# ⇒pro-xi® 100

**Workstation Integrator User Guide** 



# Thank You for Choosing Ross

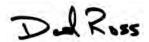
You've made a great choice. We expect you will be very happy with your purchase of Ross Technology.

Our mission is to:

- 1. Provide a Superior Customer Experience
  - offer the best product quality and support
- 2. Make Cool Practical Technology
  - · develop great products that customers love

Ross has become well known for the Ross Video Code of Ethics. It guides our interactions and empowers our employees. I hope you enjoy reading it below.

If anything at all with your Ross experience does not live up to your expectations be sure to reach out to us at *solutions@rossvideo.com*.



David Ross CEO, Ross Video dross@rossvideo.com

#### Ross Video Code of Ethics

Any company is the sum total of the people that make things happen. At Ross, our employees are a special group. Our employees truly care about doing a great job and delivering a high quality customer experience every day. This code of ethics hangs on the wall of all Ross Video locations to guide our behavior:

- 1. We will always act in our customers' best interest.
- 2. We will do our best to understand our customers' requirements.
- 3. We will not ship crap.
- 4. We will be great to work with.
- 5. We will do something extra for our customers, as an apology, when something big goes wrong and it's our fault.
- 6. We will keep our promises.
- 7. We will treat the competition with respect.
- 8. We will cooperate with and help other friendly companies.
- 9. We will go above and beyond in times of crisis. *If there's no one to authorize the required action in times of company or customer crisis do what you know in your heart is right. (You may rent helicopters if necessary.)*

# pro-xi 100 · User Guide

Ross Part Number: 2300DR-004-07

Release Date: June 28, 2022.

The information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice or obligation.

## Copyright

©2022 Ross Video Limited, Ross®, and any related marks are trademarks or registered trademarks of Ross Video Limited. All other trademarks are the property of their respective companies. PATENTS ISSUED and PENDING. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Ross Video. While every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this document, Ross Video assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions. Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein.

#### Trademark Information

pro-xi® is a registered trademarks of Ross Video or its affiliates in the United States and other countries.

Google and the Google logo are registered trademarks of Google LLC.

Google Chrome™ browser is a trademark of Google LLC.

Microsoft, MSN, Edge, and Windows are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and/or other countries.

All other trademarks and service-marks are the property of their respective owners.

The various backgrounds, icons, logos, wallpaper and other associated trade dress displayed in the screen-shots are the property of their respective owners.

#### **Patents**

Patent numbers US 7,034,886; US 7,353,458; US 7,496,846 B2; US 7,508,455; US 7,602,446; US 7,770,131; US 7,779,361; US 7,802,802 B2; US 7,834,886; US 7,914,332; US 8,307,284; US 8,407,374 B2; US 8,499,019 B2; US 8,519,949 B2; US 8,743,292 B2; GB 2,419,119 B; GB 2,447,380 B; JP 4891782; and other patents pending.

# Limited Rights

The software described in this document is "commercial computer software" provided with restricted rights (except for the included open/free source) as specified in the FAR 52.227-19 and/or the DFAR 227.7202, or successive sections. Use beyond license provisions is a violation of worldwide intellectual property laws, treaties and conventions. This document is provided with limited rights as defined in 52.227-14.

The electronic (software) version of this document was developed at private expense; if acquired under an agreement with the USA government or any contractor thereto, it is acquired as "commercial computer software" subject to the provisions of its applicable license agreement, as specified in (a) 48 CFR 12.212 of the FAR; or, if acquired for Department of Defense units, (b) 48 CFR 227-7202 of the DoD FAR Supplement; or sections succeeding thereto. Contractor/manufacturer is Ross Video 8 John Street, Iroquois, Ontario, Canada, K0E 1K0.

#### Disclaimer

Information in this document is provided in connection with Ross Video products. No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document. Except as provided in Ross Video Terms and Conditions of Sale for such products, Ross Video assumes no liability whatsoever, and Ross Video disclaims any express or implied warranty, relating to sale and/or use of Ross Video products including liability or warranties relating to fitness for a particular purpose, merchantability, or infringement of any patent, copyright or other intellectual property right.

Ross Video products are not designed, intended or authorized for use in any medical, life saving, or life sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Ross Video product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur.

Ross Video may make changes to specifications and product descriptions at any time, without notice.

Although every effort has been made to ensure that the information in this document is correct and complete, Ross Video or its affiliates shall not be held liable for any errors, inaccuracies, or omissions found in this manual.

#### **Notice**

The material in this manual is furnished for informational use only. It is subject to change without notice and should not be construed as commitment by Ross Video Limited. Ross Video Limited assumes no responsibility or liability for errors or inaccuracies that may appear in this manual.

# Safety Notices

Refer to the "Important Regulatory and Safety Notices" document that accompanied your product.

# Statement of Compliance

This product has been determined to be compliant with the applicable standards, regulations, and directives for the countries where the product is marketed.

Compliance documentation, such as certification or Declaration of Compliance for the product is available upon request by contacting techsupport@rossvideo.com. Please include the product; model number identifiers and serial number and country that compliance information is needed in request.

#### **EMC Notices**

#### **United States of America - FCC Part 15**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A Digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a Commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in

a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



**Notice** — Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by Ross Video Ltd. could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

#### Canada

This Class A device complies with Canadian ICES-003 and part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Cet appariel numerique de la classe "A" est conforme a la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

#### **European Union**

This equipment is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions established under regulation (EC) No 765/2008 and Decision No 768/2008/EC referred to as the "New Legislative Framework".



**Warning** — This equipment is compliant with Class A of CISPR 32. In a residential environment this equipment may cause radio interference.

#### International

This equipment has been tested under the requirements of CISPR 22:2008 or CISPR 32:2015 and found to comply with the limits for a Class A Digital device.



**Notice** — This is a Class A product. In domestic environments, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may have to take adequate measures.

#### **Emissions Certifications**

EN 55022:2010 FCC Part 15, Class A ICES-003, Issue 5 AS/NZS CISPR 22:2009

# **Immunity Certifications**

EN 55024:2010

EN 61000-3-2:2006 + A1:2009 + A2:2009

EN 61000-3-3:2008

# Safety Certifications

IEC 60950-1:2005(Second Edition) +

AM 1:2009 + AM 2:2013

EN 60950-1:2006/A11:2009/A1:2010

#### **CE Certifications**

EMC Directive 2004/108/EEC

Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC

#### **FCC Certifications**

Part 15 of the FCC Rules

#### **USA** Notification

**WARNING**: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

**NOTE**: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

## Maintenance/User Serviceable Parts

Routine maintenance to this Ross product is not required. This product contains no user serviceable parts. If the module does not appear to be working properly, please contact Technical Support using the numbers listed under the section "Contacting Technical Support" on page 15. This product is covered by a generous 1-year warranty and will be repaired without charge for materials or labor within this period. See "Warranty and Repair Policy" on page 133 for details.

#### **Environmental Information**

The equipment may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment.

To avoid the potential release of those substances into the environment and to diminish the need for the extraction of natural resources, Ross Video encourages you to use the appropriate take-back systems. These systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials from your end-of-life equipment in an environmentally friendly and health conscious manner.

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol invites you to use these systems.



If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration. You can also contact Ross Video for more information on the environmental performances of our products.

# Security and Privacy

If you would like more information on how Ross Video security and privacy practices have been applied to the pro-xi 100, what you should know about maintaining security of this product, and how we can partner with you to ensure security throughout this product's life-cycle, contact techsupport@rossvideo.com.

Ross Video has implemented reasonable administrative, technical, and physical safeguards to help protect against security incidents and privacy breaches involving a Ross Video product provided those products are used in accordance with Ross Video instructions for use. However, as systems and threats evolve, no system can be protected against all vulnerabilities and we consider our

customers the most important partner in maintaining security and privacy safeguards. If you have any concerns, we ask that you bring them to our attention, and we will investigate. Where appropriate, we will address the issue with product changes, technical bulletins and/or responsible disclosures to customers and regulators. Ross Video continuously strives to improve security and privacy throughout the product life-cycle using practices such as:

- Privacy and Security by Design
- Product and Supplier Risk Assessment
- Vulnerability and Patch Management
- Secure Coding Practices and Analysis
- Vulnerability Scanning
- Access Controls appropriate to Customer Data
- Incident Response
- Clear paths for two-way communication between customers and Ross Video

If you would like to report a potential product related privacy or security issue (incident, breach, or vulnerability), contact techsupport@rossvideo.com.

# **Company Address**



#### **Ross Video Limited**

8 John Street Iroquois, Ontario Canada, K0E 1K0

#### **Ross Video Incorporated**

P.O. Box 880 Ogdensburg, New York USA 13669-0880

General Business Office: (+1) 613 • 652 • 4886

Fax: (+1) 613 • 652 • 4425

Technical Support: (+1) 613 • 652 • 4886

After Hours Emergency: (+1) 613 • 349 • 0006

E-mail (Technical Support): techsupport@rossvideo.com E-mail (General Information): solutions@rossvideo.com

Website: http://www.rossvideo.com

# **Contents**

Introduction	13
Related Publications	14
Documentation Conventions	
Interface Elements	14
User Entered Text	
Referenced Guides	
Menu Sequences	
Important Instructions	
Contacting Technical Support	15
Hardware Overview	17
Overview	
Rear Panel Overview	
CTC Card Connections	
VOC Card Connections	
ISC Card Connections	
Physical Installation	21
Static Discharge	
Unpacking the pro-xi 100 System	
Rack-mounting and Installing the pro-xi 100	
Attaching the Rack Rails to the pro-xi 100 System	
Attaching the Rail Supports to the Rear Rack Rails	
Mounting the pro-xi 100 System in the Rack	23
Cabling	25
Before You Begin	
Direct Keyboard and Mouse	
Single-Head Direct Monitor	
Dual-Head Direct Monitor	
Single Output (Single-Head) Direct Keyboard, Video, and Mouse	
Dual Output (Dual-Head) Direct Keyboard, Video, and Mouse	
Interconnect, Single-Head Operator Station KVM Extender	28
Interconnect, Dual-Head Operator Station KVM Extender	
Single Video (Single-Head) KVM Extender	
Dual Output (Dual-Head) Using Single-Head KVM Extenders	31
Dual Output (Dual-Head) Using Dual-Head KVM Extenders	32
Initial Startup Display	33
	≺-
Display Screen	
Connected Systems	33
Connected Systems Work Area	33 33
Connected Systems	33 33 34
Connected Systems Work Area	33 33 34
Connected Systems	
Connected Systems	33 34 35
Connected Systems	33 34 32 35 35

Controlling Connected Systems	37
Mouse Control with No Size or Position Changes	37
Mouse Control, Filling the Work Area	
Mouse Control, Filling the Screen	
Control of Dual-Head Connected Systems	
Keyboard Control, Carousel Operation	
Adjusting the Size	
Keyboard Control, Keypad Selection	43
Creating and Using Sub-windows	45
Creating a Sub-window	45
Moving, Resizing, and Panning Sub-windows	47
Creating a Cloned Sub-window	
Deleting Sub-windows	47
Creating and Using Layouts	49
Creating a Layout	49
Using Layouts	
System Menus	51
Status Bar Overview	
Using the Status Bar	
Health Menu	
Using the Health Menu	
Upgrade Menu	
Performing an Upgrade	
Selecting the Upgrade Options	
Starting the Upgrade Operation	
Status Displayed During the Upgrade Operation  Completion of the Upgrade Operation	54
USB Format Menu	
pro-xi 100 Network Settings Menu	
pro-xi System Information Menu	
Misc. Information Area	
System Reboot/Shutdown Menu	58
Rebooting the pro-xi 100 System	
Shutting Down the pro-xi 100 System	58
Installing the proxi-app Utility	61
Creating a New Configuration	63
Launching the proxi-app Utility	63
Creating a New Configuration	
Configuring the Video Output Cards (VOC)	
Configuring the Input System Cards (ISC)	
EDID Support	
Configuring the ISC Cards	
Specifying the Network Settings	
Saving the New Configuration	
Testing a Configuration Using a USB Drive	71
Before You Begin	71
Formating and Creating a Bootable USB Drive	
Insert the USB Drive	72

Exporting a Configuration via USB	73
Before You Begin	73
Formatting a USB Drive for Exporting	
Creating a USB Drive for Exporting	
Inserting the USB Drive	75
Exporting a Configuration Across the Network	77
Creating a Network Connection	77
Opening a Network Connection	
Exporting the Configuration	
System Upgrades via a USB	81
Before You Begin	81
Formatting a USB Drive for System Upgrades	
Creating a USB Drive for System Upgrades	
Inserting the USB Drive	
System Upgrades via a Network	85
Before You Begin	85
Creating a Network Connection	85
Opening a Network Connection	
Exporting the System Upgrades	
Burning the Upgrades	87
System Window Frames	89
Introduction to Frames	
Frames Configuration Dialog	
Enabling Frames and Changing the Text Position	
Changing Frame Labels	
Changing Frame Colors	
Differences in Sub-window Frames Changing the Frame Text Position	
Windows Select Mode	92
Bezel Color Notifications	95
Bezel Configuration Dialog	
Changing Bezel Notification Colors	
Real Time Clock Display	97
Overview	
Real Time Clock Configuration Dialog	
Modifying the Clock Settings	
Enabling Internet-Based NTP Time Synchronization	
Enabling Facility-Based NTP Time Synchronization	
Configuring the Local Timezone	99
Setting the Clock	
Desktop Settings	101
Desktop Settings Dialog	101
Status Bar Options	
Bug Options	101

Dual Operator Configuration	105
Setting Up the Second Operator Position	105
Identifying the USB Port Numbers	106
Shared Versus Owned Connected Systems	
Configuring the Dual Operator Options	107
Dual Operator Operations	111
Controlling a Dual Operator System	111
Keyboard Shortcuts	113
Carousel Control	113
System Activation	113
Window Select Mode	114
Window Control	
Cursor Speed and Sensitivity	
System Commands	
Recall Previously Adjusted, Workspace Filled System	115
Video Test Patterns	117
Circular Elements	117
Ramp Elements	
Horizontal Resolution Elements	
Test Pattern Examples	118
Technical Specifications	119
Supported Video Resolutions	119
Incoming System Card (ISC)	
Video Output Card (VOC)	
Controller Card (CTC)	121
Cabling	
Power	
Environmental	
Mechanical	121
Software Licenses	123
GPL	123
jQuery	127
LGPL	128
MIT	
Unlicense	
zlib	129
Creative Commons 3.0 License	131
Service Information	133
Troubleshooting Checklist	133
Warranty and Repair Policy	
In Case of Problems	
Glossary	135
,	

# Introduction

This guide covers the installation, configuration, and use of the pro-xi 100 Workstation Integrator. The following chapters are included:

- "Introduction" summarizes the guide and provides important terms, and conventions.
- "Hardware Overview" presents information on the pro-xi 100 hardware components and features.
- "Physical Installation" summarizes the installation of the pro-xi 100.
- "Cabling" provides interconnect diagrams and examples of how to cable single-head and dual-head setups.
- "Initial Startup Display" describes the initial display window areas and features.
- "Connected System Windows" outlines how to move a window and resize a window.
- "Controlling Connected Systems" outlines the ways of taking control of connected computer systems.
- "Creating and Using Sub-windows" describes how to create, move, resize and pan sub-windows.
- "Creating and Using Layouts" provides information about the layout function of the pro-xi 100.
- "System Menus" provides information on the menus for the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Installing the proxi-app Utility" briefly outlines how to install the proxi-App utility which is used to create or edit configurations for your pro-xi 100 system.
- "Creating a New Configuration" outlines how to launch the proxi-App utility and create a new configuration including configuring the VOC cards, the ISC cards, and specifying the network settings.
- "Testing a Configuration Using a USB Drive" describes how to format and create a USB drive that can be used to export the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Exporting a Configuration via USB" outlines the process of using a USB drive to export a configuration to the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Exporting a Configuration Across the Network" outlines the process of exporting a configuration to the pro-xi 100 system over your facility network.
- "System Upgrades via a USB" outlines how to upgrade your system using a USB drive.
- "System Upgrades via a Network" outlines how to upgrade your system using a network connection.
- "System Window Frames" describes the components and configuration options of the system window frames.
- "Bezel Color Notifications" outlines how to customize the illuminated front bezel of the pro-xi 100.
- "Real Time Clock Display" outlines the display and configuration options for the RTC feature of the pro-xi 100.
- "Desktop Settings" provides information on the desktop options, such as the status bar and the bug icon, for the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Dual Operator Configuration" describes the steps for configuring the pro-xi 100 system for dual operators.
- "Dual Operator Operations" provides an overview of controlling a dual operator system.
- "**Keyboard Shortcuts**" lists the keyboard shortcuts for carousel control, system activation, and other common functions.
- "Video Test Patterns" briefly summarizes the elements of the available video test patterns.

- "Technical Specifications" provides the technical specifications for the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Software Licenses" provides third-party software license information for the pro-xi 100 system.
- "Creative Commons 3.0 License" provides information on the movie images licensed under the Creative Commons 3.0 Attribution license.
- "Service Information" provides information on the warranty and repair policy for your pro-xi 100 system.
- "Glossary" provides a list of terms used throughout this guide.

#### **Related Publications**

It is recommended to consult the following Ross documentation before installing and configuring your unit:

• pro-xi 100 Quick Start Guide, Ross Part Number: PRO100DR-002

#### **Documentation Conventions**

Special text formats are used in this guide to identify parts of the user interface, text that a user must enter, or a sequence of menus and sub-menus that must be followed to reach a particular command.

#### Interface Elements

Bold text is used to identify a user interface element such as a dialog box, menu item, or button. For example:

In the **Edit** dialog, click **Apply**.

#### **User Entered Text**

Courier text is used to identify text that a user must enter. For example:

In the **Language** box, enter **English**.

#### **Referenced Guides**

Italic text is used to identify the titles of referenced guides, manuals, or documents. For example:

For more information, refer to the *pro-xi* 100 Quick Start Guide.

#### Menu Sequences

Menu arrows are used in procedures to identify a sequence of menu items that you must follow. For example, if a step reads "**File** > **Save As**," you would select the **File** menu and then select **Save As**.

#### Important Instructions

Star icons are used to identify important instructions or features. For example:

★ Contact your IT department before connecting to your facility network to ensure that there are no conflicts. They will provide you with an appropriate value for the IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway for your pro-xi 100.

# **Contacting Technical Support**

At Ross Video, we take pride in the quality of our products, but if problems occur, help is as close as the nearest telephone.

Our 24-hour Hot Line service ensures you have access to technical expertise around the clock. After-sales service and technical support is provided directly by Ross Video personnel. During business hours (Eastern Time), technical support personnel are available by telephone. After hours and on weekends, a direct emergency technical support phone line is available. If the technical support person who is on call does not answer this line immediately, a voice message can be left and the call will be returned shortly. This team of highly trained staff is available to react to any problem and to do whatever is necessary to ensure customer satisfaction.

• Technical Support: (+1) 613-652-4886

• After Hours Emergency: (+1) 613-349-0006

E-mail: techsupport@rossvideo.com
 Website: http://www.rossvideo.com

# **Hardware Overview**

Each pro-xi 100 system rack frame provides dual redundant AC power inputs, a Single Controller card (CTC), one or two Video Output Controller cards (VOC), and up to eight Video Input Controller cards (ISC). This chapter presents information on all of the pro-xi 100 hardware components and features.

#### Overview

The primary pro-xi 100 system rack frame supports:

- one or two Operator positions
- one or two output displays
- up to eight controlled systems.

#### **Rear Panel Overview**

The rear view of the pro-xi 100 system is shown in **Figure 1**, along with the location of each of the cards in the rack frame.

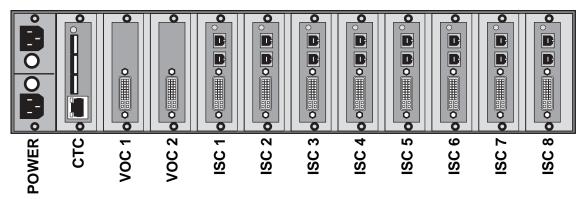


Figure 1 pro-xi 100 — Rear Panel Components

The Operator stations use a combination of the CTC card (for mouse, keyboard and audio out) and one or both VOC cards (for video output). Each of the connected computer systems are attached to the various ISC cards using two USB A-to-B cables, a DVI/VGA cable and (optionally) an audio input cable.

