# GRAPHITE

# **Graphite** User Manual

v6.5



www.rossvideo.com

# Thank You For Choosing Ross

You've made a great choice. We expect you will be very happy with your purchase of Ross Technology.

Our mission is to:

- **1.** Provide a Superior Customer Experience
  - offer the best product quality and support
- 2. Make Cool Practical Technology
  - develop great products that customers love

Ross has become well known for the Ross Video Code of Ethics. It guides our interactions and empowers our employees. I hope you enjoy reading it below.

If anything at all with your Ross experience does not live up to your expectations be sure to reach out to us at *solutions@rossvideo.com*.

>al Ross

David Ross CEO, Ross Video david.ross@rossvideo.com

# **Ross Video Code of Ethics**

Any company is the sum total of the people that make things happen. At Ross, our employees are a special group. Our employees truly care about doing a great job and delivering a high quality customer experience every day. This code of ethics hangs on the wall of all Ross Video locations to guide our behavior:

- **1.** We will always act in our customers' best interest.
- 2. We will do our best to understand our customers' requirements.
- 3. We will not ship crap.
- **4.** We will be great to work with.
- 5. We will do something extra for our customers, as an apology, when something big goes wrong and it's our fault.
- 6. We will keep our promises.
- 7. We will treat the competition with respect.

- **8.** We will cooperate with and help other friendly companies.
- **9.** We will go above and beyond in times of crisis. *If there's no one to authorize the required action in times of company or customer crisis do what you know in your heart is right. (You may rent helicopters if necessary.)*

# **Document Information**

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#### Patents

Patent numbers US 7,034,886; US 7,508,455; US 7,602,446; US 7,802,802 B2; US 7,834,886; US 7,914,332; US 8,307,284; US 8,407,374 B2; US 8,499,019 B2; US 8,519,949 B2; US 8,743,292 B2; US D752,530 S; GB 2,419,119 B; GB 2,447,380 B; and other patents pending.

#### **Software Licenses**

This product may use one or more software components subject to licenses. Refer to *Third-party Licenses* on page 207 for a complete list of licenses that apply to this product.

#### Important Regulatory and Safety Notices to Service Personnel

Before using this product and any associated equipment, refer to the "**Important Safety Instructions**" listed in the front of this manual to avoid personnel injury and to prevent product damage.

Product may require specific equipment, and/or installation procedures to be carried out to satisfy certain regulatory compliance requirements. Notices have been included in this publication to call attention to these specific requirements.

#### **Symbol Meanings**

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**Protective Earth:** This symbol identifies a Protective Earth (PE) terminal, which is provided for connection of the supply system's protective earth (green or green/yellow) conductor.

**Important:** This symbol on the equipment refers you to important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions within the Product Manual Documentation. Failure to heed this information may present a major risk of damage or injury to persons or equipment.



Warning: The symbol with the word "Warning" within the equipment manual indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



**CAUTION:** The symbol with the word "Caution" within the equipment manual indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.



*Warning Hazardous Voltages:* This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of

uninsulated "dangerous voltage" within the product enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of shock to persons.

**ESD Susceptibility:** This symbol is used to alert the user that an electrical or electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD event.

#### Important Safety Instructions

1. 🖊

*Warning:* Read these instructions.

- 2. Keep these instructions.
- 3. Heed all warnings.
- 4. Follow all instructions.
- 5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6. Clean only with a dry cloth.
- **7.** Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- 8. Do not install near heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- **9.** Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
- **10.** Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
- **11.** Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
- **12.** Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
- **13.** Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as when the power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.

- **14.** Do not expose this apparatus to dripping or splashing, and ensure that no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, are placed on the apparatus.
- **15.** To completely disconnect this apparatus from the AC Mains, disconnect the power supply cord plug from the AC receptacle.
- **16.** The mains plug of the power supply cord shall remain readily operable.
- 17. Wai fire

*Warning:* Indoor Use: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

- **18.** The safe operation of this product requires that a protective earth connection be provided. A grounding conductor in the equipment's supply cord provides this protective earth. To reduce the risk of electrical shock to the operator and service personnel, this ground conductor must be connected to an earthed ground.
- **19.** A Warning: This apparatus, when equipped with multiple power supplies, can generate high leakage currents. To reduce the risk of electric shock, ensure that each individual supply cord is connected to its own separate branch circuit with an earth connection.
- 20. 🛕

**CAUTION:** These service instructions are for use by qualified service personnel only. To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not perform any servicing other than that contained in the operating instructions unless you are qualified to do so.

- **21.** Service barriers within this product are intended to protect the operator and service personnel from hazardous voltages. For continued safety, replace all barriers after servicing.
- **22.** Certain parts of this equipment still present a safety hazard with the power switch in the OFF position. To avoid electrical shock, disconnect all A/C power cords from the chassis' rear appliance connectors before servicing.
- **23.** This product contains safety critical parts, which, if incorrectly replaced, may present a risk of fire or electrical shock. Components contained within the product's power supplies and power supply area are not intended to be customer-serviced and should be returned to the factory for repair.
- **24.** To reduce the risk of fire, replacement fuses must be the same type and rating.

- **25.** Use only power cords specified for this product and certified for the country of use.
- **26.** The safe operation of this equipment requires that the user heed and adhere to all installation and servicing instruction contained within the equipment's Setup Manuals.
- 27. A Warning: This product includes an " Ethernet Port" which allows this product to be connected to a local area network (LAN). Only connect to networks that remain inside the building. Do not connect to networks that go outside the building.
- 28. 🛕

**CAUTION:** This apparatus contains a Lithium battery, which if replaced incorrectly, or with an incorrect type, may cause an explosion. Replace only with a CR2032 coin type lithium battery. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instruction by qualified service personnel.



**CAUTION:** Phantom Power can damage equipment if not supported. Ensure that **Phantom Power** is turned <u>off</u> for the Analog Input unless you are connecting a microphone that requires phantom power. Connecting the line out from an audio device to the analog input with phantom power on could damage the audio device and/or the 1RU Audio Breakout Module. For added safety, a TRS phone connecter should be used for line in audio sources.

- **30.** For use at altitude 2000m or lower.
- 31. For use in non-tropical locations.
- 32. A CAUTION: Do not make mechanical or electrical modifications to the equipment or add metallic items, such as metallic foil labels, to the printed circuit boards. Modifications can impair regulatory compliance, or performance and may void your warranty.

33. 🧘

**CAUTION:** Wear an ESD grounding strap connected to one of the chassis thumb screws at the back of the unit before servicing the rear of the unit when power is on.

#### **EMC Notices**

#### United States of America — FCC Part 15

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A Digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



**Important:** Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by Ross Video Limited could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

#### Canada

This Class "A" digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe " A " est conforme a la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

#### Korea — Class A Statement

이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성 평가를 받은 기기로서 가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경 우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다.

This device has been evaluated for conformity for use in a business environment. When used in a home environment, there is a danger of interference.

#### Europe

This equipment is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of **CE Directive 93/68/EEC**.

#### International

This equipment has been tested to **CISPR** 22:1997 along with amendments **A1:2000** and **A2:2002**, and found to comply with the limits for a Class A Digital device.



**Important:** This is a Class A product. In domestic environments, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may have to take adequate measures.

#### **General Handling Guidelines**

- Careful handling, using proper ESD precautions, must be observed.
- Power down the system before PCB removal.

#### A Word About Static Discharge

Throughout the many procedures in this manual, please observe all static discharge precautions.

**CAUTION:** Avoid handling the switcher circuit boards in high static environments such as carpeted areas, and when synthetic fiber clothing is worn. Touch the frame to dissipate static charge before removing boards from the frame, and exercise proper grounding precautions when working on circuit boards. Exercise proper grounding precautions when working on circuit boards.

#### **XPression Audio**

The XPression products are professional broadcast equipment. KN 35 Annex G does not apply to XPression equipment because their audio outputs do not connect to loudspeakers or on-ear devices directly. They are for a professional broadcast studio and other equipment processes the audio for television before the audible sound is generated.

#### **Warranty and Repair Policy**

Ross Video Limited (Ross) warrants its switchers and related options, to be free from defects under normal use and service for a period of ONE YEAR from the date of shipment. Fader handle assemblies are warranted for the life of the product. If an item becomes defective within the warranty period Ross will repair or replace the defective item, as determined solely by Ross.

Warranty repairs will be conducted at Ross, with all shipping FOB Ross dock. If repairs are conducted at the customer site, reasonable out-of-pocket charges will apply. At the discretion of Ross, and on a temporary loan basis, plug in circuit boards or other replacement parts may be supplied free of charge while defective items undergo repair. Return packing, shipping, and special handling costs are the responsibility of the customer.

Software upgrades for switchers may occur from time to time, and are determined by Ross Video. The upgrades are posted on the Ross Video website, and are free of charge for the life of the switcher.

This warranty is void if products are subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation or application, or unauthorized modification. In no event shall Ross Video Limited be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including loss of profit). Implied warranties, including that of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are expressly limited to the duration of this warranty.

This warranty is TRANSFERABLE to subsequent owners, subject to Ross Video's notification of change of ownership.

# **Environmental Information**

# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE Directive)

The equipment that you purchased required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment.

To avoid the potential release of those substances into the environment and to diminish the need for the extraction of natural resources, Ross Video encourages you to use the appropriate take-back systems. These systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials from your end-of-life equipment in an environmentally friendly and health conscious

environmentally friendly and health conscious manner.

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol invites you to use these systems.



If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration.

You can also contact Ross Video for more information on the environmental performances of our products.

# Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products (China RoHS)

Ross Video Limited has reviewed all components and processes for compliance to:

" Management Methods for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products " also known as China RoHS. The "Environmentally Friendly Use Period" (EFUP) and Hazardous Substance Tables have been established for all products. We are currently updating all of our Product Manuals.

The Hazardous substances tables are available on our website at: http://www.rossvideo.com /about-ross/company-profile/green-practices /china-rohs.html

#### 电器电子产品中有害物质的使用

Ross Video Limited 按照以下的标准对所有组件和 流程进行了审查:

"电器电子产品有害物质限制使用管理办法"也被称为中国RoHS。

所有产品都具有 "环保使用期限" (EFUP) 和有害物 质表。目前,我们正在更新我们所有的产品手册。

有害物质表在我们的网站:

http://www.rossvideo.com/about-ross /company-profile/green-practices/china-rohs.html

# **Company Address**

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Website	www.rossvideo.com

# **Technical Support**

At Ross Video, we take pride in the quality of our products, but if a problem does occur, help is as close as the nearest telephone. Our 24-Hour Hot Line service ensures you have access to technical expertise around the clock. After-sales service and technical support are provided directly by Ross Video personnel. During business hours (eastern standard time), technical support personnel are available by telephone. Outside of normal business hours and on weekends, a direct emergency technical support phone line is available. If the technical support personnel who is on call does not answer this line immediately, a voice message can be left and the call will be returned shortly. Our Technical support staff are available to react to any problem and to do whatever is necessary to ensure customer satisfaction.

# **Supporting Documentation**

Ross Video provides a wide variety of helpful documentation for the setup and support of your equipment. Most of this documentation can be found either on the Product Resources disk that came with your equipment, on the Ross Video website (*www.rossvideo.com*), or on the Ross Video Community site (*discussions.rossvideo.com*/)

- **Carbonite Online Help for Graphite** visit *help.rossvideo.com/graphite*
- **Operation Manual (4850DR-110)** operational instructions for the Carbonite switcher subsystem
- Setup Manual (4850DR-120) setup and configuration instructions for the Carbonite subsystem
- Graphite QuickStart Poster (4850DR-200) — setup information and specifications for Graphite
- Upgrade Notes (4850DR-500) upgrade instructions, new features, and known issues for a given software version
- Control Panel Desk Mounting (4802DR-302) — desk mounting instructions for Carbonite control panel
- SideBox Installation (4802DR-304) installation and mounting instruction for SideBox module
- Auxiliary Control Panel Installation (4802DR-305) — installation and mounting instruction for remote aux panel (CPS-AUX-053B)
- RossTalk Commands (4802DR-403) supported commands using RossTalk protocol

- **Device Setup Sheets (4802DR-6xx)** setup information for controlling external devices from the switcher
- **Robotic Camera Control (4802DR-131)** overview of the operational interface when controlling a robotic camera from the switcher
- Audio Mixer Control (4802DR-132) overview of the operational interface when controlling an audio mixer from the switcher
- Video Server Control (4802DR-133) overview of the operational interface when controlling a video server from the switcher
- **CarboNET Installation (4805DR-100)** installation instructions for the Carbonite PMC translator.

# Contents

14
14
14
14
14
14
14
14
15
15
15
15
15
15
15
15
16
16
16
16
16
16
17
17

DashBoard	18
Switcher Status in DashBoard	18
Configuration	18
Devices	18
Live Assist	18
PaneLINK	18
To Assign a Page to a Custom Page	
Button	19
Custom Controls	19
ViewControl	19
MediaManager	19
Personality	19
Help	20
Audio Mixer	20

Role	Based	Access	Control21
------	-------	--------	-----------

To Turn on Role Based Access Control for Ross
Platform Manager21

SoftPanel	22
Menu Area	22
User Area	22
Control Area	22
Bus Area	23

Ultritouch	24
Audio and Video Processing	25
Video Processing and Flow	25
Audio Processing and Flow	25
Video Sources	26
To Select a Source on a Bus from DashBo	ard26
Video Layering	27
Re-Entry	
Re-Entry Timing	27
To Re-Enter an ME	27
FlexiClean Clean Feed	28
Video Preview	29
MultiViewer	29

Matte Source	30
To Set Up a Matte Color	
To Set Up a Wash	

Copying	31
ME Copy	
To Copy an ME	31
Кеу Сору	31
То Сору а Кеу	31
Bus Copy	31
To Copy a Bus	31
Key Swap	32
To Perform a Key Swap	32

Transitions	33
Performing Transitions	33
To Perform a Transition	33
To Perform a Transition on TouchDrive	
(Memory Area)	35
To Perform a Transition on TouchDrive (No	
Memory Area)	36
To Perform a Transition on Carbonite	
Black	37
Cut Transitions	38
Dissolve Transitions	38
To Set Up a Dissolve	38
WhiteFlash	38
To Set Up a WhiteFlash	38
Wipe Transitions	39
To Set Up a Wipe	39
DVE Transitions	39
To Set Up a DVE Transition	40
MediaWipe Transitions	40

To Set Up a MediaWipe.....40

(eying	42
Self Keys	42
To Set Up a Self Key	42
Auto Select Keys	42
To Set Up an Auto Select Key	43
UltraChrome Chroma Key	43
Chroma Key Modes	43
Chroma Key Basic Mode	43
Chroma Key Advanced Mode	45
MiniME <sup>™</sup> Chroma Key Output	47
DVE Keys	47
To Set Up a DVE Key	48
To Apply a DVE to a Key (Fly Key)	48
To Apply a Border/Edge Softness to a DVE	
Key	49
Show Alpha	49
Masks	49
To Pattern Mask a Key	49
To Box Mask a Key	50
Split Keys	50
To Set Up a Split Key	50

Memory Functions	51
Storing Memories	51
To Store a Memory	51
Recalling Memories	51
Memory Attribute Color Coding	52
To Recall a Memory	52
Memory Attributes	53
To Set the Memory Attributes	53
Deleting a Memory	54
To Delete a Memory	54
Memory Names and Mnemonics (TouchDrive	
only)	54
To Assign a Name to a Memory	54

Audio Mixer	56
Sample Rate Conversion	56
Audio Mixer Interface	56
Audio Mixer Setup	57
To Set the Number of Configurable Audio	
Faders (Channel)	57
To Set Up Audio Faders	57
To Assign Audio Channels to Mix	
Layers	59
To Configure the Analog Inputs	59
To Configure the ABU Input Audio	
Delay	60
To Configure Audio Outputs	60
To Configure ABU Audio Outputs	61
Noise Gate	61
To Configure a Noise Gate	61
Ducking and Talkback	62
Ducking	62
Talkback	63
Audio Equalization	63
To Configure an Equalizer	64

Compressor / Limiter	64
To Configure a Compressor/Limiter	65
Windows <sup>®</sup> Audio	65
Dante <sup>®</sup> Audio Networking	66
To Connect Dante $^{ extsf{\$}}$ Sources to RAVE PC	
Inputs	66

Switcher Sets	68
To Store a Set	68
To Load a Set	68
Exporting the Working Set for Ultra and Ultrix	
Carbonite	69
To Export the Working Set for Ultra and	
Ultrix Carbonite	69

Media-Store	71
Working With Media-Store Animations	71
Working With Media-Store Audio	71
Media-Store File Specifications	72
Media-Store Cache Manager	72
Loading Stills or Animations	72
To Load a Media Item	72
Deleting a Media Item	73
To Delete A Media Item	73
MediaManager Channel Control	73
Media-Store Attributes	73
Media-Store Capture	74
To Capture a Still	74

Custom Controls	76
Recording/Editing Custom Controls	76
To Record a Custom Control	76
To Edit a Custom Control	76
Custom Control Pause Mode	77
To Set the CC Pause Mode	77
Running a Custom Control	77
To Run a Custom Control	78
Naming Custom Controls	78
To Name a Custom Control	78
Deleting Custom Controls	78
To Delete a Custom Control	79
Copying and Pasting Custom Controls	79
To Copy and Paste a Custom Control	79

Sequencer80
Creating/Editing Sequences80
To Create/Edit a Sequence80
Loading and Running a Sequence81
To Load a Sequence81
To Run a Sequence81
Sequence Names and Mnemonics81
To Name a Sequence81
Deleting a Sequence82
To Delete a Sequence82
Copying and Pasting a Sequence82
To Copy and Paste a Sequence

<b>XPression S</b>	etup83
--------------------	--------

Network Setup	84
Network Options	84
Looping Option	84
Network Switch Option	84
Switcher Network Settings	85
To Configure the Switcher Network Settings	
from the Server	85
To Change the IP Address	85
DashBoard Network Settings	85
To Connect DashBoard to the Switcher	85
FTP/SFTP Connection	86
To Create an FTP/SFTP Connection	86

System	Access	87
То	Enable/Disable a System Access Method	87

Video Reference	88
Supported Reference Formats	88
Reference and Video Mode Setup	88
To Set a Video Mode	88
Switching Field	89
To Set the Switching Field	89

Video Inputs	90
HDMI <sup>™</sup> Inputs	90
Supported HDMI Formats	90
Video Input Setup	90
To Set up an External Video Input	90
To Set up an Internal Video Input	91
Source Names	91
To Set Up a Source Name	91
To Assign a TSL ID to a Video Input	91
Mnemonics	92
To Customize Mnemonics for	
TouchDrive	92
To Customize Mnemonics for Carbonite	
Black	92
Auto Key Setup	93
To Set Up an Auto Key Association	93
GPI Device Control	93
To Assign a GPI to a Video Source	94
Tallies Setup	94
To Assign a Tally to an Input	94
Custom Page Auto Follow	94
To Assign a Page to a Custom Page	
Button	95
To Assign a Custom Page to Follow an	
Input	95
Substitution Table	95
To Set Up a Pre-Tiled Source	95

Video Outputs	)7
Video Output Setup	97
To Set up an External Video Output	97
To Set up an Internal Video Output	98
Ancillary Data	99
To Strip or Pass Ancillary Data1	00
FlexiClean Clean Feed1	00
To Set Up Clean Feed1	00
External Layer Mode1	00
To Set Up Layer Mode1	00
ME Follows1	01
To Set Up an ME Follow1	01
On-Air Setting1	01
To Set the On-Air Status for an Output1	01

MultiViewer	102
MultiViewer Output Formats	102
To Set Up a MultiViewer	102
MultiViewer Clock	103
To Set Up a MultiViewer Timecode	
Clock	104
To Set Up a MultiViewer System Clock	104
To Set Up a MultiViewer Countdown	
Timer	104

MultiScreen / MiniME <sup>™</sup>	106
MiniME <sup>™</sup> Assignment	
To Set Up a MultiScreen	

#### 

Frame Delavs	111
To Apply a Frame Delay to an Ipput	111
To Apply a Hame Delay to all input	

#### Audio Breakout Module Setup......112

To Set Up Multiple 1RU Audio Breakout Units......112

Personality	113
Personality Settings	113
General Settings	113
Transition Settings	114
Color Schemes	115
To Select a Color Scheme	115
To Create a Custom Color Scheme	115
Bus Maps	115

To Create a Bus Map	116
User Buttons	116
To Set A User Button	116

GPI Control	117
GPI Trigger Types	117
GPI Setup	117
To Set Up a GPI Input	117
To Set Up a GPI Output	118
GPI Output Triggers	118
To Assign a GPI Output to a Video	
Source	119

#### Live Edit Decision Lists (LiveEDL).....120

LiveEDL Setup	120
To Set the LiveEDL Behavior	120
Timecode Setup	120
To Confirm External LTC Signal	120
To Set Up Communications with a	
TSC-9902	120
To Set the LTC Timecode Source	121
LiveEDL Data Capture	121
To Start Capturing EDL Data	121
To Stop Capturing and Save EDL Data	121

ViewControl (HD Only)	123
ViewControl Overview	123

Custom Control Buttons	123
Bus Selection Buttons	123
Keyer Transition Buttons	123
Transition Buttons	123
Custom Control Button Setup	124
To Set up the Custom Control Buttons	124
ViewControl Setup	124
Connecting ViewControl over HDMI <sup>™</sup>	124
Connecting ViewControl over NDI <sup>®</sup>	125

MultiPanel	128
To Set Up MultiPanel Permissions	128

MIDI	Controller	129
	To Connect a MIDI Controller to DashBoard	
	To Configure the MIDI Controller Interface	129
	To Map MIDI Controller Buttons to Functions	130
	X-TOUCH COMPACT Configuration	130
	To Configure the Button Layers on the	
	X-TOUCH COMPACT	
	To Map Buttons to Functions	
	Default X-TOUCH COMPACT Mapping	
	Custom Mapping	131
Eram	a Simulator	122

133	To Install the Frame Simulato
134	To Run the Frame Simulator

Diagnostics	135
Switcher Status	135
Switcher Logs	135
To Copy Logs To a USB	136
Diagnostic Tests	136
Switcher Restart	136
To Run the Control Panel Test	136
To Run the LED Test	136
To Run the Display Test	137
Error Messages	137
Switcher Reset	137
Custom Reset Settings (RState)	137
Factory Default Settings	138

Specifications	139
Specifications	139
Switcher Resources	139
Hardware Weights	140
Video Input Specifications	140
Video Output Specifications	140
Bypass Relay Loop	140
ABU Analog Audio Input Specifications	140
ABU Analog Audio Output	
Specifications	140
Jitter	140
System Timing	141
Network Ports	141
Power Consumption — Frame	141
Embedded Audio Assignment	141
Ports	142
GPI Port	142
Tally Port	142

#### Custom Control Events.....144

MIDI Device OID List	204
----------------------	-----

Third-party Licenses	207
Apache License	.208
ARV-LIBC	210
Boost	.211
BSD License	.212
BZIP2	.212
Dmalloc - Debug Malloc Library	.213
Dropbear	.213
FreeType font driver for BDF fonts	.214
FreeType font driver for PCF fonts	.215
GNU General Public License Version 2	.215
GNU General Public License Version 3	.218
GNU Lesser Public License Version 2.1	.226
GNU Lesser General Public License Version 3	.231
GNU Library General Public License Version 2	.233
IJG	.238
IMLIB2	.239
LIBPCAP	.240
LIBPNG	.240
LIBXML2	.241
LUA	.242
MIT	.242
NcFTP	.242
NCURSES	.244
NETPERF	.244
NGREP	245
NTP (Network Time Protocol Version 4.2.8p2	
Distribution)	.245
PCRE2 LICENCE	.246
POPT	.247
SNTP	248
STRACE	248
TCPDUMP	.248
USBMOUNT	.249
UBI-UTILS	.249
UUID	249
Whetstone	.250
ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY	.250
Glossary2	51

# **Features**

Thank you for buying a Ross Video Graphite Integrated Production System. The Graphite builds on the Ross Video reputation for designing compact switchers, computer graphics systems, and audio production equipment for every production environment.

# **RAVE Audio Mixer**

RAVE (Ross Audio Video Engine) breaks the mold of uninspired audio capability in all-in-one production systems. RAVE includes internal audio routing and output channel shuffling, together with a hardware-based 24-bit digital audio production mixer. The audio production capabilities of Graphite are matched only by independent audio production systems, but adds the benefit of host PC access for additional audio input and monitoring.

The number of audio inputs and outputs depends on the model and options you have. All audio streams are 24-bit at 48kHz and can be controlled from DashBoard.

Note: XPression only supports 16-bit audio.

The 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABU) provides a number of analog and AES input and output ports. The analog inputs have direct control over gain, phantom power on/off, and 20dB pad on/off. These audio inputs and outputs are fed back and forth to the production system as embedded audio in the SDI-Audio Loop.

# **Clean Feed Output**

Clean feed is typically used for bilingual and live-to-tape productions. It provides a second Program output that is derived from a different location than the standard program output. A frequent application is the recording of shows for later airing without call-in phone numbers inserted.

The clean feed output can come from before or between the keyers.



# **Custom Controls**

This feature brings the power of macros to the switcher operator. Button presses, menu selections, event commands, or even the switcher state can be recorded to a custom control with pauses or holds between the events. A simple button press can play these events back again. Step through complex show openings as easily as pressing Custom Control buttons 1, 2, then 3.

#### Sequencer

The switcher has 5 Sequencers that allow you to create a playlist or rundown of custom events, much like custom controls. Each Sequencers can be run independently or linked to other Sequencers so that they all advance together. The Sequencer uses sequences to store the rundown of events. These sequence files can be loaded into one or multiple Sequencers.

