES outputs available depends on how the AES I/O Config is set on the Setup tab.

Table 9.11 AES Outputs Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
AES #		
Ch # Source	Mute	Configures the input source for the specified channel that is inserted in to the embedded group (if present)
	Group# Ch#	
	AES #	
	#Hz Tone	
	#kHz Tone	
Ch # Gain (dB)	-20 to +20 ^a	- Adjusts the gain of the specified channel of audio - Select 0 when using non-PCM audio data
Channel Pair Gain Lock	Selected*	Locks the Gain slider of both channels together. If the values for the two channels are different, that change is maintained when the channels are locked.
	Cleared	Unlocks the Ch Gain sliders
Ch # Delay (ms)	0* to 1000	Adjusts the delay of the specified audio channel

Table 9.11 AES Outputs Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Channel Pair Delay Lock	Selected*	Locks the Ch Delay slider of both channels together. If the values for the two channels are different, that change is maintained when the channels are locked.
	Cleared	Unlocks the Ch Delay sliders
Ch # Invert	Selected	• Audio signal of the specified channel is not inverted • Use for non-PCM audio data
	Cleared*	The audio signal is not inverted
Sum	Selected	Both channels will carry the average of the two input channels (A+B/2)
	Cleared*	Disables this feature
Channel	Reset	Resets the settings for the selected input to the default values
AES Page #	Reset	Resets the indicated input settings to the default values

a. The default value is 0.

Alarm Enables Tab

Table 9.12 summarizes the **Alarm Enables** options available in DashBoard.

Table 9.12 Alarm Enables Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Video Input & Reference Alarm		
No Input	Selected*	SDI Status field reports a loss of input
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Invalid Input	Selected*	Input Format field displays an alarm when the input video is a format that is not supported
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Incompatible Input	Selected*	Input Format field reports when the video frame rate is not the same as the selected reference input
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Unlocked Input	Selected*	SDI Status field reports if the input becomes unlocked. This alarm can be caused due to a change of reference or video format.
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
No Reference	Selected*	Reference Status field reports loss of input conditions
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Hardware		
Incompat Rear Module	Selected*	HW Status field reports when a rear module is not compatible with the card
	Cleared	Disables the alarm

Table 9.12 Alarm Enables Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Optical Module Alarms		
Alarm on Abnormal Temperature	Selected*	The Hardware > Optical Module Temperature field reports when the temperature of the SFP module is not in range (high/low)
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Alarm on Abnormal Power	Selected*	HW Status field reports when the power consumption of the SFP module is not in range (high/low)
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Alarm on Not Detected	Selected*	HW Status field reports when the optical module is not detected
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Embedded Input Audio - Group #		
Group not present	Selected*	SDI Status field reports when a group is not present on the input
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Channel # Silent	Selected*	SDI Status field reports when the specified channel is detected as silent
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
AES Inputs - AES #		
Input not present	Selected*	SDI Status field reports when the source for the specified input is not present
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Input Async	Selected*	Audio Status field in the General tab and the applicable AES field in the AES Inputs tab report when the selected source is not synchronous to the input video or not a 48kHz sample rate
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Channel # Silent	Selected*	SDI Status field reports when the AES channel is detected as silent
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
AES Outputs - AES #		
Source Missing	Selected*	Audio Status field reports when the input source assigned to the AES output is not detected
	Cleared	Disables this alarm
Source Async	Selected*	Audio Status field reports when the selected source is not synchronous to the input video or not a 48kHz sample rate
	Cleared	Disables this alarm

Table 9.12 Alarm Enables Menu Items

Item	Parameters	Description
Embedded Outputs - Group #		
Source Missing	Selected*	Embedded Audio Status field reports when the selected source is not present or is silent
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
Source Async	Selected*	Embedded Audio Status field reports when the selected source is not synchronous to the input video, or not a 48kHz sample rate
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
SD 24Bit ^a	Selected*	Audio Status field displays an alarm when the selected configuration would embed 4 groups of 24bit audio in an SD output. Group 4 is down-sampled to 20bit audio.
	Cleared	Disables the alarm
All Alarms	Set	Enables all alarms
All Alarms	Clear	Disables all alarms

- a. Note that when performing an analog to digital conversion of audio, the card produces 24bit resolution by default. When converting, ensure that you set the **SD Audio** option in the **Setup** tab to **20bit**. Otherwise, the card will output 24bit and an alarm is reported in the **Audio Status** field.

Software Upgrades

This section provides instructions for upgrading the software for your card using the DashBoard client.