#### **CTC Card Connections**

**Figure 2** illustrates the connections to the Single Controller Card (CTC) of the pro-xi 100 system.

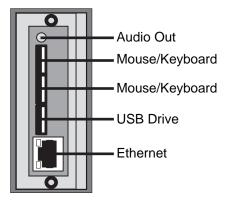


Figure 2 CTC Card — Connections

#### **Audio Out Port**

The audio out connection is a standard 3.5mm stereo audio signal that can be connected to an amplified speaker pair or other audio device.

#### Mouse/Keyboard Ports

The top two USB connections are used to attach your USB mouse and keyboard to the pro-xi 100 system.

#### **USB** Drive

The bottom USB connection is used for a USB drive.

#### **Ethernet Port**

The Ethernet connection supplies a 10/100Mbps network connection to a switch, hub or other network device.

#### **VOC Card Connections**

Figure 3 illustrates the connections to the pro-xi 100 system's Video Output Card (VOC).

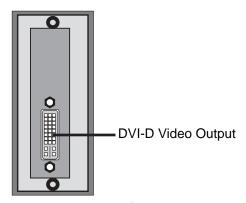


Figure 3 VOC Card — Connections

#### **DVI-D Video Output Port**

The DVI-D output can drive any standard DVI video monitor, and can support output resolutions as high as 2560x1600.

When using two VOC cards as a single Operator station, the output of the pro-xi 100 system appears as a standard dual-head computer, and can provide a working canvas that is 5120x1600 in size.

#### **ISC Card Connections**

**Figure 4** illustrates the connections to the pro-xi 100 system's ISC card.

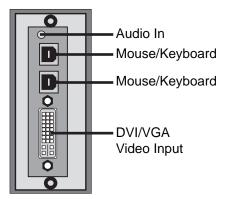


Figure 4 ISC Card — Connections

#### Audio In Port

The audio in connection is a standard 3.5mm stereo audio signal that can be connected to the output of any desktop or laptop computer, hand-held device, or racked system.

#### Mouse/Keyboard Ports

The two USB connections are used to attach the USB mouse and keyboard to the connected computer.

#### DVI/VGA Video Input Port

The DVI/VGA video input connection is used to attach the video output from the connected computer to the pro-xi 100 system. It can support input resolutions as high as 2048x1536.

When connected, the pro-xi 100 system will appear as a standard USB mouse, USB keyboard and DVI or VGA monitor to the connected computer. No drivers or other software needs to be installed on the connected computer for it to operate with the pro-xi 100 system.

★ Two USB A-To-B cables must be used to connect the host computer to the pro-xi 100 system.

# **Physical Installation**

If you have questions pertaining to the installation of pro-xi 100, contact us at the numbers listed in "Contacting Technical Support". Our technical staff is always available for consultation, training, or service.

#### For More Information on...

- the technical specifications for the pro-xi 100, refer to "Technical Specifications".
- notices to service personnel, refer to the document pro-xi 100 Important Regulatory and Safety Notices that shipped with your pro-xi 100.

# **Static Discharge**

Throughout this guide, please heed the following cautionary note:



**ESD Susceptibility** — Static discharge can cause serious damage to sensitive semiconductor devices. Avoid handling circuit boards in high static environments such as carpeted areas and when synthetic fiber clothing is worn. Always exercise proper grounding precautions when working on circuit boards and related equipment.

## Unpacking the pro-xi 100 System

Unpack each pro-xi 100 you received from the shipping container and ensure that all items are included. If any items are missing or damaged, contact your sales representative or Ross Video directly. When unpacking the system, be sure to verity that it contains:

- · the pro-xi 100 system
- a keyboard
- a mouse
- two power cords
- · a rack-mount hardware kit

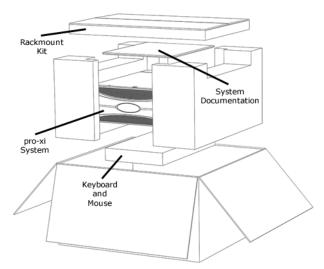


Figure 5 Example of pro-xi 100 Shipping Box Contents



**Warning** — In some countries, it may be necessary to supply the correct mains supply cord. Use only an approved IEC 320 C-13 type A/C line cord rate for a minimum 10A at 250V and certified for the country of use.

# Rack-mounting and Installing the pro-xi 100

The pro-xi 100 system requires three rack-units (5.25" / 13.34 cm) of vertical rack space.

The pro-xi 100 system is shipped with a rack mount kit, and installation of the pro-xi 100 system in a rack is done in three steps:

- 1. Attach rack rails to the pro-xi 100 system.
- 2. Attach rail supports to the rear rack rails.
- 3. Mount the pro-xi 100 system in the rack and attach it to the front rack rails.

To ensure long life for this product, observe the following precautions and operating requirements:

- Maintain an ambient temperature of 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F).
- Allow for air circulation around the chassis for convectional cooling.

#### Attaching the Rack Rails to the pro-xi 100 System

The rail extensions can be attached to the mounting brackets in a number of different locations to set their extension distance to fit racks of varying depths.

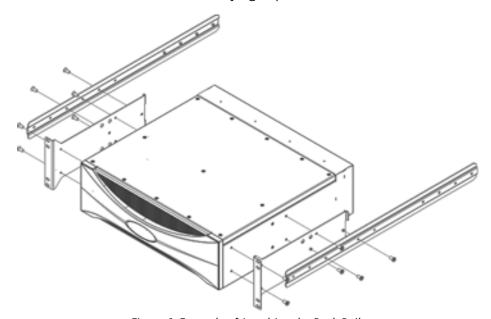


Figure 6 Example of Attaching the Rack Rails

#### To attach the rack rails to the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Measure the depth of the rack the pro-xi 100 system is to be mounted in.
- 2. Set the extension distance as required.
- 3. Attach the left and right mounting brackets to the pro-xi 100 system. (Figure 6)
- 4. Attach the rail extensions to the pro-xi 100 system. (**Figure 6**)

## Attaching the Rail Supports to the Rear Rack Rails

Attach the rail supports to the rear rack rails as shown in **Figure 7**.

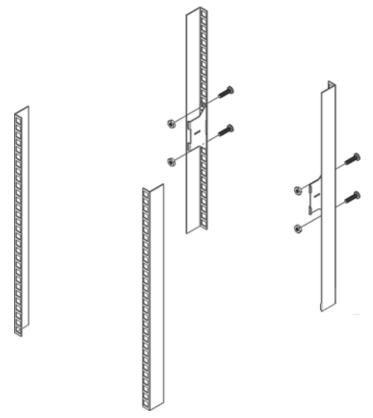


Figure 7 Example of Attaching Rail Supports to the Rear Rack Rails

## Mounting the pro-xi 100 System in the Rack



**Caution** — The pro-xi 100 system weighs approximately 42 pounds (19kg). Two people should work together to lift it into place to avoid physical injury.

#### To mount the pro-xi 100 system in the rack

- 1. Lift the pro-xi 100 system into place.
- 2. Slide the rail extensions into the rail supports.
- 3. Secure the pro-xi 100 chassis to the rack with four standard rack bolts and nuts.

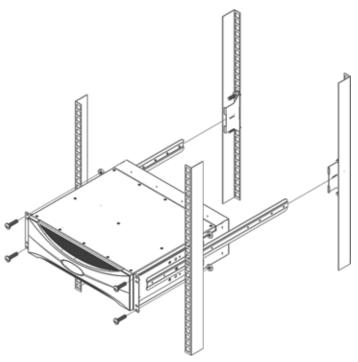


Figure 8 Example of Attaching the pro-xi 100 System to a Rack

# **Cabling**

This chapter provides interconnect diagrams and examples of how to cable single-head and dual-head setups.

# **Before You Begin**

Keep the following in mind when cabling your system:

- If the connected computer systems output a VGA video signal, a VGA-to-DVI-I adapter is required.
- If the connected computer system outputs an HDMI video signal, an HDMI-to-DVI-D adapter is required.
- If the pro-xi 100 outputs are connected to HDMI monitors or KVM TX units that utilize HDMI, then the appropriate cable or adapter is required.

# **Direct Keyboard and Mouse**

**Figure 9** illustrates an operator station with a direct keyboard and mouse connection to the pro-xi 100 system.

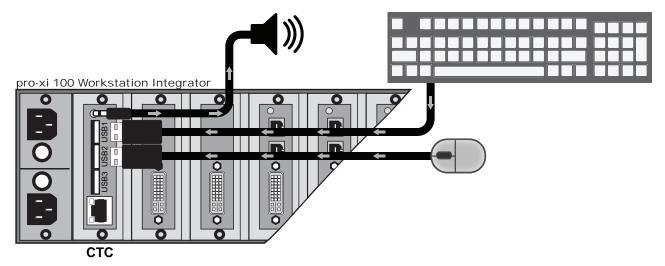


Figure 9 Operator Station — Direct Keyboard and Mouse

# **Single-Head Direct Monitor**

**Figure 10** illustrates an operator station with a direct monitor connection to the pro-xi 100 system.

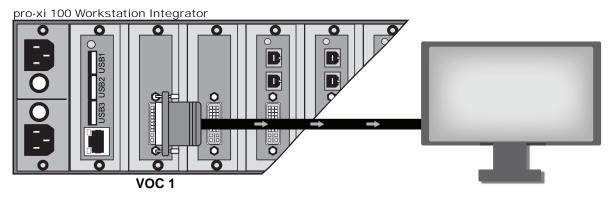


Figure 10 Operator Station — Single-Head Direct Monitor

#### **Dual-Head Direct Monitor**

**Figure 11** illustrates an operator dual-head station with a direct connections to the pro-xi 100 system.

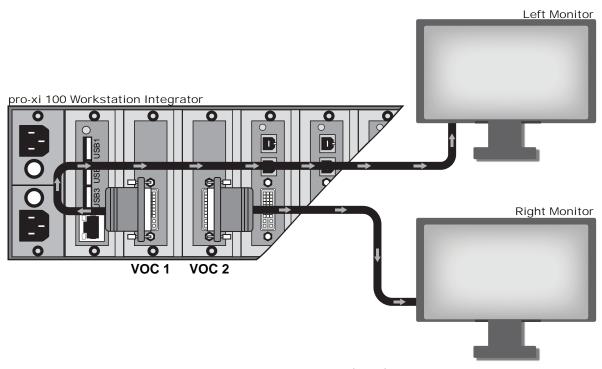


Figure 11 Operator Station — Dual-Head Monitors

# Single Output (Single-Head) Direct Keyboard, Video, and Mouse

**Figure 12** illustrates the cabling required to connect a computer system to the pro-xi 100 system.

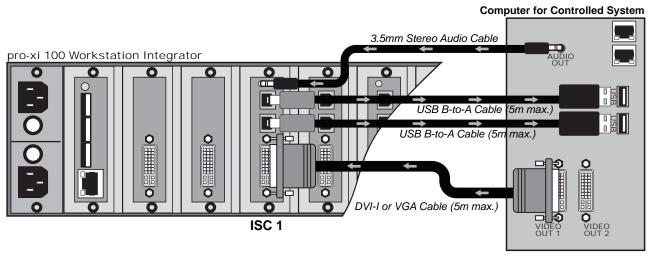


Figure 12 Single Output, Single-Head Connections

# Dual Output (Dual-Head) Direct Keyboard, Video, and Mouse

**Figure 13** illustrates the cabling required to connect a computer system to the pro-xi 100 system.

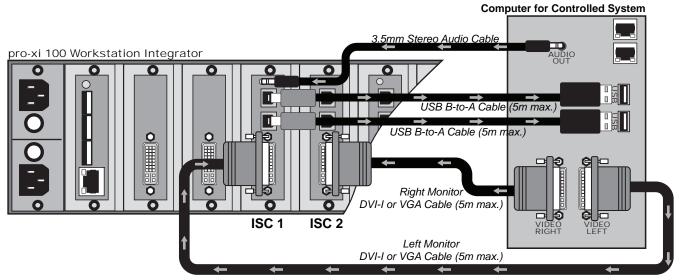


Figure 13 Dual Output, Dual-Head Connections

# Interconnect, Single-Head Operator Station KVM Extender

Figure 14 illustrates a single-head operator station with the pro-xi 100 system and KVM Extenders.

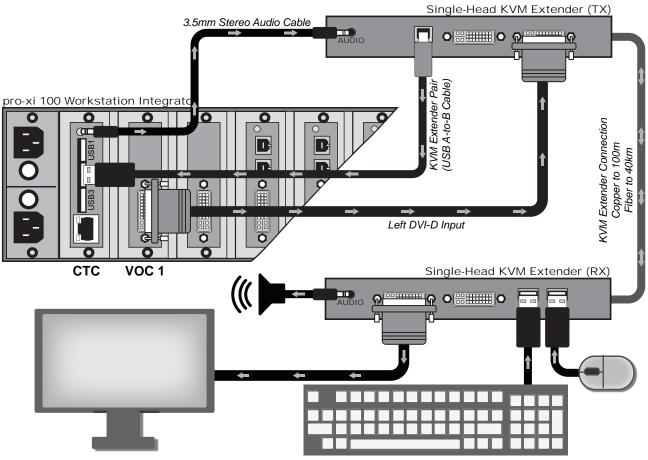


Figure 14 Operator Station — Single-Head with KVM Extender

# Interconnect, Dual-Head Operator Station KVM Extender

**Figure 15** illustrates a dual-head operator station with the pro-xi 100 system and two KVM Extenders.

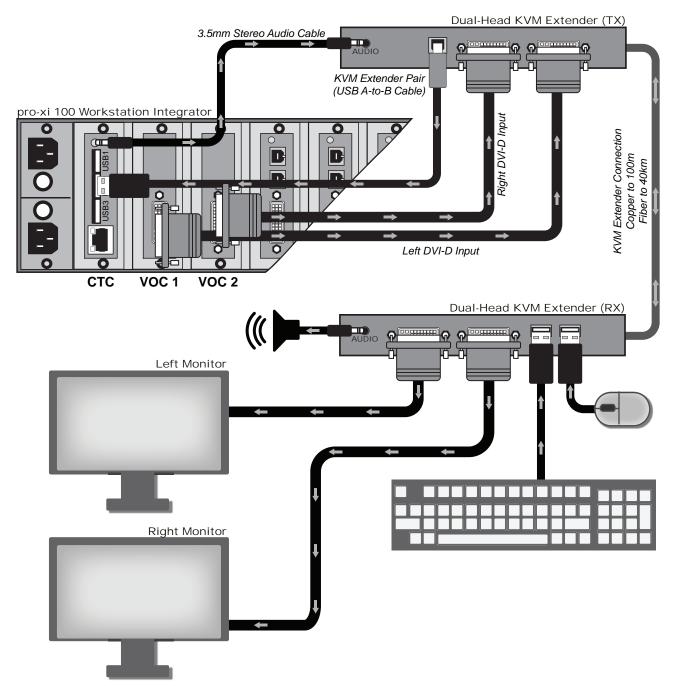


Figure 15 Operator Station — Dual-Head with KVM Extender

# Single Video (Single-Head) KVM Extender

**Figure 16** illustrates a single video operator station with the pro-xi 100 system and two KVM Extenders.

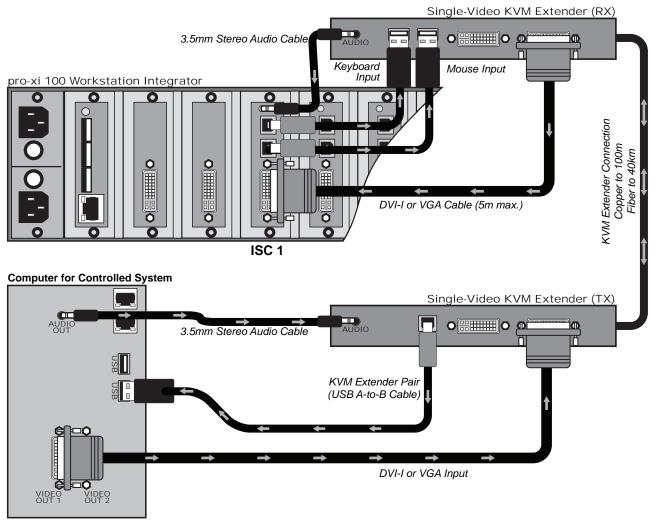


Figure 16 Operator Station — Single Output (Single-Head) with KVM Extenders

# **Dual Output (Dual-Head) Using Single-Head KVM Extenders**

Figure 17 illustrates a dual video output station with the pro-xi 100 system and two KVM Extenders.

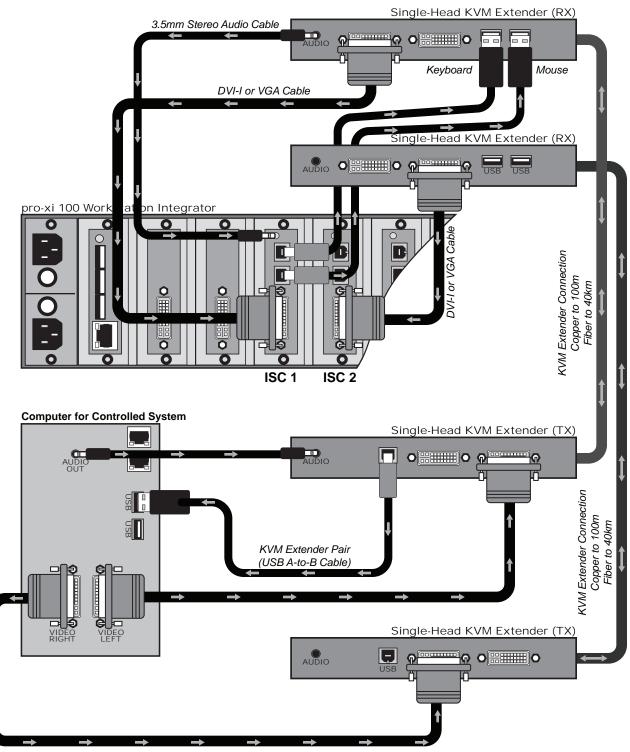


Figure 17 ISC Interconnect — Dual Output (Dual-Head) with Single-Head KVM Extenders (2 Pairs)

# **Dual Output (Dual-Head) Using Dual-Head KVM Extenders**

**Figure 18** illustrates a dual video output station with the pro-xi 100 system and two dual-head KVM Extenders.

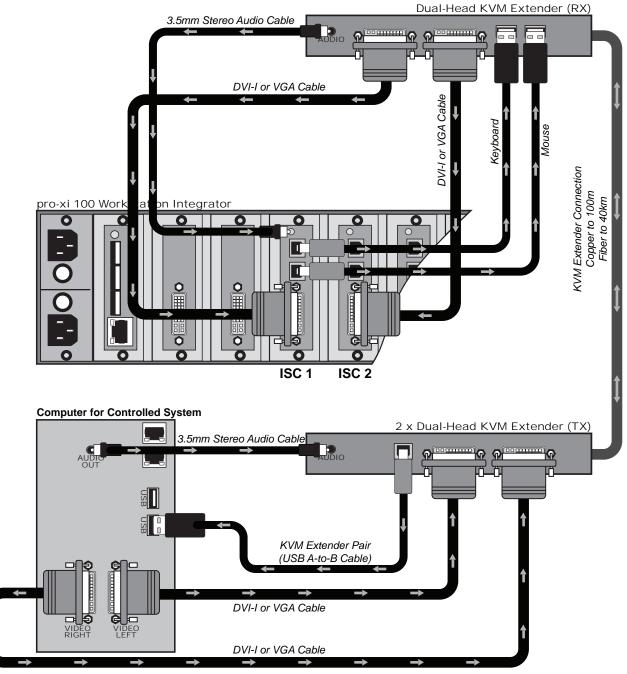


Figure 18 ISC Interconnect — Dual Output (Dual-Head) with Dual-Head KVM Extenders (1 Pair)

# **Initial Startup Display**

This chapter describes the initial pro-xi 100 system display window areas and features.

# **Display Screen**

After the pro-xi 100 system has completed its boot-up and initialization, and the background wallpaper has been loaded, the system will be at its initial display, as shown in **Figure 19**.



Figure 19 Example of the Initial Startup Display

#### **Connected Systems**

The connected computer systems will be arranged using the pro-xi 100 system's initial layout, starting from the left side at the top of the display and finishing at the bottom of the right side of the display. In **Figure 19**, there are six single-head connected systems and one dual-head connected system, where the left and right displays of the dual-head system are joined together.

At this point, none of the connected computer systems are "active", or under control of the Operator, and the Operator can move the pro-xi 100 cursor about the display and can move, resize and take control of any of the connected computer systems.