**Tip:** You can link multiple Sequencers together so that as you advance though one, the other Sequencers will advance.

# **Device Control**

The switcher can control a number of external devices, such as video servers and robotic cameras. For a complete list of supported devices, and information on how to set up and control these devices, visit the Ross Video website

(rossvideo.com/production-switchers/carbonite/interface-list).

# DVE (Fly Key)

The advanced 2D DVE comes standard with each switcher, and can be used for performing over the shoulder, or picture in picture shots. This allows all key types to be zoomed, cropped, and repositioned horizontally and vertically to create the look you want, or you can use one of the useful pre-built 2D effects to perform 2D background transitions.

# **Effects Dissolve**

The Effects Dissolve feature allows you to interpolate from one memory to another using a memory recall. The switcher will interpolate from the starting memory to the destination memory, creating a smooth, two key frame effect.



Only elements such as clip level and pattern position can be interpolated in the effects dissolve. Other elements, such as crosspoint selection, pattern, and next transition data are recalled first, and then the switcher will slew to the recalled memory.

An effects dissolve can be performed on as many elements and MEs as required, based on the memory that is being recalled.

# **General Purpose Interface (GPI)**

The switcher is equipped with 24 GPI I/Os on the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit that can be assigned as either an input or output independently.

The GPI inputs allow the switcher to interface with peripheral equipment such as editors. Each GPI input can be used to perform simple editing and switcher functions such as fade to black or an auto transition.

# **LiveEDL**

Edit Decision Lists (EDL) are files used by non-linear editing (NLE) suites to aid in post-production. Your switcher can capture EDL data in a file that you load into your NLE suite.

For information on using the LiveEDL feature, visit the Ross Video Website (*rossvideo.com*).

# Matte/Wash Generator

A matte generator and complex wash generator per ME, capable of multi-color washes comes standard. Any one of the color generators can be assigned to MATTE, or wipe pattern edges. An additional simple color generator is available for an Aux Bus.

# **ME Effect System**

The ME (Multi-level Effect) systems are standard. The number of MEs depends on the chosen switcher model.

Each ME provides 4 keyers supporting pattern mask, box mask, self-key, linear key, DVE, and

an UltraChrome advanced chroma key for each ME and is available to each keyer.

#### **Media-Store**

Up to 4 independent channels of still/animations are available switcher-wide, allowing for thousands of full screen stills and logos that can be cached and used on the switcher.

Media-Store provides 2 GB of cache. The number of images cached increases considerably when smaller, non-full screen images like logos are used.

#### MediaManager

The MediaManager allows you to easily manage stills and animations on the switcher in a graphics interface.

# **MediaWipe**

A MediaWipe allows you to use an animation from the Media-Store to play over a background or key transition. When the transition starts, the switcher plays the selected animation over top of the background and keys that are being transitioned. A cut, dissolve, wipe, or DVE wipe is then performed layered under the animation to bring up the next shot when the animation ends.

# **MemoryAI Recall Mode**

We take the guessing out of memory recalls by ensuring that a memory recall will not affect what is currently on-air. MemoryAI uses the content of the memory to configure the Next Transition area and Preview bus for the background and keyers so that the next transition takes the same sources on-air that were on-air in the memory.

For example, store a memory that has a key on-air with CAM1 and CAM2 selected on the background. When this memory is recalled normally, it pops the same key on-air with CAM1 and CAM2 on the background. When the memory is recalled with MemoryAI turned on, CAM1 is selected on the preset bus, and CAM2 is selected on a key that is not on-air. The transition area is then set up for a background transition to bring CAM2 onto the background, take any on-air keys off, and take a key on-air with CAM1.

#### **Memory System**

Storage for 100 complete switcher snapshots per ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, and MultiScreen comes standard with all switchers. All of these memories can be stored to a USB media drive, providing custom tailored memories for every operator and every show.

#### MiniME<sup>™</sup>

The MiniME<sup>™</sup> is an additional ME that is provided with the switcher to perform basic dissolves and cuts. Each MiniME<sup>™</sup> has 2 keyers, background, and preset buses. Unlike a full ME, the MiniME<sup>™</sup> only supports dissolves and cuts, restricts key 1 to DVE keys only, and has no preview output. Key 2 on a MiniME<sup>™</sup> is the same as an ME keyer. The MiniME<sup>™</sup> shares all the same sources as the ME.

#### **MultiScreen**

The MultiScreen is made up of a number of MultiScreen generators. Each MultiScreen breaks the scene up into separate outputs (MiniME<sup>™</sup> outputs) that can be sent to independent projectors or displays to make a unified picture.

Each screen in the MultiScreen output uses a MiniME<sup>™</sup> to create the background and keys of the output.



# **MultiViewer**

Each MultiViewer allows you to view up to 16 video sources (32 with Shift), in 47 different layouts, from a single output BNC. Any video source on the switcher, including ME Program, Preview, and Media-Store channels, can be routed to any box on the MultiViewer. All boxes on the MultiViewer output include mnemonic source names and red and green tallies.

There are 2 broadcast-quality integrated MultiViewer generators in the switcher subsystem. The MultiViewer outputs are only available on out BNCs 5 and 6, and the HDMI outputs. Each MultiViewer head supports an integrated clock that can display time of day, timecode, or a countdown timer. The position, size, and color of the clock can be adjust.

Layout									×
454	H2-6-6	ULeft	URight	Let	Right	DLet:	DR light	ProjUC	SkyCut
H2-5-5	H4-4-4	H2-4-4	H4-2-4	H4-4-2	V2-4-4	V4-4-2	313	н 4-4	QuadLL
QuadLR	Guedil	GuadUR	н 3-4	H 4-3	H 2-4	H 4-2	нз-з	H 2-3	H 3-2
2/2	н 1-3	н 3-1	н4	H 1+2	H 2-1		н з	V2	H 2
1×1	VONT	VCtriB	VCIP1	VC1P2		VCNDB			

Figure 1: HD Layouts

Bo	x 1	Bm 2			
Po	M	rv			
8 0X 3 3		Box 5 s			
80x 7	Box 8	Box 9			
7	s	g			

Figure 2: MultiViewer Grid

# ViewControl

The ViewControl touchscreen interface through DashBoard allows you to select sources on switcher buses, perform transitions, and run custom controls to recall memories or control external devices. The MultiViewer Shift function allows you to assign sources to a shifted set of MultiViewer boxes, expanding the number of sources available on ViewControl from 16 to 32.

**Tip:** It is recommended that the large Preview and Program boxes not be assigned shifted sources as they will follow the bus selecting.

ViewControl takes the MultiViewer output of the switcher and overlays the DashBoard interface over it. Bringing the MultiViewer output into DashBoard is accomplished either by using multiple SDI/HDMI<sup>™</sup> converters or a single SDI to NDI<sup>®</sup> converter.

# Pattern and Matte/Wash Generators

A single pattern generator dedicated to wipes comes standard, and is equipped with 10 classic wipes. Most wipes can be rotated, bordered, multiplied, aspectized, and repositioned.

#### **Tally Outputs**

The switcher has 16 assignable tally relays located in the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit. Each tally can be assigned to any number of combinations of input and output or bus.

#### UltraChrome

The UltraChrome chroma keyers uses advanced video processing technology to provide exceptional blue spill reduction and clean edges, even with difficult source material. Glass, smoke, translucent materials, and natural shadows are handled superbly.

There are 2 floating Chroma Keys that are available across all MEs.

# DashBoard

DashBoard provides the main menu system to the switcher.

Download and install the latest version of DashBoard from *http://www.opengear.tv/*. Review the documentation that comes with DashBoard for information on installing and launching DashBoard.



# Switcher Status in DashBoard

The DashBoard control system allows you to connect to the switcher and view status information for various components.



# Configuration

The Configuration node provides access to switcher settings such as Reference, Inputs, Outputs, and MultiViewer. You can switch between the different configurations by selecting the pages at the bottom of the DashBoard window.



#### **Devices**

The Devices page on the Configuration node allows you to configure external devices to be controlled by the switcher.



*Tip:* Click *Disable Device* to disable the selected device (does not apply to Audio Mixers).

**Tip:** You can apply a custom name to each device in the **Name** field. This name appears on the menus and allows you to quickly differentiate different devices of the same type, like cameras.

# Live Assist

The Live Assist node provides access to operational functions such as keying, transition, and memory settings of the switcher. You can switch between the different settings by selecting the tabs at the bottom of the DashBoard window.



**Tip:** The **Custom View** button on the **Live Assist** page opens a separate page where you can set up custom DashBoard pages. These custom pages can also be set to auto follow specific video sources. This allows you to have Live Assist show a specific custom page when a video source is selected.

**Tip:** You can quickly jump to Live Assist from any other page using the **Live Assist** button next to the **Navigation Menu** button at the bottom right corner of all non-Live Assist pages.



#### PaneLINK

PaneLink allows Live Assist to follow the button presses on the control panel and display the relevant tabs. For example, with **PaneLINK** turned on, press **SEL** for any keyer and Live Assist shows the settings for that keyer. Press the **WIPE** buttons and Live Assist shows the transitions settings for a wipe. With **PaneLINK** turned off, Live Assist does not switch between tabs.



*Note:* PaneLink only works on the Live Assist page.

#### To Assign a Page to a Custom Page Button

The custom page buttons on the Live Assist page can be assigned any custom page or node in DashBoard. This allows you to quickly access controls from another device on DashBoard from Live Assist on your current device.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Live Assist.



- 2. Click on the **Address** drop-down list for the custom page button you want to assign to a page.
- **3.** Select the connection or custom panel that you want to assign to the custom page button.
  - All Connections expand the list and select the device and node that you want to assign to the custom page button. Some older DashBoard nodes from plug-ins may not display properly on the Live Assist buttons.

*Note:* Do not assign the Live Assist page to a custom page on the same machine.

• **Open Panels** — expand the list and select the open custom panel you want to assign to the list. You must have the custom panel running on DashBoard for it to appear in the list.

*Tip:* Click *Clear* to remove the custom page and name assigned to that button.

4. Click on the name field for the custom page button you are assigning a page to and enter a descriptive name for the custom page. The name appears on the button in Live Assist.

# **Custom Controls**

The Custom Control provides access to recording, editing, and running custom controls,

as well as setting up the mnemonics for custom control on the TouchDrive control panel.



# ViewControl

The ViewControl interface through DashBoard allows you to coordinate the control over the switcher through a touchscreen interface. Through ViewControl you can select sources, perform transitions, and run custom controls.



# **MediaManager**

The MediaManager node allows you to control the Media-Store of the switcher. Upload media items, load media to channels, and set database elements..



# Personality

The Personality node provides the switcher personality settings.



# Help

The help node in DashBoard launches the integrated help system with full search capability.

# **Audio Mixer**

The audio mixer node in DashBoard provides access to the RAVE audio mixer. An audio channel must be routed to the switcher subsystem to be controllable by the audio mixer interface. Audio sources can come from the embedded audio on an input BNC, through the 1RU Audio Breakout Module, from the Media -Store, or from the Windows<sup>®</sup> sound mixer.



# **Role Based Access Control**

The Ross Platform Manager allows for user authentication and role based access through DashBoard. Once set up in DashBoard, Ross Platform Manager allows for control over who can control Graphite based on the roles individual users are assigned to.

**Note:** Ross Platform Manager does not apply to operation of the switcher from a control panel.

**Tip:** For information on setting up a Ross Platform Manager server and creating user accounts, refer to the documentation that came with your Ross Platform Manager.

# To Turn on Role Based Access Control for Ross Platform Manager

From DashBoard you can select whether the Role Based Access Control (RBAC) of Ross Platform Manager is applied to Graphite.



**Important:** Changing the RBAC mode may restrict access to the switcher if your account is not assigned to a role that has the required permission.

**Note:** RBAC settings are not stored in switcher sets or changed with a factory default.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global



2. Click the **Pre-Authorized Connections** button and enter the IP address of any trusted DashBoard systems that you want to allow access to the switcher without RBAC permissions.

**Tip:** A common trusted system would be a TouchDrive control panel. This allows the control panel with a DashBoard interface to continue to control the switcher without the need for a user to log in.



- **3.** Click a **Role Based Access Control** button to apply access control to the switcher.
  - Authorization not Required RBAC is applied to the switcher, but not enforced.

Anyone can control the switcher through DashBoard.

- Authorization Required RBAC is applied to the switcher and enforced. Only users with permission can control the switcher through DashBoard.
- 4. Click **OK** to reboot the switcher using RBAC permissions from Ross Platform Manager.

*Tip:* You may have to close and re-launch DashBoard to apply the access control.

# SoftPanel

SoftPanel provides you with a graphical interface to the menu system and control surfaces of the switcher. This allows you to setup and control the switcher without a control panel.



**Important:** SoftPanel is a separate panel connection to the frame. Refer to *MultiPanel* on page 128 for information on setting up SoftPanel.

The screen can be broken up into several different functional areas. Each of these areas allows you to interact with different aspects of the switcher interface.

#### Menu Area

The menu area provides a graphic representation of the menu system on a Carbonite Black control panel. The **Select**, **Up**, and **Down** buttons represent the actions of turning and pressing the knobs on the panel. The buttons in the top right corner allow you to navigate around in the menu tree, and the stylized mnemonic buttons at the bottom allow you to access different menus.



#### **User Area**

The user area can be assigned to ME/Key, Aux, or the Positioner. Press the **ME/Key**, **Aux Bus**, or **Positioner** button to a select how the user area appears.

#### **ME/Key**

The **ME/Key** button allows you to select what the bus area is assigned to. Click **ME** *X*, **MiniME** *X*, or **MultSc** *X* to assign the panel bus area to that output. Click one of the **Key** *X* **Sel** buttons to assign the key bus in the panel bus area to that key.

*Tip:* Tap *Full Screen* to have the SoftPanel interface fill the entire screen.



#### Aux Bus

The **Aux Bus** button allows you to select one of the aux buses that the key bus row in the bus area is assigned to.

**Note:** The selection of one of the aux bus or key select buttons indicated what the key bus in the bus area is assigned to. You may have to switch between the **ME/Key** and **Aux Bus** buttons to see where the bus is assigned.

Aux 1						
Aux 9						
Aux 17						
ME/K	ey	Aux Bus	Posit	ioner		

#### Positioner

The **Positioner** button provides a virtual interface to the positioner. The positioner is used in device control, or to move keys or masks around. Click and hold the positioner and move it around to emulate moving the positioner around. The slider to the right of the positioner emulated twisting the positioner knob on the panel. The button to the left of the positioner emulates the button on the top of the positioner knob on the panel.



# **Control Area**

The control area (the upper right of the screen) contains the main DashBoard interface to the switcher. Click **Navigation Menu** and select the menu you want to navigate to. When the **Live**  **Assist** menu is selected, the sub-menus will follow actions in the bus area when **PaneLINK** is on.

#### **Bus Area**

The bus area provides a graphic representation of the panel row on the switcher. Use the user area buttons to assign the bus area to an ME, key, and aux bus. Sources are then selected on the key, program, and preset buses, and transitions are set up and performed with the transition buttons to the right of the source selection buttons.

*Tip:* Use the *Hold On* or *2Press* buttons to emulate a press and hold of a button. This allows you to press and hold one button and then press another.



# Ultritouch

The 2RU rack mountable Ultritouch adaptable system control panel allows you to control some aspects of switcher operation using a DashBoard interface.

The DashBoard interface on Ultritouch provides status, buses, and custom control tabs. You must connect to the switcher from Ultritouch to be able to control the switcher functions. Refer to the Ultritouch documentation for information on navigating the Ultritouch menu and manually connecting to a device.

Once you are connected to the switcher, tap the **Connected Devices** button and select the switcher you want to control from the list and tap **Carbonite**. The available tabs for the switcher are listed. Tap one of the available tabs to open it.

#### **Navigation Menu**

#### Status

This tab allows you to view status information for various switcher components. These tabs are the same as the **Switcher Status** tab from a DashBoard computer.

#### **Buses**

This tab allows you to select sources on any bus on the switcher. This tab is this same as the **Bus Assignments** page from a DashBoard computer.

- **1.** Tap the area and bus that you want to select a source on.
- 2. Tap the source that you want to select or tap **Exit** to close the popup.

*Tip:* The currently selected bus is shown at the upper left of the popup.

#### **Custom Control**

This tab allows you to run custom controls on the switcher. This tab is this same as the **Custom Control ShotBox** tab from a DashBoard computer. You cannot edit a custom control from this tab.

- **1.** Tap the bank for the custom control you want to run.
- **2.** Tap the custom control on the selected bank that you want to run.

# **Audio and Video Processing**

Video and audio signals are processed and passed through the switcher in different ways, depending on how the switcher is being used or is set up. A better understanding of how the switcher is processing these signals help you to achieve the production you want.

# **Video Processing and Flow**

Video is processed in a number of blocks in the switcher. After video comes into the switcher, the frame synchronizers / format converters are applied (depending on the frame you have). At this point any required color correction is also applied. After input the video signal is routed through the crosspoint. The crosspoint can route any input to any output for straight switching, or to the video processor and DVE and back for video manipulation. Just before the video signal is sent to the output, the processing of the ancillary data is performed.



Figure 3: Video Flow Through the Switcher

# **Audio Processing and Flow**

An audio signal is embedded into the ancillary data of a video signal before is comes into the switcher. This includes both standard embedded audio that comes from external sources and the audio sources from the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit. These audio sources are then brought into the audio mixer where they can be mixed and re-embedded on an output video signal.



Figure 4: Analog Audio Flow Through the Switcher

As the embedded audio signal comes into the switcher and is manipulated, you must ensure not to perform an operation that will force the ancillary data to be stripped. Once an audio signal is in the switcher sub-system the audio mixer is able to manipulate and re-embed it in the video signal. Pass-thought embedded audio can be stripped from the ancillary data if the video source is manipulated.



#### Figure 5: Embedded Audio Flow Through the Switcher

The following restrictions apply to ancillary data being included in the output:

- All ME program buses pass ancillary data.
- MultiViewer outputs do not include any ancillary data.
- MiniME<sup>™</sup> and MultiScreen outputs do not include any ancillary data unless an ME with ancillary data is re-entered onto the background bus.
- ME Preview does not include ancillary data unless the background is not selected as part of the next transition.
- A MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen can include ancillary data if an ME is re-entered onto the background.
- Any format conversion on the input video signal.
- Setting ancillary data to be stripped.

# **Video Sources**

The switcher has access to three basic types of video sources; external, internal, and follows.

All video sources can be assigned to video source buttons. By pressing a video source button on a bus, the video source assigned to that button is selected on that bus.

- **External** External video sources come from cameras, video servers, character generators, or other external devices into the switcher.
- **Internal** Internal video sources come from internally generated video, such as Media -Store channels, matte color, and black.
- Follows Follow video sources allow you to have one bus follow what is selected on another bus. For example, you can assign an Aux Bus to follow ME 1 Background so that a source selected on the background bus of ME 1 is also selected on the Aux Bus.

# To Select a Source on a Bus from DashBoard

To select a video source on a bus, you must identify the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, Aux, MultiScreen, or chroma key and bus you want to assign a video source to, and then press the source button you want to select on that bus.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Buses.



- 2. Click **ME Bus** or **Aux Bus** to select the area that you want to select a source on. As you select different areas, the buses for that area are listed on the row above.
- 3. Click MEX, MiniMEX, MultiScreenX, or AuxX to select the specific bus or area you want to select a source on. With an ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen there is an additional selection of the keyer, background, or preset bus that you want to select a source on. The aux buses do not have these selections.

 Select the background, preset, or keyer bus that you want to select a source on. (ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, and MultiScreen only)

**Note:** Ensure that the source selected on the bus you want to enter onto the ME,  $MiniME^{\mathbb{N}}$ , MultiScreen, aux, or keyer is valid for that destination. If the source is not valid, you will not be able to select the bus on the ME,  $MiniME^{\mathbb{N}}$ , Aux, or keyer.

- **5.** Select the type of source you want to assign to the bus and then select the source.
  - **Physical** the sources on the physical input BNCs.

**Tip:** If a source has a TSL name assigned to it, both the TSL name and input number are shown on the button.

- **Internal** internally generated sources, including re-entries.
- **Aux Follows** use the source that is active on selected aux bus.
- **ME Follows** use the source that is active on selected ME bus.
- MiniME Follows use the source that is active on selected MiniME<sup>™</sup> bus.
- **MultiScreen Follows** use the source that is active on selected MultiScreen bus.

# **Video Layering**

How video is layered in the output of the switcher depends on how an ME is re-entered onto the other, and what keyers are on-air for the ME.

If we assume that each ME has all keyers on-air and that ME 1 is re-entered into ME 2, the layering will start with ME 1 Background and progress to the highest ME and keyer.



Figure 6: Video Layering

*Tip:* You can select a  $MiniME^{\mathbb{M}}$  on an ME or different  $MiniME^{\mathbb{M}}$  to re-enter it. Up to two  $MiniME^{\mathbb{M}}$  re-entries, including an ME is allowed.

# **Re-Entry**

Re-entry is the term used to describe the process of selecting another ME on an ME. For example, if you select ME 1 on ME 2, ME 1 is said to be re-entered onto ME 2. Re-entry takes the output of an ME and uses it as the background or key on the other ME. If you select an ME on the background bus, the ME becomes background video source of the other ME. If you select an ME on a Key Bus, the ME becomes the key source of the other ME.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with re-entries:

- You cannot re-enter ME 2 into ME 1.
- You cannot re-enter an ME, or the Clean Feed of an ME, into itself.

#### **Re-Entry Timing**

Any ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> can go in any timing slot. MEs can only be re-entered in order from highest ME to ME P/P.



Figure 7: ME Timing Windows



Figure 8: MiniME<sup>™</sup> Timing Windows

#### To Re-Enter an ME

The process to re-enter any bus onto another is the same as re-entering an ME onto another ME.

**1.** Set up ME 1 with a background and a key.



**2.** Set up ME 2 with a key.



**3.** Select ME 1 as a source on the Background Bus of ME 2. Notice that the output of ME 1 is now being used as the background of ME 2.



# **FlexiClean Clean Feed**

FlexiClean provides a second program output that is derived from a different location than the standard program output. A frequent application is the recording of shows for later airing without call-in phone numbers inserted.

The clean feed output can come from before or between the keyers.



# **Video Preview**

Video preview allows you to use an additional monitor to preview what the next shot is going to be.

The preview for an ME shows what is selected for the next transition on that ME. This includes the keys and background video sources that will be on-air after the next transition.

#### **MultiViewer**

Each MultiViewer allows you to view up to 16 video sources (32 with Shift), in 47 different layouts, from a single output BNC. Any video source on the switcher, including ME Program, Preview, and Media-Store channels, can be routed to any box on the MultiViewer. All boxes on the MultiViewer output include mnemonic source names and red and green tallies.

There are 2 broadcast-quality integrated MultiViewer generators in the switcher subsystem. The MultiViewer outputs are only available on out BNCs 5 and 6, and the HDMI outputs.

Each MultiViewer head supports an integrated clock that can display time of day, timecode, or a countdown timer. The position, size, and color of the clock can be adjust.

# **Matte Source**

Matte color backgrounds (**BG**) are color signals that can be applied to backgrounds and keys. Color selection is done either by picking a preset color, or by adjusted hue, saturation, and luminance to create a custom color.

Select the matte generator (**BG**) on a background or key bus. The full region of the background or key is filled with the selected color.

*Note:* A color background can be a solid color, or a wash of two colors.

# To Set Up a Matte Color

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Matte.



- **2.** Select the matte generator that you want to set the color for.
  - **ME** *X* set the color for the color background source on the selected ME.
  - **Global** set the color for the global matte generator.
- **3.** Click one of the preset colors to assign that color to the selected matte generator.

*Tip:* You can select a custom color by clicking the color box to the right of the preset colors and selecting a new custom color. Toggle *Live* on to show the color changes live on the matte generator source.

# To Set Up a Wash

A wash applies colors to a pattern selected for a matte. The first color is preset to the matte color, but both are selectable. Selecting the source button again, or **KEY SEL** button returns to this menu. Refer to the sections on mattes and patterns for information on setting them up. You can load a preset color instead of creating the first custom color.



**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- **1.** Use the **Hue 1** knob to adjust the hue of the first custom color.
- **2.** Use the **Sat 1** knob to adjust the saturation of the first custom color.
- **3.** Use the **Lum 1** knob to adjust the luminance of the first custom color.
- 4. Press NEXT.
- 5. Use the Wash knob to select On.
- 6. Press NEXT.
- **7.** Use the **Size** knob to select the size of the wash pattern.
- 8. Press NEXT > NEXT > NEXT > NEXT.
- **9.** Use the **Hue 2** knob to adjust the hue of the second custom color.
- **10.** Use the **Sat 2** knob to adjust the saturation of the second custom color.
- **11.** Use the **Lum 2** knob to adjust the luminance of the second custom color.

# Copying

You can copy the content of an ME or keyer to another ME or keyer.

# **ME Copy**

You can copy the entire contents of an ME, MiniME<sup> $\mathbb{M}$ </sup>, or MultiScreen to another ME, MiniME<sup> $\mathbb{M}$ </sup>, or MultiScreen. The entire contents of the destination is replaced with the contents of the source.

When you copy an ME, the switcher tries to assign resources to the destination ME to match the source ME. If these resources are not available, the switcher may need to steal resources.

#### To Copy an ME

Copy the contents of an ME to another.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Copy > ME Copy.



- 2. Click a **Destination** button to select the destination that you want to copy to.
- **3.** Click a **Source** button to select the source you want to copy.
- 4. Click Copy.

# Кеу Сору

You can copy the entire contents of a keyer to another keyer in the same, or a different ME. The entire contents of the destination keyer are replaced with the contents of the source keyer.

When you copy a key, the switcher tries to assign resources to the destination key to match the source key. If these resources are not available, the switcher steals resources in the following order:

- **1.** From off-air keys that are not the source key.
- 2. From the source key, if it is not on-air.
- 3. From on-air keys that are not the source key.
- **4.** From the source key, even if it is on-air.