To upload software to the card

1. Contact Ross Technical Support for the latest software version file.
2. In DashBoard, double-click the card status indicator in the **Basic Tree View**.
3. From the **Device** tab, click **Upload** to display the **Select File for upload** dialog box.
4. Navigate to the *.bin upgrade file you wish to upload. DashBoard automatically selects the last directory that you loaded from.
5. Click **Open** to display a confirmation dialog box. This dialog box displays the selected file name, type, size, and the file creation date.
6. From the **Confirmation** dialog box, select one of the following:
 - **Cancel** — Select this option to cancel the upload of the file and return to the **Device View**.
 - **Continue** — Select this option to upload the file. While uploading, an **Uploading Progress** dialog box opens.
- ★ Clicking **Cancel** while uploading will leave the card in an invalid state. Do not click **Cancel** unless the uploading progress has stopped completely for 60 seconds or more. If upload fails, repeat the upload process from DashBoard. If the upload process fails again, refer to the section “**Bootload Button**” on page 63.
7. Monitor the upgrade progress bar displayed in DashBoard while the software is upgraded on your card.
8. To complete the upgrade process, the card automatically reboots.
- ★ The communications processor of the card requires approximately 30 seconds to re-start and re-establish network communications.
 - The card automatically saves all your settings before starting the reboot process.
 - The status of all the cards in the frame are grayed out until the reboot process is complete.

Technical Specifications

This chapter provides technical specification details for the SFS-6622-A.

★ Specifications are subject to change without notice.

SDI Input

Table 11.1 SDI Input Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Number of Inputs	1
Standards Accommodated	SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 424M
Impedance	75ohm
Return Loss	>15dB to 1.5GHz >10dB to 3GHz
Cable Length with Equalizer (Belden 1694A cable)	SD: <450m (1476ft) HD: <170m (558ft) 3G: <100m (328ft)
Connector Type	BNC

SDI Outputs

Table 11.2 SDI Outputs Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Number of Outputs	2
Standards Accommodated	SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 424M
Impedance	75ohm
Return Loss	>15dB to 1.5GHz >10dB to 3GHz
Signal Level	800mV, $\pm 10\%$
DC Offset	0V ± 50 mV
Rise and Fall Time (20-80%)	SD: 700ps typical HD: 120ps typical 3G: 120ps typical
Overshoot	<10%
Connector Type	BNC

Optical SDI Input

Table 11.3 Optical SDI Input Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Number of Inputs	1
Standards Accommodated	SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 424M
Operating Wavelength	1310nm
Input Power Operating Range (Color Bars)	SD: -3dBm to -19dBm HD: -3dBm to -19dBm 3G: -3dBm to -18dBm
Input Power Operating Range (Pathological)	SD: -3dBm to -18dBm HD: -3dBm to -18dBm 3G: -3dBm to -17dBm
Receiver Overload	At values above -3dBm
Connector	Single Mode, LC/UPC

Optical SDI Output

Table 11.4 Optical SDI Output Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Number of Outputs	1
Standards Accommodated	SMPTE 259M, SMPTE 292M, SMPTE 424M
Nominal Wavelength	1310nm
Output Power	-7dBm to -2dBm
Connector Type	Single Mode, LC/UPC

AES Inputs

Table 11.5 AES Inputs Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Standards Accommodated	AES-3id-2001, AES3
Impedance	75ohm
Input Resolution	24bits
Nominal Signal Level	1V p-p
Sampling Rate	48kHz compliant with SMPTE 272M or any rate from 20kHz to 96kHz with SRC on
Connector Type	HD BNC

AES Outputs

Table 11.6 AES Outputs Technical Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Standards Accommodated	AES-3id-2001, AES3
Impedance	75ohm
Resolution	24bits
Voltage	1V p-p
Sampling Rate	48kHz
Connector Type	HD BNC

Environmental

Table 11.7 Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Operating Range	5°C to 40°C ambient

Total Power Consumption

Table 11.8 Power Specifications

Parameter	Specification
Total Power Consumption	<8W

Channel Status Data

Table 12.1 shows the channel status bit information that is used for all output audio.

Table 12.1 Channel Status Data

Byte	Bit	Function	Transmitted
0	0	Professional or Consumer use of Channel Status Block	Professional (1)
	1	Normal Audio or Non-Audio Mode	Normal Audio (0)
	2-4	Emphasis	No Emphasis (100)
	5	Lock Indication	Locked (0)
	6-7	Sampling Rate	48kHz (01)
1	0-3	Channel Mode	2 channel stereo (0001)
	4-7	User Bit Mode	192-bit (0001)
2	0-2	Auxiliary Bit Usage	20-bit audio sample, Aux bits undefined (000)
	3-5	Sample Word Length	20- or 24-bits (101)
	6-7	Alignment Level	Not Indicated (00)
3	0-7	Multi-channel Modes	Undefined (0)
4	0-1	Digital Audio Reference Signal	Not a Reference (0)
	2	Reserved	0
	3-6	Sampling Frequency	Not Indicated (0000)
	7	Sampling Frequency Scaling Flag	No Scaling (0)
5	0-7	Reserved	Unused (0)
6-9		ASCII Source ID	Unused (0)
10-13		ASCII Destination ID	Unused (0)
14-17		Local Sample Address	Unused (0)
18-21		Time of Day	Unused (0)
22	0-7	C Data Reliability	Only the first 5 Status Bytes are marked as Reliable All other Status Bytes are marked as Unreliable
23	0-7	CRC	Calculated CRC

Passing the Status Bytes

Each card replaces Channel Status Bytes according to **Table 12.1** or passes Status Bytes through from input to output. The following conditions must be met for Status Bytes to pass:

- AES inputs must be 48kHz synchronous
- SRC is set to OFF
- Data Word Length in the Channel Status Bytes must match what is embedded

Service Information

Troubleshooting Checklist

Routine maintenance to this openGear product is not required. In the event of problems with your SFS-6622-A, the following basic troubleshooting checklist may help identify the source of the problem. If the frame still does not appear to be working properly after checking all possible causes, please contact your openGear products distributor, or the Technical Support department at the numbers listed under the “**Contact Us**” section.