#### Work Area

This layout also creates a default "work area" in the lower-left portion of the screen that is used to take control of one connected computer system while still being able to view all other systems. The work area size is dynamically calculated, so if the Operator moves connected system windows away from (or into) this area, the new work area size will be enlarged or reduced based on the location of all connected computer system windows.

#### Real-Time Clock

If the pro-xi 100 system was configured to display a real-time clock, it will be displayed as well, but may be covered up by the initial layout if it was placed at the top of the screen. In **Figure 19**, the real-time clock is shown in the smallest font size and placed at the "bottom-center" location.

# **Dual VOC Output**

If the pro-xi 100 system has been configured for dual VOC output cards, the second display will also be active, although no connected computer systems will be seen:



Figure 20 Example of the First Display



Figure 21 Example of a Second Display

# **Connected System Windows**

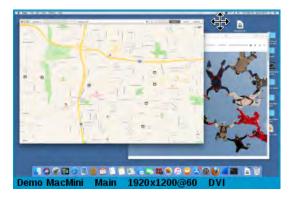
This chapter outlines how to move a window and resize a window.

## **Moving a Window**

★ It is possible to move a window so that most of it is above the top of the display. If the cursor is released at this location, it will be difficult to move it back onto the display. Press **F1** to restore all windows to their original position.

#### To move a single window

- 1. Move the cursor to the window and single-click it.
  - When a window is selected, the frame color around the window will change color to indicate it's been selected.
- Move the cursor to the top area of the window until the cursor changes shape to the "move" cursor.



- 3. Hold down the left mouse button.
- 4. Drag the window to the new location.
- 5. To nudge a window for precise positioning:
  - a. Select the window to move.
  - b. Tap the arrow keys to navigate.
- 6. To nudge at larger increments:
  - a. Select the window to move.
  - b. Press and hold **Shift** while navigating the windows with the arrows.

#### To move a dual-head window

- 1. Position the cursor across the top of either the left or right display.
- 2. Single-click the window.
- 3. Drag the window.

Both windows are attached to each other and will move at the same time.

# **Resizing a Window**

Keep the following in mind when resizing a window:

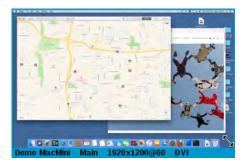
- Window sizes may be reduced from 1/8 the original size up to 8X the original size, or until the window size reaches the maximum input width of an ISC card.
- As the windows are resized, the connected system's original display aspect ratio is preserved.
- When sizing a dual-head window, position the cursor at the lower-right corner of the right display, and then drag. Both windows are attached to each other and will be resized at the same time.

#### To resize a connected system window

- 1. Selected the window by moving the cursor to the window and single-clicking it.
- 2. Move the cursor to the lower-right corner of the window until the cursor changes shape to the "resize" cursor.



3. Hold down the left mouse button on the mouse.



4. Drag the window corner to increase or decrease the size of the window.

The upper-left corner of the window will remain "pinned" in the same location as the window is resized:



# **Controlling Connected Systems**

Taking control of connected computer systems is the primary function of the pro-xi 100 system, and there are a variety of ways for the Operator to accomplish this operation:

- Using the mouse to take control, leaving the window at the same size and location.
- Using the mouse to take control, filling the work area or the screen with the window as it is activated.
- Using the keyboard to step through all windows and take control, filling the work area or the screen with each window as they are activated.
- Using the keyboard to select a specific window to control, filling the work area or the screen as it
  is activated.

When a connected computer system is made active, all mouse and keyboard signals are routed to the connected system, and the system's audio (if connected) is routed to the pro-xi 100 system's audio output. In addition, the window's frame color will change to the "active" color, indicating that the window is now active and responding to both mouse and keyboard data.

## **Mouse Control with No Size or Position Changes**

To take control of a connected computer system without changing its window size or location, first select the window and then double-click the window to take control. The active window is highlighted as shown in **Figure 22**.



Figure 22 Example of Active Window in Mouse Control

## Mouse Control, Filling the Work Area

To take control of a connected computer system while filling the work area with window, first select the window and then hold down the **CTRL** button while double-clicking the window to take control. The active window is highlighted and fills the work area as shown in **Figure 23**.



Figure 23 Example of Active Window Filling the Work Area

## Mouse Control, Filling the Screen

To take control of a connected computer system while filling the screen, first select the window and then hold down the **SHIFT** + **CTRL** buttons while double-clicking the window to take control. The active window is highlighted and fills the screen as shown in **Figure 24**.

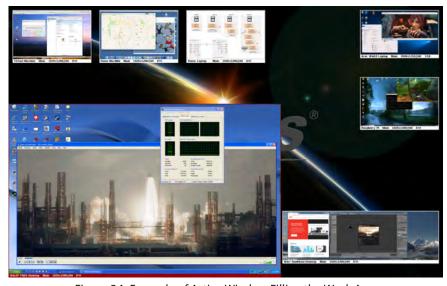


Figure 24 Example of Active Window Filling the Work Area

When sizing windows to fill the screen, the connected computer system's display aspect ratio is used to calculate and size the window as large as possible while still maintaining the aspect ratio. In some cases this may cause the active window to fill the screen vertically but not horizontally (**Figure 24**), or horizontally but not vertically (**Figure 25**).

If the connected computer system's aspect ratio matches that of the pro-xi 100 outputs, the screen will be completely filled (**Figure 26**).





Figure 25 Example of the Selected Display (Horizontal)

Figure 26 Example of the Active Display (Filled)

## **Control of Dual-Head Connected Systems**

**★** When operating in dual-head configuration, you cannot run dual operator mode simultaneously.

When taking control of a dual-head connected system, there are slight differences in behavior when making them active to fill the work area or the screen.

When making a dual-head system active without changing the size or position, the system behaves as before, with the dual-head window being highlighted in the active color, no change in size or position (**Figure 27**), and nothing appearing on the right display (**Figure 28**).



Figure 27 Example of the Selected Display



Figure 28 Example of the Right Display

When making a dual-head system active to fill the work area, the dual-head window is highlighted in the active color, both left and right display windows are positioned in the work area (**Figure 29**), and nothing appears on the right display (**Figure 30**).





Figure 29 Example of the Selected Display

Figure 30 Example of the Right Display

When making a dual-head system active to fill the screen, the left and right displays are shown on their respective outputs. (**Figure 31**)

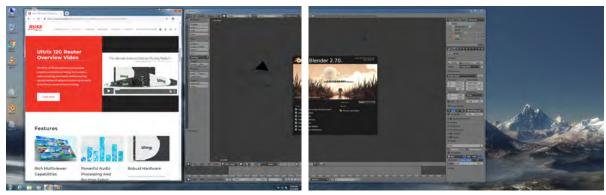


Figure 31 Example of Dual-Active Screen (Left and Right Outputs)

## **Keyboard Control, Carousel Operation**

Connected systems can also be accessed by rapidly activating them in a circular, round-robin, "carousel" fashion. To carousel from one system to the next, hold down the **SHIFT** + **CTRL** keys and press the space bar.

Each time the space bar is pressed, the next system is activated and will fill the work area. (**Figure 32**)







Figure 32 Example of Carousel Displays

In **Figure 32**, each time the **SHIFT** + **CTRL** + **space bar** is pressed, the pro-xi 100 system rapidly switches from the connected system on ISC4 to ISC5 and then to ISC6. Each time the connected system is made active, it fills the work area.

In some cases, the Operator may want to carousel from one system to the next, but needs the connected systems to be larger than the work area. To carousel from one system to the next while filling an area larger than the work area, hold down **SHIFT** + **CTRL** + **ALT** and press the **space bar**.

Each time the **space bar** is pressed, the next system is activated and will fill a percentage of the screen. (**Figure 33**)





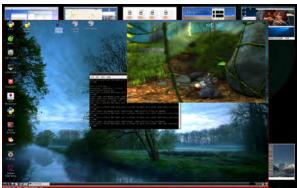


Figure 33 Example of Using the Carousel Function

In **Figure 33**, each time the **SHIFT** + **CTRL** + **ALT** + **space bar** is pressed, the pro-xi 100 system rapidly switches from the connected system on ISC4 to ISC5 and then to ISC6. Each time the connected system is made active, it fills a percentage of the screen, which allows the active system to overlap the other connected systems.

#### Adjusting the Size

You can adjust the size (or percentage of the workspace filled) of the connected systems, so when you carousel through them, and activate them, the activated system fills a greater/lesser percentage of the screen. This can be done from almost any layout whether you have a controlled window open or not.

#### To increase the size of a connected system window

- 1. Press and hold SHIFT + CTRL + ALT.
- 2. Click the right arrow until you arrive at your desired window size.
- 3. Carousel through the connected systems by pressing and holding **SHIFT** + **CTRL** + **ALT** and then pressing the **space bar**.

The percentage of the workspace filled with each activated window increased.

#### To decrease the size of a connected system window

- 1. Press and hold SHIFT + CTRL + ALT.
- 2. Click the left arrow until you arrive at your desired window size.
- 3. Carousel through the connected systems by pressing and holding **SHIFT** + **CTRL** + **ALT** and then pressing the **space bar**.

The percentage of the workspace filled with each activated window decreased.

**★** To recall the workspace percentage, which you just set, press and hold **ALT** then double-left click.

## **Keyboard Control, Keypad Selection**

The keypad on the pro-xi 100 system's keyboard can also be used to instantly activate any connected system.

## To activate a specific input computer

- 1. Press and hold **SHIFT** + **CTRL**.
- 2. Press any key on the numeric keypad (1-8) to activate a specific computer and fill the available workspace.

#### To close the currently active system using the keypad

- 1. Press and hold SHIFT + CTRL.
- 2. Perform one of the following:
  - Press the number **0**.
  - Press **ESC**.

#### To close the currently active system using a mouse

- 1. Press and hold **SHIFT**.
- 2. Right-click the mouse.



# **Creating and Using Sub-windows**

Sub-windows allow the Operator to create a second window for each of the connected computer systems. The sub-window can be the same size and shape as the original, or the Operator can choose to create a rectangular window spanning any area of the parent window.

Once a sub-window has been created, it behaves like any other window in the pro-xi 100 system — it can be moved anywhere on the display, resized (larger or smaller), and can also be saved as part of a layout. Sub-windows can have any rectangular shape.

Sub-windows can be used to perform a variety of tasks, including:

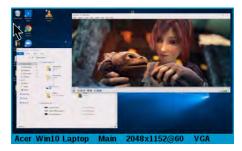
- Mark a small area of text to be enlarged so it is visible from across the room.
- · Highlight a widget, progress bar or other indicator for easier viewing.
- Focus in on any part of the computer display even a computers Status Bar or icon tray.
- Enlarge a digital control, readout or clock for greater visibility.
- Focus on a specific region of a movie, security camera video or any streaming content.
- **★** Each main window supports one sub-window. If a sub-window already exists when a new sub-window is created, the old sub-window is automatically deleted.

## **Creating a Sub-window**

#### To create a sub-window

1. Position the pro-xi 100 cursor to the upper-left corner of the area on the main window that will form the sub-window.

In the following example, the Operator wants to create a sub-window for the Firefox® and firewall icons.



2. Hold down the right mouse button (the cross-hair cursor will appear) and drag the semi-transparent sub-window overlay to cover the area for the sub-window (as shown below).



★ If the position of the sub-window is not correct, release the right mouse button. The cross-hair cursor and sub-window overlay will disappear, giving the Operator the option to try again.

3. When the sub-window overlay is positioned and sized correctly, hold down the **CTRL** key when releasing the right mouse button to create the sub-window (as shown below).



When the new sub-window is created, it will be positioned in the center of the display and is ready for the Operator to move and/or resize it. Sub-windows can be created in any rectangular size. The example above shows a sub-window that is wider than it is tall, but sub-windows can also be created that are vertically oriented.

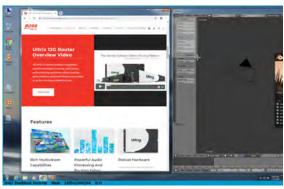


Figure 34 Sub-window Example — Vertically Oriented

In **Figure 34**, the Operator is creating a vertical sub-window to focus on a section of a menu. The resulting sub-window, after resizing, is shown in **Figure 35**.



Figure 35 Sub-window Example — Resized

## Moving, Resizing, and Panning Sub-windows

Once the sub-window has been created, it can be moved and resized like any other connected computer system window. Select the sub-window, and then position the cursor at the top of the window to move it, or at the lower-right corner to resize it.

Sometimes when the sub-window is created, the size is correct but the window content just needs to be "nudged" slightly in one or both directions for optimal coverage. **Figure 36** shows a sub-window that's been created and enlarged before panning.



Figure 36 Sub-window Example

To pan the underlying display content of a sub-window, select the sub-window and hold down the left mouse button and drag the image around inside the sub-window until it is positioned correctly. **Figure 37** shows the sub-window from above after it was panned downwards.



Figure 37 Sub-window Example — Panned to the Right

## **Creating a Cloned Sub-window**

In some cases, the Operator may need to create a copy of a main window that's the same size as the original. To create a sub-window that is a copy of a main window:

- 1. Click on the main window to select it.
- 2. Press and hold down the **GUI** (the left **Start** button on your keyboard).
- 3. Press **C**.

When a cloned sub-window is created, it is not positioned in the middle of the display. Instead, it is positioned adjacent to the main window it was cloned from.

## **Deleting Sub-windows**

To delete a sub-window, select it and then double right-click on it.



# **Creating and Using Layouts**

Layouts provide an easy way for the Operator to save the current display organization of all connected system windows (including any sub-windows) for later single-key recall.

## **Creating a Layout**

When a layout is saved, the location on the screen of each window, along with the size and whether or not the window is hidden, is stored into one of th 11 available storage locations. Each of these storage locations are accessed by hitting one of the 12 function keys.

**★** The layout on **F1** is reserved to hold the default system layout, and cannot be overwritten with another layout.

#### To save a layout using one of the function keys

- 1. Press and hold down the **SHIFT** key.
- 2. Press any of the functions keys (F2 F12).

The current screen organization will be saved to that function key.

The layout stored on F1 will always restore the initial pro-xi 100 system layout. (Figure 38)



Figure 38 Example of Restored Layout

## **Using Layouts**

Layouts allow the Operator to save the size and position of all connected system windows. **Figure 39** shows another layout, where all eight of the connected systems have been organized to be shown as large as possible.



Figure 39 Example of a Layout with Eight Connected Systems

As mentioned before, both the main connected system windows and any sub-windows are saved in the layout. **Figure 40** all eight sub-windows have been created on top of their associated main windows.



Figure 40 Example of a Layout with Eight Connected Systems with Sub-windows

Finally, when a second VOC as installed in the pro-xi 100 system, layouts can span both displays. (**Figure 41**)



Figure 41 Example of Second VOC and Dual Displays

- **★** To recall a layout, press the corresponding function key (**F1 F12**).
- **★** To create precise layouts you can nudge windows by selecting your window, then navigate the window with the arrow keys.

# System Menus

This chapter summarizes the system menus for your pro-xi 100 system.

#### **Status Bar Overview**

The Status Bar is used to gain access to the pro-xi 100 system menu operations. When the Status Bar is displayed, the Operator can open menus to:

- · Display system health
- Perform firmware, gateware, and software upgrades
- · Format USB drives for use in changing configurations
- Update IP, net mask, and gateway network addresses
- Check status and versions of your pro-xi system and all of its components
- Shutdown or reboot the pro-xi 100 system

#### Using the Status Bar

★ While the Status Bar is displayed and the pro-xi 100 system is in menu mode, the Operator will not be able to take control of any system.

#### To reveal the Status Bar

- 1. Press the **ESC** key on the keyboard to put the pro-xi 100 system into "menu" mode.
- 2. Press the **ESC** key again will take the system out of menu mode and remove the Status Bar.

Depending on how the Status Bar options have been configured, when the Status Bar is revealed it may appear on the top of the screen or the bottom. It may pop in, fade in, or slide in depending on its animation setting.

Once the Status Bar has been revealed, it will stretch across the entire length of the display, regardless of the VOC output width setting. The Status Bar contains six icons and is shown below:



Figure 42 Example of a Revealed Status Bar

Clicking on one of the icons will open up the menu for that operation. Since the menus are "modal", the selected operation must be completed or the Operator must click **Close** before starting the operation. Only after the menu has been closed will the Operator be able to press the **ESC** key to remove the Status Bar and return to being able to control the connected systems.

#### **Health Menu**

The Health menu provides a complete listing of all health-related system components, including voltages, temperatures, fan speeds and the status of the AC power supplies and their inputs.

Click lo display the Health menu.

These values are presented in a familiar spreadsheet format with the rear panel and the various cards organized into columns, and the health components being organized into rows. (**Figure 43**)

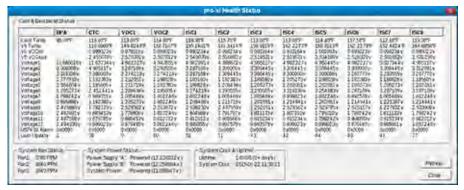


Figure 43 Example of a Health Menu

A detail of the left side of the Health Menu showing the monitored health components is shown in **Figure 44**.

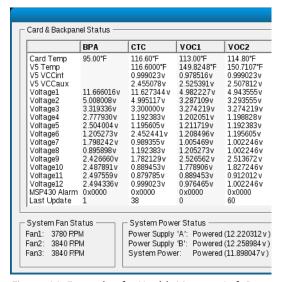


Figure 44 Example of a Health Menu — Left Pane

## Using the Health Menu

When the menu is first displayed, a snapshot of all health components is displayed. The Operator can click **Refresh** button at any time to recover a new snapshot, which will be immediately displayed.

The Operator can click **Close** to remove the menu.

## **Upgrade Menu**

The Upgrade menu is used to update the firmware, gatew are and software in the pro-xi 100 system, providing Operators new features and enhancements.

When a new release is available, it will be posted on the Ross Video website. The designated personnel at your company will be given login credentials to access and download the new updates.

Each new release will include instructions on how to install it, including which Upgrade Options boxes to check. These options are used to specify which new upgrade components are to be "burned" into the pro-xi 100 system, installing them permanently in the system's non-volatile memory.

## Performing an Upgrade

Click on the Status Bar to display the Upgrade menu. (Figure 45)

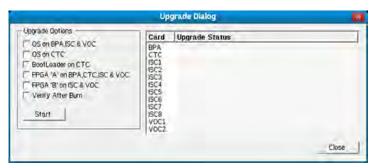


Figure 45 Example of an Upgrade Menu

The Upgrade Options section to the left allows the Operator to specify which upgrade options are to be performed. The status area on the right shows the progress of the upgrade operation.

## Selecting the Upgrade Options

After installing the new proxi-app and using it to export the new firmware, gateware, and software files to the pro-xi 100 system, the **Software Release Notes** will contain step-by-step instructions on how to perform the upgrade - including which **Upgrade Options** boxes to select.

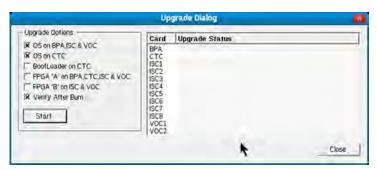


Figure 46 Example of Selecting the Upgrade Options

In **Figure 46**, options have been checked to install a new Operating System on the BPA, ISC, VOC and CTC card, and to verify the installation after the burn.

**★** It is recommended that the **Verify After Burn** option be selected every time new firmware, gateware or software upgrades are installed.

## Starting the Upgrade Operation

Once the applicable Upgrade Options are selected, click **Start** to begin the upgrade operation.



Figure 47 Example of Confirm Upgrade Operation Dialog

As shown in **Figure 47**, the system will display a confirmation menu that provides the Operator one last chance to exit the upgrade operation before it starts. Click **OK** to start the upgrade operation.

Keep the following in mind when upgrading your pro-xi 100 system:

 Before beginning the upgrade process, make sure there is reliable power available for the upgrade operation, which may take as long as 50 minutes. The use of an Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS) is highly recommended.



**Notice** — If power is lost during the upgrade process, the pro-xi 100 system may become inoperative and need to be returned to the factory to be restored.

• During the upgrade procedure, the pro-xi 100 system will be unavailable for normal operations.

## Status Displayed During the Upgrade Operation

During the upgrade operation, status information will be displayed for each card, as shown in **Figure 48**.

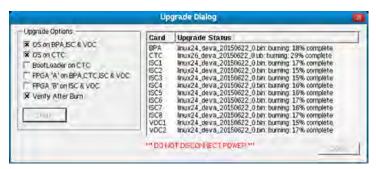


Figure 48 Example of the Upgrade Status Dialog

Status information will include:

- · downloading of specific files
- downloaded file validation
- non-volatile memory erase operations
- · non-volatile memory burn operations
- burn verification
- **★** It is important to maintain power to the pro-xi 100 system and avoid interfering with the system during the upgrade.