#### То Сору а Кеу

Copy the contents of a keyer to another.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Copy > Key Copy.



- 2. Click an ME Destination and Key Destination button to select the destination that you want to copy to.
- **3.** Click an **ME Source** and **Key Source** button to select the source you want to copy.
- 4. Click Copy.

# **Bus Copy**

You can copy the entire contents of an background or key bus to another bus. The entire contents of the destination is replaced with the contents of the source.

When you copy a bus, the switcher tries to assign resources to the destination bus to match the source bus. If these resources are not available, the switcher may need to steal resources.

#### To Copy a Bus

Copy the contents of a bus to another.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Copy > Bus Copy.



- Click an ME Source button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen that contains the bus you want to copy.
- **3.** Click a **Bus/Keyer Source** button to select the bus you want to copy from.
- 4. Click an **ME Destination** button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen that contains the bus you want to copy to.
- 5. Click a **Bus/Keyer Dest.** button to select the bus you want to copy to.
- 6. Click Copy.

#### **Key Swap**

You can swap the entire contents of any two keyers in the same, or different MEs. The video source, position, and key type are all swapped between keyers. This allows you to change the apparent key priority, or layering, of the keys in the video output. For example, key 3 appears over key 2. If you perform a swap between key 3 and key 2, it appears as if key 2 is now over key 3.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when performing a key swap:

- Key swap does not change the on-air status of a keyer.
- If a DVE key is set to freeze, it will be unfrozen by the swap.
- A key swap can be recorded as part of a custom control.

#### **To Perform a Key Swap**

This procedure swaps the contents of Key 2 and Key 3 as an example. Use the same procedure for any key combination.



**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- 1. Press and hold the **KEY 2 SEL** button.
- 2. Press the **KEY 3** button in the transition area.

# **Transitions**

Transitions are used to change the background video and take keys on and off-air. A transition can include any combinations of background and keyers for an ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen. The background and each keyer can be transitioned independently.

# **Performing Transitions**

What you can include in the transition, and the type of transition you can perform, depend on the number of resources you have, and if you are performing a background and keyer transition at the same time.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when performing transitions:

- If any of the sources going on-air have an assigned GPI output, the GPI output is triggered and the switcher then waits the configured pre-delay interval before performing the transition. If you perform a transition with the fader handle, the GPI output is triggered but the pre-delay interval is ignored.
- If any of the sources going on-air are assigned to a video server, you can have the video server play when the source is taken on-air by toggling **Roll Clip** on.
- If any of the sources going on-air are assigned to a video server, the switcher waits for the configured pre-delay interval before performing the transition. If you perform a transition with the fader handle, the pre-delay interval is ignored.
- If the fader is moved during an auto transition, control of the transition is passed to the fader. You must complete the transition with the fader. This allows you to override any auto transition in progress with the fader.
- The **Cut** and **Auto** buttons can be used to transition keys independently.
- You can pause an auto transition by pressing the **Auto Trans** button during the transition. Press the button again to continue the transition.
- If you turn the Transition Limit off when the transition has stopped at the transition limit point, the next transition starts from the

transition limit point and goes forward to complete the transition, instead of going back to the start.

• On a MiniME<sup>™</sup>, Background and key 2 only support Dissolve and Cut transitions.

#### **To Perform a Transition**

All transitions, with the exception of cuts on the background or key bus, have the same basic setup. The touchscreen menu system offers the touchscreen interface to setup and perform the transition.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs.



- 2. Click the **ME** *X*, **MiniME** *X*, or **MultiScreen** *X* for the area you want to perform the transition on.
- **3.** Select the video sources you want to take on-air on each bus. Background and keys are set up slightly differently but can be performed with the same transition.
  - Background click Trans > Preset and select the new background source.
  - **Key On-Air** click the **Key** X > **Key Fill** button for the key you want to take on-air and select the new source. Repeat this for each key you want to take on-air.
  - **Key Off-Air** you don't need to select the keys at this point.

**Tip:** Refer to To Select a Source on a Bus from DashBoard on page 26 for information on selecting sources.

- 4. Click Trans.
- **5.** In the Next Transition area, select the elements (Background and Keys) you want to include in the next transition. You can include any combination of background and keys, but at least one element must be selected.



6. In the **Rate** field, enter the rate that you want the transition performed at. This is the speed, in frames, that it takes for the transition to complete. A Cut or manual

fader transitions do not use the transition rate.

- **Background** enter a new ME transition rate, in frames, in the **Trans Rate** field.
- **Key Only** enter a new key transition rate, in frames, in the **Key X Rate** for the key you want to transition.

**Note:** The key rate is only used for key only transitions. Keys included in with the background are transitioned a the ME Rate.



7. In the Transition area, select the type of auto transition you want to perform. If you want to perform a cut you do not need to select a transition type and can move to the next step.



- **Dissolve** perform a dissolve or WhiteFlash auto transition. Refer to *To Set Up a Dissolve* on page 38 or *To Set Up a WhiteFlash* on page 38 for more information.
- Wipe perform a wipe auto transition. Refer to *To Set Up a Wipe* on page 39 for more information.
- **DVE** perform a DVE auto transition. Refer to *To Set Up a DVE Transition* on page 40 for more information.
- **Media** perform a MediaWipe auto transition. Refer to *To Set Up a MediaWipe* on page 40 for more information.
- 8. Click a **Trans Settings** button to turn the setting on or off. The options available depend on the type of transition selected.



- **Roll Clip** select whether you want any video server clips assigned to a source being taken on-air to play with the transition (**On**), or not (**Off**).
- **Preview** preview the transition on the preview output **On**. You cannot preview the independent key-only transitions or a MiniME<sup>™</sup> transition.
- Flip Flop select whether the wipe runs forward during the first transition and then reverse during the second (On), or if it always runs in the same direction (Off).
- **Direction** select the direction that the wipe travels.
- **9.** Click **Limit** to turn trans limit **On** or **Off**. Enter a value for the trans limit in the **Position** field to set the point in a transition where an auto transition stops. When active, the point in the transition where the auto transition will stop is indicated by a flashing segment on the transition progress bar next to the fader handle on the control panel. The auto transition proceeds to this point and stops. The second auto transition starts from the transition limit point and goes back to where the first transition started.



**Tip:** The **Limit Position** is a percentage with 0 being the starting point of the transition and 100 being the ending point of the transition.

#### **10.** Perform the transition.



**11.** If a pre-delay has been set, and **Roll Clip** is active, the switcher will apply the pre-delay interval before performing the transition.

# To Perform a Transition on TouchDrive (Memory Area)

All transitions, with the exception of cuts on the background or key bus, have the same basic setup. The control panel offers physical buttons and mnemonics to setup and perform the transition. Some panels have a memory area that can be used to set the transition rates.

**1.** Select the preset or key sources that you want to transition to on the buses.

*Tip:* You can perform a quick, or hot, cut on the background bus by simply selecting a different source.

2. In the **Transition** area, select the elements you want to include with the transition. If you are including multiple elements, press and hold the first button and press the other buttons to include them in the same transition.

**Note:** A key should be included in the transition if it is going on-air or off-air. The transition changes the on-air state of the keyer. If a key is on-air, a red indicator is visible on the display just above the key and the **CUT**button for that key is red in the **Keyer** area.



- **3.** In the **Transition** area, select the type of auto transition you want to perform. Refer to the manual that came with your switcher for information on setting up these transitions.
  - **DISS** perform a dissolve or WhiteFlash transition
  - WIPE perform a wipe transition
  - **DVE** perform a DVE transition
  - **MEDIA WIPE** perform a MediaWipe transition

**Note:** The **TRANS X** buttons are configurable and can be assigned different functions.

*Tip:* Press and hold *DISS* and press *Flash* on the row control menu to select a WhiteFlash transition.

**4.** The display in the **Transition** area shows the current setting for the transition type. Tap one of theses settings to show additional options.

*Tip:* Live Assist follows the transition type selection and shows the settings for that transition type.



- Left the left button shows the current pattern for the wipe or DVE transition. Tap the button and swipe left or right on the display to select a different pattern. For a MediaWipe the button shows the name of the media item being used for the transition.
- **Center** the center button shows the current direction for the wipe, DVE, or MediaWipe transition. Tap the button and select a different direction for the transition to be performed in.
- **Right** the right button shows the current position of the pattern for the wipe transition or the settings for the MediaWipe transition. Tap the button to have the 3-knob display show the position setting of the pattern and use the positioner to move the pattern around.
- **5.** In the **Memory** area, enter the rate that you want the transition performed at. This is the speed, in frames, that it takes for the transition to complete. A Cut or manual fader transition does not use the transition rate.



• **Background** — press **ME RATE** and use the keypad to enter a new rate, in frames,

and press **ENTER**. The rate is shown on the display on the **Transition** area.

• Key Only — press KEY RATE and use the keypad to enter a new rate, in frames, and press ENTER. The rate is shown on the Keyer area for each individual key.

**Note:** The KEY RATE is only used for key only transitions. Keys included in with the background are transitioned a the ME Rate.

- **6.** Perform the transition.
  - Auto Transition press AUTO. The transition is performed at the set transition rate.
  - Cut press CUT.
  - **Fader** move the fader from one limit to the other. The rate at which you push the fader determines the speed of the transition.
- 7. If a pre-delay has been set, and the **ROLL CLIP** button is active, the switcher will apply the pre-delay interval before performing the transition.

#### To Perform a Transition on TouchDrive (No Memory Area)

All transitions, with the exception of cuts on the background or key bus, have the same basic setup. The control panel offers physical buttons and mnemonics to setup and perform the transition.

**1.** Select the preset or key sources that you want to transition to on the buses.

*Tip:* You can perform a quick, or hot, cut on the background bus by simply selecting a different source.

2. In the **Transition** area, select the elements you want to include with the transition. If you are including multiple elements, press and hold the first button and press the other buttons to include them in the same transition.

**Note:** A key should be included in the transition if it is going on-air or off-air. The transition changes the on-air state of the keyer. If a key is on-air, a red indicator is visible on the display just above the key and the **CUT**button for that key is red in the **Keyer** area.



- **3.** In the **Transition** area, select the type of auto transition you want to perform. Refer to the manual that came with your switcher for information on setting up these transitions.
  - **DISS** perform a dissolve or WhiteFlash transition
  - **WIPE** perform a wipe transition
  - **DVE** perform a DVE transition
  - **MEDIA WIPE** perform a MediaWipe transition

**Note:** The **TRANS X** buttons are configurable and can be assigned different functions.

*Tip:* Press and hold **DISS** and press *Flash* on the row control menu to select a WhiteFlash transition.

**4.** The display in the **Transition** area shows the current setting for the transition type. Tap one of theses settings to show additional options.

*Tip:* Live Assist follows the transition type selection and shows the settings for that transition type.



- Left the left button shows the current pattern for the wipe or DVE transition. Tap the button and swipe left or right on the display to select a different pattern. For a MediaWipe the button shows the name of the media item being used for the transition.
- **Center** the center button shows the current direction for the wipe, DVE, or MediaWipe transition. Tap the button and select a different direction for the transition to be performed in.
- **Right** the right button shows the current position of the pattern for the wipe transition or the settings for the MediaWipe transition. Tap the button to have the 3-knob display show the
position setting of the pattern and use the positioner to move the pattern around.

- **5.** Set the rate for the transition you want to perform.
  - Background
    - a. On the Transition area tap **Rate** and use the 3-knob menu to enter the new rate.



Key Only

**Note:** The KEY RATE is only used for key only transitions. Keys included in with the background are transitioned a the ME Rate.

**a.** On the Keyer area tap the key you want to set the rate for.

Key 3 • Auto • CAM 1 Rate:005								
Clip: 50.0% Gain: 50.0% Transp: 0.0%	Invert: Off Mode: Normal	Show Alpha: Off Key PV: Off Mask: Off						

- **b.** Tap **Rate** and use the 3-knob menu to enter the new rate.
- 6. Perform the transition.
  - Auto Transition press AUTO. The transition is performed at the set transition rate.
  - Cut press CUT.
  - **Fader** move the fader from one limit to the other. The rate at which you push the fader determines the speed of the transition.
- 7. If a pre-delay has been set, and the **ROLL CLIP** button is active, the switcher will apply the pre-delay interval before performing the transition.

#### To Perform a Transition on Carbonite Black

All transitions, with the exception of cuts on the background or key bus, have the same basic setup. The control panel offers physical buttons and mnemonics to setup and perform the transition.

**1.** Select the preset or key sources that you want to transition to on the buses.

*Tip:* You can perform a quick, or hot, cut on the background bus by simply selecting a different source.

2. In the **Transition** area, select the elements you want to include with the transition. If you are including multiple elements, press and hold the first button and press the other buttons to include them in the same transition.

**Note:** A key should be included in the transition if it is going on-air or off-air. The transition changes the on-air state of the keyer. If a key is on-air, a red indicator is visible just above the include button for that key and the **CUT**button for that key is red in the **Keyer** area.

- **3.** In the **Transition** area, select the type of auto transition you want to perform. Refer to the manual that came with your switcher for information on setting up these transitions.
  - **DISS** perform a dissolve or WhiteFlash transition
  - WIPE perform a wipe transition
  - **DVE** perform a DVE transition
  - **MEDIA WIPE** perform a MediaWipe transition

**Note:** The **USER** button is configurable and can be assigned different functions.

4. In the **Memory** area, enter the rate that you want the transition performed at. This is the speed, in frames, that it takes for the transition to complete. A Cut or manual fader transition does not use the transition rate.

**Note:** If your control panel does not have a memory area, you can use the **Time** knob on the 3-knob menu, or DashBoard, to set the background transition rate.

- **Background** press **ME RATE** and use the keypad to enter a new rate, in frames, and press **ENTER**.
- Key Only press KEY RATE and use the keypad to enter a new rate, in frames, and press ENTER.

**Note:** The KEY RATE is only used for key only transitions. Keys included in with the background are transitioned a the ME Rate.

- **5.** Perform the transition.
  - Auto Transition press AUTO. The transition is performed at the set transition rate.
  - Cut press CUT.

- **Fader** move the fader from one limit to the other. The rate at which you push the fader determines the speed of the transition.
- 6. If a pre-delay has been set, and the **ROLL CLIP** button is active, the switcher will apply the pre-delay interval before performing the transition.

## **Cut Transitions**

A Cut is an instantaneous transition between video sources. Unlike all the other transition types, there are no intermediate steps between the video source that is on-air, and the video source you are transitioning to.



A cut is performed either by selecting different sources on a background or key bus, or by pressing a **Cut** button.

## **Dissolve Transitions**

A Dissolve is a gradual fade between video sources. For a Background transition, the video signal on the Background bus and the video signal on the Preset bus are mixed together until the Preset bus video signal completely replaces the Background bus video signal.



#### To Set Up a Dissolve

A dissolve transition requires that you set a background and key transition rate for the auto transition. A fader transition does not use the transition rate.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME that you want to perform the transition on.

*Tip:* You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen.

2. Click Trans > Dissolve, or press DISS in the Transition area on the control panel.



**Tip:** Click one of the **Transition Rate** buttons to quickly select the rate for the transition.

## WhiteFlash

Perform a two-step transition where a dissolve to and from white, or other selected color, is performed in the middle of the transition. The video signal on the Background bus is transitioned to a color background of the selected WhiteFlash color. The color background is then transitioned to the preset bus. WhiteFlash consumes a pattern generator for the transition.

Each ME has a separate WhiteFlash generator.

#### To Set Up a WhiteFlash

A WhiteFlash transition is performed just like a normal dissolve except that you must set the color for the flash and the rates for the onset, hold, and fade.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME that you want to perform the transition on.

*Note:* A WhiteFlash can only be performed on an ME.

- 2. Click Trans > Dissolve, or press DISS in the Transition area on the control panel.
- 3. Click Flash.

*Tip:* The **DISS** button on the control panel flashes indicating a WhiteFlash transition has been selected.



- 4. Use the **Onset %** and **Offset %** sliders to select the percentage of the transition that each phase of the WhiteFlash takes.
  - **Onset** duration of the dissolve to the WhiteFlash color.
  - **Offset** duration of the dissolve to the preset video source.
  - **Hold** duration of the dissolve that the WhiteFlash color is held. This value is the

residual of entire duration minus the onset and offset.

- **5.** Select a default or custom color for the WhiteFlash.
  - **Default** click one of the preset matte colors.
  - **Custom** click the arrow to the right of the **Matte Color** area and use the **Hue**, **Saturation**, and **Lightness** sliders to select your own color. Click **OK** to apply the color or **Live** to apply it in real-time.

## **Wipe Transitions**

A Wipe is a gradual transition where one video signal is replaced with another according to a wipe pattern. In the example below, a line wipe is being used.



For Key transitions, the key is wiped on or off-air with the transition and the background remains untouched. The duration of a wipe transition depends on either the transition rate for the ME, or the rate at which the fader is moved.

#### To Set Up a Wipe

A wipe transition requires that you select a wipe pattern, set the direction and number/size of wipe pattern, as well as set a background and key transition rate for the auto transition. A fader transition does not use the transition rate.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME that you want to perform the transition on.

Note: A wipe can only be performed on an ME.

2. Click Trans > Wipe, or press WIPE in the Transition area on the control panel.



- **3.** In the **Wipe Pattern** area, select the pattern that you want to use for the wipe.
- **4.** Set up the wipe pattern as required.

- Wipe Aspect adjust the aspect ratio of the wipe pattern. Not all patterns can be adjusted.
- **H-Multiply** multiply the pattern horizontally.
- **V-Multiply** multiply the pattern vertically.
- **X-Position** position the pattern on the x-axis.
- **Y-Position** position the pattern on the y-axis.
- **Rotation** rotate the pattern. Not all pattern can be rotated.
- **Border Size** apply a border to the pattern and adjust the size. At size 0 the border is off.
- **Border Softness** apply softness to the border.
- **Border Color** select a color for the border. You can choose between the predefined colors or use the color picker to select a custom color.

## **DVE Transitions**

A DVE transition is a gradual transition where one video signal is replaced with another according to a 2D DVE pattern.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when performing DVE transitions:

- You must include the background when performing a DVE transition on a Chroma Key, Self Key, or Auto-Select Key. If you do not include the background, a dissolve transition is performed.
- Performing a DVE transition on a DVE Key without including the background scales the transition effect to the size of the DVE Key. This transition does not consume an additional DVE resource.
- Performing a DVE transition on a DVE Key with the background included does not scale the transition effect. This transition consumes the second DVE resource.
- You cannot perform a DVE transition on a MultiScreen.
- You can only perform a DVE transition on a DVE key on a MiniME<sup>™</sup>. If the transition includes the Background, or a keyer that is

not set as a DVE, the transition is switched to a dissolve.

#### To Set Up a DVE Transition

A DVE transition requires that you select the DVE pattern and duration for the transition.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME that you want to perform the transition on.
- 2. Click Trans > DVE, or press DVE in the Transition area on the control panel.



**3.** Click a **DVE Pattern** button to select the DVE wipe pattern you want to use.

## **MediaWipe Transitions**

A MediaWipe allows you to use an animation to cover a transition. When the transition starts, the switcher plays the selected animation over top of the background and keys that are being transitioned. A MediaWipe can be used to cover a cut, dissolve, wipe, or DVE transition.

For a cut MediaWipe, the transition is performed when the cut point is reached. It is important to use a full-screen image in the animation at the cut point so that the cut is not visible on-air.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when performing MediaWipe:

- Although you can select a still image for a media transition, it is not recommended.
- Only Auto Transition should be used for Media transitions. Using the fader to perform the transition manually could result in jumps in the animation.
- The duration of the transition (Time) is set by the length of the animation and the play speed of the animation.
- The audio associated with a MediaWipe is only available on the AES outputs.
- You cannot perform a MediaWipe transition on a MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen.
- Only Media-Store channels 1 and 2 can be used for a MediaWipe.

• The MediaWipe can be set to occur between any of the keys or the background. When you set the layer to a specific key, the MediaWipe animation will cover that key, even if the key is not part of the transition. The animation plays over the key, but the key remains after the animation is finished. Any keys above the MediaWipe layer remain on top of the animation.

#### To Set Up a MediaWipe

A MediaWipe requires that you select the animation you want to use and then set up how you want to transition performed under the animation. This information is stored with the media item when you press save.

- Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME that you want to perform the transition on.
- 2. Click Trans > Media, or press MEDIA in the Transition area on the control panel.



- **3.** In the **Media Status** area, click a **Media** *X* button to select the channel you want to assign an animation to.
- **4.** In the **Media Selection** area, click the thumbnail box for the animation you want to assign to the Media-Store channel.

**Tip:** Enter the media item number for a media item in the field below the thumbnail button assign that button to the media item.

- **5.** In the **Trans Layer** area, select where the MediaWipe will occur.
  - **Auto** MediaWipe occurs over highest number key in the transition.
  - **Bkgd** MediaWipe occurs over the background, but under all keys.
  - **Key1** MediaWipe occurs over the background and key 1, but under remaining keys.
  - **Key2** MediaWipe occurs over the background and key 1 and 2, but under remaining keys.
  - Key3 MediaWipe occurs over the background and keys 1-3, but under key 4.

- **Key4** MediaWipe occurs over the background and keys 1-4, but under key 5.
- Key5 MediaWipe occurs over the background and keys 1-5, but under key 6.
- **Key6** MediaWipe occurs over the background and all keys.



**Important:** If a key is above the MediaWipe layer and included in the MediaWipe transition, it will cut off-air with the transition. This is normally covered by the animation when the layer is above the key.

#### 6. Click Edit Media Trans.



- 7. In the **Media Over** area, select the type of transition you want to use under the MediaWipe. This also allows you to set up the transition parameters for wipes and DVE transitions.
- 8. Click **Trans Time** and use the slider or fader in the **Transition** area on the control panel to set the start and end of the transition under the MediaWipe.
  - (Cut only) Use the **Cut Frame** slider to select the point for the cut, or move the fader to the point in the animation where you want the cut to happen and click **Cut at Fader Position**.
  - Use the **Start Trans At** slider to select the point where the transition starts, or move the fader to the point in the animation where you want the transition to start and click **Start Trans at Fader Position**.
  - Use the **Trans Rate** slider to select the duration of the dissolve, or move the fader to the point where you want the transition to end and click **End Trans at Fader Position**.

**Tip:** If you select a negative start point for the transition, the transition will start first and then the animation will play after the start point duration has passed.

**9.** Click **Thumbnail** and use the **Thumbnail** slider to select a point in the animation that you want to use as a thumbnail for the MediaWipe. You can also use the fader to

#### select the position and click **Generate Thumbnail at Fader Position**.

- **10.** Click **Save** to save the new setting to the selected media item.
- **11.** Click **Exit Edit Media Trans**.

## Keying

Keying is the term used to describe when you insert (or electronically cut) portions of one scene into another, or place titles over background images. Keys are made up of two basic components, an alpha, that cuts the hole in the background video, and a fill, that fills the hole with different video.

Keys, like MEs, are layered onto the background video signal from the lowest numbered key to the highest on an ME.

**Note:** DashBoard Live Assist will not notify you of error messages or if a confirmation is required. For example, if there are no available resources for the DVE Key, or Chroma Key, you are trying to create, the switcher will not create the key and no notification will be shown.

**Important:** If you are using a MiniME<sup> $\mathbb{M}$ </sup>, key 1 only supports a DVE key type, and key 2 only supports the Self Key, Auto Select, and Chroma Key types. Key priority on a MiniME<sup> $\mathbb{M}$ </sup> is the same as on an ME.



#### Figure 9: Key Priority

**Tip:** The Key Preview (**KEY PV**) button allows you to temporarily force the program output of the selected keyer to the preview output of the switcher. The ME remains in the key preview state for as long as you hold the **KEY PV** button, and returns to normal as soon as you release the button. You can also double-press the **KEY PV** button to latch the ME in the key preview state until the button is pressed again.

## Self Keys

A Self Key is a key in which the luminance, or brightness, values of the key source are used as the alpha for the key.

#### To Set Up a Self Key

A self key is set up by selecting the keyer and video source you want to use, and adjusting the key parameters.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up. **Tip:** You can use the same procedure for a  $MiniME^{\sim}$  or MultiScreen.

- **2.** Click **Key Video** and select the video signal you want to use for the key.
- 3. Click Self Key.



**Tip:** Click **Show Alpha** to have the preview output of the current ME switch to the alpha signal that is being used by the selected keyer. Show alpha is not available for  $MiniME^{\sim}$  outputs.

*Tip:* Click *Key Preview* to force the program output of the selected keyer to the preview output of the switcher.

*Tip:* Click *Make Linear* to return the clip and gain values to the default settings.

- **4.** Use the **Clip** slider to remove lower-saturated colors from the video image.
- 5. Use the **Gain** slider to adjust the transition between the video image and the parts of the video image that are removed.
- **6.** Use the **Transparency** knob to adjust the transparency of the key from opaque (**0**) to fully transparent (**100**).
- 7. Click **Key Invert** to reverse the polarity of the key alpha so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key alpha instead of bright areas.
- **8.** Click a **Keyer Mode** button to override the shaped setting for the key.
  - **Normal** set to a linear keyer for an unshaped source.
  - **Additive** set to an additive keyer for a shaped source. The **Key Invert** function is disabled in this mode.
  - **Full** set the alpha to fully opaque (white). The **Clip**, **Gain**, **Make Linear**, and **Key Invert** functions are disabled in this mode.
- **9.** Click **Mask** to apply a mask to the key.

## **Auto Select Keys**

An Auto Select key is a key in which two video signals are required to make the key. The alpha is used to cut the hole in the video and the fill is used to fill the hole. These signals often originate from external devices such as character generators, external still stores, or other graphics systems.