1. **Visual Review** — Performing a quick visual check may reveal many problems, such as connectors not properly seated or loose cables. Check the card, the frame, and any associated peripheral equipment for signs of trouble.
2. **Power Check** — Check the power indicator LED on the distribution frame front panel for the presence of power. If the power LED is not illuminated, verify that the power cable is connected to a power source and that power is available at the power main. Confirm that the power supplies are fully seated in their slots. If the power LED is still not illuminated, replace the power supply with one that is verified to work.
3. **Input Signal Status** — Verify that source equipment is operating correctly and that a valid signal is being supplied.
4. **Output Signal Path** — Verify that destination equipment is operating correctly and receiving a valid signal.
5. **Unit Exchange** — Exchanging a suspect unit with a unit that is known to be working correctly is an efficient method for localizing problems to individual units.

Bootload Button

In the unlikely event of a complete card failure, you may be instructed by a Ross Technical Support specialist to perform a complete software reload on the card.

To reload the software

1. Eject the card from the frame.
2. Press and hold the **Bootload** button, while re-inserting the card into the frame.
3. Release the button.
 - The **OK/ERROR** LED will flash green while the card is waiting for a new software load.
 - If a new software load is not sent to the card within 60 seconds, the card will attempt to restart with its last operational software load.
 - Software loads can be sent to the card via DashBoard.

Warranty and Repair Policy

The SFS-6622-A is warranted to be free of any defect with respect to performance, quality, reliability, and workmanship for a period of FIVE (5) years from the date of shipment from our factory. In the event that your SFS-6622-A proves to be defective in any way during this warranty period, Ross Video Limited reserves the right to repair or replace this piece of equipment with a unit of equal or superior performance characteristics.

Should you find that this SFS-6622-A has failed after your warranty period has expired, we will repair your defective product should suitable replacement components be available. You, the owner, will bear any labor and/or part costs incurred in the repair or refurbishment of said equipment beyond the FIVE (5) year warranty period.

In no event shall Ross Video Limited be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including loss of profits) incurred by the use of this product. Implied warranties are expressly limited to the duration of this warranty.

This User Manual provides all pertinent information for the safe installation and operation of your openGear Product. Ross Video policy dictates that all repairs to the SFS-6622-A are to be conducted only by an authorized Ross Video Limited factory representative. Therefore, any unauthorized attempt to repair this product, by anyone other than an authorized Ross Video Limited factory representative, will automatically void the warranty. Please contact Ross Video Technical Support for more information.

In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with your SFS-6622-A, please contact the Ross Video Technical Support Department. (Contact information is supplied at the end of this publication.)

A Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions, should you wish our factory to repair your card. If required, a temporary replacement frame will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred will be the responsibility of you, the customer. All products shipped to you from Ross Video Limited will be shipped collect.

The Ross Video Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Ross Video Limited, beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the equipment.

Glossary

The following terms are used throughout this guide:

Active image — the portion of the video picture area (production aperture) that is being utilized for output content. Active image excludes letterbox bars and pillarbox bars.

Card — openGear terminal devices within openGear frames, including all components and switches.

CBR — constant bit rate.

CDN — content distribution network.

DashBoard — the DashBoard Control System.

DF — Differentiated Services.

DTVCC captions — CEA-708 captions.

Frame — the SFS-6622-A frame that houses the SFS-6622-A.

HLS — HTTP Live streaming.

HTTP — Direct Hypertext Transfer Protocol.

MIB — management information base.

Network Controller Card — the MFC-OG3-N and any available options unless otherwise noted.

NTSC captions — the CEA-608-D: Line 21 Data Services captions.

openGear frame — refers to the SFS-6622-A frames unless otherwise noted.

PAL — PAL-B and PAL-G unless otherwise stated.

PCR — program clock reference.

PID — packet identifier.

Production aperture — the image lattice that represents the maximum possible image extent in a given standard (e.g. the full size of all active pixels and active lines). For example, the 1080i production aperture would be 1920x1080.

RTMP — Real Time Messaging Protocol.

Stream — a transport stream present at the port.

System — the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in your environment.

TCP — Transmission Control Protocol.

TOS — Type of Service.

TPG — Test Packet Generator.

TTL — Time To Live.

UDP — User Datagram Protocol.

User — the person who uses the SFS-6622-A.