## Completion of the Upgrade Operation

Once the upgrade operation is completed, the status area will report the success of the operation for each of the cards in the pro-xi 100 system, as shown in **Figure 49**.

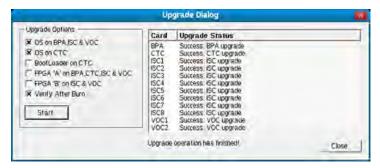


Figure 49 Example of the Completed Upgrade Message

If all cards report success, then the Upgrade dialog can be closed and the system can be rebooted for the new upgrades to take effect. The Operator can also choose to continue normal operations (using the existing firmware, gateware, and software) and reboot at a later time.

★ You must reboot the pro-xi 100 system for the new features and capabilities to be available, and to remove the previous version.

#### **USB Format Menu**

The pro-xi 100 system utilizes USB memory devices in a number of ways:

- To copy files to the pro-xi 100 system from other computer systems
- As a rescue-recovery device to restore the pro-xi 100 system
- To store different configurations that the pro-xi 100 system can boot from

In each of these cases, the USB memory device must first be formatted to a file-system structure that is compatible with the pro-xi 100 system. The USB Format menu is used for this purpose.

## To format a USB device for use in the pro-xi 100 system

1. Click on the Status Bar.

The **USB Drive Format** menu opens.



- 2. Insert a USB device into the bottom USB slot on the back of the pro-xi 100 system.
- **★** The USB device should not be any larger than 8GB in size.
- 3. Click Format.

If the USB device is too large, or no USB device is detected, an error message is displayed, as shown below.



4. When the USB device is detected, the format operation will begin.

Depending on the size of the USB device, the format operation may take several minutes to complete. During the format operation, the following message is displayed.



- 5. Once the format operation is complete the USB device can be removed from the pro-xi 100 system.
- 6. Click **Close** to exit the **USB Drive Format** menu.



## pro-xi 100 Network Settings Menu

Use the pro-xi Network Settings menu to update the IP Network Address, Netmask, and Gateway.

Click on the Status Bar to display the Network Settings menu. (Figure 50)



Figure 50 Example of a Network Settings Menu

To change your IP Network Address, Netmask, and Gateway, input your setting information and click **Apply**.

## pro-xi System Information Menu

The pro-xi System Information menu provides a complete list of all status related system components, including:

- Resolutions
- · Software versions
- Gateware Versions
- IP Network Address
- Gateway
- Netmask
- Manufacturing Information
- Mouse Sensitivity
- · Drive Status
- · USB Port Numbers
- USB Device Information

Click on the Status Bar to display the System Information menu. (Figure 51)

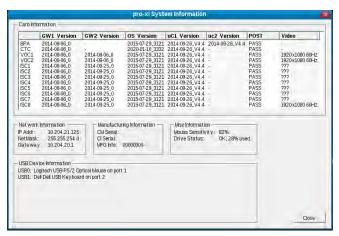


Figure 51 Example of a System Information Menu

#### Misc. Information Area

★ Settings, layouts, and configurations are stored on an internal E-USB drive. Failure to shut down the pro-xi correctly, using the Shutdown dialog, may corrupt the internal E-USB drive. Errors may be reported when trying to change layouts, network information, and configuration.

When the **Drive Status** field reports "RO" (**Figure 52**), the drive was corrupted and needs to be returned to the factory for recovery. Contact Ross Technical Support for assistance.

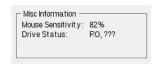


Figure 52 Example of an RO Message in the Drive Status Field

## System Reboot/Shutdown Menu

The System Reboot / Shutdown menu is used to safely power-down the pro-xi 100 system. This is required to make sure the system preserves its operating environment, logs, system settings and other dynamic components prior to disconnecting power.



**Notice** — If power is disconnected from the pro-xi 100 system before it is safely shutdown, it may become inoperative and need to be returned to the factory to be restored.

## Rebooting the pro-xi 100 System

Click the **Shutdown** icon on the Status Bar to display the System Reboot / Shutdown menu (**Figure 53**).

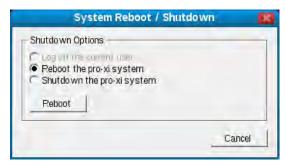


Figure 53 System Reboot/Shutdown Dialog

When the menu is first displayed, the **Reboot** option will be selected. After new firmware, gateware, and software upgrades are installed, the pro-xi 100 system needs to be rebooted. To do this, click **Reboot**. As the system is shut down, the dialog will display a number of status items:

- · Closing configuration manager
- · Disabling logging
- · Saving system logs
- Sending shutdown notifications
- · Waiting for files to be written
- Terminating psmfm
- Setting eUSB to safe mode
- · Unmounting the eUSB drive
- · eUSB unmounted
- System halted safe to disconnect power!

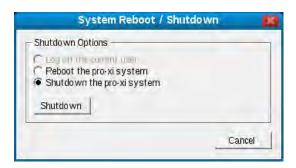
Once the last item is displayed, the pro-xi 100 system will begin the reboot sequence. This is characterized by the system fans all spinning up to maximum cooling capability.

#### Shutting Down the pro-xi 100 System

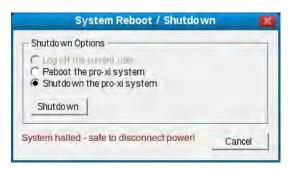
Prior to disconnecting power to the pro-xi 100 system, it needs to be shut down.

#### To shut down the pro-xi 100 system

- From the System Reboot/Shutdown menu, select Shutdown the pro-xi system.
- 2. Click Shutdown.



- 3. As the system is shut down, the dialog displays the same status items as when the system is being rebooted.
- 4. Once the shutdown sequence is complete, the system will indicate that it is safe to disconnect power.



# Installing the proxi-app Utility

The proxi-app utility can be installed on any computer system running the Microsoft® Windows® XP, Windows® Vista, Windows® 7, Windows® 8, and Windows® 10 operating systems.

★ After the installation is complete you can launch the proxi-app utility and utilize it to create or edit configurations for your pro-xi 100 system. Refer to "Creating a New Configuration" for additional information.

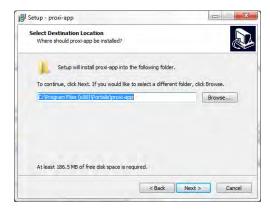
#### To install the proxi-app utility

- 1. Navigate to the Ross Video website and download the latest install file.
- 2. Copy the downloaded install file it to a known location on your computer system.
- 3. Double-click the install file to execute it.

The **Setup proxi-app** dialog opens.

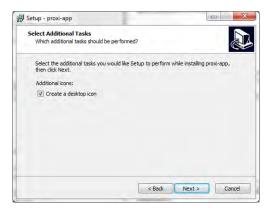


- 4. Click Next.
- 5. On the **License Agreement** dialog, review the text and click **Next** to continue the installation.
- 6. Use the **Destination Location** dialog to choose a location on your system to install the proxi-app utility.
- **★** We recommend using the default setting to remain compatible with future versions of this utility.



- 7. Click **Next** to accept the specified destination location and continue the installation.
- 8. If required, use the **Start Menu Folder** dialog to name your desktop shortcut to something other than proxi-app utility.
- 9. Click **Next** to accept the specified shortcut name and continue the installation.

10. On the **Additional Tasks** dialog, selecting the **Create a desktop** will add the proxi-app shortcut icon to your desktop during installation.



- 11. Click **Next** to continue the installation.
- 12. Use the **Ready to Install** dialog to confirm the selections you made during the installation wizard.



- 13. Click **Next** when you are ready to start the software installation.
- 14. Use the **Installation Progress** dialog to monitor the installation.

During software installation, cursor files, font files, FPGA binary files, Linux® operating system binary files, and wallpaper images are copied over to your system.

- 15. Once the installation has completed:
  - a. Leave the **Launch proxi-app** box selected.
  - b. Click **Finish** to exit the software installation.



# **Creating a New Configuration**

After installing the proxi-app utility in the previous chapter, you can now launch the utility and utilize it to create or edit configurations for your pro-xi 100 system.

## Launching the proxi-app Utility

#### To launch the proxi-app utility

- 1. Locate the icon on the Microsoft® Windows® desktop.
- 2. Double-click the icon to display the proxi-app dialog.



## **Creating a New Configuration**

The process of creating a new configuration involves:

- Enabling the video output card(s) and specifying the output resolution for the pro-xi 100 system
- Enabling the input system card(s) and selecting their video sources and resolutions
- Specifying the network parameters (such as its IP address and netmask) for the pro-xi 100 system
- Exporting the configuration to the pro-xi 100 across the network or with a USB drive

#### To create a new pro-xi 100 system configuration

Click File > New.

The new configuration will be created, loaded, and displayed in the card inventory list:



The card inventory list shows configuration information for each card that can be installed into a pro-xi 100 system. The first column contains icons indicating the associated card's status:

Table 1 Card Status Icons

lcon	Description
<b>②</b>	Card is enabled and operational
•	Card is disabled
•	Card is enabled, but has operational issues
<b>3</b>	Card is enabled, but has experienced errors

The second column displays the card's abbreviated ID, and the third column displays the card's functional name. The fourth column displays the card's input video source and resolution, while the fifth column displays the card's label - which is the text displayed in the frame surrounding the card's primary and sub windows. Finally, the sixth column displays information regarding the card's current status.

## **Configuring the Video Output Cards (VOC)**

The first step in creating a new configuration is to enable the VOC card(s) and select a video output resolution.

Every pro-xi 100 system has one Video Output Card (VOC) installed, and a second VOC card can be added as an option to provide dual-screen, dual-head and dual-operator capabilities. The VOC card provides a DVI output (single-link or dual-link, depending on the selected video resolution) that connects to the Operator's computer displays using standard DVI cables.

#### To configure the VOC cards

1. Double-click the **VOC1** or **VOC2** entry in the card list.

The **VOC Configuration** dialog opens.



- **★** Because every pro-xi 100 system requires at least one VOC card, the **Enable Device** box will always be selected for VOC1, and cannot be cleared.
- 2. To enable a second VOC card, click **Enable Device**.

- 3. Once the VOC card(s) are enabled, the output resolution must be selected. Refer to "**Technical Specifications**" for a list of all supported input and output resolutions.
- ★ If two VOC cards are installed and enabled in a system, changing the output resolution on one VOC card will automatically set the other VOC card to the same resolution.
- 4. If two VOC cards are installed in the system, configure the video output. Choose from the following:
  - **Mirror** In this mode, the video feeding the left monitor from VOC1 is simply mirrored over on VOC2.





• **Side by Side** — In this mode, VOC1 feeds the left display and VOC2 feeds the right display. The video canvas stretches across both monitors horizontally, giving the Operator a wide area to work in.





• **Over/Under** — In this mode, VOC1 feeds the upper monitor and VOC2 feeds the lower monitor. The video canvas stretches across both monitors vertically, giving the Operator a tall area to work in.





#### 5. Verify that:

- · the VOC card is enabled,
- the output resolution selected, and
- the monitor configuration is set.
- 6. Click **OK** to accept the new VOC settings.



**Notice** — Do not enable a VOC card that is not installed in your system or the pro-xi 100 system may not operate properly.

## **Configuring the Input System Cards (ISC)**

The second step in creating a new configuration is to enable each ISC card, select its input video source, system type, input resolution options, and provide a system label.

## **EDID Support**

The pro-xi 100 system supports the Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) protocol. Each ISC card in the pro-xi 100 system appears to the external computer system as just another monitor, and just like a monitor will provide an EDID data block to the computer system that describes the video parameters it supports.

If auto-res is enabled, then the resolution selected in the drop-down list will appear in the EDID information as the 'preferred' resolution to be used, even though the ISC card will lock to any input resolution. This preferred resolution in the EDID table will help the external computer system to run at the desired resolution.

If auto-res is not enabled, then the resolution selected in the drop-down list appears in the EDID information as the preferred resolution, as well as being the only resolution the ISC card will lock to.

#### Configuring the ISC Cards

Every pro-xi 100 system has at least two Input System Cards (ISC) installed. The ISC cards provide the interface to the external computer system or KVM receiver that is to be controlled and accessed by the pro-xi 100 system. The external computer system is connected to the ISC card using:

- DVI video is connected directly to the ISC's DVI video connector
- HDMI video is connected through an inexpensive HDMI-to-DVI adapter to the ISC's DVI video connector
- VGA video is connected through an inexpensive VGA-to-DVI adapter to the ISC's DVI video connector
- Keyboard and mouse are connected using USB A/B cables
- Stereo audio is connected using 3.5mm stereo audio cables

#### To configure the ISC cards

- 1. Double-click the ISC entry in the card inventory list to be configured.
  - The **ISC Configuration** dialog opens.
- 2. To enable the ISC card, click **Enable Device**.
- 3. Use the **Device Label** to assign a name or ID that uniquely identifies the system that will be connected to this ISC. This label will appear on the pro-xi 100 system's screen in the frame that surrounds the system, making it easy to know which system is which. If the name is not known at this time, you can leave it as undefined, change it to input #1, etc.
- 4. Select the video input source.
  - The ISC video input can be from a DVI source, or from an HDMI or VGA source through inexpensive adapters. If the input source is known and will not change often, select the DVI option for DVI or HDMI input sources, or VGA for analog VGA sources. The pro-xi 100 system can also auto-sense which kind of video source is present, and selecting Auto-Sense enables this feature and is the recommended setting for this feature.
- 5. Select the input resolution.
  - Just like the auto-sense feature, the pro-xi 100 system can detect the input video resolution and automatically lock to it. This feature is enabled by selecting **Enable Auto-Res**. If left unselected, the input resolution is selected from the drop-down list, and will be the only resolution that will be locked to. Selecting Enable Auto-Res is the recommended setting for this feature.
- 6. Select the input type. The input type describes the kind of external computer system being connected to the pro-xi 100 system. Choose from the following:
  - **System** This option is used when connecting an external computer system with a single video output. This is the most common option.
  - Dual-Head System Left Display This option is used when connecting an external computer system that has dual outputs, and the ISC card is being connected to the left display.
  - **Dual-Head System Right Display** This option is used when connecting an external computer system that has dual outputs, and the ISC card is being connected to the right display.
  - **Static Image** This option is used to display a static image on the ISC card. When this option is selected, no input video from the external system will be seen; instead the **Browse** button is enabled and the user can select a standard BMP image file.
- 7. After the ISC card has been enabled, its label entered, its input source and input resolution selected, and the input type is set, click **OK** to accept the new ISC settings.
- 8. Repeat these steps for each of the ISC cards installed in your system.



**Notice** — Do not enable an ISC card that is not installed in your system or the pro-xi 100 system may not operate properly.

## **Specifying the Network Settings**

The third step in creating a new configuration is to specify the systems network parameters, such as IP address, netmask, gateway, etc.

The pro-xi 100 system does not require a network connection for normal operation, so this step is optional. However, being able to transfer updated configurations, software updates, license files,

etc. across the network is the easiest and most efficient way of updating the pro-xi 100 system. In addition, a network connection provides additional capabilities:

- Existing configurations can be imported from the of the pro-xi 100 system, and configurations can be moved from one system to another.
- Product information and build data can be retrieved and displayed
- The inventory of the pro-xi 100 system can be retrieved and displayed
- The real-time clock of the pro-xi 100 system can be set and adjusted.
- System status reports can be retrieved for troubleshooting and remote diagnostics.

#### To configure the network settings

1. Click **Settings** > **Network**.

The **Network Settings** dialog opens.



- 2. Enter the IP address and netmask for the pro-xi 100 system in their associated fields.
  - These are the only two fields that are required for proper network operation.
- 3. If you have the IP addresses for the network gateway, DNS name servers and a preferred host name, they can also be entered here.
- 4. Once the required IP address and netmask fields have been set, as well as any of the optional fields, click **OK** to accept the new network settings.

## **Saving the New Configuration**

After configuring the VOC and ISC cards, the card inventory list should look similar to Figure 54.

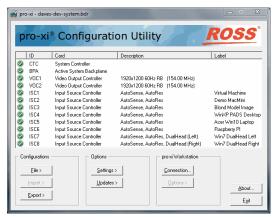


Figure 54 Example of a Valid Configuration List

#### To save this configuration

- 1. Click **File** > **Save As...**.
  - The **File** dialog opens.
- 2. Enter a filename to assign to the configuration.
- 3. Click **OK**.

You are now ready to export the configuration to the pro-xi 100 system. If this is the first time a configuration is exported to the pro-xi 100 system (or the system is not connected to the network), then follow the instructions found in "Exporting a Configuration via USB".

If the pro-xi 100 system is connected to the network, you can more easily and efficiently export the configuration following the instructions found in "**Exporting a Configuration Across the Network**".

If you want to test the new configuration before exporting it, follow the instructions in "**Testing a Configuration Using a USB Drive**".



# **Testing a Configuration Using a USB Drive**

This chapter describes how to format and create a USB drive that can be used to export the pro-xi 100 system.

## **Before You Begin**

When the pro-xi 100 system boots at power-up, it normally utilizes an internal USB drive that holds all the files needed for the system to operate:

- The system configuration file
- · The video resolutions file
- Cursors, fonts, skins and sound files
- Images used on ISC cards
- Background wallpaper

When a configuration is exported to the pro-xi 100 system, the various configuration files are written to the internal USB drive, and then when the system is rebooted, it utilizes the new files.

However, it is also possible to boot the pro-xi 100 system using an external USB drive that has been written with these same files. When the pro-xi 100 system boots, it first looks to see if there is an external USB drive inserted into the system; if one is found, it boots using this USB drive rather than the internal USB drive. In this manner, new configurations can be created, written to a USB drive, and tested without altering the original configuration information written to the internal USB drive of the pro-xi 100 system. If the configuration is faulty for whatever reason, simply removing the USB drive and re-booting the pro-xi 100 system will restore the original configuration.

After the configuration has been tested, it can be exported to the pro-xi 100 system using a USB drive (see "Exporting a Configuration via USB") or across the network (see "Exporting a Configuration Across the Network").

## Formating and Creating a Bootable USB Drive

To create a bootable USB drive, it must first be formatted with the FAT16 file system.

#### To format a USB drive

- 1. Insert a USB drive that is 8GB or less in size into any Microsoft® Windows® XP, Windows® Vista, Windows® 7, Windows® 8, or Windows® 10 system.
- 2. Once the drive appears in the dialog, right-click it.
- 3. Click **Format...** to display the **Windows® Format** menu.
- 4. Make sure that FAT is selected for the file system.
- 5. Click **Start** to begin the formatting operation.

#### To create a bootable USB drive

- 1. Click File > Open.
- 2. Select the configuration you wish to export to the bootable USB drive.
- 3. Click Export > Create Bootable USB Drive.
- 4. Select the drive (formatted in the previous procedure "**To format a USB drive**") from the list:

- 5. Select the formatted USB drive.
- 6. Click OK.

All necessary files will be copied to the USB drive and the **Export Configuration Fileset** status dialog opens.

- **★** This operation will take a few minutes.
- 7. Once all files have been copied to the USB drive, the proxi-app utility dialog opens to indicate the USB drive has been created.



- 8. Eject the USB drive to ensure all files are written to the drive before removal:
  - a. Return to the Microsoft Windows drive listing.
  - b. Select the bootable USB drive from the list.
  - c. Click **Eject or Safely Remove Drive**.

#### Insert the USB Drive

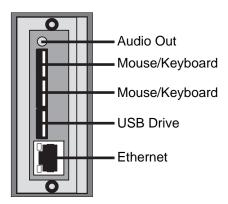
Before proceeding, ensure the pro-xi 100 system is powered down.

#### To power down the system

- 1. If the system is currently running, use the **System Reboot / Shutdown** menu, to execute a safe system shutdown. Refer to "**System Reboot/Shutdown Menu**" for details.
- 2. After the pro-xi 100 system indicates it is safe to remove power, disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

#### To insert the USB Drive

1. Insert the USB drive into the CTC card in the **USB3** slot, which is just above the Ethernet port.



2. Apply power to the pro-xi 100 system by connecting power to both inputs on the rear of the chassis.

# Exporting a Configuration via USB

This chapter outlines the process of using a USB drive to export a configuration to the pro-xi 100 system.

# **Before You Begin**

Once a configuration is created or updated, it must be exported to the pro-xi 100 system. When exporting a configuration using a USB drive, the process involves writing the configuration onto a USB drive and then rebooting the pro-xi 100 system with the USB drive inserted in the system.