#### To Set Up an Auto Select Key

An auto select key is set up by selecting the keyer and video source you want to use, and adjusting the key parameters. The pairing of the video and alpha video signals is done when configuring video inputs. Refer to the Setup Manual that came with your switcher for information on setting up Auto Keys.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

*Tip:* You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen.

- 2. Click **Key Video** and select the video signal you want to use for the key.
- 3. Click Auto Select.



**Tip:** Click **Show Alpha** to have the preview output of the current ME switch to the alpha signal that is being used by the selected keyer. Show alpha is not available for  $MiniME^{ini}$  outputs.

**Tip:** Click **Key Preview** to force the program output of the selected keyer to the preview output of the switcher.

*Tip:* Click *Make Linear* to return the clip and gain values to the default settings.

- **4.** Use the **Clip** slider to remove lower-saturated colors from the video image.
- 5. Use the **Gain** slider to adjust the transition between the video image and the parts of the video image that are removed.
- **6.** Use the **Transparency** knob to adjust the transparency of the key from opaque (**0**) to fully transparent (**100**).
- 7. Click **Key Invert** to reverse the polarity of the key alpha so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key alpha instead of bright areas.
- **8.** Click a **Keyer Mode** button to override the shaped setting for the key.
  - Normal set to a linear keyer for an unshaped source.

- **Additive** set to an additive keyer for a shaped source. The **Key Invert** function is disabled in this mode.
- **Full** set the alpha to fully opaque (white). The **Clip**, **Gain**, **Make Linear**, and **Key Invert** functions are disabled in this mode.
- **9.** Click **Mask** to apply a mask to the key.

## UltraChrome Chroma Key

An UltraChrome Chroma Key is a key in which the hole is cut based on a color value, or hue, rather than a luminance value or alpha signal. The color is removed and replaced with background video from another source. The default color is blue.

Chroma Key adjustments are persistent and are not affected by a soft reset or switcher reboot. However, initializing the Chroma Key or performing a factory reset returns all adjustments to default values.

#### **Chroma Key Modes**

The UltraChrome Chroma Key operates in one of two modes, Basic or Advanced, depending on the complexity of the Chroma Key you are setting up.

- **Basic Mode** In basic mode, UltraChrome provides a simple background/foreground chroma key with adjustment for background spill and edge softness.
- Advanced Mode In advanced mode, UltraChrome provides advanced background shadow and translucency control, as well as control over background/foreground transition areas.

Although it is possible to switch back and forth between advanced and basic mode, the additional image correction of the advanced mode is only applied in the advanced mode. For example, if you use the basic mode to set up the Chroma Key and then switch to the advanced mode, the entire image may change as the image correctors provided by the advanced mode are applied at their default settings.

#### **Chroma Key Basic Mode**

The following chroma key parameters can be adjusted in Basic Mode:

• **Background Gain** — Allows you to modify the range of colors that are considered

background and are masked out of the Chroma Key.

- Edge Softness Allows you to adjust the amount of edge softening applied to the foreground. This helps blend the foreground into the new background.
- Foreground Clip/Hue/Reject Allows you to modify the range of colors that are considered foreground and are not masked.
- **Spill Range** Allows you to remove background color casts that may spill into the foreground image (green color cast on the foreground from a green-screen for example).

#### To Set Up a Chroma Key in Basic Mode

The UltraChrome chroma key tries to automatically adjust for the scene you are trying to chroma key. For the best results, initialize the key first, and then identify the areas where you need to adjust the key.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

*Tip:* You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen.

- **2.** Click **Key Video** and select the video signal you want to use for the key.
- 3. Click Chroma Key.

**Tip:** Click **Show Alpha** to have the preview output of the current ME switch to the alpha signal that is being used by the selected keyer. Show alpha is not available for  $MiniME^{ini}$  outputs.

4. Click Basic.



- 5. Click the **Color** button for the color you want to key out.
- **6.** Click **Init** to initialize the chroma key.

Every time the key is initialized, the switcher resets all the Chroma Key parameters to their default settings.

- **7.** Click an **Additive Keying** button to turn it on or off.
  - **Off** Reduces the level of detail in the edges of the chroma key as well as the

overall noise in the key image that can be the result of certain lighting conditions or high detail camera settings. This is the default setting.

- **On** Include the maximum detail in the edges of the chroma key.
- **8.** Use the **Background Gain** slider to adjust the background gain.
  - Increasing the gain value causes the background to appear more opaque. This results in less of the background color being removed.
  - Decreasing the gain value causes the background to appear more transparent. This results in more of the background color being removed.
- **9.** Use the **Edge Softness** slider to add or remove edge softening of the foreground image and alpha channel.
  - Increasing the softness value increases the amount of softness applied to the foreground edges and alpha channel.
  - Decreasing the softness value decreases the amount of softness applied to the foreground edges and alpha channel.
- **10.** Use the **Foreground Clip** slider to adjust the foreground clipping.
  - Increasing the clip value removes lower-saturated colors from the foreground image.
  - Decreasing the clip value includes lower-saturated colors in the foreground image.
- **11.** Use the **Foreground Hue** slider to select the central (base) color for the foreground.
  - Increasing the hue value moves counter-clockwise around the color wheel to select a base color.
  - Decreasing the hue value moves clockwise around the color wheel to select a base color.
- **12.** Use the **Foreground Reject** slider to include or reject hues adjacent to the base color
  - Increasing the Reject value decreases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in the foreground.
  - Decreasing the Reject value increases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in the foreground.

- **13.** Use the **Spill Range** slider to remove any color cast onto the foreground.
  - Increasing the range value causes more of the foreground colors to be corrected for background color spill.
  - Decreasing the range value causes fewer of the foreground colors to be corrected for background color spill.

**14.** Click **Mask** to apply a mask to the key.

#### **Chroma Key Advanced Mode**

An UltraChrome chroma key, in advanced mode, breaks the image into five elements which determine, or partially determine, which part of the image is keyed out, or removed.

- **Background** Background elements are those pixels in the source video that are the same color as the one you chose to key out. Note that the Shadow and translucent areas (see below) are completely contained within the Background area.
- **Shadow** Shadow elements are those pixels in the source video with colors that are within the Background range, but with lower luminance values, depending on the shadow range. You modify the Shadow range to cover darker areas of the background (e.g. where the foreground is casting a shadow on the background screen).
- **Translucency** Translucent elements are those pixels in the source video that are in the Background range, but with higher luminance values than the Shadow range. You can control the upper-end of the Translucency range by setting a wider hue-range to constrain the area. You can also control the transparency of the Translucent area.
- **Transition** Transition elements are those pixels in the source video with colors that are not within any of the previous three ranges and are also not considered part of the Foreground area. These are typically the pixels near the edge of the foreground, where it blends into the background.
- Foreground Foreground elements are those pixels that are not within the Background, Shadow, Translucency, or Transition ranges. This is the area with colors that will not be keyed out and will remain solid.

- **Spill Suppress** Spill Suppression elements are those pixels in the Foreground that have a noticeable tint of the Background color. This typically occurs around the edge of the foreground subject as glow from the background blue-screen or green-screen "spills" onto them.
- Edge Softness Edge Softness lets you apply varying degrees of softening to the Foreground edges to help it blend in with the underlying background image that it is being keyed over.
- Luminance Luminance allows you to control the overall brightness of Shadow, Translucency, and Transition areas as well as partial reflections to more closely match the Foreground brightness.

#### To Set Up a Chroma Key in Advanced Mode

The UltraChrome chroma key tries to automatically adjust for the scene you are trying to chroma key. For the best results, initialize the key first, and then identify the areas where you need to adjust the key.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

**Tip:** You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup> $\sim$ </sup> or MultiScreen.

- **2.** Click **Key Video** and select the video signal you want to use for the key.
- 3. Click Chroma Key.

**Tip:** Click **Show Alpha** to have the preview output of the current ME switch to the alpha signal that is being used by the selected keyer. Show alpha is not available for  $MiniME^{\cong}$  outputs.

4. Click Advanced



- 5. Click the **Color** button for the color you want to key out.
- 6. Click **Init** to initialize the chroma key. Every time the key is initialized, the switcher resets all the Chroma Key parameters to their default settings.
- **7.** Click an **Additive Keying** button to turn it on or off.

- Off Reduces the level of detail in the edges of the chroma key as well as the overall noise in the key image that can be the result of certain lighting conditions or high detail camera settings. This is the default setting.
- **On** Include the maximum detail in the edges of the chroma key.
- 8. Use the **Background Neg Hue** slider to adjust the range of hues that are included in the Background, expanding counter-clockwise around the color wheel.
- **9.** Use the **Background Pos Hue** slider to adjust the range of hues that are included in the Background, expanding clockwise around the color wheel.
- **10.** Use the **Background Sat** slider to adjust the saturation range of the background color.
  - Increasing the saturation range value includes a wider range of saturation values to be included in the background.
  - Decreasing the saturation range value includes a narrower range of saturation values to be included in the background.
- **11.** Use the **Edge Softness** slider to add or remove edge softening of the foreground image and alpha channel.
  - Increasing the softness value increases the amount of softness applied to the foreground edges and alpha channel.
  - Decreasing the softness value decreases the amount of softness applied to the foreground edges and alpha channel.
- **12.** Use the **Foreground Clip** slider to adjust the foreground clipping.
  - Increasing the clip value removes lower-saturated colors from the Foreground image.
  - Decreasing the clip value includes lower-saturated colors in the Foreground image.
- **13.** Use the **Foreground Hue** slider to select the central (base) color for the foreground.
  - Increasing the hue value moves counter-clockwise around the color wheel to select a base color.
  - Decreasing the hue value moves clockwise around the color wheel to select a base color.

- **14.** Use the **Foreground Reject** slider to include or reject hues adjacent to the base color.
  - Increasing the reject value decreases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in the foreground.
  - Decreasing the reject value increases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in the foreground.
- **15.** Use the **Background Suppress** slider to change the overall brightness of Shadow, Translucent, and Transition areas.
  - Increasing the background suppress value increases the brightness of Background, Translucent, and Transition areas.
  - Decreasing the background suppress value decreases the brightness of Background, Translucent, and Transition areas.
- **16.** Use the **Luminance Reflection** slider to change the brightness of semi-transparent reflections (like reflections from glasses).
  - Increasing the reflections value increases the brightness of semi-transparent reflections.
  - Decreasing the reflections value decreases the brightness of semi-transparent reflections.
- **17.** Use the **Shadow Gain** slider to adjust the shadow appearance.
  - Increasing the gain value creates darker shadows.
  - Decreasing the gain value creates lighter shadows.
- **18.** Use the **Shadow Range** slider to adjust the range of the shadow colors.
  - Increasing the range value widens the shadow area by including lower-luminance background colors. The increased range comes as a result of colors moving from the translucent area to the shadow area.
  - Decreasing the range value narrows the shadow area by excluding high-luminance colors. These excluded colors move back into the translucent area.
- **19.** Use the **Spill Clip** slider to adjust spill suppress clipping.

- Increasing the clip value removes higher-saturated colors from spill suppress correction.
- Decreasing the clip value includes higher-saturated colors in spill suppress correction. If your foreground image contains bright-colored areas that are suffering from background spill, decrease the clip value to have it corrected.
- **20.** Use the **Spill Hue** slider to select the central, or base, color for spill suppress correction. If the color spill does not appear to be the same color as the background, use this control to adjust which hue is considered to be "spilled" into the foreground.
  - Increasing the hue value moves counter-clockwise around the color wheel while selecting a base color.
  - Decreasing the hue value moves clockwise around the color wheel while selecting a base color.
- **21.** Use the **Spill Reject** slider to include or reject adjacent hues to the base.
  - Increasing the reject value increases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in spill correction.
  - Decreasing the reject value decreases the amount of adjacent hues that are included in spill correction.
- **22.** Use the **Transition Gain** slider to adjust the appearance of the Transition colors.
  - Increasing the gain value makes the transition area pixels more opaque.
  - Decreasing the gain value makes the transition area pixels more transparent.
- **23.** Use the **Translucency Gain** slider to adjust the appearance of the translucent colors.
  - Increasing the gain value causes the translucent colors to appear more opaque.
  - Decreasing the gain value causes the translucent colors to appear more transparent.
- **24.** Use the **Translucency Range** slider to adjust the range of the translucent colors.
  - Increasing the range value widens the translucent area by including more hues from the background range (the

lower-end of the range is defined by the shadow range you just set).

- Decreasing the range value narrows the translucent area by excluding hues.
- **25.** Click **Mask** to apply a mask to the key.

#### MiniME<sup>™</sup> Chroma Key Output

You can use a MiniME<sup>™</sup> to output a chroma key fill and alpha. This allows you to use the switcher as a chroma key generator for a virtual set environment.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when setting up an external chroma key output.

- Only Key 2 from a MiniME<sup>™</sup> can be used to output the video/fill of the chroma key. Key 1 must be set to black and off-air.
- All ancillary data is stripped from the video source.

#### To Set Up a MiniME<sup>™</sup> Chroma Key Output

The fill of the chroma key is fed out of the MiniME<sup>™</sup> keyer and the alpha is fed out of the selected output.

**Note:** This procedure uses  $MiniME^{\mathbb{M}} 4$  for the chroma key output, but you can use any  $MiniME^{\mathbb{M}}$ .

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs > MiniME 4.
- 2. Click Key 1.
- 3. Click Key Fill: and select Black.
- 4. Click Key 2.
- **5.** Click **Key Fill** and select the video source that you want to chroma key.
- **6.** Click **Chroma Key** and initialize the key as normal.
- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Outputs.
- 8. Click the **Source** button for the output that you want to feed the chroma key fill from and click **MinME4**.
- **9.** Click the **Source** button for the output that you want to feed the chroma key alpha from and click **MMCKA4**.

#### **DVE Keys**

The DVE key allows you to apply digital video effects, such as scale, crop, aspect ratio, position, and border to a video image or another key type.

When the DVE is applied to another key type, it is said to be flying (Fly Key).

*Tip:* You can see where DVE channels are allocated from the *Status* page in DashBoard.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with a Fly Key:

- The Fly Key feature consumes a single DVE channel for self keys and chroma keys, but two DVE channels for an auto select key.
- The Fly Key feature cannot be applied to a DVE key.
- The Key Invert feature is not available for a Fly Key.
- The self key Fly Key can be used with all MultiScreen layouts. The auto select key Fly Key can only be used with the Dual Vert or Dual Horiz MultiScreen layouts.
- A chroma key should be initialized and adjusted before the DVE (Fly Key) is applied to it.

#### To Set Up a DVE Key

The DVE engine allows you to apply digital video effects, such as scale, crop, aspect ratio, position, and border to a video image in 2D space.

The DVE resources for this key may not be available. Depending on how your switcher is configured, you may be asked to steal the resources from another element, or be prevented from using the resources.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

*Tip:* You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen.

- **2.** Click **Key Video** and select the video signal you want to use for the key.
- 3. Click DVE Key > Parameters.



**Tip:** Click **Show Alpha** to have the preview output of the current ME switch to the alpha signal that is being used by the selected keyer. Show alpha is not available for  $MiniME^{ini}$  outputs.

*Tip:* Click *Key Preview* to force the program output of the selected keyer to the preview output of the switcher.

- 4. Use the X-Position, Y-Position, and Size sliders in the Positioning area to position and size the key.
- **5.** Use the **Aspect** slider to adjust the aspect ratio of the key.
- 6. Use the **Left** and **Right** sliders to crop the left and right sides of the key.
- 7. Use the **Top** and **Bottom** sliders to crop the upper and lower sides of the key.
- 8. Click a **Freeze** button to freeze the video and appearance of the key (**On**). When a key is frozen, the DVE attributes are disabled and you can not move the key.
- **9.** Click **Mask** to apply a mask to the key.

Refer to the section *To Apply a Border/Edge Softness to a DVE Key* on page 49 for information on applying a border to the key.

#### To Apply a DVE to a Key (Fly Key)

The Fly key is when the DVE engine is applied to another key type.

The DVE resources for this key may not be available. Depending on how your switcher is configured, you may be asked to steal the resources from another element, or be prevented from using the resources.

You should set up your key as you want it before applying the Fly Key.

- Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.
- 2. Click DVE and click On.



- **3.** Use the **X-Position**, **Y-Position**, and **Size** sliders in the **Positioning** area to position and size the key.
- **4.** Use the **Aspect** slider to adjust the aspect ratio of the key.
- 5. Use the Size and Softness sliders in the Edge Softness area to apply softness to the edges of to the key.

Refer to the section *To Apply a Border/Edge Softness to a DVE Key* on page 49 for information.

- **6.** Use the **Left** and **Right** sliders to crop the left and right sides of the key.
- 7. Use the **Top** and **Bottom** sliders to crop the upper and lower sides of the key.
- 8. Click a **Freeze** button to freeze the video and appearance of the key (**On**). When a key is frozen, the DVE attributes are disabled and you can not move the key.

#### To Apply a Border/Edge Softness to a DVE Key

A DVE border or edge softness is applied to the edges of the DVE key and is manipulated as part of the key.

**Note:** You can only apply a border to a DVE key. Fly Keys, such as chroma keys or auto select keys with DVE applied to them cannot have a border applied to them. Instead, the selection is Edge Softness and is used to soften the edges of the key without any color.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

**Tip:** You can use the same procedure for a  $MiniME^{\sim}$  or MultiScreen.

2. Click DVE Key > Parameters.



- **3.** Use the **Size** slider in the **Border** area to turn on the border and adjust the size of the border around the key.
- 4. Use the **Softness** slider to adjust the softness of the border.
- **5.** Select a default or custom color for the border (borders only).
  - **Default** click one of the preset colors.
  - Custom click the arrow to the right of the Border Color area and use the Hue, Saturation, and Lightness sliders to select your own color. Click OK to apply the color or Live to apply it in real-time.

## **Show Alpha**

You can route the processed alpha for the selected keyer to the preview output for the ME you are working on.

Show alpha is not available on a  $\mathrm{MiniME}^{^{\mathrm{\tiny M}}}$  or MultiScreen.

- Select the keyer that you want to show the alpha for and press and hold the **SHOW ALPHA** button on the control panel. The preview output of the ME shows the processed alpha of the selected key until the button is released.
- Select the keyer that you want to show the alpha for and double-press the **SHOW ALPHA** button. The preview output of the ME shows the processed alpha of the selected key until the button is pressed again.
- Toggle the **Show Alpha** button on from Live Assist.

#### Masks

A Mask is a technique in which a pattern is combined with the key source to block out unwanted portions of the key source.

Two types of masks are available, Box masks and Pattern masks. All key types can be masked.

- **Box Mask** uses a simple box shape to mask out a portion of the key
- **Pattern Mask** uses a pattern from the pattern generator to mask out a portion of the key

#### To Pattern Mask a Key

Pattern masks can be adjusted for size, location, rotation, and multiplication.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

**Tip:** You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup> $\sim$ </sup> or MultiScreen.

2. Click Mask > Pattern.



**3.** Select the pattern you want to use for the mask.

- 4. Click **Mask Force** to force the area inside the mask region to the foreground.
- **5.** Click **Mask Invert** to invert the masked area with the unmasked area.
- 6. Set up the mask as required.

Parameter	Description
Size	Adjust the size of the mask region.
Softness	Apply softness to the edges of the mask region.
Border Size	Apply a border to the mask region and adjust the size. At size 0 the border is off.
Aspect	Adjust the aspect ratio of the mask. Not all patterns allow you to adjust the aspect.
Rotation	Rotate the mask pattern. Not all patterns can be rotated.
H-Multiply	Multiply the mask pattern horizontally.
V-Multiply	Multiply the mask pattern vertically.
X-Position	Position the mask on the x-axis.
Y-Position	Position the mask on the y-axis.

*Tip:* You can use the Positioner to adjust the size and position of the box mask.

#### To Box Mask a Key

Box masks can be adjusted for size, location, rotation, and multiplication.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the ME and key that you want to set up.

**Tip:** You can use the same procedure for a MiniME<sup> $\sim$ </sup> or MultiScreen.

2. Click Mask > Box.



- **3.** Click **Mask Force** to force the area inside the mask region to the foreground.
- **4.** Click **Mask Invert** to invert the masked area with the unmasked area.
- **5.** Set up the mask as required.

Parameter	Description
Size	Adjust the size of the mask region.
-	

Parameter	Description
Left Edge	Adjust the position of the left edge of the mask region.
Right Edge	Adjust the position of the right edge of the mask region.
Top Edge	Adjust the position of the top edge of the mask region.
Bottom Edge	Adjust the position of the bottom edge of the mask region.
X-Position	Position the mask on the x-axis. This adjust both the left and right edges at the same time.
Y-Position	Position the mask on the y-axis. This adjusts both the top and bottom edges at the same time.
Edge Softness	Apply softness to the edges of the mask region.

*Tip:* You can use the Positioner to adjust the size and position of the box mask.

## **Split Keys**

A Split key allows you to assign a different alpha source for a key than the fill/alpha associations that are set up during configuration, or to use a separate alpha source for a Self key.

A split key can be applied to an auto select, or self key.

#### To Set Up a Split Key

A split key works on an **Auto Select** or **Self Key** that has been set up and you want to apply a different alpha to.

- **1.** Set up your key with the video source you want to use.
- 2. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > MEs and select the key you want split.

**Tip:** From the control panel, press and hold the **SELF** or **AUTO** (depending on the type of key you are splitting) and press the source button for the new alpha you want to use.

**3.** Click **Key Alpha** and select the new alpha you want to use.

## **Memory Functions**

A memory register is a snapshot of the current state of the switcher that can include one or multiple ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, or chroma key outputs. Up to 100 memory registers per ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, or chroma key can be stored and recalled on the switcher. Each of these memory registers can store as little as the information of one ME, or as much as the current state of the entire switcher, including all ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, chroma key outputs, Aux Buses, and DVE settings.

## **Storing Memories**

When you store a memory, you are storing the complete state of that area. This includes the current state of all the components of the ME, including keyer settings, transition rates, wipe and pattern selections, and source selections. In addition, the current settings for the various keyers, such as chroma key settings, and clip and gain settings, are also stored.

#### To Store a Memory

How to store a memory.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > Store > General.



2. In the **Inclusions** area, select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, and MultiScreen that you want to store the memory for. When you include an area in a memory, the current state of that area is stored in the memory and will be recalled with the memory.

> **Tip:** You can deselect all inclusions for a memory so that it doesn't affect these areas. This can be used to create a memory that only recalls Media-Store or Aux bus selections.

**3.** In the **Memory Store** area, click the **Bank** *X* and *X*:**Mem** button for the bank and memory register that you want to store to.

**Tip:** If a memory register contains a memory for the area(s) selected in the **Inclusions**, the button glows purple and the areas that the register contains a memory for are listed below the memory number. The currently selected memory register glows blue.

- **4.** Select the recall mode for the memory. This is the mode that is stored in the memory, but can be overridden when the memory is recalled.
  - **Program** all elements are recalled as stored (default).
  - **MemoryAI** current on-air elements are unchanged and the transition area is configured to take the on-air elements of the memory on-air with the next transition.
  - Effects Dissolve on-air elements listed below are transitioned to the elements stored in the memory. The time it takes to go from the current elements to the elements in the memory is set in the Effects Duration field.
    - Matte colors (background, wash or borders)
    - Keyer settings like clip, gain, transparency
    - Mask position and size
    - Chroma key settings, except the background color
    - Pattern settings like size, position, aspect, border, softness, rotation
    - DVE settings like size, position, aspect, border, softness, cropping
    - Media-Store x/y position
    - Transition Progress
- **5.** Set the memory attributes that you want recalled with the memory. Refer to *Memory Attributes* on page 53 for information on memory attributes.

**Tip:** All attributes are stored in the memory. Turning individual attributes on or off sets whether that item is included with the memory recall. Individual attributes can be turned on or off when the memory is recalled.

**6.** Click **Store** to store the memory.

## **Recalling Memories**

When you recall a memory, the existing configuration of that ME is replaced with the settings stored in the memory.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when recalling memories:

• How a memory is recalled depends on the how the Memory Attributes are set.

- Recalling a memory that includes a new Media-Store image to be loaded from a USB drive may result in the currently loaded image to be displayed for a few frames while the new image is loaded.
- Recalling a memory that includes a source assigned to a camera also recalls the shot stored in the memory for that camera if the **Camera** memory attribute is set to **Recall**. There is no delay in the memory recall so camera movement may be visible while the shot is recalled.
- You can override the video source stored in a memory by pressing and holding a source button and recalling the memory (Bus Hold). The held source button overrides the source that is recalled with the memory for that bus. The memory is not affected by a Bus Hold and will recall properly without the Bus Hold.
- Enabling Memory AI mode changes the way key elements are recalled. If a key is currently on-air, the element for that key is recalled in the next available off-air key. If there is no available off-air keys, the element is not recalled.
- If Disable Audio Memories is set to On (Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System
   > Global) the audio memory attributes are disabled.

#### **Related information**

Memory Attributes on page 53

#### **Memory Attribute Color Coding**

For a memory recall you can set individual attributes to be recalled or not, regardless of how they were stored. How the attribute is recalled is indicated by the color of the attribute button.

Color	Description
Key 1 Bus (As Stored)	As Stored — the memory attribute is recalled exactly as it was stored in the memory.
Key 1 Bus (Recall)	<b>Recall</b> — the memory attribute is recalled with the memory, even if the attribute was not set to be stored with the memory.
Key 1 Bus [No Recall]	<b>No Recall</b> — the memory attribute is not recalled with the memory, even is the attribute was set to be stored with the memory.

#### **To Recall a Memory**

How to recall a memory using DashBoard.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > Recall > General.



2. In the **Inclusions** area, select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, and MultiScreen that you want to recall the memory for.

**Tip:** You can deselect all inclusions for a memory so that it doesn't affect these areas. This can be used to create a memory that only recalls Media-Store or Aux bus selections.

3. In the **Memory Recall** area, click the **Bank** *X* button for the bank that you want to recall from.



*Important:* Clicking a *X:Mem* button recalls that memory.