During the boot process, the pro-xi 100 system will detect the USB drive with the updated configuration has been inserted, and copy all configuration files over to the internal USB drive. After all files are copied, the USB drive is removed and the pro-xi 100 system is restarted to utilize the new configuration.

★ When exporting a configuration using a USB drive, the old configuration is over-written and replaced with the new one.

# Formatting a USB Drive for Exporting

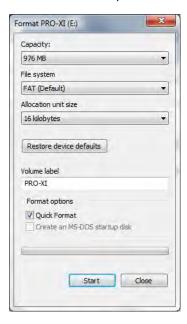
To create a USB drive for export, it must first be formatted with the FAT16 file system.

#### To format a USB Drive for exporting

1. Insert a USB drive that is 8GB or less in size into any Microsoft® Windows® XP, Windows® Vista, Windows® 7, Windows® 8, or Windows® 10 system.

After a few moments, the USB drive will appear on the computer as a **Removable Storage** device. In some cases, Windows® will automatically install a device driver to support the USB drive

- 2. Right-click on the USB drive.
- 3. Click **Format** to open the **Format** menu.



- 4. Make sure that **FAT** is selected for the file system.
- 5. If the **Quick Format** option is available, it can be selected to speed up the format operation.
- 6. If required, specify a **Volume Label** to describe the USB device.
- 7. Once the settings are selected, click **Start** to begin the formatting operation.
- 8. When the format operation is complete:
  - a. Click **OK** to close the **Complete** dialog.
  - b. Click Close to close the Format menu.

# **Creating a USB Drive for Exporting**

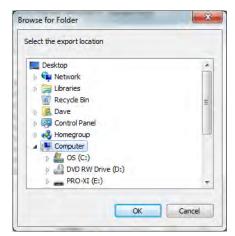
#### To create a USB drive for export

- 1. Click **File > Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration you wish to export to the USB drive.
- 3. Click Export > Create Rescue USB Drive to display the USB Rescue Options dialog.



- 4. Select the **Copy Files to System** box.
- 5. Confirm that none of the boxes in the **Burn Operations** area are checked.
- 6. Click **OK** to accept these settings.

The **Browse for Folder** dialog opens.



- 7. Select the formatted USB drive.
- 8. Click OK.

All necessary files will be copied to the USB drive and the **Export Configuration Fileset** dialog opens.

- **★** This operation will take several minutes.
- 9. Once all files have been copied to the USB drive, the **proxi-app** dialog opens to indicate the USB drive has been created.
- 10. Eject the USB drive to ensure all files are written to the drive before removal:
  - a. Return to the Windows® drive listing.
  - b. Select the USB drive in the list.
  - c. Click Eject or Safely Remove Drive.

#### **Inserting the USB Drive**

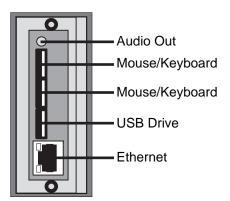
Before proceeding, ensure the pro-xi 100 system is powered down.

#### To power down the system

- 1. If the system is currently running, use the **System Reboot / Shutdown** menu, to execute a safe system shutdown. Refer to "**System Reboot/Shutdown Menu**" for details.
- 2. After the pro-xi 100 system indicates it is safe to remove power, disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

#### To insert the USB Drive

1. Insert the USB drive into the CTC card in the **USB3** slot, which is just above the Ethernet port.



- 2. Apply power to the pro-xi 100 system by connecting power to both inputs on the rear of the chassis.
- 3. As the pro-xi 100 system boots, the boot screen will display.
- 4. At approximately the 40% point, the configuration copy operation will begin.



5. When the configuration copy operation is complete, the boot screen will indicate this status and prompt the user to remove the USB drive and reboot the pro-xi 100 system.



- 6. Disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.
- 7. Remove the USB drive.
- 8. After the USB drive has been removed and power has been off for a minimum of 10 seconds, re-apply power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

The pro-xi 100 system will reboot using the updated configuration.

# Exporting a Configuration Across the Network

Once a configuration has been created or updated, it must be exported to the pro-xi 100 system. When exporting a configuration across the network, the process involves creating or opening a connection to the target pro-xi 100 system, copying the files across the network, and then rebooting the pro-xi 100 system to use the updated configuration.

★ When exporting a configuration across the network, the old configuration is over-written and replaced with the new one.

# **Creating a Network Connection**

The first step in exporting a configuration across the network is to create a network connection to the pro-xi 100 system. If a network connection for the target pro-xi 100 system already exists, this step can be skipped and you can proceed to "**Opening a Network Connection**".

**★** These steps only need to be done once, for each pro-xi 100 system in use. After the network connection entry has been created, the connection can now be opened.

#### To create a network connection

1. Click **Connection...** to open the **Workstation Connection** dialog.



- 2. Click **New** to open the **Add Workstation** dialog.
- 3. Enter the IP address assigned to the pro-xi 100 system in the IP Address control, and provide a label to make identifying the system easier.
- 4. Click **OK** to accept the settings.

The new network connection entry displays.



# **Opening a Network Connection**

**★** Before opening a network connection to a pro-xi 100 system, make sure it is powered on and has completed its boot-up operation.

#### To open a network connection

- 1. Ensure the pro-xi 100 system network connection was created as outlined in the previous section.
- 2. Connect to the pro-xi 100 system by clicking the entry in the list for the target pro-xi 100 system.
- 3. Click Connect.
- 4. If the network connection is successfully established, a green check-mark displays.



5. Once the network connection is established, proceed to "Exporting the Configuration".

# **Exporting the Configuration**

#### To export a configuration across the network

- 1. Click **File > Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration you wish to export.
- 3. Click Export > Export fileset to remote system.

The **Remote Export Options** dialog opens.



- 4. When exporting a new configuration, only the **Export Configuration Files** entry needs to be selected.
- 5. If static images were selected for any of the ISC cards, the **Export System Files** entry should also be selected.
- 6. Click **OK** to accept the settings and begin the export operation.
- 7. Use the **Export Configuration Fileset** dialog to monitor the export progress.

  After the files are exported to the pro-xi 100 system, the **Completion** dialog opens.
- 8. Click **OK** to close the dialog.
- 9. Once the updated configuration is exported to the pro-xi 100 system, you must reboot the system so that it will utilize the updated configuration. To execute a safe system shutdown, refer to "System Reboot/Shutdown Menu".
- 10. After the pro-xi 100 system indicates it is safe to remove power, disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis and wait a minimum of 10 seconds before re-connecting power to both AC inputs.

The pro-xi 100 system will reboot using the updated configuration.



# System Upgrades via a USB

The pro-xi 100 system is based on Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) technology, which means that not only can new software features be added in the field, but new hardware features can as well. The data used to initialize the FPGA devices are stored in non-volatile memory, and these memory devices also hold the Linux® operating system software images that drive and operate the pro-xi 100 system.

# **Before You Begin**

During the boot process, the pro-xi 100 system will detect the USB drive with the system upgrades has been inserted, and will first copy all files and data over to the internal USB drive. After the copy operation is completed, the data and Linux images are burned into the non-volatile memory. Once these memory devices are updated, the pro-xi 100 system is restarted to utilize the new hardware and software upgrades.

Before beginning the upgrade process:

★ Make sure there is reliable power available for the 45-minute (approximate) upgrade time frame. The use of an Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS) is highly recommended.



**Notice** — If power is lost during the upgrade process, the pro-xi 100 system may become inoperative and need to be returned to the factory to be restored.

**★** During the upgrade procedure, the pro-xi 100 system will be unavailable for normal operations.

# Formatting a USB Drive for System Upgrades

To create a USB drive for export, it must first be formatted with the FAT16 file system.

#### To format a USB Drive for exporting

1. Insert a USB drive that is 8GB or less in size into any Windows® XP, Windows® Vista, Windows® 7, Windows® 8, or Windows® 10 system.

After a few moments, the USB drive will appear on the computer as a **Removable Storage** device. In some cases, Windows® will automatically install a device driver to support the USB drive.

- 2. Right-click on the USB drive.
- 3. Click **Format** to display the **Format** menu.
- 4. Make sure that **FAT** is selected for the file system.
- 5. If the **Quick Format** option is available, it can be selected to speed up the format operation.
- 6. If required, specify a Volume Label to describe the USB device.
- 7. Once the settings have been selected, click **Start** to begin the formatting operation.
- 8. When the format operation is complete:
  - a. Click **OK** to close the **Complete** dialog.
  - b. Click **Close** to close the **Format** menu.

### **Creating a USB Drive for System Upgrades**

The procedure for performing a system upgrade using a USB drive involves writing all system files onto a USB drive and then rebooting the pro-xi 100 system with the USB drive inserted in the system — similar to the way updated configurations are installed with a USB drive.

#### To create a USB drive for system upgrades

- 1. Click **File > Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration you wish to export as part of the system upgrade to the USB drive.
- 3. Click Export > Create Rescue USB Drive.

The **USB Rescue Options** dialog opens.



- 4. Confirm that **Copy Files to System** is selected, so the latest system upgrades will be copied to the pro-xi 100 system.
- 5. Ensure that all boxes in the **Burn Operations** section are selected. This will ensure that all FPGA files, Linux® operating system files and the boot loader are all burned into non-volatile memory.
- 6. Click **OK** to accept these settings.

The **Browse** dialog opens.

- 7. Select the formatted USB drive.
- 8. Click OK.

All necessary files will be copied to the USB drive and the **Export Configuration Fileset** status dialog opens.

- **★** This operation will take several minutes.
- 9. Once all files have been copied to the USB drive, a dialog displays to indicate the USB drive was created.
- 10. Eject the USB drive to ensure all files are written to the drive before its removal:
  - a. Return to the Windows® drive listing.
  - b. Select the USB drive in the list.
  - c. Click **Eject or Safely Remove Drive**.

# **Inserting the USB Drive**

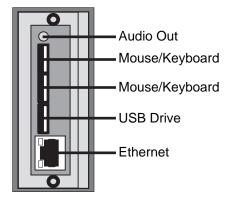
Before proceeding, ensure the pro-xi 100 system is powered down.

#### To power down the system

- 1. If the system is currently running, use the **System Reboot / Shutdown** menu, to execute a safe system shutdown. Refer to "**System Reboot/Shutdown Menu**" for details.
- 2. After the pro-xi 100 system indicates it is safe to remove power, disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

#### To insert the USB Drive

1. Insert the USB drive into the CTC card in the **USB3** slot, which is just above the Ethernet port.



- 2. Apply power to the pro-xi 100 system by connecting power to both inputs on the rear of the chassis.
- 3. As the pro-xi 100 system boots, the boot screen is displayed.
- 4. At approximately the 40% point, the configuration copy and burn operation begins.



5. When the configuration copy and burn operation is complete, the boot screen will indicate this status and prompt the user to remove the USB drive and reboot the pro-xi 100 system.



6. Disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

- 7. Remove the USB drive.
- 8. After the USB drive has been removed and power has been off for a minimum of 10 seconds, re-apply power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis.

The pro-xi 100 system will reboot using the updated configuration.

# System Upgrades via a Network

The pro-xi 100 system is based on Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) technology, which means that not only can new software features be added in the field, but new hardware features can as well. The data used to initialize the FPGA devices are stored in non-volatile memory, and these memory devices also hold the Linux® operating system software images that drive and operate the pro-xi 100 system.

The procedure for performing a system upgrade across the network involves creating or opening a connection to the target pro-xi 100 system, copying the files across the network, and starting the system upgrade process from the keyboard so the gateware data and Linux images are burned into the non-volatile memory. Once these memory devices are updated, the pro-xi 100 system is restarted to utilize the new hardware and software upgrades.

#### **Before You Begin**

Before beginning the upgrade process:

• Make sure there is reliable power available for the 45-minute (approximate) upgrade time frame. The use of an Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS) is highly recommended.



**Notice** — If power is lost during the upgrade process, the pro-xi 100 system may become inoperative and need to be returned to the factory to be restored.

• During the upgrade procedure, the pro-xi 100 system will be unavailable for normal operations.

# **Creating a Network Connection**

The first step in performing a system upgrade across the network is to create a network connection to the pro-xi 100 system. If a network connection for the target pro-xi 100 system already exists, this step can be skipped and you can proceed to "**Opening a Network Connection**".

**★** These steps only need to be done once for each pro-xi 100 system in use. After the network connection entry is created, the connection can be opened.

#### To create a network connection

1. Click Connection.

The **Workstation Connection** dialog opens.



2. Click New.

The **Add Workstation** dialog opens.

- 3. Enter the IP address assigned to the pro-xi 100 system in the IP Address field.
- 4. Provide a label to make identifying the pro-xi 100 system easier.
- 5. Click **OK** to accept the settings.

The new network connection entry displays.



# **Opening a Network Connection**

**★** Before opening a network connection to a pro-xi 100 system, make sure it is powered on and has completed its boot-up operation.

#### To open a network connection to a pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Create a pro-xi 100 system network connection as outlined in the previous section.
- 2. Connect to the pro-xi 100 system by selecting the entry in the list for the target pro-xi 100 system.
- 3. Click **Connect**.
- 4. If the network connection is successfully established, a green check-mark displays.



### **Exporting the System Upgrades**

Once the network connection is established, it is time to open a configuration and export it, and all system upgrades, across the network.

#### To export a system upgrade across the network

- 1. Click **File** > **Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration you wish to export.
- 3. Click Export > Export fileset to remote system....

The the **Remote Export Options** dialog opens.



- **★** When a system upgrade is provided, the instructions will specify which export options should be selected.
- 4. When exporting system upgrades, refer to the release notes for instructions as to which check boxes in the **Export Options** area should be selected.
- 5. Click **OK** to accept the settings and begin the export operation.
- 6. Use the **Export Configuration Fileset** dialog to monitor the export progress.
- 7. After the files are exported to the pro-xi 100 system, the completion dialog opens.
- 8. Click **OK** to close the dialog.

# **Burning the Upgrades**

Now that the system upgrades have been exported to the pro-xi 100 system, the burn operation must be started from the keyboard of the pro-xi 100 system. Refer to "**Upgrade Menu**" for information on how to start an upgrade operation.

**★** Depending on the number and types of upgrades being installed, the upgrade operation can take between 10-50 minutes to complete. Once the upgrade is complete, the pro-xi 100 system will indicate it is completed.

All that is needed is to reboot the pro-xi 100 system so that it will utilize the new system upgrades. To execute a safe system shutdown, refer to "System Reboot/Shutdown Menu".

After the pro-xi 100 system indicates it is safe to remove power, disconnect power to both AC inputs on the rear of the chassis and wait a minimum of 10 seconds before re-connecting power to both AC inputs.

The pro-xi 100 system will reboot using the new software and gateware updates.



# System Window Frames

The pro-xi 100 system inserts a graphical frame around the window of each external computer system displayed on the screen. This chapter outlines the components and configuration options of the pro-xi 100 system window frames.

#### **Introduction to Frames**

The frame is color-keyed, and text is inserted at the bottom of the frame (also known as Under Monitor Display or UMD) or the top of the frame (also known as Over Monitor Display or OMD). The text provides information about the connected computer system it surrounds. A portion of a frame is in **Figure 55**, with the text at the UMD position.



Figure 55 Example of an UMD Frame

In **Figure 55**, the external computer system has been labeled **Lab Win7 DualHead**, and the window being displayed is the Main system window - as opposed to the sub-window for this same system. The external computer system's video output is sending 1920 pixels by 1200 scans, is displaying 60 frames-per-second (60Hz), and is supplying the pro-xi 100 system with a DVI signal.

Frames are color-keyed to assist the Operator in determining which external computer system is active or selected, as well as which sub-window is associated with which main window. As the Operator selects and activates external computer systems, the frame colors will change to show the new status. The Operator has full control over the frame and text colors, and can easily change them.

# **Frames Configuration Dialog**

The Frames Configuration dialog contains sections where the frame state and text position can be selected, the frame labels can be modified, and the frame and text colors can be updated.

**★** Prior to opening the Frames Configuration dialog, make sure a network connection has been established with the pro-xi 100 system.

#### To change frame selections on the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Click File > Open.
- 2. Select the configuration to be changed from the list. The selected configuration opens.
- 3. Click **Settings** > **Frames Configuration**.

The Frames Configuration dialog opens.



# **Enabling Frames and Changing the Text Position**

You can view the frame changes being made on the pro-xi 100 system in real-time.

#### To enable frames

- 1. To enable frames select from the following:
  - **Frames Enabled, Text at UMD Position** Select this option to have the frame text be displayed underneath the external computer system screen.
  - **Frames Enabled, Text at OMD Position** Select this option to enable frames and have the frame text be displayed at the top of the screen.
  - Frames Disabled Select this option to disable frames.
- ★ If a network connection is established, clicking **Send Update** after any changes will display them on the pro-xi 100 system. Send Update only makes temporary changes to the pro-xi 100 system, which will be lost if the system is rebooted. To make the changes permanent, the configuration must be saved and exported to the pro-xi 100 system.
- 2. Click **OK** to accept the changes, or **Cancel** to exit.
- ★ If Cancel is selected, any changes made to frame state, labels or colors will be removed, and the original state, labels and colors will be restored. This allows the Operator to experiment with all the frame options and easily revert back to the original settings if needed.
- 3. Once the frame selections have been made, the configuration should be saved and then exported to the pro-xi 100 system. Refer to "Exporting a Configuration via USB" or "Exporting a Configuration Across the Network" for more information.

# **Changing Frame Labels**

#### To change the frame labels

Click one of the labels in the Frame Labels list to open the Change Frame Info dialog.



- 2. Enter the new label for the specified external computer system.
- 3. Click OK.

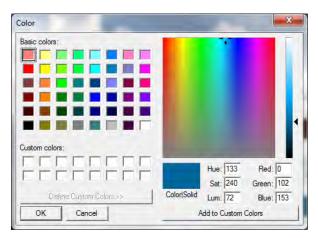
The updated label will be displayed in the list.

4. Click **Send Update** to display the new label on the pro-xi 100 system.

# **Changing Frame Colors**

#### To change a specific frame color

1. Click the color swatch for the color item to be changed to open the **Color Selection** dialog.



- 2. Select the new color for the color item to be changed.
- 3. Click OK.

The updated color will display in the Color Swatch field.

4. Click **Send Update** to display the new color item on the pro-xi 100 system.

#### **Differences in Sub-window Frames**

In a Sub-window frame, the label and video source are displayed the same as the Main window. But instead of showing the pixel and scan size of the external computer system's video output, the Sub-window will display its own current width and height, along with text identifying it as a Sub-window. (**Figure 56**)



Figure 56 Example of a Sub-window UMD Frame

# **Changing the Frame Text Position**

The frame's text is normally positioned underneath the external computer system's screen. This is known as the Under-Monitor-Display (UMD) location. Some Operators prefer the text to display above the external computer system's screen at the Over-Monitor-Display (OMD) location.

Use the following key sequence to toggle between disabled frames, text at the UMD position and text at the OMD position:



**★** The **Start** key is the left GUI key on your keyboard.

#### **Windows Select Mode**

When the Operator chooses to disable frames, they may still want a visual mechanism to see which connected system has been selected or is active. This operational mode is called **Windows Select**, and is enabled from the keyboard by holding down **SHIFT** + **CTRL** and pressing **F6**.

In **Figure 57**, both images have their frames disabled, the image on the left has windows select mode disabled, and the one on the right has windows select mode enabled.





Figure 57 Example of a Window Select Mode

As the example shows, all of the connected system windows appear dim when windows select mode is enabled and the window is not selected or active. When a window is selected or is made active, the window will immediately switch to full brightness, as shown in **Figure 58**.



Figure 58 Example of a Selected Window

When the windows select mode is enabled, if a sub-window is associated with a selected or active window, it will also be displayed at full brightness. In **Figure 59**, all eight main windows have an associated sub-window, but only the selected window and its sub-window are displayed at full brightness.

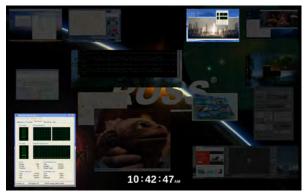


Figure 59 Example of a Selected Window and its Sub-window

The dimness or brightness of all non-selected windows can be adjusted from the keyboard.

#### To decrease the brightness of non-selected windows

• Hold down the **SHIFT** + **CTRL** and press **F7**.

#### To increase the brightness

• Hold down **SHIFT** + **CTRL** and press **F8**.