**Tip:** If a memory register contains a memory for the area(s) selected in the **Inclusions**, the button glows purple and the areas that the register contains a memory for are listed below the memory number.

**4.** Select the recall mode for the memory.

**Note:** Recall attributes are color-coded for how they are going to be recalled. Refer to <u>Memory Attribute Color</u> Coding on page 52 for information on the color meaning.

- **As Stored** recall the memory with the same attributes that it was stored with.
- **Program** all elements are recalled as stored (default).
- **MemoryAI** current on-air elements are unchanged and the transition area is configured to take the on-air elements of the memory on-air with the next transition.
- Effects Dissolve recall the memory with an effects dissolve to the new memory elements. The time it takes to go from the current elements to the elements in the memory is set in the Effects Duration field or using the Effect Duration From Memory.
- **5.** Set the memory attributes that you want recalled with the memory. Refer to *Memory*

*Attributes* on page 53 for information on memory attributes.

**Note:** All attributes are stored in the memory. Turning individual attributes on or off sets whether that item is included with the memory recall. Individual attributes can be turned on or off when the memory is recalled.

**6.** Click the **X:Mem** button to recall the memory.

*Tip:* Click **Undo** to undo the last memory recall.

## **Memory Attributes**

Memory Attributes allow you to specify what elements are recalled with a memory, as well as adding effects to memory recalls. These elements include the background/preset buses, keyer bus, Aux bus, Media-Store selections, and audio faders, as well as keyer on-air status, and transition selections.

In addition to setting which sources to recall with the memory, effects such as performing an auto transition after the memory recall or running a custom control after the memory recall, can also be included.

Memory attributes can be set both when the memory is stored, and when it is recalled. This allows you to store a set of attributes with a memory and then recall it as stored, or override the attributes stored in the memory and apply different ones when the memory is recalled. A memory attribute does not need to be stored in the memory to be recalled.

**Tip:** It is recommended that if you are new to working with memories, use the memory store attributes to set how you want a memory to be recalled and set the recall attributes to be **Memory**.

#### **To Set the Memory Attributes**

Memory attributes can be set when the memory is stored or when it is recalled. This procedure sets the store attributes, but the information applies to both.

- Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > Store.
- **2.** Click **General** and set the attributes as required.



#### **Note:** For information on the recall mode (**Program/MemoryAI/Effects Dissolve**) refer to **To Store** a Memory on page 51.

- **Roll Clip** set whether a play command is triggered when a source that is assigned to a video server is recalled.
- **Camera** set whether camera shots are recalled.
- **MediaX** set whether Media-Store items and settings for the selected channel are recalled.
- Click MEs > ME X for the ME you want to set the attributes for. The attributes for each ME are separate and must be set for each ME you want to include in the memory.



- **Trans Area** set how the next transition type and parameters are recalled.
- **Next Trans** set how the next transition area is recalled.
- **Run Auto** set whether a transition is performed after the memory is recalled. (Not available during Effects Dissolve transitions.)
- **Background Bus** set how the sources selected on the background bus are recalled.
- **PST Bus** set how the sources selected on the preset bus are recalled.
- Shared Pattern set whether the settings for the shared Key Mask/Wash pattern generator is recalled.
- **Key X Bus** set whether the source selected on the key bus is recalled.
- **Key X Active** set whether the on-air status of the key is recalled.
- **Key X Type** set whether the key type is recalled.
- Key X Mask set whether mask settings for the key are recalled.
- **4.** Click **MiniME** *X* for the MiniME<sup>™</sup> you want to set the attributes for.



- **Trans Area** set how the next transition type and parameters are recalled.
- **Next Trans** set how the next transition area is recalled.
- **Run Auto** set whether a transition is performed after the memory is recalled. (Not available during Effects Dissolve transitions.)
- **Background Bus** set how the sources selected on the background bus are recalled.
- **PST Bus** set how the sources selected on the preset bus are recalled.
- **Key X Bus** set whether the source selected on the key bus is recalled.
- **Key X Active** set whether the on-air status of the key is recalled.
- **Key X Type** set whether the key type is recalled.
- **5.** Click **MultiScreen** *X* for the MultiScreen you want to set the attributes for.



- **Trans Area** set how the next transition type and parameters are recalled.
- **Next Trans** set how the next transition area is recalled.
- **Run Auto** set whether a transition is performed after the memory is recalled. (Not available during Effects Dissolve transitions.)
- **Background Bus** set how the sources selected on the background bus are recalled.
- **PST Bus** set how the sources selected on the preset bus are recalled.
- Key X Bus set whether the source selected on the key bus is recalled.
- **Key X Active** set whether the on-air status of the key is recalled.
- **Key X Type** set whether the key type is recalled.
- 6. Click Auxes.



- **Aux** *X* set whether the source selected on the aux bus is recalled.
- 7. Click Audio.

**Note:** If **Disable Audio Memories** is set to **On** (Click **Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global**) the audio memory attributes are disabled.



- **Main** set whether the configuration of the main audio mix is recalled.
- **Monitor** set whether the configuration of the monitor audio mix is recalled.
- **Aux** *X* set whether the configuration of the aux audio mix is recalled.

## **Deleting a Memory**

You can delete the contents of a single memory. Only one memory can be cleared at a time, and you cannot undo the deletion.

*Tip:* You can clear all memories from the switcher from the control panel. (Press *MENU* > *Reset* > *NEXT* > *NEXT*.)

#### **To Delete a Memory**

Delete an individual memory or bank.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > Store
- 2. In the **Memory Store** area, click the **Bank** *X* and **Mem** *X* button for the memory register that you want to delete.
- 3. Click Delete Memory.

## Memory Names and Mnemonics (TouchDrive only)

Assign custom mnemonic colors and names to individual memories. These are only visible on the TouchDrive panel when the user select bus is assigned to a memory bank,

#### To Assign a Name to a Memory

Memories can have custom names and colors on the TouchDrive control panel.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > Memory Mnemonics.
- 2. Click **Bank** *X* to select the bank that the memory you want to name is on.
- 3. Click the memory you want to name.

Setting	Description
Name	Enter a new name for the selected memory.

Setting	Description							
	Click a <b>Foreground</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the text on the mnemonic.							
Background	Click a <b>Background</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the background on the mnemonic.							

## **Audio Mixer**

The audio mixer node in DashBoard provides a graphical interface to all the audio sources and mixer layers. An audio channel must be routed to the switcher to be controllable by the audio mixer interface. Audio sources can come from the embedded audio on an input BNC, through the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit, or from the Media -Store.

*Note:* The audio mixer interface is only available in DashBoard.

## Sample Rate Conversion

Integrated sample rate converters can convert audio sample rates of up to 192kHz on the AES Input port (2 channels) on the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit as well as the input BNCs 1-6 (16 channels).

The sample rate converters will convert the audio to the video reference rate.



## **Audio Mixer Interface**

The audio mixer interface allows you to control the mix levels for all the incoming channels to a mix layer, as well as the main level for the output of that layer. The **Main** layer also has a monitor output and level.

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	10.000		<b>1</b>	100 M	<b>1</b>	100 M		100 M	<b>1</b>	100 M	100 Res	100 M					
	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<u> </u>	<b>1</b>	- H	<b>1</b>										
- ML																	
34									4	5							Huber
101					3				972 15							6	

**1.** Audio Channel Strips — Each strip controls the input from that audio channel. Strips are color coded for where the audio comes from. The controls available on each strip depend on how the audio fader is configured.

- **Bal/Pan:** adjust the balance or pan of the audio source. Whether Balance or Pan is applied to the audio source is determined automatically based on the audio source assigned to the fader.
  - **Balance** the volume of the left and right stereo channel. For example, as you move the slider to the right the volume of the right channel is increased and the volume of the left channel is decreased.
  - **Pan** the amount of the left or right input channel that is part of each channel before the mixer. For example, as you move the slider to the right you get more of the left channel in the right channel and the volume of the left channel decreases.
  - **Tone** plays out a tone on the channel. This can help identify that a channel is being routed correctly in the mixer. The frequency of the test tone is set from the **Audio Mixer Configuration** page.

**Tip:** Shortcut buttons are also provided on the **Balance** window for **NG/Ducking**, **EQ**, **Compression Limiter**, and **Config**. These buttons jump directly to the corresponding setup pages for the channel you are on.

- **Mute** turn off the audio from this source. This does not change the level.
- **Pre/Post** (Aux only) select whether the audio source on an **Aux** layer is taken before the fader (**Pre**) or after (**Post**) the source fader. If an audio source is taken before the fader, the source fader has no impact on the level of the audio going out the aux layer.
- **Fader** adjust the level of the audio from the source. You can either move the fader manually or enter a value in the text field at the bottom of the slider.

**Tip:** At the top of the fader are three **Clip** indicators to warn you if clipping is occurring in the Equalizer stage (**EQ**), Compressor/Limiter stage (**CL**), or Noise Gate (**NG**).

 AFV (Main only) — turn Audio Follow Video (AFV) on or off for this audio source. AFV is only available for audio that is associated with a video source, such as embedded audio on input BNCs and from the Media-Store. When AFV is on, the audio level is taken to the **AFV Set** level when the associated video source is taken on-air. The audio level is taken to **-infinity** when the video source is taken off-air.

- **AFV Set** (Main only) the maximum level that you want the audio to rise to when the associated video source is taken on-air. To set the AFV level, move the slider to the level you want the audio to be at and click **AFV Set**. The **AFV Set** button turns on when the slider is at the AFV set level.
- **PFL** turn Pre Fader Listen (PFL) on or off for this audio source. This is similar to solo in that it mutes all other sources, but the audio source is taken before the fader where solo takes the audio after the fader. PFL hears the raw audio level coming into the mixer and solo hears the audio at the level the fader is set to. When **PFL** is turned on for a source a warning light flashes red on the monitor strip.
- **Solo** mute all other audio sources but the one(s) you turn solo on for. This allows you to quickly isolate a source without having to mute all the other sources. When **Solo** is turned on for a source a warning light flashes red on the main strip.

**Tip:** You can move a fader at any time to bring up an audio source even if the associated audio source is not on-air. This audio source will remain at the selected level until it is brought down again manually or is included in a transition with **AFV** turned on.

- 2. Main Level Controls The Main and Monitor strips control the levels of the output audio for the mixer. If you select an Aux output this strip changes to control the level for that output.
  - **Effects** click the **Compressor Limiter** button to jump directly to the corresponding setup pages for the effect you are applying to the output.
  - **Monitor Source** (Monitor only) select the audio source for the monitor output.
  - **Fader** adjust the level of the audio output. You can either move the fader manually or enter a value in the text field at the bottom of the slider.

- **PFL/Solo Clear** (Monitor only) turn solo off for all sources on this audio layer.
- **3.** Layer Controls select the audio layer that you want to control. Each layer is assigned to an audio output.
- **4. Configuration** open the audio mixer configuration page.
- 5. Effects open the effects page where you can apply a noise gate, equalizer, and compressor to the audio.
- 6. Included Channels select whether only the audio sources that have been assigned to each layer are shown (**Custom**), or whether all audio sources are shown (**All**).

## **Audio Mixer Setup**

The audio mixer has up to 13 mixer layers that can be configured for which inputs are available to them and which physical outputs they are routed to.

The audio mixer supports up to 48 configurable faders. Each fader can be assigned any audio source in the mixer.

#### To Set the Number of Configurable Audio Faders (Channel)

Set the number of audio faders, or channels, that the mixer has.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global.



2. In the **Conf Audio Channels** field, select the number of configurable faders you want on the audio mixer.

#### **To Set Up Audio Faders**

Assign audio sources to each fader in the mixer.

 Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Config.

	Fader Source	Label	Audio Source	<b>APV</b> Trans	<b>APV</b> Trigger	Tone Freq	Processing Order		ke		
м											
1		Autio1		Fade							<u> </u>
2		Autio2		Fade							
3		Autis3		Fade							
4		Audis4		Fade							
5		Autis5		Fade							
6		Autio6		Fade							
7		Autin7		Fade							
		Autio8		Fade							
•		Autis9		Fade							
10		Audio10		Fade							
11		Audio11		Fade							
12		Audio12		Fade							
13		Autio13		Fade							
14		Audio14		Fade							
15		Audio15		Fade							
16		Audio16		Fade							

2. In the Fader Config area, click the Fader Source button for the fader you want to assign an audio source.

Audio1 Source Audio Input								
input								
5								

- **Input** assign an audio source to the fader.
  - **XPX** XPression audio sources
  - **PC** PC audio sources

**Tip:** Each PC audio channel appears as an audio playback device in Windows<sup>®</sup> Sound Control. The audio rate is fixed to 48kHz at 16 bits per sample.

- **SDIX** SDI audio sources
- **ClipPlyr** audio from clip player
- **Media***X* Media-Store audio sources
- **AESX** AES source from each ABU
- **ABMX** analog audio source from each ABU
- **Mix** assign the output of a mixer to the fader (loop back).
  - **Main** output of main mix.
  - **Aux***X* output of a aux mix.

Assign an audio source to the fader or select **Off** to turn the audio fader off.

*Tip:* You can rename a fader by entering a new name in the *Label* field.

**3.** Click the **Audio Source** button and click the stream pair that you want to use.

Audio1 So	urce Audio C	hannel 🗙			
Stereo	Mono Left	Mono Right			
1-2					
3-4					
5-6					
7-8					
9-10					
11-12					
13-14					
15-16					

- **Stereo** select the stereo pair that you want to use.
- Mono Left select the left mono pair you want to use. The left channel audio is put on both the left and right channels.
- Mono Right select the right mono pair you want to use. The right channel audio is put on both the left and right channels.
- 4. Toggle the AFV Trans button to either have the audio sources fade in and out (Fade) or have a cut between the audio sources (Cut) when the associated video source is taken on or off-air.
  - **Fade** the audio source level is taken down (going off-air) or up (going on-air) as the transition progresses. The rate of the audio fade is tied to the length of the video transition.
  - **Cut** the audio source is cut on-air at the beginning of the transition (going on-air) or cut off-air at the end of the transition (going off-air).

**Note:** Each audio source is transitioned according to how the AFV transition is set. For example, if Audio 1 is set to Cut and Audio 2 is set to Fade and you perform a transition from Audio 1 to Audio 2, Audio 1 will remain on and cut off at the end of the transition and Audio 2 will fade in through the transition.

5. Click the **AFV Trigger** button and select the video source(s) that you want the audio transitions to follow. By default, the audio follows the video it is embedded in. You can select multiple sources.

Audio1 AF	Audio1 AFV Trigger							
NoSrc	1	2						
3	4	5						
6	7	8						
9								
TSL 112 [12]	HDMI	M1						
M2	M3	M4						
XP1V	XP2V	XP3V						
XP4V								

6. Click the **Tone Freq** button and select the frequency you want to use for the test tone

on this channel. The test tone can be turned on from the main audio mixer interface.

Click a Processing Order button for an audio fader to select whether the equalizer (EQ) is applied first, or if the compressor/limiter (C/L) is applied first for that fader. The noise gate (NG) is always applied upstream.

*Tip:* You can use the *Processing Order* buttons for *All* to change the processing order for all audio faders.

#### To Assign Audio Channels to Mix Layers

Select which audio sources are visible on each mixer layer.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Config.
- 2. In the Mixer Config area, click the mixer layer tab (Main, Aux X) you want to show or hide audio faders on.



- **3.** Uncheck the **Visible** box to hide a fader on the selected layer.
- Check the Disable box to disable a fader on the selected layer. A disabled fader is still visible on the layer, but the gain is fixed to -Infinity. The fader shows DISABLED in the gain value.
- Change the order of the audio faders on the mixer layer by moving an audio source Up (left) or Down (right) in the list.
- 6. Click Settings.



**Tip:** To change the name of a mixer layer, enter a new name in the field for the mixer layer you want to change the name for. If you click **Settings** again you will see the new name applied to the mixer layer selection button.

- 7. Click the **Type** button to select if an aux mixer layer is simple or advanced.
  - **Advanced** standard mixer layer with full functionality.
  - **Simple** simplified mixer layer where Pre/Post is unavailable and the faders are locked at 0db.

#### **To Configure the Analog Inputs**

Each analog input on the ABU can be configured independently.

- Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Config.
- 2. In the ABM Input Config area, click Preamp.



**3.** Click the **Gain** button for the analog input you want to configure.

**Tip:** When you have multiple ABUs, the analog inputs are labelled by the ABU and input they are on. For example, Analog 2:5 is analog input 5 on ABU 2.

**4.** Use the **Gain** slider to adjust the amount gain (loudness) that is applied to the input audio channel before the mixer.



Click a Phantom (48V) button to apply 48V to the analog input XLR jack (On) to power a microphone (condenser microphone). Click Off to not have phantom power applied to the analog input.



*Important:* Ensure Phantom Power is off when using line in from an audio device over XLR. Use phantom power for mic only.

 Click a Pad (-20dB) button to apply -20dB of attenuation to the input signal (On) to prevent clipping of very loud signals.

#### To Configure the ABU Input Audio Delay

Each input on the ABU can have an audio delay applied to it.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Config.
- 2. In the ABM Input Config area, click Delay.

Preamp		Delay	
Analog1: 1	0	frames	
Analog1: 2		frames	
Analog 1: 3		frames	
Analog1: 4		frames	
Analog1: 5		frames	
Analog1: 6		frames	
Analog1: 7		frames	
Analog 1: 8		frames	
Analog2: 1		frames	
Analog2: 2		frames	
Analog2: 3		frames	
Analog2: 4		frames	
Analog2: 5		frames	
Analog2: 6		frames	
Analog2: 7		frames	
Analog2: 8		frames	
Analog3: 1		frames	
Analog3: 2		frames	
Analog3: 3		frames	
Analog3: 4		frames	
Analog3: 5		frames	
Analog3: 6		frames	_
Analog3 7		framoe	

**3.** Click on the field next to the audio input that you want to apply a delay to and enter the delay, in frames. A maximum delay of 14 frames is supported.

*Tip:* When you have multiple ABUs, the inputs are labelled by the ABU and input they are on. For example, Analog 2:5 is analog input 5 on ABU 2.

#### **To Configure Audio Outputs**

Audio signals can be embedded in video both internal and external video outputs.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Outputs and click Internal or External, depending on the output you want to configure.



2. In the Video + Audio section, click the Audio Mix button for the video output you want to assign an audio source to and select the audio source.

*Tip:* Assign audio channels to the SDI outputs used for the ABUs from the *ABM* page.

Audio Mix Configuration X							
				idard	Custom		
Castom Nix Assig	rments						
1-2	3.4	<u> </u>	-7-8	9-10	11-12	13 - 14	15 - 16
Stience	Stence	Stence	Stence	Silence	Stence	Silence	Stence
Main							Main
Monitor							Monitor
Aux1							ALKI
Aurc3							Aut/3
A1164							Altei
AuroS							AutoS
Auros							Auto
Aud							Auk?
Aud							Audi
Aur9							Aux9
Auxe10							Aux10
Aucit							Aux11
Aux12							Aux12

- **Passthrough** embedded audio is passed through from the input source. Not available for MultiViewer outputs.
- **Standard** embed all audio mixes from the internal audio mixer.
- **Custom** select which audio source will be embedded on each stereo pair.
  - **Silence** embed silence.
  - **Main** embed the main audio mix from the internal audio mixer.
  - **Monitor** embed the monitor mix from the internal audio mixer.

- **Aux** *X* embed the audio from Aux Bus *X*.
- **3.** Click **Internal** and then click the **Audio Mix PC Audio** button and select the audio source you want to assign to the PC Audio output.

PC Audio Output 🛛 🗙					
	Aux1				
	Aux3				
Aux4	Aux5				
	Aux7				
	Aux9				
	Aux11				
	Monitor				

#### **To Configure ABU Audio Outputs**

Audio signals are assigned to the outputs of each ABU as well as embedded in the video SDI-Audio loop.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Outputs > ABM.



2. Click the SDI, Analog, or AES button for the ABU you want to assign a source to and select the audio source.

**Note:** If you only have a single ABU, the label **Audio Mix** is shown instead of the number of the ABU.



*Note:* The SDI and AES outputs support stereo outputs.

*Tip:* You can add a custom label to each output in the *Label* field

- Silence embed silence.
- Main embed the main audio mix from the internal audio mixer. For the analog outputs you can choose the left, right, or mono channel.
- **Monitor** embed the monitor mix from the internal audio mixer. For the analog outputs you can choose the left, right, or mono channel.
- **Aux** *X* embed the audio from Aux Bus *X*. For the analog outputs you can choose the left, right, or mono channel.

#### **Noise Gate**

The audio noise gate allows you to attenuate audio levels that are below a set threshold. These are often used to reduce background noise from the audio output signal. The noise gate does not remove the noise, but attenuates the entire signal when it is below the set threshold. When the input audio level is below the threshold the noise gate is closed and the attenuation is applied. When the input audio level passes above the threshold, the gate opens and the attenuation is removed. You can adjust how quickly the attenuation is removed once the threshold is surpassed as well as how quickly it is applied when the audio level drops below the threshold.

**Note:** The noise gate is the first audio processing that is applied to the signal.



#### To Configure a Noise Gate

Apply a noise gate to the audio level to prevent background noise.

 Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Effects > Noise Gate.



**Tip:** To the left of the controls is a gain meter for to the current channel. You can use this to see how your adjustments are affecting the audio.

2. Click the audio source button at the bottom left of the page and select the audio channel that you want to apply a noise gate to.

	Audio1				×
I	Channel				
l	40001				
I					
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**Tip:** Click **Default** and click **All Channels** to default the noise gate for all channels or **Current Channel** to default it for only the currently selected channel.

*Tip:* Click **Back to Mix** to return to the mixer page.

**3.** Click **Bypass** to turn bypass off and have the noise gate applied to the selected audio channel.

*Tip:* The **NG Closed** indicator warns you if noise gate is closed and the audio signal is being attenuated.

#### 4. Set up the noise gate as required.

Parameter	Description
Threshold	Select the level (-dB) at which the noise gate opens.
Depth	Select the level that the audio signal must go below the threshold before the noise gate is triggered to close.
Reduction	Select the amount of attenuation/gain (dB) that you want to reduce the audio signal by when the noise gate is closed (below the threshold).
Attack	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when the noise gate is triggered to open (pass the threshold) and the attenuation being fully released.
Hold	Select the amount of time (s) between when the noise gate is triggered to close (level is below the Depth) and the Release is applied.
Release	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the gate is fully closed (full Reduction is applied).

## **Ducking and Talkback**

The audio ducking and talkback use the noise gate to attenuate the background audio of a mix when a selected channel is active. This can be done automatically when a selected channel comes up above a threshold (Ducking), or manually (Talkback).

#### Ducking

Ducking is applied to the mix when the audio channel that ducking is set on rises above a threshold. Ducking is often used for voice-overs or announcement. The background mix is ducked when the announcer starts talking and returns to the previous level when the announcer stops talking. The settings for ducking are the same as for noise gate except that when the ducking channel passes the threshold the mix is ducked down by the reduction amount and the ducking channel is untouched.

When ducking is active for a channel, the **Mute** button is replaced with **Ducking**. When the **Ducking** button is off, the channel is muted and ducking is not applied. When the **Ducking** button is on, the channel is unmuted and the mix will be ducked when the ducking channel passes the threshold.



#### **To Configure Ducking**

Apply ducking to the channel that you want to use to duck the mix that the channel is used on.

 Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Effects > Noise Gate.



**2.** Click the audio source button at the bottom left of the page and select the audio channel that you want to apply ducking to.



**Tip:** Click **Default** and click **All Channels** to default the ducking for all channels or **Current Channel** to default it for only the currently selected channel.

*Tip:* Click **Back to Mix** to return to the mixer page.

- **3.** Click **Ducking Mode** to turn bypass off and have the ducking applied to the selected audio channel.
- **4.** Set up ducking as required.

Parameter	Description
Threshold	Select the level (-dB) at which the ducking is applied to the mix.

Parameter	Description		
Depth	Select the level that the audio signal must go below the threshold before the ducking is removed.		
Mix Reduction	Select the amount of attenuation/gain (dB) that you want to reduce the mix by when the ducking is applied (above threshold).		
Attack	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when ducking is triggered to apply (pass the threshold) and the attenuation being fully applied to the mix.		
Hold	Select the amount of time (s) between when ducking is triggered to release (level is below the Depth) and the Release is applied.		
Release	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the ducking is fully released (mix back to normal levels).		

#### Talkback

Talkback is applied to the mix when an audio channel that is set to talkback is manually triggered. Talkback is often used in a studio for internal communications, the background mix is ducked when the talkback button is pressed so that talent can hear the director over the background. Setting for talkback are similar to ducking except there is no threshold or depth.

When talkback is active for a channel the **Mute** button is replaced with **Talkback**. When the **Talkback** button is off, the channel is muted and talkback is not applied. When the **Talkback** button is held, the channel is unmuted and the mix will be attenuated for as long as the button is held.



#### **To Configure Talkback**

Apply talkback to the channel that you want to use to manually duck the mix that the channel is used on.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Effects > Noise Gate.



2. Click the audio source button at the bottom left of the page and select the audio channel that you want to apply talkback to.



**Tip:** Click **Default** and click **All Channels** to default the talkback for all channels or **Current Channel** to default it for only the currently selected channel.

*Tip:* Click **Back to Mix** to return to the mixer page.

#### 3. Click Talkback Mode.

*Note:* You must click *Bypass* on the Noise Gate to apply talkback to the channel.

#### 4. Set up talkback as required.

Parameter	Description
Threshold	Not used by talkback.
Depth	Not used by talkback.
Mix Reduction	Select the amount of attenuation/gain (dB) that you want to reduce the mix by when the talkback is applied ( <b>Talkback</b> button held).
Attack	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when talkback is triggered to apply and the attenuation being fully applied to the mix.
Hold	Select the amount of time (s) between when talkback is released ( <b>Talkback</b> button is released) and the Release is applied.
Release	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the talkback is fully released (mix back to normal levels).

## **Audio Equalization**

The audio equalizer (EQ) allows you to enhance the sound quality of audio sources. An independent stereo equalizer is available for every audio fader in the system and allows for adjustment in four bands (low-shelf, mid-range 1/2, high-shelf).

#### To Configure an Equalizer

A stereo equalizer is available for every audio source. You can only adjust a single equalizer at a time.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Effects > Equalizer.



2. Click the audio source button at the bottom left of the page and select the audio channel that you want to apply an equalizer to.



**Tip:** Click **Default** and click **All Channels** to default the equalizer for all channels or **Current Channel** to default it for only the currently selected channel.

Tip: Click Back to Mix to return to the mixer page.

**3.** Click **Bypass** to turn bypass off and have the equalizer applied to the selected audio channel.

**Tip:** The **EQ Clip** indicator warns you if clipping is occurring in the Equalizer stage for the selected audio source.

**4.** Set up the equalizer as required.

Parameter	Description		
Low Shelf	Adjust the gain of the low frequency band.		
	<i>Tip:</i> You can also move the <i>L</i> point around on the graph to adjust the low shelf values.		
	<ul> <li>Gain — set the audio level of the frequency band (-20dB to 20dB).</li> <li>Max Freq — click ^ and set the maximum frequency that you want the low shelf audio band limited to (20Hz to 1kHz).</li> </ul>		

Parameter	Description		
Midrange 1	Adjust the gain of a midrange frequency band.		
	<b>Tip:</b> You can also move the <b>M1</b> point around on the graph to adjust the midrange 1 values. The dot below the <b>M1</b> allows you to adjust the Q ratio.		
	<ul> <li>Gain — set the audio level of the frequency band (-20dB to 20dB).</li> <li>Center Freq — click ^ and set the middle frequency of the audio band (20Hz to 20kHz).</li> <li>Q — click ^ and set the Q ratio.</li> </ul>		
Midrange 2	Adjust the gain of a midrange frequency band.		
	<b>Tip:</b> You can also move the <b>M2</b> point around on the graph to adjust the midrange 2 values. The dot below the <b>M2</b> allows you to adjust the Q ratio.		
	<ul> <li>Gain — set the audio level of the frequency band (-20dB to 20dB).</li> <li>Center Freq — click ^ and set the middle frequency of the audio banc (20Hz to 20kHz).</li> <li>Q — click ^ and set the Q ratio.</li> </ul>		
High Shelf	Adjust the gain of the high frequency band.		
	<i>Tip:</i> You can also move the <i>H</i> point around on the graph to adjust the high shelf values.		
	<ul> <li>Gain — set the audio level of the frequency band (-20dB to 20dB).</li> <li>Min Freq — click ^ and set the minimum frequency that you want the high shelf audio band limited to (20kHz to 1kHz).</li> </ul>		

## **Compressor / Limiter**

The audio compressor allows you to restrict audio levels from passing a threshold level. These are often used to prevent digital clipping of audio levels that are too high for output equipment. Once the threshold is reached, the compressor starts to reduce the gain at a specific ratio. The higher the compression ratio, the harsher the reduction in gain. The compression continues until the audio level falls below the threshold. You can adjust how quickly the compressor is applied once the threshold is surpassed as well as how long after the level drops below the threshold that the compressor is still applied. Audio compression can be applied at the input or output stage of the mixer.

**Tip:** The compressor is said to be acting as a limiter when the compression ratio is set very high, or to infinity, and the attack time is set very low. This has the effect of causing a very abrupt flattening of the audio level once the threshold is reached.



#### To Configure a Compressor/Limiter

Apply compression to the audio level to prevent digital clipping.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Audio Mixer > Effects > Compressor Limiter.



*Tip:* The *CL Clip* indicator warns you if clipping is occurring in the Compressor stage for the selected audio source.

2. Click the source button at the bottom left of the page and select the **Channel** or **Mix** that you want to apply a compressor to.



**Tip:** Click **Default** and click **All Channels** to default the compressor for all channels or **Current Channel** to default it for only the currently selected channel.

*Tip:* Click *Back to Mix* to return to the mixer page.

- **3.** Click **Bypass** to turn bypass off and have the compressor applied to the selected audio channel or mix.
- **4.** Set up the compressor as required.

#### Parameter Description

**Threshold** Select the level (dB) at which the compressor is applied.

Parameter	Description
Compression	Select the ratio for the amount of compression you want to apply. The higher the ratio the more compression is applied to lower the level. At <b>infinity</b> the audio level is limited to the threshold.
Attack	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between the level surpassing the threshold and the full compression ratio being applied.
Release	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between the level falling below the threshold and the compression ratio returning to 1:1 (no compression applied).
Makeup	Increase the gain (dB) of the audio after compression.

*Tip:* The *Gain Reduction Meter* shows how much gain is being reduced by the compressor. The *Src* (Source) meter to the left shows the gain before the compressor is applied.

## Windows<sup>®</sup> Audio

Windows<sup>®</sup> identifies and interacts with the audio going to and coming from the switcher subsystem in specific ways. Use the following information to help you set up Windows<sup>®</sup> audio.

- The Recording Device must be set to **Digital Audio Interface**.
- The Default Playback Device should be set to Digital Audio Interface to be able to send Windows<sup>®</sup> audio to the audio mixer.
- The Listen to this device option should be selected on the Listen tab on the Digital Audio Interface Properties.
- The Speakers (High Definition Audio) option should be selected on the Play back through this device list.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when using Windows<sup>®</sup> audio to work with the audio mixer:

- If Listen to this device is not selected you will have the Windows<sup>®</sup> audio in the Main output of the mixer, but not on the monitoring headphone jack.
- If Listen to this device is selected and Speakers (High Definition Audio) is not selected on the Play back through this device list there will be echo in the Main

output of the mixer and no audio on the monitoring headphone jack.

- If Listen to this device is not selected and Speakers (High Definition Audio) is not selected on the Play back through this device list the Main output of the mixer will be normal, but there will be no audio on the monitoring headphone jack.
- If the Default Playback Device is set to Speakers (High Definition Audio), and not Digital Audio Interface, the audio will not be included in the Main output of the mixer, but there will be audio on the monitoring headphone jack, even if Listen to this device is not selected.

## Dante<sup>®</sup> Audio Networking

The 8 PC audio inputs to the mixer can be configured to accept Audinate<sup>®</sup> Dante<sup>®</sup> network audio inputs. Audio sources from a Dante<sup>®</sup> network can then be input into the mixer from the Graphite PC.

To use audio sources from a Dante<sup>®</sup> network in the mixer, you must connect the audio sources to the network. Refer to the documentation that came with your Audinate<sup>®</sup> Dante<sup>®</sup> equipment for setup information.

**Tip:** The PC audio sources to the audio mixer appear as Windows<sup>®</sup> playback devices and are listed by the stereo pair.

# To Connect Dante<sup>®</sup> Sources to RAVE PC Inputs

Download and install the Dante Via<sup>™</sup> software on the Graphite PC. This software is needed to connect the audio sources on the Dante<sup>®</sup> network to the PC audio inputs on the mixer.

You will also need access to the computer running the Dante Controller application to assign sources to the PC audio destinations.

**1.** Launch the **Dante Via**<sup>™</sup> application.

The Dante Via<sup>™</sup> window is split into **Audio Sources** and **Audio Destinations**.

- Audio Sources all the Dante<sup>®</sup> sources detected on the PC and the network are listed. This will include the PC Monitor output of the mixer.
- Audio Destinations all the PC audio inputs to the RAVE audio mixer, as well as any other Windows<sup>®</sup> playback devices are listed.

Danta Via:			×
Dunie via			Mute All 📢 Stop 🔯
Audio Sources	Search for audio sourcesP	Audio Destinations	Search for audio destinations $\mathcal{P}$
▲ Local Audio Devices - 1 item		Graphite Audio Interface (11-12) ResisAudio	Disable Dante
Graphite Audio Interface (1-2) RostAudio	Disable Dante	New Receiving:	p a source here to listen
# Local Applications - 1 item		Graphite Audio Interface (1-2) Resolutio	ttt Disable Danse
Windows Media Player	Disable Dante	Default Device New Receiving:	
Listeners: None		Windows Media Player	
Dante Via Devices - 2 items		Droj	p a source here to listen
• &		Graphite Audio Interface (13-14) RescAudio	Disable Dante
· &		Drog	p a source here to listen
# Dante Devices - 1 item		Graphite Audio Interface (15-16)	Disable Dante
eDuner DINET-TX-07bc9f 2 channels		RessAute New Receiving:	
		Drog	p a source here to listen
		Graphite Audio Interface (3-4) RossAudio	111 Disable Dante
		Naw Receiving:	
		TX CH2+1X CH2 @ DINET-1X 0750	54
Lines: DBL Ric Onbia Lond registrations :: I tem Cost of performance in tem Lines: Note Number - Onto Nucleons :: J tem - Dana Dalam :: I tem - Dana Dalam :: I tem - Dana Dalam :: I tem	Diable Dante	Cognition and information     Cognition     Cognition and information     Cognition     Cog	

- 2. In the Audio Sources area, click Enable Dante for all the Dante<sup>®</sup> sources that you want to connect to the PC inputs of the RAVE audio mixer.
- 3. In the Audio Destinations area, click Enable Dante for each Graphite Audio Interface (*xx-xx*) starting with Graphite Audio Interface (1-2) and continuing in order to Graphite Audio Interface (15-16).

**Note:** It is important to enable the destinations in order. The Dante Controller application lists the destinations in the order they were enabled and does not identify the stereo pair they belong to.

**4.** Launch the **Dante Controller** application and click on the **Routing** tab.

The Dante Controller window shows a matrix of **Dante Receivers** and **Dante Transmitters**.

- **Dante Receivers** all the destinations on the Dante<sup>®</sup> network that you can route audio to. The 8 PC audio inputs to the RAVE audio mixer are listed under the network name for the Graphite PC and are in the order they were enabled.
- Dante Transmitters all the sources on the Dante<sup>®</sup> network that you can route audio from.

😏 🖿 🚖 🛲 🗉	🛙 🕂 💩 🌒 Grand Master C	lock: DINET-TX-07bc9f
	Routing Device Info Clock Status Network Status Events	
Clear All 2 Device Lock 2 Sample Rate 3 Sync to External 2 Latency 3 Subscriptions 1 Tx Multicast Flows	Control of the Package of the P	
tti Ac3o/	Donte receive s     Store s     Store s	
	CON101	

**5.** On the matrix, select the audio source (Transmitter) that you want to route to the destination (Receiver) by clicking on the box where they intersect. A check-mark is shown to confirm that the routing has been made.

**Tip:** You can confirm the proper routing, or change the routing, on the Dante Via<sup>™</sup> application. In the **Audio Destinations** area, the **Graphite Audio Interface** (xx-xx) that you routed too lists the audio source under **Now Receiving:**.

The Dante<sup>®</sup> audio sources are now routed to the PC audio inputs of the mixer. Ensure that the PC sources are assigned to fader to be able to mix these inputs. Refer to *To Set Up Audio Faders* on page 57 for information on setting up audio faders.

## **Switcher Sets**

The switcher stores configuration and operation data in a number of registers that contain the individual entries for items such as memories or personality settings. These registers can be stored as a single archive file, or as a register set that contains all the individual register of that type; all memories for example. These files are stored into Sets on a USB drive. Different Sets can be created for different shows or applications, allowing you to quickly locate and recall the switcher configurations.

The switcher stores information in the following registers:

- Memory contains all the memories.
- **Custom Control** contains all the custom control banks and macros.
- **Installation** contains all the external device setup, and software settings for the switcher as well as audio mixer configurations (EQ, CL, NG).
- **Personality** contains all the user interface settings, such as transition rates, that are stored under the **Personality** menu. Some personality settings are specific to the control panel and can be stored independently if you are working with a MultiPanel system.

## To Store a Set

Switcher Sets can only be stored to a USB drive. The USB drive must be present before you try to store the Set.

**Note:** If you are updating an older setup file, you must perform a Recall All followed by a Store All. This updates the setup files the latest format. You can then make changes and store to individual registers if needed.

**Tip:** The switcher provides 10 empty sets by default. Additional sets can be created if you rename the sets on the USB from a separate computer.

1. Insert a USB drive into the USB Port on the frame. You must wait 5 seconds for the switcher to recognise the USB drive.

*Note:* The exFAT file system is not supported at this time.

**Tip:** If you do not have a USB drive, you can store the working set to temporary storage. This set will be lost when the switcher restarts, but can be exported to an external computer.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Save Sets. *Tip:* Click **Refresh Sets** to update the list of available sets.



- **3.** Click a **Select Set** button for the set you want to store the switcher registers to.
- 4. Click a **Save** button to save that register to the selected set. If the button is shown in brown, that register already exists in the set and will be overwritten.
  - All store all registers to the set.
  - **Memories** store only the memory registers to the set.
  - **Customs** store only the custom control registers to the set.
  - **Installation** store only the installation registers to the set.
  - **Personality** store only the personality registers to the set.
- 5. Click Yes.

The registers are stored to the set on the USB.

**Tip:** You can export the switcher set to your local computer in the **Export Set From Frame** area. Click **Export As...** and navigate to the folder where you want to store the file and enter a name. Click **Save** and then **Export**.

## To Load a Set

Switcher Sets can only be loaded from a USB drive. The USB drive must be present before you try to load the settings.

**Note:** If you are updating an older setup file, you must perform a Recall All followed by a Store All. This updates the setup files the latest format. You can then make changes and store to individual registers if needed.

1. Insert your USB drive into the USB Port on the frame. You must wait 5 seconds for the switcher to recognise the USB drive.

*Note:* The exFAT file system is not supported at this time.

**Tip:** If you do not have a USB drive, you can recall the set from temporary storage. This set will be lost when the switcher restarts. Importing a set from an external computer will be stored in the temporary storage.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Load Sets.



**Tip:** You can import a switcher set from your local computer in the **Import Set to Frame** area. Click **Import From...** and navigate to the folder where the set is stored and click **Open**. Click **Import**.

- **3.** Click an **Available Set** button to select the set you want to load the switcher register from. If there is only one set stored then these buttons will not be present.
- **4.** Click a **Load** button to load that register. Only those registers that are present in the set are shown.
  - **All** recall all registers from the set.
  - **Memories** recall only the memory registers from the set.
  - **Customs** recall only the custom control registers from the set.
  - **Installation** recall only the installation registers from the set.
  - **Personality** recall only the personality registers from the set.
- 5. Click Yes.

# Exporting the Working Set for Ultra and Ultrix Carbonite

The working set can be exported to a format that is supported by Ultra and Ultrix Carbonite switchers. The working set is the current configuration of the switcher including all memories and custom controls that can be stored and recalled with a switcher set.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when exporting the working set for Ultra and Ultrix Carbonite:

- If you are exporting the working set, it must contain at least one memory register.
- Modified color schemes in Graphite cannot be imported into Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite.
- If a video source used in a set (custom control, bus map, or GPI) does not exist in the switcher it is imported to, black will be selected instead.

- When a set is imported to Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite from Graphite the ME numbering will be different. In Graphite the highest numbered ME is the program ME. In Ultra and Ultrix Carbonite ME P/P is the program ME. This applies to all switcher setting except memories.
  - ME 1 -> ME P/P
  - ME 2 -> ME 1
- When a Memory is imported to Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite from Graphite the ME numbering will be different. Only memories are mapping in this way.
  - ME 1 -> ME 2
  - ME 2 -> ME 1
- When a set is imported to Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite from Graphite some outputs (such as PGM, PRV, and CLN) are not available and must be re-assigned. For example, ME P/P replaces PGM.
- Custom controls imported to Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite from Graphite cannot have memory recall events. These custom controls will not be imported.
- When exporting memories or custom controls that load Media-Store media items, the media item IDs and attributes must match between the switchers you are exporting from and importing to. This information is not included is the sets. If the media items do not match, the memories and custom controls may load the wrong media items or with the wrong attributes.
- When loading exported memories or custom controls that load Media-Store media items with an alpha, the alpha will be loaded twice. Graphite uses one of the other Media-Store channels to load the alpha. Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite have dedicated alpha channels for each Media-Store channel. When the exported memory or custom control is loaded in Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite the alpha is loaded in the correct alpha channel as well as the channel that Graphite was using for the alpha.

# To Export the Working Set for Ultra and Ultrix Carbonite

The working set can be exported into a format that is readable by Ultra or Ultrix Carbonite switchers.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Export Current Set.



- 2. Click **Export As...** and navigate to the folder where you want to store the file and enter a name.
- 3. Click Save.

## **Media-Store**

The MediaManager interface to the Media-Store allows you to load stills, animations, or audio files and make them available across all MEs.

**Tip:** The legacy web version of MediaManager can still be accessed by using a Google Chrome<sup>™</sup> web browser to navigate to the IP address of the frame. This feature can be disabled by setting **Web Media Manager** (Click **Navigation Menu** > **Configuration** > **System** > **Global**) to **Disable**. The switcher must be re-started for the change to be applied.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with Media-Store:

- A still, animation, or audio can be loaded either by browsing the file system, or by entering the still number using the pattern buttons.
- You can clear a Media-Store channel by loading media number 000.
- If you are loading an Auto Key into a Media -Store channel, you must have another Media -Store channel associated with the current one to load the alpha into.
- An FTP connection using RossLinq can be created from an external device directly to a Media-Store channel on the switcher.
- If you delete a media item from the USB, you may have to load that media item into a Media-Store channel for the switcher to prompt you to delete the media item from the database.
- If you delete or rename a media item on the USB while it is still inserted into the switcher, you must attempt to load the old file to clear that entry from the database.
- The legacy web version of MediaManager still supports playlists.

## Working With Media-Store Animations

Media-Store animations can be used for animated backgrounds, branding "bugs", or media transitions. You can set up an animation to loop, play automatically when taken on-air, play in reverse, or even play at different speeds.

**Tip:** You can play an animation manually from a control panel by selecting the source button for the Media-Store channel with the animation you want to play, and pressing **Run** on the3-knob menu. The knob changes to **Stop** as the animation is playing.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with Media-Store animations:

- When you load an animation to an off-air Media-Store channel, or the animation goes off-air with a transition, the preview shows the cut point (**CutFr**) for that animation, and not the first frame of the video.
- You can manually cycle through frames by turning the **Run** knob while the animation is stopped.
- Double-pressing the **Run** knob stops playback and re-cues the animation to the first frame.
- You can shuttle forwards and backwards through the animation by turning the positioner clockwise or anti-clockwise when the animation is stopped, if your control panel has a positioner with a z-axis. Shuttle speed is increased and decreased by turning the positioner more or less in each direction.
- You can run or stop an animation by pressing the positioner button, if your control panel has a positioner with a button.

## Working With Media-Store Audio

Audio can be added to the playout of a Media -Store channel either by loading the file directly, or by naming the audio file the same as the animation or still you want it to play out with. When you load the still or animation, the switcher will automatically load the audio file of the same name.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with Media-Store audio:

- Media-Store audio is available to the audio mixer and the AES outputs on the frame.
- Audio files must be 20-bit or 24-bit wav files at a 48kHz sample rate.
- Audio files must be in the same folder and have the same name as the still or animation they are to be associated with.
- An audio file does not need to be of the same length as the animation it is associated with.
- A still with audio or audio only have the Auto Play and Looping attributes. These apply to the audio playout.
- The looping time of an animation with audio is the length of the animation.

• A Media-Store channel can be loaded with Audio only.

## **Media-Store File Specifications**

Media items can be in TGA, PNG, or JPG file formats. For animations, the files must be numbered to indicate the order they go in, and the name and the number must be separated with an underscore. For audio, 20-bit or 24-bit WAV files of the same name as the still or animation are used to associate audio with a still or animation.

For example, the following files are treated as a single animation named Anim that is 100 frames long:

- Anim\_001.tga
- Anim\_002.tga
- Anim\_003.tga
- ..
- Anim\_100.tga

**Note:** Media items must be created in the same color gamut and dynamic range that they are intended to be used in on the switcher. If a media item is created in one color space and the switcher is operating in another, the media item may not appear correctly.

**Note:** An animation must start with <u>\_001</u> at the end of the name of the first frame.

**Important:** Files names cannot contain symbols such as **!** @ **# & \* () / , ? '** " and cannot start with an underscore (\_).

## Media-Store Cache Manager

View all the media that is loaded into a Media -Store cache and remove unused items.

The cache manager allows you to review the media that is currently loaded into each cache, including name, id, size in cache, and frames, as well as remove items to free up space. The current amount of free space in the selected cache is shown at the bottom left.

Channels 1 and 3 share one cache and channels 2 and 4 share another. Click **Media Store X&Y** to switch between the caches.



*Tip:* To remove an item from the cache, select the item you want to remove and click *Remove*.

**Note:** A media item can only be removed from the cache if it is not currently loaded into a Media-Store channel.

## **Loading Stills or Animations**

Stills or animations can be loaded into Media -Store channels by navigating to the file in MediaManager. MediaManager creates and maintains a database of the media items in the file directory, as well as the setting for each media item and a thumbnail.

**Note:** The internal cache is used for sample images only and cannot be used to store user stills or animations.

#### To Load a Media Item

Media items are loaded into a Media-Store channel from MediaManager

**Note:** Media items must be created in the same color gamut and dynamic range that they are intended to be used in on the switcher. If a media item is created in one color space and the switcher is operating in another, the media item may not appear correctly.

1. Insert your USB drive into the USB Port on the switcher. You must wait 5 seconds for the switcher to recognise the USB drive.

If the files on your USB are new, it takes about 2 seconds per file for the switcher to generate the thumbnail for the MediaManager. Once all the thumbnails are generated, they are displayed in the MediaManager window.

2. Click Navigation Menu > Media > MediaManager

> **Tip:** The MediaManager can also be accessed from Live Assist (Click **Navigation Menu** > **Live Assist** > **Media** > **MediaManager**). The Live Assist version follows Media -Store source selections on the panel.


**3.** Navigate to the folder containing the media item you want to load into a Media-Store channel.

**Note:** The first time you navigate to a folder it may take a few moments for the Media-Store to scan the files and build the database entries.

*Tip:* You can upload a media item from your computer to the selected folder on the storage device. In the *Still Upload* area click *Browse* and navigate to the media item you want to upload. Click *Open* and then *Upload File*.

All the media items in that folder are shown in the center area of the page.

**4.** Drag the media item onto the Media-Store channel you want to load it in.

**Tip:** You can remove items from the Media-Store cache to free up space. Refer to Media-Store Cache Manager on page 72 for more information.

### **Deleting a Media Item**

Delete media items to remove them from the storage device and database.

#### To Delete A Media Item

Delete a media item from the storage device. You can only delete a single item at a time and you cannot delete the internal sample items.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Media > MediaManager
- **2.** Navigate to the folder on the storage device that has the item you want to delete and select the media item that you want to delete.
- **3.** In the **Item Details** area, scroll to the bottom.



4. Click Delete File and OK.

### MediaManager Channel Control

Once a media item is loaded into a channel you can control the playout for the media item from MediaManager.

**Note:** Playlists are not supported by MediaManager in DashBoard at this time.



**Tip:** The background of the channel areas tallies the on-air status of the Media-Store channel. Red for on-air and green for on-preview.

The label below the thumbnail of the media item shows the name of the file, the number of frames in the animation, and the media ID. In this example, the name of the media item is **Lobster**, it is **5** frames long, it is located on the USB (**U1**) and has a media ID of **001**.

The controls below the name allow you to set how the animation plays out as well as eject the current media item.

- **Play** play the animation.
- **Loop** set the animation to start playing again from the beginning when it reaches the last frame.
- **Play Direction** set the animation to play in the forward or reverse direction.
- **Re-cue** re-cue the animation to the first playout frame.
- **Eject** eject the current media item from the channel.

### **Media-Store Attributes**

Attributes are applied to the media item in the database and in each Media-Store channel.

Where the attributes are being applied is shown in the upper left corner of the area. If you adjust the attributes of the media item in one channel, these settings are not applied back to the database or to other channel if the same media item is loaded into more than one channel.



**Tip:** At the top of the **Item Details** frame the title indicates if the information shown applies to the media item loaded into the media channel (**MX**), or is from the media item in the database (**Database**).

#### **Buttons:**

- Autoplay play the animation automatically when the Media-Store channel is taken on-air.
- **Reverse** set the animation to play in the forward or reverse direction.
- **Mute** mute the audio associated with the media item.
- **Looping** set the animation to start playing again from the beginning when it reaches the last frame.
- **Shaped** set the alpha to be shaped, or unshaped when not selected.

#### Fields:

- **Name** the name of the media item as taken from the file name.
- Width the width of the media item raster.
- **Height** the height of the media item raster.
- **Alpha** shows whether there is an associated alpha with the media item.
- **Number of Frames** the number of frames in the animation.
- **Audio Channels** the number of audio channels in the associated audio.
- **Media Number** the media number of the media item.
- **X-Position** set the horizontal position of the media item.
- **Y-Position** set the vertical position of the media item.

- **Cut Frame** set the frame of the animation when used as part of a MediaWipe.
- **Thumb Frame** set the frame of the animation that is used for the thumbnail.
- **Play Speed** set the playout speed for the animation.

### Media-Store Capture

Still images can be captured from any input BNC, as well as the program, preview, and clean feed from any ME.

#### To Capture a Still

- 1. Insert your USB drive into the USB Port on the switcher. You must wait 5 seconds for the switcher to recognise the USB drive.
- 2. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Media > Capture.



**3.** Click a **Media Store** *X* button to select which Media-Store you want to use for the capture.

**Note:** Media-Store channels 3 and 4 cannot capture an alpha with the video. Media-Store channels 3 and 4 are used for the alpha of channels 1 and 2.