# **Bezel Color Notifications**

The illuminated front bezel on the pro-xi 100 system is used to provide color-based notifications to operators, system administrators and other engineering and IT personnel who work in the physical area the pro-xi 100 system has been installed, but who may not have immediate access to the system to view the notifications.

Colors are displayed for each of the four primary system notification groups:

- · Normal operations
- · Informational notifications
- Warning and urgent notifications
- · Critical and failure notifications

Each of the notification groups are associated with a specific bezel color. During normal operations (and with no notifications pending), the bezel color will be set to the color of normal operations. If notifications of any type are generated by the pro-xi 100 system, the bezel color will change to indicate the type of notification, and will remain that color until the notification has been cleared, or a higher-priority notification is received.

A priority scheme has been implemented so that more severe system notifications over-ride lower-level notifications. This means that if an informational notification had been posted earlier and the bezel color was changed, and a warning notification occurred later, the bezel color would change to indicate the warning.

The bezel colors associated with the four notification groups can be changed by the Operator.

# **Bezel Configuration Dialog**

The Bezel Configuration dialog contains sections where colors for each of the four notification groups can be changed, along with a brief description of the notification group.

**★** Prior to opening the Bezel Configuration dialog, ensure a network connection was established with the pro-xi 100 system.

#### To change bezel notification colors on the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Click **File** > **Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration to be changed from the list.

The selected configuration opens.

Click Settings > Bezel Configuration to display the Bezel Configuration dialog.



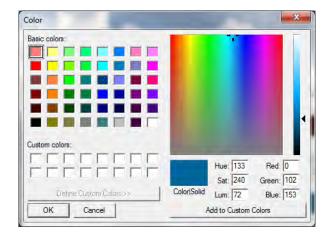
# **Changing Bezel Notification Colors**

You can view the bezel changes being made on the pro-xi 100 system in real-time.

#### To change a specific bezel notification color

1. Select the color swatch for the item to be changed.

The **Color Selection** dialog opens.



- 2. Select the new color for the item to be changed.
- 3. Click OK.

The updated color will appear in the color swatch.

- 4. If a network connection is established, clicking **Send Update** after any changes will display them on the pro-xi 100 system.
  - Send Update only makes temporary changes to the pro-xi 100 system, which will be lost if the system is rebooted. To make the changes permanent, the configuration must be saved and exported to the pro-xi 100 system.
- 5. Click **OK** to accept the changes, or **Cancel** to exit.
  - If Cancel is selected, any changes made to the bezel notification color will be removed, and the original colors will be restored. This allows the Operator to experiment with the bezel color options and easily revert back to the original settings if needed.
- 6. Save and export the configuration to the pro-xi 100 system. See "Exporting a Configuration via USB" or "Exporting a Configuration Across the Network".

# **Real Time Clock Display**

The pro-xi 100 system can be configured to display a real-time clock (RTC) as part of the background canvas. This chapter outlines the RTC display and configuration options.

#### Overview

The clock can be configured for 12-hour or 24-hour time formats, can be positioned at any of nine different locations on the screen, and can be set to one of three different sizes. In **Figure 60**, the RTC has been set to the largest size, positioned in the middle of the screen, and has been set to the 12-hour time format.



Figure 60 Example of a Display with RTC

If the pro-xi 100 system has been connected to a network, the RTC can be externally synchronized to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) time reference found on the Internet, or to an internal facility reference.

# **Real Time Clock Configuration Dialog**

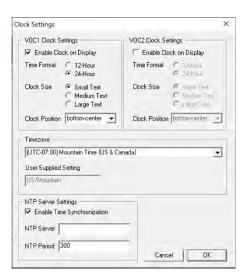
The Clock Settings dialog contains the following sections:

- The VOC1 and VOC2 Settings sections for configuring the clock display options.
- The NTP Server Settings section for synchronizing with an external time reference.
- The Timezone section for specifying the local time zone.

#### To display the real time clock settings on the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Click **File > Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration to be changed from the list. The configuration opens.
- 3. Click **Settings** > **Clock Settings**.

The **Clock Settings** dialog opens.



# **Modifying the Clock Settings**

The RTC can be displayed on one or both VOC outputs of the pro-xi 100 system.

#### To enable the RTC display

- 1. Ensure the **Enable Clock on Display** box is selected.
- 2. Specify the time format and clock size.
- 3. Select a clock position. Choose from the following:
  - top-left
  - · top-center
  - top-right
  - · middle-left
  - · middle-center
  - · middle-right
  - bottom-left
  - bottom-center
  - bottom-right

# **Enabling Internet-Based NTP Time Synchronization**

The NTP protocol provides only a 1-second resolution clock reference. Because of this, it is possible for the pro-xi 100 system to be up to one second early or late in time when compared to other systems synchronized to the same NTP server.

To synchronize the pro-xi 100 system with an external NTP time reference on the Internet, make sure the **Enable Time Synchronization** box is selected.

To use the default NTP servers on the Internet, clear the **NTP Server** box. When this is the case, the pro-xi 100 system will synchronize itself with the huge NTP server pool at ntp.org. There is a set of four virtual NTP servers found at these locations:

- 0.pool.ntp.org
- 1.pool.ntp.org
- 2.pool.ntp.org
- 3.pool.ntp.org

When referenced, each of these four virtual NTP servers will randomly select one of several hundred NTP servers on the Internet that participate in the ntp.org pool. This ensures that all servers in the pool share the connection load.

How often the pro-xi 100 system synchronizes itself with the servers at ntp.org is specified by setting the value in the **NTP Period** box. This value is the number of seconds between synchronization operations.

**★** To prevent the pro-xi 100 system from being blocked by the servers at ntp.org, do not set the NTP period any lower than 180 seconds.

### **Enabling Facility-Based NTP Time Synchronization**

To synchronize the pro-xi 100 system with an internal facility time reference

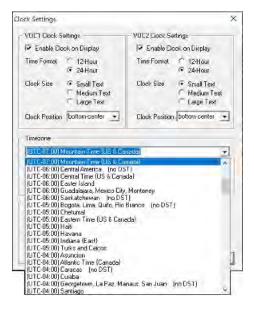
- 1. Ensure the **Enable Time Synchronization** box is selected.
- 2. Set the **NTP Server** menu to the IP address of the internal facility time reference.
- 3. Set the **NTP Period** menu to the synchronization rate suggested by the internal time reference device.
- **★** If no value is suggested, a period of 300 seconds (5 minutes) can be used as a default.

# **Configuring the Local Timezone**

The pro-xi 100 system supports 150 timezone settings worldwide. The pro-xi 100 settings can also support a user-supplied timezone value.

#### To set the timezone

- · Select it from the timezone list, or
- Select **User-Supplied** to enter a custom designation.



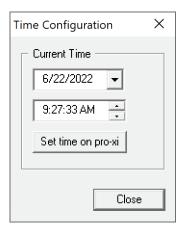
# **Setting the Clock**

The pro-xi 100 includes a Set the Clock feature that enables a user to synchronize the pro-xi 100 clock with the user's computer running the **Configuration Utility**. This section outlines how to configure this feature.

#### To set the clock on the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Launch the Configuration Utility as outlined in "To launch the proxi-app utility".
- 2. Connect to the pro-xi 100 chassis by clicking **Connection** and verifying that the green box is selected.
- Click **Options** > (located under the **Connection** button).A dialog opens.
- 4. Select Set System Time.

The **Time Configuration** dialog opens.



- 5. Confirm that the values reported in the **Current Time** fields are correct.
- 6. Click **Set time on pro-xi**.

A confirmation dialog opens to confirm that the clock was successfully set.

7. Click **OK** to close the dialog.

The pro-xi 100 clock is now set to the same time as the computer running the Configuration Utility application.

**★** The pro-xi 100 clock displays the correct time when your NTP servers are correctly set and the pro-xi 100 chassis is connected to an external network.

# **Desktop Settings**

Operators of the pro-xi 100 system utilize a Status Bar to gain access to the various menus and dialogs used to control the system. The Desktop Settings dialog allows the Operator to configure the location and animation used to display the Status Bar, as well as the **Bug** option which can provide a visual hint to the Operator that the display they are looking at is coming from a connected pro-xi 100 system that is full-screen.

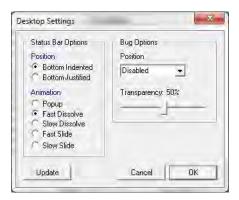
# **Desktop Settings Dialog**

The Desktop Settings dialog contains two sections: Status Bar Options and Bug Options.

#### To change the desktop settings on the pro-xi 100 system

- 1. Click **File > Open**.
- 2. Select the configuration to be changed from the list. The configuration opens.
- 3. Click **Settings** > **Desktop Settings**.

The **Desktop Settings** dialog opens.



# **Status Bar Options**

The Status Bar will always appear at the bottom of the display, and it can be configured to be flush with the bottom of the display or indented. The **Position** section is used to specify the location of the Status Bar.

The **Animation** section is used to specify what type of animation (if any) is used to display the Status Bar. In the example above, the Fast Dissolve animation is selected to fade in and out the Status Bar at a fast speed. Other animations can be selected to pop the Status Bar in and out without any animation, perform a slow dissolve, or fast or slow sliding of the Status Bar.

# **Bug Options**

The bug is a small icon that can be displayed in any of the four corners of the active system, and can be set completely opaque, entirely transparent, or anywhere in between. The bug icon is shown in **Figure 61**.



Figure 61 Example of a Bug Icon

The bug is used to watermark an active connected computer system so that if the Operator were to approach the display, they could determine visually if the display was a pro-xi 100 output of a connected system being shows full-screen, or another computer system.

#### To enable the bug on active connected systems

- 1. Select one of the four positions from the **Position** menu.
- 2. Select the transparency value.

When a connected system is made active and taken full-screen, the bug will appear in one of the corners of the active system, as shown in **Figure 62**.



Figure 62 Example of a Bug Icon on an Active Screen

In **Figure 62**, the bug is set to appear in the upper-right corner and has a transparency value of 50%. If a connected system is taken full-size but its aspect ratio is such that it won't fill the screen, the bug will still appear in the selected corner, as shown in **Figure 63**.



Figure 63 Example of a Bug Icon in a Selected Corner

In **Figure 63**, the bug can be seen in the upper-right corner of the active system, and the top of the video window can be seen through it. A magnified view is shown in **Figure 64**.



Figure 64 Example of a Bug Icon with a Search Box

★ If a network connection is established, clicking **Update** after any changes will transfer them to the pro-xi 100 system. Update only makes temporary changes to the pro-xi 100 system, which will be lost if the system is rebooted. To make the changes permanent, the configuration must be saved and exported to the system.

# **Dual Operator Configuration**

When configuring the pro-xi 100 system for Dual Operators, four operations are performed, all done while the pro-xi 100 system is still running in its original single-operator configuration:

- Physically setting up the keyboard, mouse and monitor at the two Operator positions
- · Identifying the USB ports used for both keyboards and both mice
- Determining which connected systems will be shared by both Operators, and which connected systems will be owned by one or the other Operator
- Sending the new configuration to the pro-xi 100 system

Each of these steps are described in this chapter.

★ Before configuring the pro-xi 100 in Dual Operator mode, ensure that all inputs must are set as single-head units. You cannot operate, nor configure, the pro-xi 100 in Dual Operator mode if any of the inputs are set as dual-head inputs.

# **Setting Up the Second Operator Position**

When operating the pro-xi 100 system in a Dual Operator configuration, the video output from VOC1 is used as the video output for the Operator1 position, the video output from VOC2 is used as the video output for the Operator2 position, and a USB hub is used to connect both keyboard and mouse pairs to the pro-xi 100 system.

The USB hub must support the USB 2.0 protocol, and support at least four ports, but larger hubs may also be used. In addition, smaller hubs, such as a four-port hub, can draw their power from the pro-xi 100 system and will not require an external power source. Usually, when hubs support more than four ports, they will require an external power source.

**Figure 65** is the connection diagram for the Dual Operator configuration.

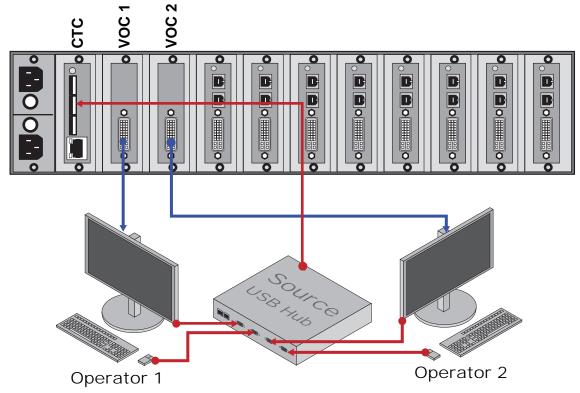


Figure 65 Connections — Dual Operator Setup

#### **Identifying the USB Port Numbers**

When connecting the two keyboard/mouse pairs, it's not critical which of the USB ports they are plugged into. What is important is to note which USB port number is displayed on the pro-xi 100 system monitor when the USB keyboard or mouse is attached. When a USB keyboard or mouse device is removed or attached to the pro-xi 100 system, a pop-up dialog display that contains the USB port information (**Figure 66**).



Figure 66 System Notification Dialog

When configuring multiple operator or dual operator, a keyboard and mouse are assigned to each of the operators and are identified by their allotted port number. For information on identifying the port number, refer to "pro-xi System Information Menu" and Figure 51.

The port number must be entered in the configuration tool. Use a powered hub to connect more than one keyboard and mouse set to the CTC. Obtain the port numbers from the USB Device Information Box.

In **Figure 66**, the pop-up dialog reports the name the USB device (USB Optical Mouse), along with the device type (mouse) and the port number (1.7.2). As the keyboard and mouse devices for each of the Operator positions is attached, make note of the USB port number for later use when setting up a configuration for Dual Operator.

# **Shared Versus Owned Connected Systems**

Each connected system must be chosen to be either "shared" by both Operators or "owned" by one of the two Operators. The differences between shared and owned systems are described below.

An owned connected system can:

- be moved from one desktop to the other, or can span both desktops so either Operator can access it
- have sub-windows
- be recalled with a layout key and "recalled" from the other Operator
- be "cloned" and the cloned copy shared with the other Operator

A shared connected system:

- appears on both desktops at the same time
- cannot be moved to the other Operator's desktop
- · does not have sub-windows
- can never be "recalled" by the other Operator

To better illustrate the differences, consider the following images, which show a Dual Operator configuration where three connected systems are owned by Operator1, three connected systems are owned by Operator2, and the last two connected systems are shared between them:

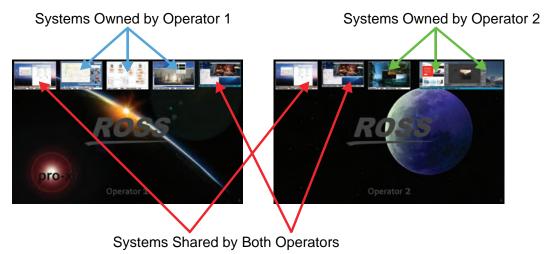


Figure 67 Example of a Dual Operator Configuration

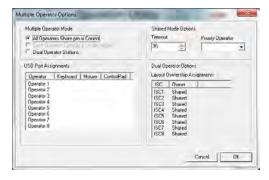
# **Configuring the Dual Operator Options**

To create a Dual Operator configuration, it's easiest to start with an existing single-operator configuration.

★ The Dual Operator function can only be configured and deployed if all inputs are identified as single-head systems. The pro-xi 100 configuration tool will not allow you to activate Dual Operator if one or more of the inputs are configured as dual-head computer systems.

#### To create a dual-operator configuration

- 1. Launch the proxi-app utility.
- 2. Select File > Open.
- 3. Select the configuration to be used as the reference.
- 4. Save this configuration using a new name:
  - a. Select File > Save As.
  - b. Enter the new configuration's name.
  - c. Follow the on-screen instructions.
- 5. Select **Settings** > **Multiple Operators** to display the **Multiple Operator Options** dialog.



- ★ When running as a single-operator system, the **All Operators Share pro-xi Control** radio button will be selected, and the USB Port Assignments and Dual Operator Options sections are uninitialized.
- 6. To switch over to Dual Operator, click **Dual Operator Stations**.

The USB Port Assignments section will change to display only Operator 1 and Operator 2, and the Dual Operator Options section will become active:

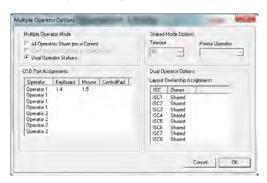


7. To set the USB port assignments, double-click the first **Operator 1** entry in the list. The **USB Port Selection dialog** opens.

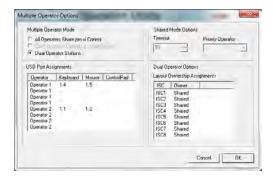


- 8. Enter the keyboard and mouse USB ports for Operator1 that were displayed when the keyboard and mouse devices for Operator1 were inserted into the USB hub.
- 9. Click OK.

The new port assignments display.



- 10. Double-click the first Operator 2 entry in the list and do the same for the second Operator.
- 11. Click **OK** to save the second set of port assignments.



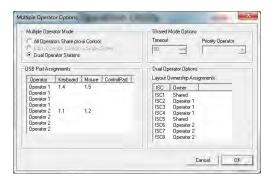
12. Set the ownership of each of the ISC cards by double-clicking on each entry in the **Layout Ownership Assignments** area.

As each ISC entry is clicked, the **Layout Ownership** dialog is displayed.



13. Click the associated radio button to set the ownership of the connected system to Operator 1, Operator 2, or shared by both Operators.

Once all the assignments have been made, the ownership list is displayed.



- ★ A Dual Operator system may be configured with all connected systems shared between both Operators, but it cannot be configured for all connected systems to be owned by one Operator.
- 14. Click **OK** to close the **Multiple Operators Options** dialog.
- 15. Save the new configuration.
- 16. Export the new configuration to the pro-xi 100 system.



# **Dual Operator Operations**

When operating the pro-xi 100 system in a Dual Operator configuration, there are a number of features and enhancements available:

- Connected systems that are *shared* will be displayed on both Operator desktops, and cannot be moved off the display.
- Connected systems that are *owned* can be moved from one Operator desktop to the other, and can also be positioned so that the system spans both displays allowing either operator to take control.
- Owned systems can be recalled back from the other Operator even if they happen to be in control of that system.
- When a system is actively controlled by one Operator, that system will be locked out from access by the other Operator.
- Each Operator can independently position and scale their windows, and they have their own set of layouts.
- Each Operator has their own Status Bar with access to all the system dialogs.
- If a connected system is *owned*, it can be cloned and the cloned window can be pushed over to the other Operator desktop.
- ★ Before configuring the pro-xi 100 in Dual Operator mode, ensure that all inputs must are set as single-head units. You cannot operate, nor configure, the pro-xi 100 in Dual Operator mode if any of the inputs are set as dual-head inputs.

# **Controlling a Dual Operator System**

In the following examples and explanations, the pro-xi 100 system has been configured with three connected systems owned by Operator 1, three connected systems owned by Operator 2, and two connected systems shared between them, as shown in **Figure 68**.

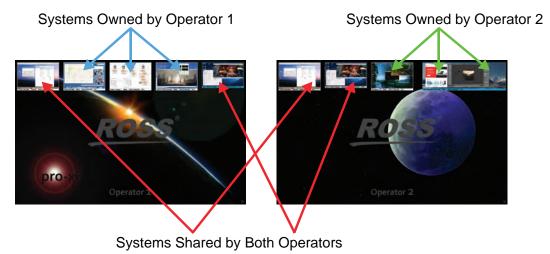


Figure 68 Example of Dual Operator System Configuration

Each Operator has full control over the placement and size of connected system windows on their desktop. In **Figure 69**, we see that Operator 1 has selected one of the shared systems by the color change in the frame; we can also see the frame has changed color on Operator 2's desktop.

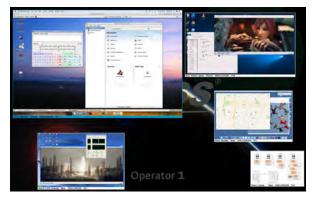




Figure 69 Example of Two Operator Desktops

When a connected system is made active and is under control by one of the Operators, it will be locked out from the other Operator and an overlay is applied to inform the second Operator that this system is unavailable. In **Figure 70**, we see that Operator 1 has taken control of one of the shared systems and has locked out Operator 2.