- **4.** Click the **Display** button to select the mode you want the Media-Store in.
  - **E/E** electronic-to-electronic, or record, mode allows you to capture a single frame media item.
  - **P/B** playback mode allows you to review your single frame media item.
- 5. Click the **Source** button and select the video source you want to capture.
- 6. Click the **Alpha** button to select whether to include the alpha with the capture (**Yes**) or not (**No**). You must have an input BNC selected as the capture source to capture the alpha.
- 7. In the **Name** field, enter the name you want to give to the file. This will be the file name that the still is stored to on the USB.

**Note:** Files names cannot contain symbols such as **!** @ # & \* () / , ? ' " and cannot start with an underscore (\_).

8. Click **Capture** to capture the still.

**Note:** Capture will overwrite any existing still with the same file name.

# **Custom Controls**

Once programmed, a custom control (CC) can be played back by pressing a button. The custom control can be as simple as triggering an output GPI pulse, or as complex as recalling a specific memory register on an ME, performing a switcher transition, and selecting a group of keys.

You can record, edit, and run custom controls from the Custom Control node in DashBoard.

Refer to *Custom Control Events* on page 144 for information on available events.

**Tip:** For information on using the **State Attributes** tab, refer to **Custom Control Events** on page 145.

### **Recording/Editing Custom Controls**

When you create a custom control, you record a series of events and special functions, that are played back when you run the custom control. The process for creating a new cc and editing an existing one are the same, except when editing you have the option to insert events at different points in the existing cc.

Almost any action or setting can be stored in a custom control, with the following exceptions:

- Diagnostic Functions
- Confirmation Dialogs
- Panel-Specific Functions

*Note:* It is recommended that you use a control panel for recording custom controls.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when recording custom controls:

- Some functions take time to perform and a pause should be added after the function to ensure that the command is completed before moving on to the next command.
- If you are recording a custom control from DashBoard, only new settings are recorded. If the current setting in DashBoard is the value you want to record, you need to select a different value and then select the value you want to use.

#### To Record a Custom Control

A basic custom control records a series of events that are played out in the same order they are recorded. 1. Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > Editor.



- **2.** Click a **Bank** button to select the bank that the custom control you want to record will be stored on.
- **3.** Click a **Macro** button to select the custom control that you want to record to. If the custom control already has a macro recorded, the name of the custom control is shown in the list.

*Tip:* You can rename both the custom control and the bank by entering a new name in the field next to the record button.

#### 4. Click Record.

**Tip:** The switcher can be set so that each command is automatically separated from the previous command by a pause equal to the real-time delay between you entering commands. Refer to To Set the CC Pause Mode on page 77 for more information.

The **CC/UP** button on the control panel, as well as the button assigned to the CC on the bus, flash red when the CC is recording.

**5.** Insert the events you want to record. Events can be entered from the menu or from actions directly on the control panel.

Each custom control can have a maximum of 998 events, plus the End event.

**Note:** When the switcher runs a custom control, it attempts to execute each event in the custom control as quickly as possible. If an event takes time to complete, the event may not be complete before the switcher attempts to execute the next event. For example, if your custom control has a memory recall followed by a transition, a pause should be added between the memory recall and the transition to ensure that the memory is fully recalled before the transition is performed. The same applies if you want to add events after a transition.

6. Click Stop Recording to finish recording.

*Tip:* Click *Cancel* if you do not want to store your events to the custom control.

#### **To Edit a Custom Control**

When editing a custom control, you can delete and insert events at any point in the custom control, or append events to the end. *Tip:* When editing a custom control, press *Run Event* to run the currently selected event. This can help you diagnose problems in a custom control.

 Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > Editor.



- 2. Click **Bank***X* to select the bank that the custom control you want to edit is on.
- **3.** Click the custom control that you want to edit.
- **4.** Click the event that you want to edit or insert an event before.

**Note:** The name of a custom control is highlighted in red if it contains events that are no longer supported. The unsupported events in the custom control are also highlighted in red.

Refer to *Custom Control Events* on page 144 for information on available events.

- 5. Edit the custom control or event.
  - Append (Record) start inserting events to the end of the custom control
  - **Append** insert the current event at the end of the custom control
  - **Copy** copy the entire custom control
  - **Delete** delete the entire custom control
  - **Delete Event** delete the currently selected event
  - **Edit Event** edit the parameters of the currently selected event
  - **Insert (Record)** start insert events after the currently selected event
  - **Insert** insert the current event after the currently selected event
  - **Record** start recording a new custom control over the existing one
  - **Run Event** run the currently selected event

### **Custom Control Pause Mode**

The switcher can be set so that each command is automatically separated from the previous command by a pause equal to the real-time delay between events as you enter them. When you are entering events into the custom control, the length of time between you entering the events is recorded as a pause between the events. This allows you to perform a set of actions as you normally would and have the custom control play those events back with the same pauses and 'rhythm' that you would normally have.

#### To Set the CC Pause Mode

The CC Pause Mode must be set before recording a custom control and does now change how a custom control plays out.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Custom Controls.



- 2. Click a **Pause Mode** button to select how the switcher inserts pauses into a custom control.
  - Manual Pause no pauses are added. You must manually add pauses to the custom control.
  - **Record Pause** pauses are entered automatically as you enter events. For example, if you pause for 30 seconds between selecting a key and performing a transition, a 30 second pause is inserted between those events in the custom control.

### **Running a Custom Control**

Once a custom control has been programmed, you can run that custom control by pressing the button that the custom control was recorded to.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when running custom controls:

- A custom control will continue to run until it reaches a hold event, is stopped by another custom control, you edit a custom control, or the custom control reaches the end.
- When a custom control is running, the button on the custom control bus is red.

- When a custom control is held (at a Hold event), the button on the custom control bus flashes white.
- You can run multiple custom controls at the same time. The number of running custom controls is shown on the display when in custom control mode.
- You can stop a running custom control by pressing the red custom control button on the custom control bank.
- You can stop all running custom controls by selecting a custom control with no events recorded to it.
- A maximum of 128 custom controls can be run at the same time.
- The name of a custom control is highlighted in red if it contains events that are no longer supporter. The unsupported events in the custom control are also highlighted in red.

#### To Run a Custom Control

Once a custom control has been recorded, you can run that custom control at any time.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > Shot Box.



*Tip:* You can also run a custom control directly from the control panel.

*Tip:* The number of custom controls that are currently running is shown at the bottom of the page.

- 2. Click **Bank** *X* to select the bank that the custom control you want to run is on.
- **3.** Click a custom control button to run that specific custom control. The custom control starts to play immediately.

### Naming Custom Controls

Each custom control can be given a unique name and mnemonic color. The name and color is shown on the custom control button.

#### To Name a Custom Control

The procedure to name or rename a custom control is the same.

*Tip:* You can also name a custom control and bank from the *Editor* page.

**Tip:** Refer to General Settings on page 113 for information setting how the custom control names are shown on the control panel mnemonics.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > CC Mnemonics.

Loss         Loss <thloss< th="">         Loss         Loss         <thl< th=""><th></th><th></th></thl<></thloss<>		
	CC197 CC192 CC189	

- 2. Click **Bank** *X* to select the bank that the custom control you want to name is on.
- **3.** Select how you want the mnemonics on each panel row to display the mnemonics for custom controls.
  - **Off** the mnemonics don't change when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.
  - **Split** the mnemonics are split (top to cc name and bottom to bus sources) when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.
  - **Full** the mnemonics are show only the names of the custom controls when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.
- **4.** Click the custom control that you want to name.



Setting	Description
Name	Enter a new name for the selected custom control.
Foreground	Click a <b>Foreground</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the text on the mnemonic.
Background	Click a <b>Background</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the background on the mnemonic.

### **Deleting Custom Controls**

Any custom control on the switcher can be deleted to remove unused customs to free up space for new custom controls.

#### To Delete a Custom Control

Deleting a custom control from the switcher.

There is no undo for this delete function.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > Editor.
- 2. Click **Bank** *X* to select the bank that the custom control you want to delete is on.
- **3.** Click the custom control button that you want to delete.
- 4. Click Delete.
- **5.** Click **Delete** to delete the custom control.

### Copying and Pasting Custom Controls

The contents, or events, of a custom control can be copied from one custom control and pasted to another. Along with the events, the name and mnemonic settings are also copied.

#### To Copy and Paste a Custom Control

Copy the contents of a custom control from one button to another.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Custom Control > Editor.
- 2. Click **Bank** *X* to select the bank that the custom control you want to copy is on.
- **3.** Click the custom control that you want to copy.
- 4. Click Copy.
- **5.** Select the custom control that you want to paste into.



6. Click Copy.

## Sequencer

The Sequencer allows you to create a playlist of custom control events.

The switcher supports 5 Sequencers, each with an independent rundown of events. The Sequencer uses sequences to store the rundown of events. These sequence files can be loaded into one or multiple Sequencers.

*Tip:* You can link multiple Sequencers together so that as you advance though one, the other Sequencers will advance.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with a Sequencer:

- Unlike a Custom Control, a Sequence only runs a single event at a time. You must advance to the next event in the sequence to run that event.
- If you a run a Play CC event in a sequence, the Sequencer does not indicate when the CC event has completed.
- Only a subset of CC events can be run directly in the a sequence. You can use the Play CC event to run a custom control that contains any other events.
- If you edit a sequence that is already loaded into a Sequencer, you must **Reload** the sequence to update the event in the Sequencer.
- There is only one linked group. When **Linked** is toggled on for a Sequencer it is tied to all other Sequencers with **Linked** turned on.
- Linking only affects the operation of the **Next** button.
- Memories cannot be used to load a sequence into a Sequencer.

### **Creating/Editing Sequences**

When you create a sequence, you record a series of events and special functions that are played back as you step through the sequence. The process for creating a new sequence and editing an existing one are the same, except when editing you have the option to insert events at different points in the existing sequence.

*Tip:* Remember that sequences run one event at a time. Use the Memory Recall or Transition Action events to perform complex actions.

#### To Create/Edit a Sequence

Editing a sequence is similar to creating or editing a custom control. A series of events are added to a list in the order you want the events to be run.

 Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Editor.



2. Click a **Sequence** list item to select the sequence that you want to create or edit. If the sequence already has events, the name of the sequence is shown in the list and events are shown on the right.

*Tip:* You can rename the sequence by entering a new name in the field at the top.

#### 3. Click Modify Event List.

 Click the Create/Edit Event buttons to navigate to and select the event you want to add to the sequence. Refer to *Custom Control Events* on page 144 for information on the events.

**Tip:** The Sequencer only supports a subset of the possible CC events. If you want to run a custom control event that is not listed for the sequencer, you can create a CC with that event in it and then use the Play CC event in the sequence to run that custom control.

*Tip: If you want to edit an existing event, select the event you want to edit and click Edit Event.* 

- **5.** Add or edit an event in the sequence.
  - **Append** insert the new event at the end of the sequence.
  - **Delete Event** delete the currently selected event.
  - **Insert** insert the new event before the currently selected event.
  - **Replace** replace the currently selected even with the new event.
  - **Run Event** run only the currently selected event.
- 6. Click **Done** when you are finished editing the sequence.

### Loading and Running a Sequence

Once a sequence has been created, you can load that sequence into a Sequencer and run each event.

#### To Load a Sequence

A sequence must be loaded into the Sequencer before it can be run.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Run.



**2.** Click **Load** on the Sequencer you want to load a sequence into.

Sequence				×
5801 (0931)	5802 (180)			

**3.** Click the **SEQ** button for the sequence you want to load.

*Tip:* Click *Clear* to unload the sequence from the Sequencer.

*Tip:* Click *Reload* to load the sequence into the Sequencer again. This can be useful if you have edited the sequence.

#### To Run a Sequence

A sequence is run one event at a time. Events can be skipped over by selecting a different event in the sequence as the next event.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Run.



2. Use the **Up**, **Down**, and **Next** buttons to run through the sequence.



#	Function
1	The currently loaded sequence. This uses the mnemonic name and color.
2	Multiple Sequencers can be linked together. This only affects the <b>Next</b> button and allows clicking <b>Next</b> on any of the linked Sequencers to advance all the linked Sequencers. There is only one linked group.
3	<ul> <li>The Reload, Clear, and Load buttons allow you to populate or clear the Sequencer.</li> <li>Load — load a different sequence into the Sequencer.</li> <li>Clear — unload the current sequence from the Sequencer.</li> <li>Reload — reload or update the current sequence in the Sequencer.</li> </ul>
4	The red highlight shows the last run (current) sequence event.
5	The green highlight shows the next event to be run. Click on a different event, or use the <b>Up</b> or <b>Down</b> buttons to select a different event to be run next.
6	The <b>Up</b> and <b>Down</b> buttons move the green (run next) highlight up and down in the sequence.
7	The <b>Next</b> button runs the event that is currently highlighted in green.

### **Sequence Names and Mnemonics**

Each sequence can be given a unique name and mnemonic color. The name and color are shown on the Sequencer.

#### **To Name a Sequence**

*Tip:* You can also name a sequence from the *Editor* page.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Sequencer Mnemonics.



**2.** Click the sequence that you want to name.



Setting	Description
Name	Enter a new name for the selected sequence.
Foreground	Click a <b>Foreground</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the text on the mnemonic.
Background	Click a <b>Background</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the background on the mnemonic.

### **Deleting a Sequence**

Any sequence can be deleted to remove unused sequences to free up space for new sequences.

### To Delete a Sequence

There is no undo for this delete function.

- Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Editor.
- **2.** Click the sequence that you want to delete.
- 3. Click Delete.
- **4.** Click **Delete** to delete the sequence.

### **Copying and Pasting a Sequence**

The contents, or events, of a sequence can be copied from one sequence and pasted to another. Along with the events, the name and mnemonic settings are also copied.

#### To Copy and Paste a Sequence

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Sequencer > Editor.
- **2.** Click the sequence that you want to copy.
- 3. Click Copy.
- **4.** Select the sequence that you want to paste into.



5. Click Copy.

# **XPression Setup**

Graphite CPC uses XPression as the main video engine for the switcher. Video inputs and output pass through XPression to be controlled by the switcher. XPression must be configured to offer the best performance for the switcher functionality.

**Note:** For detailed information on setting up XPression, refer to the documentation that came with XPression.

When configuring XPression to operate with the switcher there are a number of setting that impact how the system performs or what inputs or outputs are available.

- 2x MultiSampling The Hardware Renderer (Edit > Preferences > Hardware Renderer) should have the Anti Alias set to 2x MultiSampling. A hardware adapter must be selected to set the Anti Aliasing.
- Video Inputs Video inputs to the switcher are XPression Internal Framebuffer outputs or NDI<sup>®</sup> streams. Framebuffers and NDI<sup>®</sup> outputs are set up from the Inputs/Outputs tab on the Hardware Setup dialog (Edit > Hardware Setup). NDI<sup>®</sup> streams can also be assigned directly to switcher inputs.
- Video Outputs Video outputs from the switcher are assigned to XPression Virtual outputs or NDI<sup>®</sup> outputs. Virtual and NDI<sup>®</sup> outputs are set up from the Inputs/Outputs tab on the Hardware Setup dialog (Edit > Hardware Setup).

# **Network Setup**

The network connection for the switcher sub-system in Graphite has an independent ethernet port that allows you to upload stills to the Media-Store channels, download switcher data files, connect to a physical panel, and control switcher functions using DashBoard. This network connection is separate from the Windows<sup>®</sup> configured one and must use a separate IP address.

**Note:** XPression uses a separate network connection than the one being set up here. Refer to the XPression documentation for information on setting up its IP address.



The switcher uses the following network ports:

- DashBoard Main 5253 (5258 NAT)
- DashBoard Sat 1 5255 (5259 NAT)
- DashBoard Sat 2 5256 (5260 NAT)
- DashBoard SoftPanel 5257 (5261 NAT)
- FTP 21
- SFTP 2222
- GVG LUA 2100
- RossTalk 7788
- SLP 427
- SSH 22
- TFTP 69
- TSL 3.1 (TCP, Carbonite) 5727
- TSL 3.1 (TCP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 5727
- TSL 3.1 (UDP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 4490
- TSL 5.0 (TCP, Carbonite) 5728
- TSL 5.0 (TCP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 5729
- TSL 5.0 (UDP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 4492
- Web Server 1 80
- SideShot-NG 5255

### **Network Options**

There are a couple of options for how to integrate Graphite into your network. These depend on whether you want to connect a physical Carbonite Black control panel, have DashBoard running on a separate PC, or want DashBoard running on the Graphite server.

#### **Looping Option**

In compact or portable installations, you can connect the ethernet port on the server directly to the ethernet port on the switcher sub-system and run DashBoard directly on the server.



For this configuration you must change the network settings for the switcher sub-system to the default static IP address (192.168.0.123).

*Note:* You cannot use a control panel connected with the switcher in this configuration.

#### **Network Switch Option**

In installations where space is not an issue or where you need a control panel connected to the switcher, you can connect the ethernet ports on the server and switcher sub-system to a network switch or router.



### Switcher Network Settings

In Graphite, the switcher sub-system has an independent ethernet connection that is required to communicate with the switcher. By default, this ethernet port is set to DHCP and will try to obtain an IP address from your network router. You can configure the network settings either remotely from DashBoard or locally from the server.

**Note:** If you are using the direct loop option, you must set the switcher sub-system to a static IP address (192.168.0.123).

#### To Configure the Switcher Network Settings from the Server

There is an application installed on Graphite that allows you to configure the network settings of the switcher sub-system.

- Launch Windows<sup>®</sup> File Explorer and navigate to C:\Program Files\Ross Video\Graphite\.
- **2.** Launch the Graphite Control Panel application.

The **Graphite Control Panel** dialog box opens and shows the current network settings of the switcher sub-system.

- 3. Click Edit.
- Click a Connection Type to select whether you enter IP address manually (Static), or your network assigns an IP address automatically (DHCP).



**Important:** Both the control panel and DashBoard require the switcher sub-system to have a static or fixed IP address to be able to re-connect.

 For a static IP address, enter the IP address (IP Address), subnet mask (Subnet Mask), and gateway (Gateway) you want to use.

**Tip:** If you want to connect the switcher sub-system directly to the server in a loop, select **Static** and use the default IP address (192.168.0.123).

- 6. Click Apply.
- **7.** Shutdown the server and power it back on again to apply the new settings to the switcher sub-system.

#### **To Change the IP Address**

Change the IP address of the frame from DashBoard.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Network.



- **2.** Enter a name in the **Switcher Name** field. This is the name that appears in the tree view in DashBoard.
- Click an Automatic Discovery button to have the switcher automatically discoverable by DashBoard (On), or not (Off). Automatic Discovery allows you to automatically find this device from any DashBoard running on your subnet.
- 4. Click Edit.



- 5. Click a **Mode** button to use DHCP (**DHCP**), or a static IP address (**Static**).
- 6. For a static IP address, enter the IP address (IP Address), subnet mask (Subnet Mask), and gateway (Gateway) you want to use.
- 7. Click Update.

### **DashBoard Network Settings**

DashBoard should automatically detect and connect to the switcher sub-system once it is connected to the same subnet. If you have trouble discovering the switcher sub-system, or it is located on another subnet, you can manually connect DashBoard to the switcher sub-system. Once connected, DashBoard will remember the connection until you remove it or the IP address changes.

#### To Connect DashBoard to the Switcher

DashBoard connects to the frame as the main panel, or as a satellite panel. Connecting as a main or satellite panel is selected by the port used to connect to on the frame. All DashBoard connections and physical panels that connect on the same port mirror each other.

**Note:** The frame supports a maximum of 20 DashBoard connections at any one time. If there are already the maximum number of connections to a frame you will not be able to connect to it.

You need the IP address of the frame to connect to it from DashBoard.

1. Click File > New > TCP/IP DashBoard Connect or openGear Device.



2. In the **IP Address** field, enter the IP address of the frame. The default IP address is 192.168.0.123.

**Note:** If you are connecting through a Network Address Translator (NAT), the **Detect Frame Information** button may return the wrong IP address. We recommend to not use this function.

- **3.** In the **Display Name** field, enter the name you want to use to identify the frame in DashBoard. This should be a unique name for the frame you are setting up.
- 4. Select OGP.
- **5.** In the **Port** field, enter the port you want to connect to on the frame. The port you connect to assigns the relationship the DashBoard connection has to the frame.

**Note:** You can use a NAT gateway to connect to the switcher from a DashBoard computer on a different network. If you are connecting to the switcher through a NAT gateway, you must use the NAT ports instead of the regular ports.

**Tip:** Multiple DashBoard connections can use the same port, but they will mirror each other. For example, you can connect a control panel and a separate DashBoard computer to the Main Panel port to give control from the panel and DashBoard.

- Main Panel 5253 (5258 NAT)
- **Satellite 1** 5255 (5259 NAT)
- Satellite 2 5256 (5260 NAT)
- Satellite 3/SoftPanel 5257 (5261 NAT)

**Tip:** Refer to MultiPanel on page 128 for information on setting up a MultiPanel system.

6. Click Finish.

The switcher appears in the **Tree View**.

### **FTP/SFTP Connection**

You can create a File Transfer Protocol (FTP) connection from a computer to your switcher. You can use the FTP connection to copy still images and animations to and from your switcher as well as copy Edit Decision List (EDL) files from your switcher.

The procedure for creating an FTP/SFTP connection from a computer varies between operating systems and client software. Consult with the documentation that came with your computer for assistance with creating an FTP/SFTP connection.

**Note:** The FTP connection to the frame can be disabled. Refer to System Access on page 87 for more information.

**Tip:** The FTP connection can be used to copy media items onto the USB that is installed in the switcher.

#### **To Create an FTP/SFTP Connection**

This procedure applies to Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 and above.

**Note:** FTP must be **Enabled** (Click **Navigation Menu** > **Configuration** > **System** > **Access**) to connect to the frame over FTP. If FTP is disabled SFTP will be used. Refer to System Access on page 87 for more information.

- 1. On your computer launch Windows Explorer.
- **2.** In the address bar, type the following depending on the type of connection you are using.
  - FTP—sftp://IP Address of your switcher:21
  - SFTP ftp://IP Address of your switcher:2222

You are prompted for a username and password.

- **3.** Type the user name for the application your are creating an FTP/SFTP connection for. Each application has specific requirements. The switcher will set these requirements automatically based on the username.
  - xpression used when creating a connection from a Ross<sup>®</sup> XPression Motion Graphics System directly to the Media-Store channels on the switcher, as well as any USB drive installed in the switcher.
- 4. Enter the password password

# **System Access**

Enable or disable system access and control methods such as FTP.

# To Enable/Disable a System Access Method

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Access.



**2.** Configure the access method as required.

Method	Description
Web MediaManager	The legacy web version of MediaManager can still be accessed by using a Google Chrome <sup>™</sup> web browser to navigate to the IP address of the frame. Click <b>Disable</b> to prevent access to the web MediaManager.
FTP	Disable FTP connections to the frame ( <b>SFTP Only</b> ). This prevents all FTP connections. If FTP is disabled SFTP is used. Refer to <i>FTP/SFTP Connection</i> on page 86 for information on used FTP to connect to the frame.
Role Based Access Control	Ross Platform Manager allows for user authentication and role based access through DashBoard. Refer to <i>To Turn on</i> <i>Role Based Access Control for Ross</i> <i>Platform Manager</i> on page 21 for more information.
RossTalk	Disable RossTalk connections to the switcher. The switcher refuses connections on port 7788.

**3.** The switcher must be re-started for the change to be applied.

# **Video Reference**

The flexible reference system in the switcher allows you to use an Interlaced video format as the reference to operate the switcher in a video format of the same frequency. Choosing a progressive video format as a reference limits you to operating the switcher only in that same video format and frequency. For example, if you have a 1080i 59.94Hz input reference you can operate the switcher in 720p 59.94Hz, but not 1080i 50Hz. However, if you have a 720p 59.94Hz input reference, you can only operate the switcher in 720p 59.94Hz.

### **Supported Reference Formats**

The switcher supports a number of reference modes for both internal and external reference signals. References to 1080p 59.94Hz (A) and 1080p 50Hz (A) refer to 1080p Level A only.

Switcher Format	Required Reference
SD Formats	
480i/480i 16:9	480i
	1080i 59.94Hz
576i/576i 16:9	576i
	1080i 50Hz
HD Formats	
720p 50Hz	576i
	720p 50Hz
	1080i 50Hz
720p 59.94Hz	480i
	720p 59.94Hz
	1080i 59.94Hz
1080i 50Hz	576i
	1080i 50Hz
1080i 59.94Hz	480i
	1080i 59.94Hz
1080pSF 23.98Hz	1080pSF 23.98Hz
1080pSF 25Hz	576i
	1080pSF 25Hz
1080pSF 29.97Hz	480i
	1080pSF 29.97Hz
1080p 25Hz	576i
	1080i 50Hz

Switcher Format	<b>Required Reference</b>
1080p 29.97Hz	480i
	1080i 59.94Hz
1080p 50Hz (A)	576i
	720p 50Hz
	1080i 50Hz
1080p 59.94Hz (A)	480i
	720p 59.94Hz
	1080i 59.94Hz

The switcher allows you to use any interlaced video format to operate the switcher in any format of the same frequency; however, the use of 480i or 576i (Composite Sync) reference signals for High Definition (720p, 1080i, or 1080p) video modes is not recommended.

The use of composite sync reference formats is recommended for Standard Definition video modes only, and provides stable outputs with jitter performance in compliance with SMPTE-259M specifications.

### **Reference and Video Mode Setup**

The switcher supports both internal and external references. An external reference is provided by an external device to the switcher through the **REF IN** BNC on the frame.

The switcher automatically detects the reference signal and only shows the video modes that you can operate the switcher in that are supported for that reference format.

*Note:* When you set the switcher to a specific video format, *XPression is also set to that format.* 

#### To Set a Video Mode

The Vid Mode is the video format that the switcher is operating in.

If you are using an external reference, ensure that a proper reference is connected to the **REF IN** input BNC on the frame.