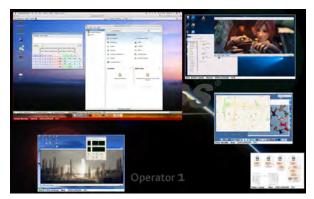




Figure 70 Example of a Shared System where Operator 2 is Locked Out

When a connected system is owned, an Operator can position the system so that it spans both desktops, allowing either Operator to access the connected input.

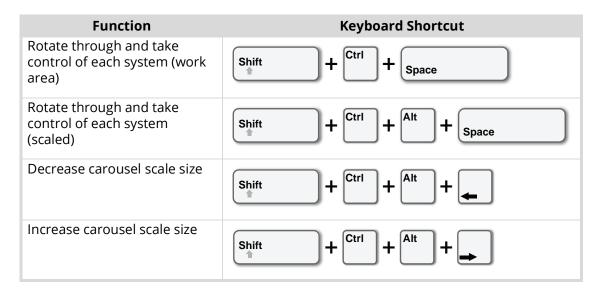
When a system spans both displays and is under control by one Operator, the other Operator will still see that the system is locked out and unavailable.

An Operator is provided with independent Status Bar and System dialogs. For example, Operator 1 can open the Status Bar on monitor #1, while Operator 2 is controlling various input computers on Monitor #2.

# **Keyboard Shortcuts**

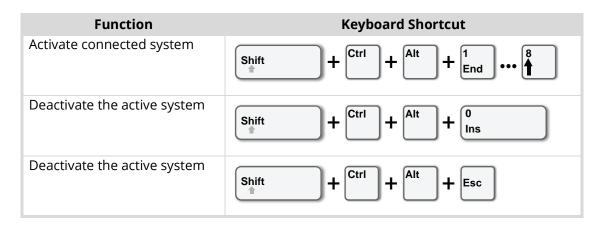
This chapter lists the keyboard shortcuts for carousel control, system activation, and other common functions.

### **Carousel Control**

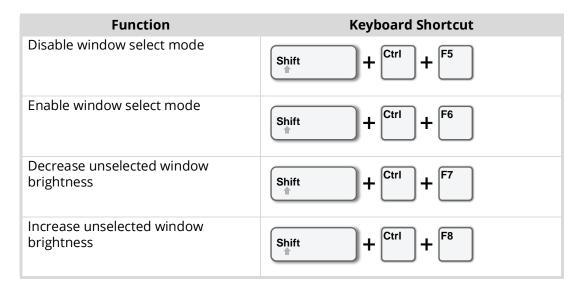


# **System Activation**

**★** Use the number keys located in the keypad area of your keyboard.

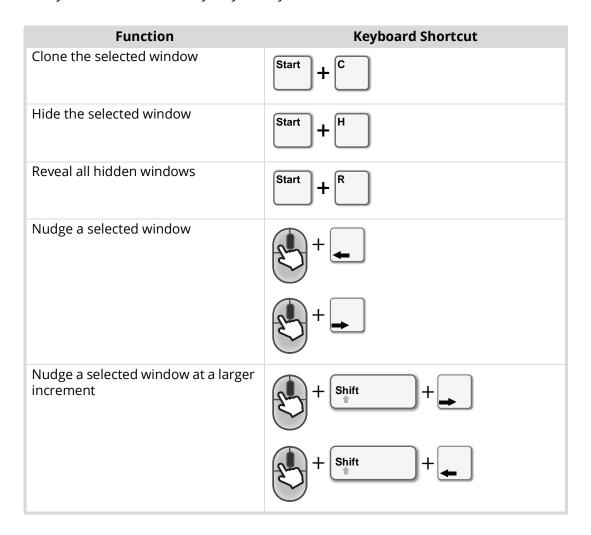


## **Window Select Mode**

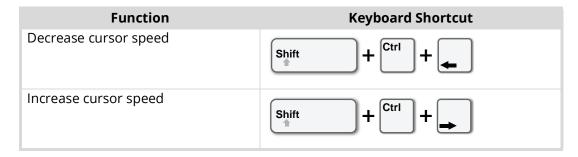


### **Window Control**

**★** The **Start** key is the left Windows key on your keyboard.

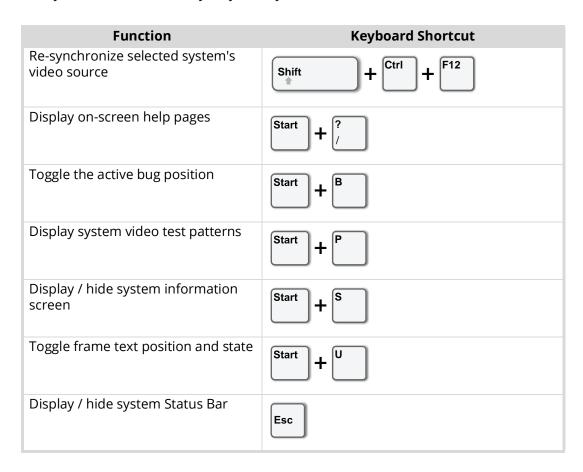


# **Cursor Speed and Sensitivity**



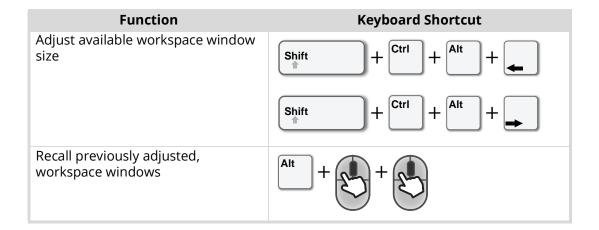
# **System Commands**

**★** The **Start** key is the left Windows key on your keyboard.



# **Recall Previously Adjusted, Workspace Filled System**

Refer to "Adjusting the Size" for additional information



# **Video Test Patterns**

The pro-xi 100 system can generate internal video test patterns that are displayed on both video outputs. The video test patterns are generated digitally, and are of the highest resolution and quality.

These video test patterns are used as a technical reference to evaluate computer monitors, television displays and video walls attached to the pro-xi 100 system, as well as the video signal processing components that are inserted between the pro-xi 100 systems output cards and the final display output device. These processing components include KVM extenders, KVM matrix systems, frame synchronizers, video compression/decompression systems, standards converters, video routers, etc.

**★** To display the video test patterns, hold down the **Start** key and press **P** to toggle through the test pattern set.

### **Circular Elements**

The circular elements in the test patterns show distortions in the image if it is stretched as it is being displayed. For example, many computer monitors with a 16:10 aspect ratio will stretch a 16:9 aspect ratio image to fill the display. If this happens, the circular elements will appear oblong.

## **Ramp Elements**

The gray, red, green and blue ramps in the test patters show distortions in color processing, color space conversion and compression artifacts. The ramps should be a single, continuous, smooth ramp from one end to the other.

### **Horizontal Resolution Elements**

The square horizontal resolution elements in the test patterns are used to determine the highest video resolution available for the video output pipeline. The left-most squares interleave single white and black lines together. If the video output pipeline is unable to support this resolution, the viewer will be unable to resolve the individual black and white lines and the block will appear smeared.

As the viewer looks at the blocks from left-to-right, the thickness of the black and white lines are increased (2 black, 2 white; 3 black, 3 white; etc.), and the viewer should eventually locate a block where the white and black lines can be seen with no distortions. This block represents the highest Lines of Horizontal Resolution (LHR) value the video output pipeline is able to sustain.

If the highest LHR block that can be viewed properly is not the left-most, then the video output pipeline and/or display devices are unable to display the pro-xi 100 system at its highest possible video quality level.

# **Test Pattern Examples**

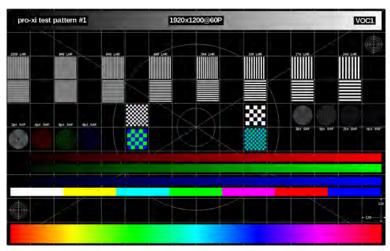


Figure 71 Test Pattern 1

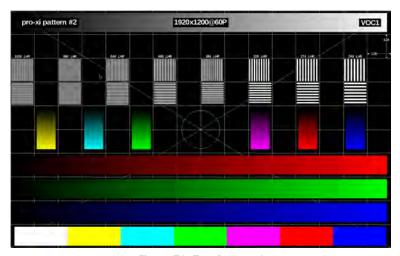


Figure 72 Test Pattern 2

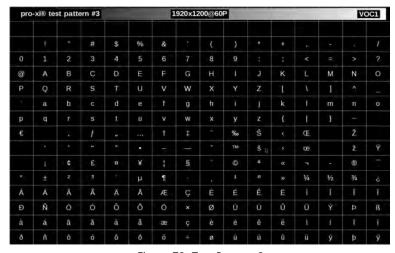


Figure 73 Test Pattern 3

# **Technical Specifications**

This chapter provides technical information for the pro-xi 100 system.

**★** Specifications are subject to change without notice.

# **Supported Video Resolutions**

**★** The pro-xi 100 system supports more than 140 progressive-scan input resolutions, but does not support any interlaced-scan resolutions.

Table 2 Supported Video Resolutions

			DVI	VGA	DVI Outpu
<b>Video Resolution</b>	Aspect Ratio	Refresh Rates	Input		t
2560 x 1600	16:10	60Hz			•
2560 x 1440	16:9	60Hz			•
2048 x 1536	4:3	60Hz 75Hz 85Hz	•	•	•
2048 x 1280	16:10	60Hz	•	•	•
2048 x 1152	16:9	60Hz	•	•	•
1920 x 2400	4:5	25Hz 30Hz	•	•	•
1920 x 1200	16:10	60Hz 72Hz 75Hz	•	•	•
1920 x 1080	16:9	24Hz 25Hz 29Hz 30Hz 50Hz 60Hz 75Hz	•	•	•
1856 x 1392	4:3	60Hz 75Hz	•	•	•
1800 x 1440	5:4	60Hz	•	•	•
1792 x 1344	4:3	60Hz 75Hz	•	•	•
1680 x 1050	16:10	60Hz	•	•	•
1600 x 1200	4:3	60Hz 65Hz 70Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz	•	•	•
1600 x 1024	25:16	60Hz 75Hz 85Hz	•	•	•
1600 x 1000	16:10	60Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz	•	•	•
1600 x 900	16:9	60Hz	•	•	•
1440 x 1050		60Hz	•	•	•
1440 x 900	16:10	60Hz	•	•	•
1400 x 1050	4:3	60Hz 70Hz 72Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz	•	•	•
1368 x 768	16:9	60Hz	•	•	•
1360 x 768	16:9	60Hz	•	•	•
1280 x 1024	5:4	60Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz 120Hz	•	•	•
1280 x 960	4:3	60Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz	•	•	•
1280 x 800	16:10	60Hz 75Hz	•	•	•
1280 x 768	5:3	60Hz	•	•	•
1280 x 720	16:9	50Hz 60Hz	•	•	•
1152 x 864	4:3	60Hz 70Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz	•	•	•
1152 x 768		55Hz	•	•	•
1024 x 768	4:3	60Hz 70Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz 120Hz	•	•	•

Table 2 Supported Video Resolutions

Video Resolution	Aspect Ratio	Refresh Rates	DVI Input	VGA Input	DVI Outpu t
1024 x 600		60Hz		•	•
720 x 576	5:4	50Hz	•	•	•
720 x 480		60Hz	•	•	•
720 x 400		85Hz	•	•	•
640 x 480	4:3	60Hz 72Hz 75Hz 85Hz 100Hz		•	
640 x 400	16:10	85Hz		•	
640 x 350		85Hz		•	

# **Incoming System Card (ISC)**

Table 3 Technical Specifications — ISC

Item	Specifications
Input Video	DVI Single-Link, DVI Dual-Link, HDMI <sup>a</sup> , VGA <sup>b</sup>
Max. Input Resolution	2048 x 1536
HDCP, interlaced video formats	Not supported
Power Consumption	24 VA Max
Max. Number of Cards/Frame	8
Redundancy	Hot-swappable
AUDIO IN Connector	3.5mm stereo (TRS) female
USB Connector	Two USB Type 'B' female
VIDEO IN Connector	DVI-I Single/Dual Link female (HDMI and VGA with adapter)

a. Requires an HDMI-to-DVI adapter.

# **Video Output Card (VOC)**

Table 4 Technical Specifications — VOC

Item	Specifications
Output Video	DVI-D Single-Link, DVI-D Dual-Link
Max. Output Resolution	2560 x 1600
Power Consumption	21 VA Max
Max. # of Cards/Frame	2
Redundancy	Hot-swappable
Video Output Connector	DVI-D Single / Dual-Link female

b. Requires a VGA-to-DVI adapter.

# **Controller Card (CTC)**

Table 5 Technical Specifications — CTC

ltem	Specifications
Network	Ethernet, 10-100 Mbps
Power Consumption	24 VA Max
Redundancy	n/a
Audio Out Connector	3.5mm (TRS) female
Ethernet Connector	RJ-45 CAT5 female
USB Connector	Three USB Type 'A' female

# **Cabling**

Table 6 Technical Specifications — Cabling (Recommended Maximums)

ltem	Specifications
DVI Cables	16.4' (5m) 24AWG for all video resolutions above 1280x1024
VGA Cables	16.4' (5m) 24AWG
USB Cables	16.4' (5m)

### **Power**

Table 7 Technical Specifications — Power

ltem	Specifications
Input Voltage	100-240 VAC
Redundancy	Dual redundant power supplies, dual redundant power paths
Line Frequency	50Hz - 60Hz
Power Consumption	300 VA Max

# **Environmental**

Table 8 Technical Specifications — Environment

ltem	Specifications
Operating Temperature	10°C - 40°C
Humidity	0-90% (non-condensing)

## Mechanical

Table 9 Technical Specifications — Mechanical

Item	Specifications
Height	5.25" (13.34 cm) 3RU
Width	17" (43.18 cm) chassis 19" rack mount standard
Depth	19.5" (49.53 cm) bezel – latch
Weight	42 lb.



# Software Licenses

This chapter provides third-party software license information for your pro-xi 100 Workstation Integrator. This product includes multiple software components which are individually licensed under one or more of the following licenses included in this chapter.

### **GPL**

GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
Version 3, 29 June 2007
Copyright (C) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. http://fsf.org/
Preamble

The GNU General Public License is a free, copyleft license for software and other kinds of works.

The licenses for most software and other practical works are designed to take away your freedom to share and change the works. By contrast, the GNU General Public License is intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change all versions of a program—to make sure it remains free software for all its users. We, the Free Soft-ware Foundation, use the GNU General Public License for most of our software; it applies also to any other work released this way by its authors. You can apply it to your programs, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for them if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs, and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to prevent others from denying you these rights or asking you to surrender the rights. Therefore, you have certain responsibilities if you distribute copies of the software, or if you modify it: responsibilities to respect the freedom of others.

For example, if you distribute copies of such a program, whether gratis or for a fee, you must pass on to the recipients the same freedoms that you received. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Developers that use the GNU GPL protect your rights with two steps: (1) assert copyright on the software, and (2) offer you this License giving you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify it.

For the developers' and authors' protection, the GPL clearly explains that there is no warranty for this free software. For both users' and authors' sake, the GPL requires that modified versions be marked as changed, so that their problems will not be attributed erroneously to authors of previous versions.

Some devices are designed to deny users access to install or run modified versions of the software inside them, although the manufacturer can do so. This is fundamentally incompatible with the aim of protecting users' freedom to change the software. The systematic pattern of such abuse occurs in the area of products for individuals to use, which is precisely where it is most unacceptable. Therefore, we have designed this version of the GPL to prohibit the practice for those products. If such problems arise substantially in other domains, we stand ready to extend this provision to those domains in future versions of the GPL, as needed to protect the freedom of users.

Finally, every program is threatened constantly by software patents. States should not allow patents to restrict development and use of software on general-purpose computers, but in those that do, we wish to avoid the special danger that patents applied to a free program could make it effectively proprietary. To prevent this, the GPL assures that patents cannot be used to render the program non-free.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS

0.Definitions

"This License" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License.

"Copyright" also means copyright-like laws that apply to other kinds of works, such as semiconductor masks.

"The Program" refers to any copyrightable work licensed under this License. Each licensee is addressed as "you". "Licensees" and "recipients" may be individuals or organizations.

To "modify" a work means to copy from or adapt all or part of the work in a fashion requiring copyright permission, other than the making of an exact copy. The resulting work is called a "modified version" of the earlier work or a work "based on" the earlier work.

A "covered work" means either the unmodified Program or a work based on the Program.

To "propagate" a work means to do anything with it that, without permission, would make you directly or secondarily liable for infringement under applicable copyright law, except executing it on a computer or modifying a private copy. Propagation includes copying, distribution (with or without modification), making available to the public, and in some countries other activities as well.

To "convey" a work means any kind of propagation that enables other parties to make or receive copies. Mere interaction with a user through a computer network, with no transfer of a copy, is not conveying.

An interactive user interface displays "Appropriate Legal Notices" to the extent that it includes a convenient and prominently visible feature that (1) displays an appropriate copyright notice, and (2) tells the user that there is no warranty for the work (except to the extent that warranties are provided), that licensees may convey the work under this License, and how to view a copy of this License. If the interface presents a list of user commands or options, such as a menu, a prominent item in the list meets this criterion.

#### 1. Source Code.

The "source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. "Object code" means any non-source form of a work.

A "Standard Interface" means an interface that either is an official standard defined by a recognized standards body, or, in the case of interfaces specified for a particular programming language, one that is widely used among developers working in that language.

The "System Libraries" of an executable work include anything, other than the work as a whole, that (a) is included in the normal form of packaging a Major Component, but which is not part of that Major Component, and (b) serves only to enable use of the work with that Major Component, or to implement a Standard Interface for which an implementation is available to the public in source code form. A "Major Component", in this context, means a major essential component (kernel, window system, and so on) of the specific operating system (if any) on which the executable work runs, or a compiler used to produce the work, or an object code interpreter used to run it.

The "Corresponding Source" for a work in object code form means all the source code needed to generate, install, and (for an executable work) run the object code and to modify the work, including scripts to control those activities. However, it does not include the work's System Libraries, or general-purpose tools or generally avail-able free programs which are used unmodified in performing those activities but which are not part of the work. For example, Corresponding Source includes interface definition files associated with source files for the work, and the source code for shared libraries and dynamically linked subprograms that the work is specifically designed to require, such as by intimate data communication or control flow between those subprograms and other parts of the work.

The Corresponding Source need not include anything that users can regenerate automatically from other parts of the Corresponding Source. The Corresponding Source for a work in source code form is that same work.

#### 2.Basic Permissions

All rights granted under this License are granted for the term of copyright on the Program, and are irrevocable provided the stated conditions are met. This License explicitly affirms your unlimited permission to run the unmodified Program. The output from running a covered work is covered by this License only if the output, given its content, constitutes a covered work. This License acknowledges your rights of fair use or other equivalent, as provided by copyright law.

You may make, run and propagate covered works that you do not convey, without conditions so long as your license otherwise remains in force. You may convey covered works to others for the sole purpose of having them make modifications exclusively for you, or provide you with facilities for running those works, provided that you comply with the terms of this License in conveying all material for which you do not control copyright. Those thus making or running the covered works for you must do so exclusively on your behalf, under your direction and control, on terms that prohibit them from making any copies of your copyrighted material outside their relationship with you.

Conveying under any other circumstances is permitted solely under the conditions stated below. Sublicensing is not allowed; section 10 makes it unnecessary.

3. Protecting Users' Legal Rights From Anti-Circumvention Law.

No covered work shall be deemed part of an effective technological measure under any applicable law fulfilling obligations under article 11 of the WIPO copyright treaty adopted on 20 December 1996, or similar laws prohibiting or restricting circumvention of such measures.

When you convey a covered work, you waive any legal power to forbid circumvention of technological measures to the extent such circumvention is effected by exercising rights under this License with respect to the covered work, and you disclaim any intention to limit operation or modification of the work as a means of enforcing, against the work's users, your or third parties' legal rights to forbid circumvention of technological measures.

#### 4. Conveying Verbatim Copies.

You may convey verbatim copies of the Program's source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice; keep intact all notices stating that this License and any non-permissive terms added in accord with section 7 apply to the code; keep intact all notices of the absence of any warranty; and give all recipients a copy of this License along with the Program.

You may charge any price or no price for each copy that you convey, and you may offer support or warranty protection for a fee.

5. Conveying Modified Source Versions.

You may convey a work based on the Program, or the modifications to produce it from the Program, in the form of source code under the terms of section 4, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

a)The work must carry prominent notices stating that you modified it, and giving a relevant date.

b) The work must carry prominent notices stating that it is released under this License and any conditions added under section 7. This requirement modifies the requirement in section 4 to "keep intact all notices".

c)You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

d)If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an "aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copy- right are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

6. Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

a)Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

b)Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the

Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software inter-change, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

c)Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

d)Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to satisfy these requirements.

e)Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

#### 7. Additional Terms.

"Additional permissions" are terms that supplement the terms of this License by making exceptions from one or more of its conditions. Additional permissions that are applicable to the entire Program shall be treated as though they were included in this License, to the extent that they are valid under applicable law. If additional permissions apply only to part of the Program, that part may be used separately under those permissions, but the entire Program remains governed by this License without regard to the additional permissions.

When you convey a copy of a covered work, you may at your option remove any additional permissions from that copy, or from any part of it. (Additional permissions may be written to require their own removal in certain cases when you modify the work.) You may place additional permissions on material, added by you to a covered work, for which you have or can give appropriate copyright permission.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, for material you add to a covered work, you may (if authorized by the copyright holders of that material) supplement the terms of this License with terms:

a)Disclaiming warranty or limiting liability differently from the terms of sections 15 and 16 of this License; or

b)Requiring preservation of specified reasonable legal notices or author attributions in that material or in the Appropriate Legal Notices displayed by works containing it; or

c)Prohibiting misrepresentation of the origin of that material, or requiring that modified versions of such material be marked in reasonable ways as different from the original version; or

d)Limiting the use for publicity purposes of names of licensors or authors of the material; or

e)Declining to grant rights under trademark law for use of some trade names, trademarks, or service marks; or

f)Requiring indemnification of licensors and authors of that material by anyone who conveys the material (or modified versions of it) with contractual assumptions of liability to the recipient, for any liability that these contractual assumptions directly impose on those licensors and authors.

All other non-permissive additional terms are considered "further restrictions" within the meaning of section 10. If the Program as you received it, or any part of it, contains a notice stating that it is governed by this License along with a term that is a further restriction, you may remove that term. If a license document contains a further restriction but permits relicensing or conveying under this License, you may add to a covered work material governed by the terms of that license document, provided that the further restriction does not survive such relicensing or conveying.

If you add terms to a covered work in accord with this section, you must place, in the relevant source files, a statement of the additional terms that apply to those files, or a notice indicating where to find the applicable terms.

Additional terms, permissive or non-permissive, may be stated in the form of a separately written license, or stated as exceptions; the above requirements apply either way.

#### 8. Termination.

You may not propagate or modify a covered work except as expressly provided under this License. Any attempt otherwise to propagate or modify it is void, and will automatically terminate your rights under this License (including any patent licenses granted under the third paragraph of section 11).

However, if you cease all violation of this License, then your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated (a) provisionally, unless and until the copyright holder explicitly and finally terminates your license, and (b) permanently, if the copyright holder fails to notify you of the violation by some reasonable means prior to 60 days after the cessation.

Moreover, your license from a particular copyright holder is reinstated permanently if the copyright holder notifies you of the violation by some reasonable means, this is the first time you have received notice of violation of this License (for any work) from that copyright holder, and you cure the violation prior to 30 days after your receipt of the notice.

Termination of your rights under this section does not terminate the licenses of parties who have received copies or rights from you under this License. If your rights have been terminated and not permanently reinstated, you do not qualify to receive new licenses for the same material under section 10.

9. Acceptance Not Required for Having Copies.

You are not required to accept this License in order to receive or run a copy of the Program. Ancillary propagation of a covered work occurring solely as a consequence of using peer-to-peer transmission to receive a copy likewise does not require acceptance. However, nothing other than this License grants you permission to propagate or modify any covered work. These actions infringe copyright if you do not accept this License. Therefore, by modifying or propagating a covered work, you indicate your acceptance of this License to do so.

10. Automatic Licensing of Downstream Recipients.

Each time you convey a covered work, the recipient automatically receives a license from the original licensors, to run, modify and propagate that work, subject to this License. You are not responsible for enforcing compliance by third parties with this License.

An "entity transaction" is a transaction transferring control of an organization, or substantially all assets of one, or subdividing an organization, or merging organizations. If propagation of a covered work results from an entity transaction, each party to that transaction who receives a copy of the work also receives whatever licenses to the work the party's predecessor in interest had or could give under the previous paragraph, plus a right to possession of the Corresponding Source of the work from the predecessor in interest, if the predecessor has it or can get it with reasonable efforts.

You may not impose any further restrictions on the exercise of the rights granted or affirmed under this License. For example, you may not impose a license fee, royalty, or other charge for exercise of rights granted under this License, and you may not initiate litigation (including a cross-claim or counterclaim in a lawsuit) alleging that any patent claim is infringed by making, using, selling, offering for sale, or importing the Program or any portion of it.

#### 11.Patents.

A "contributor" is a copyright holder who authorizes use under this License of the Program or a work on which the Program is based. The work thus licensed is called the contributor's "contributor version".

A contributor's "essential patent claims" are all patent claims owned or controlled by the contributor, whether already acquired or hereafter acquired, that would be infringed by some manner, permitted by this License, of making, using, or selling its contributor version, but do not include claims that would be infringed only as a consequence of further modification of the contributor version. For purposes of this definition, "control" includes the right to grant patent sublicenses in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License.

Each contributor grants you a non-exclusive, worldwide, royalty-free patent license under the contributor's essential patent claims, to make, use, sell, offer for sale, import and otherwise run, modify and propagate the contents of its contributor version.

In the following three paragraphs, a "patent license" is any express agreement or commitment, however denominated, not to enforce a patent (such as an express permission to practice a patent or covenant not to sue for patent infringement). To "grant" such a patent license to a party means to make such an agreement or commitment not to enforce a patent against the party.

If you convey a covered work, knowingly relying on a patent license, and the Corresponding Source of the work is not available for anyone to copy, free of charge and under the terms of this License, through a publicly available network server or other readily accessible means, then you must either (1) cause the Corresponding Source to be so available, or (2) arrange to deprive yourself of the benefit of the patent license for this particular work, or (3) arrange, in a manner consistent with the requirements of this License, to extend the patent license to downstream recipients. "Knowingly relying" means you have actual knowledge that, but for the patent license, your conveying the covered work in a country, or your recipient's use of the covered work in a country, would infringe one or more identifiable patents in that country that you have reason to believe are valid.

If, pursuant to or in connection with a single transaction or arrangement, you convey, or propagate by procuring conveyance of, a covered work, and grant a patent license to some of the parties receiving the covered work authorizing them to use, propagate, modify or convey a specific copy of the covered work, then the patent license you grant is automatically extended to all recipients of the covered work and works based on it.

A patent license is "discriminatory" if it does not include within the scope of its coverage, prohibits the exercise of, or is conditioned on the non-exercise of one or more of the rights that are specifically granted under this License. You may not convey a covered work if you are a party to an arrangement with a third party that is in the business of distributing software, under which you make payment to the third party based on the extent of your activity of conveying the work, and under which the third party grants, to any of the parties who would receive the covered work from you, a discriminatory patent license (a) in connection with copies of the covered work conveyed by you (or copies made from those copies), or (b) primarily for and in connection with specific products or compilations that contain the covered work, unless you entered into that arrangement, or that patent license was granted, prior to 28 March 2007.

Nothing in this License shall be construed as excluding or limiting any implied license or other defenses to infringement that may otherwise be available to you under applicable patent law.

12.No Surrender of Others' Freedom.

If conditions are imposed on you (whether by court order, agreement or otherwise) that contradict the conditions of this License, they do not excuse you from the conditions of this License. If you cannot convey a covered work so as to satisfy simultaneously your obligations under this License and any other pertinent obligations, then as a consequence you may not convey it at all. For example, if you agree to terms that obligate you to collect a royalty for further conveying from those to whom you convey the Program, the only way you could satisfy both those terms and this License would be to refrain entirely from conveying the Program.

13.Use with the GNU Affero General Public License.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this License, you have permission to link or combine any covered work with a work licensed under version 3 of the GNU Affero General Public License into a single combined work, and to convey the resulting work. The terms of this License will continue to apply to the part which is the covered work, but the special requirements of the GNU Affero General Public License, section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.

14. Revised Versions of this License.

The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the GNU General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Program specifies that a certain numbered version of the GNU General Public License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that numbered version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Program does not specify a version number of the GNU General Public License, you may choose any version ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

If the Program specifies that a proxy can decide which future versions of the GNU General Public License can be used, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of a version permanently authorizes you to choose that version for the Program.

Later license versions may give you additional or different permissions. However, no additional obligations are imposed on any author or copyright holder as a result of your choosing to follow a later version.

#### 15.Disclaimer of Warranty.

THERE IS NO WARRANTY FOR THE PROGRAM, TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW. EXCEPT WHEN OTHERWISE STATED IN WRITING THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND/OR OTHER PARTIES PROVIDE THE PROGRAM "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTIC-ULAR PURPOSE. THE ENTIRE RISK AS TO THE QUALITY AND PERFORMANCE OF THE PROGRAM IS WITH YOU. SHOULD THE PROGRAM PROVE DEFECTIVE, YOU ASSUME THE COST OF ALL NECESSARY SERVICING, REPAIR OR CORRECTION.

#### 16.Limitation of Liability.

IN NO EVENT UNLESS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE LAW OR AGREED TO IN WRITING WILL ANY COPYRIGHT HOLDER, OR ANY OTHER PARTY WHO MODIFIES AND/OR CONVEYS THE PROGRAM AS PERMITTED ABOVE, BE LIABLE TO YOU FOR DAMAGES, INCLUDING ANY GENERAL, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE PROGRAM (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO LOSS OF DATA OR DATA BEING RENDERED INACCURATE OR LOSSES SUSTAINED BY YOU OR THIRD PARTIES OR A FAILURE OF THE PROGRAM TO OPERATE WITH ANY OTHER PROGRAMS), EVEN IF SUCH HOLDER OR OTHER PARTY HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSI-BILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

17. Interpretation of Sections 15 and 16.

If the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provided above cannot be given local legal effect according to their terms, reviewing courts shall apply local law that most closely approximates an absolute waiver of all civil liability in connection with the Program, unless a warranty or assumption of liability accompanies a copy of the Program in return for a fee.

# **jQuery**

jQuery utilizes the MIT license - see below.

### **LGPL**

#### GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

Version 3, 29 June 2007

Copyright (C) 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. <a href="http://fsf.org/">http://fsf.org/</a>

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

This version of the GNU Lesser General Public License incorporates the terms and conditions of version 3 of the GNU General Public License, supplemented by the additional permissions listed below.

0. Additional Definitions

As used herein, "this License" refers to version 3 of the GNU Lesser General Public License, and the "GNU GPL" refers to version 3 of the GNU General Public License

"The Library" refers to a covered work governed by this License, other than an Application or a Combined Work as defined below.

An "Application" is any work that makes use of an interface provided by the Library, but which is not otherwise based on the Library. Defining a subclass of a class defined by the Library is deemed a mode of using an interface provided by the Library.

A "Combined Work" is a work produced by combining or linking an Application with the Library. The particular version of the Library with which the Combined Work was made is also called the "Linked Version".

The "Minimal Corresponding Source" for a Combined Work means the Corresponding Source for the Combined Work, excluding any source code for portions of the Combined Work that, considered in isolation, are based on the Application, and not on the Linked Version.

The "Corresponding Application Code" for a Combined Work means the object code and/or source code for the Application, including any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the Combined Work from the Application, but excluding the System Libraries of the Combined Work.

1. Exception to Section 3 of the GNU GPL.

You may convey a covered work under sections 3 and 4 of this License without being bound by section 3 of the GNU GPL.

2. Conveying Modified Versions.

If you modify a copy of the Library, and, in your modifications, a facility refers to a function or data to be supplied by an Application that uses the facility (other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked), then you may convey a copy of the modified version:

a)under this License, provided that you make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an Application does not supply the function or data, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful, or

b)under the GNU GPL, with none of the additional permissions of this License applicable to that copy.

3. Object Code Incorporating Material from Library Header Files.

The object code form of an Application may incorporate material from a header file that is part of the Library. You may convey such object code under terms of your choice, provided that, if the incorporated material is not limited to numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, or small macros, inline functions and templates (ten or fewer lines in length), you do both of the following:

a)Give prominent notice with each copy of the object code that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License.

b)Accompany the object code with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license document.

4. Combined Works.

You may convey a Combined Work under terms of your choice that, taken together, effectively do not restrict modification of the portions of the Library contained in the Combined Work and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications, if you also do each of the following:

a)Give prominent notice with each copy of the Combined Work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License.

b)Accompany the Combined Work with a copy of the GNU GPL and this license document.

c)For a Combined Work that displays copyright notices during execution, include the copyright notice for the Library among these notices, as well as a reference directing the user to the copies of the GNU GPL and this license document.

d)Do one of the following:

1)Convey the Minimal Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, and the Corresponding Application Code in a form suitable for, and under terms that permit, the user to recombine or relink the Application with a modified version of the Linked Version to produce a modified Combined Work, in the manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL for conveying Corresponding Source.

2)Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (a) uses at run time a copy of the Library already present on the user's computer system, and (b) will operate properly with a modified version of the Library that is interface-compatible with the Linked Version.

e)Provide Installation Information, but only if you would otherwise be required to provide such information under section 6 of the GNU GPL, and only to the extent that such information is necessary to install and execute a modified version of the Combined Work produced by recombining or relinking the Application with a modified version of the Linked Version. (If you use option 4d0, the Installation Information must accompany the Minimal Corresponding Source and Corresponding Application Code. If you use option 4d1, you must provide the Installation Information in the manner specified by section 6 of the GNU GPL for conveying Corresponding Source.)

5. Combined Libraries.

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side by side in a single library together with other library facilities that are not Applications and are not covered by this License, and convey such a combined library under terms of your choice, if you do both of the following:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities, conveyed under the terms of this License

b)Give prominent notice with the combined library that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work

6 Revised Versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License.

The Free Software Foundation may publish revised and/or new versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License from time to time. Such new versions will be similar in spirit to the present version, but may differ in detail to address new problems or concerns.

Each version is given a distinguishing version number. If the Library as you received it specifies that a certain numbered version of the GNU Lesser General Public License "or any later version" applies to it, you have the option of following the terms and conditions either of that published version or of any later version published by the Free Software Foundation. If the Library as you received it does not specify a version number of the GNU Lesser General Public License, you may choose any version of the GNU Lesser General Public License ever published by the Free Software Foundation.

If the Library as you received it specifies that a proxy can decide whether future versions of the GNU Lesser General Public License shall apply, that proxy's public statement of acceptance of any version is permanent authorization for you to choose that version for the Library.

#### MIT

Copyright 1987, 1988 by MIT Student Information Processing Board.

Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software and its documentation for any purpose is hereby granted, provided that the names of M.I.T. and the M.I.T. S.I.P.B. not be used in advertising or publicity pertaining to distribution of the software without specific, written prior permission. M.I.T. and the M.I.T. S.I.P.B. make no representations about the suitability of this software for any purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty.

### **Unlicense**

This is free and unencumbered software released into the public domain.

Anyone is free to copy, modify, publish, use, compile, sell, or distribute this software, either in source code form or as a compiled binary, for any purpose, commercial or non-commercial, and by any means.

In jurisdictions that recognize copyright laws, the author or authors of this software dedicate any and all copyright interest in the software to the public domain. We make this dedication for the benefit of the public at large and to the detriment of our heirs and successors. We intend this dedication to be an overt act of relinquishment in perpetuity of all present and future rights to this software under copyright law.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

For more information, please refer to <a href="http://unlicense.org/">http://unlicense.org/</a>

#### zlib

Copyright (C) 1995-1998 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler

This software is provided 'as-is', without any express or implied warranty. In no event will the authors be held liable for any damages arising from the use of this software

Permission is granted to anyone to use this software for any purpose, including commercial applications, and to alter it and redistribute it freely, subject to the following restrictions:

- 1. The origin of this software must not be misrepresented; you must not claim that you wrote the original software. If you use this software in a product, an acknowledgment in the product documentation would be appreciated but is not required.
- 2. Altered source versions must be plainly marked as such and must not be misrepresented as being the original software.
- 3. This notice may not be removed or altered from any source distribution. Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files ftp://ds.internic.net/rfc/rfc1950.txt (zlib format), rfc1951.txt (deflate format) and rfc1952.txt (gzip format).

# **Creative Commons 3.0 License**

The movie images displayed in many of the screen-shots in this manual are licensed under the Creative Commons "Attribution" license, which can be found at

creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/. This license provides for the sharing of these videos in any medium or format as long as appropriate credit is provided to the content creators, a link to the license is provided, and an indication if changes to the content were made.

#### **Big Buck Bunny**

The story of a large bunny defending his woodland friends against a trio of evil forest animals.

Website:peach.blender.org

License: Creative Commons Attribution 3.0

Changes:None

Attribution: Copyright 2008, Blender Foundation / www.bigbuckbunny.org

#### Tears of Steel

The story of a romance gone bad between a boy and a girl - who later transforms herself into a cyborg, builds a robot army, and attempts to destroy the world.

Website:mango.blender.org

License: Creative Commons Attribution 3.0

Changes:None

Attribution:(CC) Blender Foundation | mango.blender.org

#### Sintel

The story of a girl's search for her pet baby dragon - stolen from her by another dragon.

Website:durian.blender.org

License: Creative Commons Attribution 3.0

Changes:None

Attribution:© copyright Blender Foundation | durian.blender.org

© copyright Blender Foundation | www.sintel.org

# **Service Information**

This chapter provides information on the warranty and repair policy for your pro-xi 100 system.

## **Troubleshooting Checklist**

Routine maintenance to this Ross product is not required. In the event of problems with your pro-xi 100, the following basic troubleshooting checklist may help identify the source of the problem. If the pro-xi 100 still does not appear to be working properly after checking all possible causes, please contact your Ross products distributor, or the Technical Support department at the numbers listed under the "Contacting Technical Support".

- 1. Visual Review Performing a quick visual check may reveal many problems, such as connectors not properly seated or loose cables. Check the pro-xi 100 unit and any associated peripheral equipment for signs of trouble.
- 2. Power Check Verify the power cable is connected to a power source and that power is available at the power main.
- 3. Input Signal Status Verify that source equipment is operating correctly and that a valid signal is supplied.
- 4. Output Signal Path Verify that destination equipment is operating correctly and receiving a valid signal.
- 5. Module Exchange Exchanging a suspect module with a module that is known to be working correctly is an efficient method for localizing problems to individual modules.

# **Warranty and Repair Policy**

The pro-xi 100 is warranted to be free of any defect with respect to performance, quality, reliability, and workmanship for a period of ONE (1) year from the date of delivery to the customer. In the event that your pro-xi 100 proves to be defective in any way during this warranty period, Ross Video Limited reserves the right to repair or replace this piece of equipment with a unit of equal or superior performance characteristics.

Should you find that this pro-xi 100 has failed after your warranty period has expired, we will repair your defective product should suitable replacement components be available. You, the owner, will bear any labor and/or part costs incurred in the repair or refurbishment of said equipment beyond the ONE (1) year warranty period.

In no event shall Ross Video Limited be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including loss of profits) incurred by the use of this product. Implied warranties are expressly limited to the duration of this warranty.

This pro-xi 100 User Guide provides all pertinent information for the safe installation and operation of your pro-xi 100. Ross Video policy dictates that all repairs to the pro-xi 100 are to be conducted only by an authorized Ross Video Limited factory representative. Therefore, any unauthorized attempt to repair this product, by anyone other than an authorized Ross Video Limited factory representative, will automatically void the warranty. Please contact Ross Video Technical Support for more information.

#### In Case of Problems

Should any problem arise with your pro-xi 100, please contact the Ross Video Technical Support Department. (Contact information is supplied at in the section "Contacting Technical Support".)

A Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions, should you wish our factory to repair your pro-xi 100. If required, a temporary replacement will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred will be the responsibility of you, the customer. All products shipped to you from Ross Video Limited will be shipped collect.

The Ross Video Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Ross Video Limited, beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the equipment.

# **Glossary**

The following terms are used throughout this guide:

**CTC** — Single Controller Card

**Device** — A physical, virtual, or software application that may include multiple sources, destinations, senders, or receivers.

**EDID** — Extended Display Identification Data

**GUI button** — refers to the left Windows® button (located between the **Ctrl** and **Alt** buttons) on your keyboard.

**ISC** — Incoming System Card

**OMD** — Over Monitor Display

**Start button** — refers to the left Windows® button (located between the **Ctrl** and **Alt** buttons) on your keyboard.

**System**— The mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in your environment.

**UMD** — Under Monitor Display

**VOC** — Video Output Card