**Note:** You must use an interlaced reference source to have the switcher operate in an interlaced reference format if you are using an external reference.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Reference.

Parlwases Configuration	
VALUE 100003 M	
Reference Langer	

**2.** Click the **Video Mode** button and select the video format you want to use.

The available video modes depends on the reference format coming into the switcher.

**3.** Click the **Reference Source** button and select an **Internal** or **External** reference source.

### **Switching Field**

The switching field is the field in an interlaced video format that the switcher uses to transition from one video source to another. An interlaced video format is made up of two fields, field 1 (odd lines) and field 2 (even lines).

**Note:** If you are running in a progressive video format, selecting an even or odd fields will cause the switcher to only allow transitions on every second frame.

#### To Set the Switching Field

Set the field that transitions are performed on.

**Note:** If you are using a Frame Sync or Format Conversion (FSFC), transitions are locked to Field 1.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global.



- 2. Click a Field Dominance button to select which field video transitions occur on.
  - **Field 1** transitions occur on the odd field
  - Field 2 transitions occur on the even field
  - **Both** transitions occur on the current field, either even or odd

## **Video Inputs**

External video sources come into the switcher through the input HD-BNC and HDMI<sup>™</sup> ports, and internal sources are generated internally from the switcher or XPression.

Depending on how you want to use these video sources, or where they come from, you may want the switcher to pair them together, or associate an external device with them. Pairing two video sources together is usually used for an auto select key where an external device, such as a character generator, outputs both a key video and key alpha. Associating a video source with an external device allows special control over that device to become active when you select the source on a bus.

### **HDMI<sup>™</sup> Inputs**

The HDMI<sup>™</sup> input and outputs allow you to input a video source from a computer or DVD player and output them directly to a plasma or projector. The switcher does not support HDCP-encrypted content over HDMI.

#### **Supported HDMI Formats**

The switcher supports a number of HDMI video formats.

- VGA 640×480 (4:3)
- SVGA 800×600 (4:3)
- XGA 1024×768 (4:3)
- SXGA 1280×1024 (5:4)
- 720p 1280×720 (16:9)
- 1080i 1920×1080 (16:9)
- 1080p 1920×1080 (16:9)

### **Video Input Setup**

Video inputs are separated into external sources and internal sources. The external sources are the video inputs coming in on the HD-BNC and the internal sources are generated internally from re-entries or follows, from media generators, or from XPression.

#### To Set up an External Video Input

External sources come into the switcher from other devices, such as cameras, video servers, or character generators.

Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External

				Physi	icel Input Configu	ration		
	Large	Modum						
	Lings	Midun						
	Lings	Meduni						
	Large	Medune	8					
	Large	Medule						
	Large	Medule						
	Large	Medure						
	Large	Verian						
	Large	Veixen						
	Large							
	Large							
	Large		B					
	Gmail	Gmail						
19/10 3.615/0								

The inputs are listed along the side and the various settings are listed across the top. Click the setting button for the source you want to set up to view the available settings.

Setting	Description							
Label	Apply a custom name to the source. Enter a new name for each input you want to identify differently. The name is used to identify the input on the panel mnemonics as well as on menus. If TSL id is associated with the input, the switcher will use the router mnemonic name over the internal one.							
	<b>Tip:</b> A line break can be added to the name by entering a vertical bar, or pipe, symbol (]) where you want the break. For example, entering CAM   1 would be CAM and then 1 on a separate line. Note that the   symbol does take up a character slot in the name.							
Carbonite	Set up the mnemonic appearance of the							
TouchDrive	Refer to your control panel documentation							
Icon	for more information on setting up mnemonics.							
Alpha	Link an alpha video feed to the video. If the input is the video or fill for an auto key, click the <b>Alpha</b> button and select the video source you want to use as the alpha. Refer to <i>To Set Up an Auto Key Association</i> on page 93 for information on setting up an auto key.							
Device	Link an external device to a video input to allow remote control for that device.							
GPO	Assign a GPI output to a video input. The GPI output is trigged with or before the source is taken on-air, depending on the <b>Predelay</b> setting. The GPI output can be used to trigger a video server to play before taking the server on-air. Refer to <i>GPI Device Control</i> on page 93 for information on assigning a GPI output to a video source.							
Configure	Assign an FSFC or Delay to the input. Refer to <i>Frame Sync and Format Conversion</i> on page 108 for information on FSFC setup.							
TSL (3.1/5)	Assign a TSL id to the input and set the tally state. Refer to <i>To Assign a TSL ID to a Video</i> <i>Input</i> on page 91 for information on assigning a TSL id to an input.							

Setting	Description
Panel Follow	Select one of the custom panels to be shown on Live Assist when the source is selected. This can be used to have the DashBoard page for a camera control unit displayed when the camera source is selected. Refer to <i>Custom Page Auto Follow</i> on page 94 for information on setting up custom panels.

#### To Set up an Internal Video Input

Internal sources are generated inside the switcher, such as matte backgrounds, Media -Store channels, and ME re-entries.

# Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > Internal



The internal sources are listed along the side and the various settings are listed across the top. Click the setting button for the source you want to set up to view the available settings.

Setting	Description
Label	Apply a custom name to the source. Enter a new name for each input you want to identify differently. The name is used to identify the input on the panel mnemonics and well as on menus.
Carbonite	Set up the mnemonic appearance of the
TouchDrive	Refer to your control panel documentation
Icon	for more information on setting up mnemonics.
Alpha	Link an alpha video signal to the video. The Media-Store channels have dedicated alpha channels that cannot be changed. Refer to <i>To Set Up an Auto Key Association</i> on page 93 for information on setting up an auto key.
Device	Link an external device to a video input to allow remote control for that device.
GPO	Assign a GPI output to a video input. The GPI output is trigged with or before the source is taken on-air, depending on the <b>Predelay</b> setting. The GPI output can be used to trigger a video server to play before taking the server on-air. Refer to <i>GPI Device Control</i> on page 93 for information on assigning a GPI output to a video source.

Setting	Description
Panel Follow	Select one of the custom panels to be shown on Live Assist when the source is selected. The pages for MediaManager are assigned to the Media-Store sources. Refer to <i>Custom Page Auto Follow</i> on page 94 for information on setting up custom panels.

### **Source Names**

Each video source in the switcher can be given a unique name. These names can be customized for how they appear on the mnemonics by adjusting the size or the font and the background color.

**Note:** If a TSL ID is assigned to a source, the switcher overwrites the source name on the MultiViewer and mnemonics with the TSL name. In DashBoard, the physical input is also shown below the TSL name. If there is no TSL name, or it has not been received yet, the source name is blank. For the labels on the MultiViewer, a combination of the TSL name and switcher source name can be used. The new TSL name is passed from the switcher to any downstream TSL devices.

#### To Set Up a Source Name

Source names appear on mnemonics, menus, and on the MultiViewer.

*Note:* Source names are restricted to eight characters in length.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- **2.** Enter a new name in the **Label** field for the video input that you want to name.

**Tip:** A line break can be added to the name by entering a vertical bar, or pipe, symbol ( ]) where you want the break. For example, entering CAM | 1 would be CAM and then 1 on a separate line. Note that the | symbol does take up a character slot in the name.

#### To Assign a TSL ID to a Video Input

Pass router mnemonic names to the switcher with TSL ID data.

The switcher accepts incoming TSL data on TCP port 5727.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External



**2.** Click the **TSL** button for the input you want to assign a TSL ID to.



- **3.** Click a **TSL Protocol** button to select the TSL protocol version the input is listening for.
  - **Off** TSL is off for this input.
  - **3.1** the selected input is listening for TSL 3.1 messages.
  - **5** the selected input is listening for TSL 5 messages.
- **4.** In the **TSL Address** field, enter the TSL ID that applies to the selected input.
- 5. Click the TSL Tally button and select how the sources are tallied and which mnemonic name is use.
  - Name Only TSL tally information for the selected ID is ignored. TSL mnemonic source names are used.
  - Name&Tally source tallied on the MultiViewer based on the TSL input. TSL mnemonic source names are used.
  - **Tally Only** source tallied on the MultiViewer based on the TSL input. TSL mnemonic source names are not used.

**Note:** If a TSL ID is assigned to a source, the switcher overwrites the source name on the MultiViewer and mnemonics with the TSL name. In DashBoard, the physical input is also shown below the TSL name. If there is no TSL name, or it has not been received yet, the source name is blank. For the labels on the MultiViewer, a combination of the TSL name and switcher source name can be used. The new TSL name is passed from the switcher to any downstream TSL devices.

### **Mnemonics**

The mnemonic displays on the control panel show the name of the video source and can be customized for font size, color, and in some cases icons can be added. The customization that is available depends on the control panel you are using. Note: The SoftPanel uses the Carbonite settings.

#### To Customize Mnemonics for TouchDrive

The TouchDrive control panels support RGB color mnemonics and icons.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- 2. Click the **TouchDrive** button for the source you want to customize the mnemonics for.



Setting	Description
Font Size	Click <b>Small</b> , <b>Medium</b> , or <b>Large</b> to select the size of the font used on the mnemonic display. The larger the font, the fewer characters that are visible on the mnemonic.
Foreground	Click a <b>Foreground</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the text and icon on the mnemonic.
Background	Click a <b>Background</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the background on the mnemonic.

**3.** Click the **Icon** button for the source you want to customize the mnemonics for and click the icon you want to use.

Mnemonia	Minemonic Icons for TouchDrive Panels X										
Ross Predects	OWNER	spot	Numbered Icon	Alpha Nartwric							
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# To Customize Mnemonics for Carbonite Black

The Carbonite control panels support three-color mnemonics without icons.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- 2. Click the **Carbonite** button for the source you want to customize the mnemonics for.

Mnemonio	for Carbonite and Carbonite Black Panels
Font Size	Small Medium Large Preview Large
Color	No Yes
Setting	Description
Font Size	Click <b>Small</b> , <b>Medium</b> , or <b>Large</b> to select the size of the font used on the mnemonic display. The larger the font, the fewer characters that are visible on the mnemonic.
Color	Click a <b>Color</b> button to select the color you want to apply to the mnemonic. The color is applied either to the background or the font, depending on the <b>Inverse</b> setting.
Inverse	Click an <b>Inverse</b> button to have the color applied to the background ( <b>No</b> ) or the text ( <b>Yes</b> ).

### **Auto Key Setup**

An auto key allows you to associate a key alpha with a key video source in the switcher. When the video source is selected as a keyer, the key alpha is automatically used.

### To Set Up an Auto Key Association

As well as input sources, internally generated sources, such as media-stores and color backgrounds, can be set up as an auto key.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- **2.** Click the **Alpha** button for the key video source that you want to assign an alpha to.



- **3.** Click the **Alpha Source** button for the source that you want to assign to the key video.
  - --none-- no alpha
  - White uses internally generated white for the alpha
  - **XX** assign the source on the selected input as a key alpha
  - **HDMI** assign the HDMI<sup>™</sup> input as a key alpha
  - **BK** assign internal black as a key alpha

- **BG** assign the matte generator as a key alpha
- **MX** assign the video on Media-Store *X* as a key alpha
- **MXA** assign the alpha source on Media -Store *X* as a key alpha
- **PGM** assign the main program output as the key alpha
- **PRV** assign the main preview output as the key alpha
- **CLN** assign the main clean feed output as the key alpha
- **MEX** assign the program output of ME *X* as the key alpha
- **MEXPV** assign the preview output of ME *X* as the key alpha
- **MEXCL** assign the clean feed output of ME *X* as the key alpha
- MiniMEX assign the output of MiniME<sup>™</sup>
   X as the key alpha
- **XPXV** assign the video on XPression channel *X* as the alpha
- **XPXA** assign the alpha on XPression channel *X* as the alpha
- 4. Click an **Alpha Mode** button to select the alpha mode for the key alpha.
  - Linear switcher performs a multiplicative key. The key alpha cuts a hole based on the gradient values of the alpha. Shades of gray are translated into transparency levels, giving the key a soft edge. Unshaped key alphas can also be considered true linear alphas.
  - **Shaped** switcher perform an additive key. With shaped keys, the key alpha cuts a hole based on the monochrome value of the alpha. Shades of gray are translated into either white or black, giving the key a hard edge. Shaped Key alphas are sometimes used with Character Generators to cut very precise holes for the fill.

### **GPI Device Control**

You can assign a GPI output to a video source for basic external device control. When a video source is taken on-air, the switcher can be set to trigger a GPI output, with a pre-delay. The external device can be set up to cue a clip, or load a page when it receives the GPI input trigger.

#### To Assign a GPI to a Video Source

Assign a GPI to a video source to trigger events on external devices.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- Click the GPO button for the video source that you want to assign a GPI output to.
   If you are using the GPI to control the device, the video source should be the video output coming from the device.
- **3.** Click the GPI output that you want to assign to the video source.



**Note:** You must have GPIs set as outputs to be able to assign them to the video source.

**4.** In the **Predelay** field, enter the pre-delay time, in frames, you want to use with the GPI output.

When you transition a video source with a GPI assigned to it, and the Roll Clip feature is active, the switcher triggers the GPI output, and then waits the pre-delay time before performing the transition. The length of the pre-delay is usually the length of time your video server requires to start playing a clip or your character generator requires to load a page.

### **Tallies Setup**

Tallies are simple contact closure relays that the switcher uses to signal other devices, and users, that a particular video source is on-air. Typically, tallies are used to light a red light on a camera to show people that they are on-air and what camera they should be looking at.

**Note:** Tallies are tied to the On-Air setting for the bus the source is selected on. If the bus is not set to be tallied as on-air, the tallies for the sources selected on that bus do not trigger. Refer to On-Air Setting on page 101 for information on setting the on-air status.

#### To Assign a Tally to an Input

Tallies are assigned to inputs and are trigged when that input is selected on a bus that is on-air or is going on-air. 1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > GPIO / Tally > Tally



2. Click Add Tally to add a new tally.





**3.** Click the **Tally** button and select the tally you want to assign an input and output to.



**4.** Click the **Input** button and select the input you want to assign to the tally.



5. Click the **Output** button and select the output you want to assign to the tally.



6. Click Save.

### **Custom Page Auto Follow**

DashBoard pages can be assigned to custom page buttons in Live Assist.

These custom pages can then be assigned to video inputs allowing Live Assist to auto follow to these pages when that video input is selected. For example, you can assign a custom page to the DashBoard page that controls a robotic camera. You can then set that custom page to follow the input from that camera. Whenever you select that camera as a source, Live Assist will jump to the custom page for that camera.

**Note:** PaneLink must be active in Live Assist for auto follow to function.

#### To Assign a Page to a Custom Page Button

The custom page buttons on the Live Assist page can be assigned any custom page or node in DashBoard. This allows you to quickly access controls from another device on DashBoard from Live Assist on your current device.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Live Assist.



- 2. Click on the **Address** drop-down list for the custom page button you want to assign to a page.
- **3.** Select the connection or custom panel that you want to assign to the custom page button.
  - All Connections expand the list and select the device and node that you want to assign to the custom page button. Some older DashBoard nodes from plug-ins may not display properly on the Live Assist buttons.

*Note:* Do not assign the Live Assist page to a custom page on the same machine.

• **Open Panels** — expand the list and select the open custom panel you want to assign to the list. You must have the custom panel running on DashBoard for it to appear in the list.

*Tip:* Click *Clear* to remove the custom page and name assigned to that button.

4. Click on the name field for the custom page button you are assigning a page to and enter a descriptive name for the custom page. The name appears on the button in Live Assist.

# To Assign a Custom Page to Follow an Input

Assign a Live Assist custom page to follow a physical or internal video source.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- **2.** Click the **Panel Follow** button for the input you want to assign a custom page to.

Panel Link	<b>K</b>			×
none	Panel	CCU	BLANK	BLANK

**3.** Click the custom page you want to assign to the input or click **none**.

### **Substitution Table**

A substitution table allows you to specify a different source that will be taken on a bus when a specific source is selected on that bus. The substitution table requires either a MultiScreen or ME follow to be set up between the buses to trigger the substitution.

The substitution table can be used with the ME follows feature to create multilingual production feeds. For example, you can have ME 2 follow ME 1 to simultaneous produce multiple feeds. When a source is selected on ME 1, the same source is selected on ME 2. With the substitution table you can have it that when camera 1 is selected on ME 1 the follow will select camera 1 on ME 2 but the substitution table substitutes camera 4 for camera 1 on ME 2. Refer to *ME Follows* on page 101 for information on setting up ME follows.

When working with a MultiScreen setup, the substitution tables allow you to take pre-tiled sources from a CG or video server and have the switcher treat them as a single source across multiple areas or buses. When the first tile is selected on  $MiniME^{m}$  1, the substitution table also selects the second tile on  $MiniME^{m}$  2.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with substitution tables:

- When working with a MultiScreen, the bezel compensation and data doubling setting should be set up on the source generator.
- If you want to create a substitution for an auto-select key, you must set up a substitution for both the fill and the alpha.
- Selecting a crosspoint directly on a bus that has a substitution set up for it overrides the substitution. The substitution continues when a new source is selected on the leading bus.

#### To Set Up a Pre-Tiled Source

The substitution table is a single table that allows you to specify a different source that should be taken when a specific source is selected on a bus. The substitution table requires either a MultiScreen or ME follow to be set up between the buses to trigger the substitution.

*Tip:* When you select the Source on the ME/Bus, the Substitution source is taken instead.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > Substitutional.



- 2. Click New ME Sub or New Bus Sub to select the type of substitution table you want to set up.
  - New ME Sub create a substitution on a MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
  - New Bus Sub create a substitution on a key bus of an ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or an aux bus.
- **3.** Click the **Source** button and select the source that you want to substitute with another source.
- 4. Click the **ME** or **Bus** button and select the area that you want the substitution to occur on.
- **5.** Click the **Substitution** button and select source you want to substitute for the selected one. Repeat for any addition substitutions you want to create.
- 6. Click Save.

# **Video Outputs**

The HD-BNC and HDMI<sup>™</sup> outputs can have any video source in the switcher, including Media -Store channels, aux bus, and clean feed assigned to them.

### Video Output Setup

You can assign a video source or bus to an output BNC or the HDMI outputs. Some outputs can only be used for certain features. The MultiViewer outputs are only available on output BNCs 5 and 6 and the HDMI<sup>™</sup> outputs.

In addition to the external inputs on the BNCs and HDMI<sup>™</sup> ports, there are also internal input from XPression subsystem.

Depending on the model of system you have, you may be restricted on what sources can be assigned to each output.

Output BNC	GRAPHITE -4RU -1ME-5IN	GRAPHITE -4RU -1ME-9IN	GRAPHITE -4RU -2ME-9IN	GRAPHITE -4RU -2ME-13IN			
Output 1		any sourc	e (no MV)				
Output 2		any sourc	e (no MV)				
Output 3	only duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2	any	source (no	MV)			
Output 4	only duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2	any	source (no	MV)			
Output 5	only duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2, or MV1	only any source (MV1 only) duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2, or MV1					
Output 6	only duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2, or MV2	any s	ource (MV2	only)			
HDMI1	only duplicate of Output 1 or any Output 2, or MV1 sour (MV only						
HDMI2	only dup Ou	only duplicate of Output 1 or Output 2, or MV2 source (MV2 only)					

#### To Set up an External Video Output

Assign video sources or buses to the output HD-BNC or HDMI<sup>™</sup> ports. Some outputs are fixed to a specific video signal.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Outputs > External.



- **Output** *X* **—** video output BNCs 1-6.
- **HDMI** X HDMI<sup> $^{\text{M}}$ </sup> output 1-2.
- 2. Click on the **Source** button for the output that you want to assign a source to.



- **3.** Click the video source that you want to assign to the output.
  - **Physical** the physical inputs to the switcher on the input BNCs.
    - **XX** output XX
  - **Internal** the internally generated sources of the switcher (ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, chroma key outputs, etc.).
    - **BK** black
    - **BG** matte generator
    - **MX** Media-Store video channel X
    - **MXA** Media-Store alpha channel *X*
    - **MEXMW** Media-Store video channel used for MediaWipe effects on ME *X* (if installed)
    - **MEXMA** Media-Store alpha channel used for MediaWipe effects on ME *X* (if installed)
    - **MinMEX** main program output of MiniME<sup>™</sup> X
    - **PGM** main program output of the switcher
    - **PRV** main preview output of the switcher
    - **CLN** clean feed for main program of switcher
    - **MEX** main program output of ME *X* (if installed)
    - **MEX PV** main preview output of ME *X* (if installed)

- **MEX CLN** clean feed output of ME *X* (if installed)
- **Aux Follows** the aux buses.
  - **AUXXX** output of aux bus *XX*
- **ME Follows** the background, preset, and key buses of each ME.
  - **MEXBg** source on background of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXPst** source on preset output of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXKYV** key *Y* video of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXKYA** key *Y* alpha of ME *X* (if installed)
- MiniME Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
  - **MMXBg** source on background of MiniME<sup>m</sup> X
  - **MMXPst** source on preset output of MiniME<sup>™</sup> X
  - **MMXKYV** key *Y* video of MiniME<sup>M</sup> *X*
  - **MMXKYA** key *Y* alpha of MiniME<sup>M</sup> *X*
- MultiScreen Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MultiScreen.
  - **MSXBg** source on background of MultiScreen *X*
  - **MSXPst** source on preset output of MultiScreen *X*
  - **MSXKYV** key *Y* video of MultiScreen *X*
  - **MSXKYA** key *Y* alpha of MultiScreen *X*

**Note:** The MiniME<sup>m</sup> preset only shows the source that is selected on the preset bus for the MiniME<sup>m</sup>. This does not include keys or any video manipulation that is done if the MiniME<sup>m</sup> is used as part of a MultiScreen.

4. Click the **HDMI** button for the HDMI<sup>™</sup> output you want to set up and select the format/color-space for the video output signal.



• **DVI** — DVI video transmission format.

- **HDMI** HDMI<sup>™</sup> video transmission format.
  - **RGB** HDMI<sup>™</sup> signal in RGB color-space
  - YUV HDMI<sup>™</sup> signal in YCrCb color-space
- 5. In the **Label** column, enter a new name for each output you want to identify differently. The name is used to identify the output on the panel mnemonics as well as on menus.

#### To Set up an Internal Video Output

Assign video sources or buses to the internal outputs to XPression.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Outputs > Internal.



**Note:** The **toXPXV** and **toXPXA** outputs are the keyed outputs that go to the input channels of XPression. The V is the video channel and A is the alpha channel.

- toXPxV internal video link from the video output of the switcher subsystem to the video input of channel x in the XPression subsystem.
- **toXPxA** internal video link from the alpha output of the switcher subsystem to the alpha input of channel *x* in the XPression subsystem.
- **2.** Click on the **Source** button for the output that you want to assign a source to.



- **3.** Click the video source that you want to assign to the output.
  - **Physical** the physical inputs to the switcher on the input BNCs.
    - XX output XX
  - **Internal** the internally generated sources of the switcher (ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, chroma key outputs, etc.).
    - **BK** black
    - **BG** matte generator
    - **MX** Media-Store video channel X

- **MXA** Media-Store alpha channel *X*
- **MEXMW** Media-Store video channel used for MediaWipe effects on ME *X* (if installed)
- **MEXMA** Media-Store alpha channel used for MediaWipe effects on ME *X* (if installed)
- **MinMEX** main program output of MiniME<sup>™</sup> *X*
- **MMX PV** main preview output of MiniME<sup>™</sup> X
- **MMXCmb** combined alpha of MiniME<sup>M</sup> X
- **PGM** main program output of the switcher
- **PRV** main preview output of the switcher
- **CLN** clean feed for main program of switcher
- **MEX** main program output of ME *X* (if installed)
- **MEX PV** main preview output of ME *X* (if installed)
- **MEX CLN** clean feed output of ME *X* (if installed)
- **Aux Follows** the aux buses.
  - AUXXX output of aux bus XX
- **ME Follows** the background, preset, and key buses of each ME.
  - **MEXBg** source on background of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXPst** source on preset output of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXKYV** key *Y* video of ME *X* (if installed)
  - **MEXKYA** key *Y* alpha of ME *X* (if installed)
- MiniME Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
  - **MMXBg** source on background of MiniME<sup>M</sup> X
  - MMXPst source on preset output of MiniME<sup>™</sup> X
  - **MMXKYV** key *Y* video of MiniME<sup>M</sup> *X*
  - **MMXKYA** key *Y* alpha of MiniME<sup>m</sup> *X*
- MultiScreen Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MultiScreen.

- **MSXBg** source on background of MultiScreen *X*
- **MSXPst** source on preset output of MultiScreen *X*
- **MSXKYV** key *Y* video of MultiScreen *X*
- **MSXKYA** key *Y* alpha of MultiScreen *X*

**Note:** The MiniME<sup>m</sup> preset only shows the source that is selected on the preset bus for the MiniME<sup>m</sup>. This does not include keys or any video manipulation that is done if the MiniME<sup>m</sup> is used as part of a MultiScreen.

4. In the **Label** column, enter a new name for each output you want to identify differently. The name is used to identify the output on the panel mnemonics as well as on menus.

### **Ancillary Data**

Ancillary data is information such as closed captioning or embedded audio that is included in the non-active video portions of the video signal. These portions include the Horizontal Ancillary Data Space (HANC) and Vertical Ancillary Data Space (VANC).

The switcher can be configured to strip or pass this data from the video output. The amount of data, and how it is stripped, depends on the video format of the video signal.

*Note:* FSFCs strip embedded audio data from the video signal.

The following restrictions apply to ancillary data being included in the output:

- All ME program buses pass ancillary data.
- MultiViewer outputs do not include any ancillary data.
- MiniME<sup>™</sup> and MultiScreen outputs do not include any ancillary data unless an ME with ancillary data is re-entered onto the background bus.
- ME Preview does not include ancillary data unless the background is not selected as part of the next transition.
- A MiniME<sup>™</sup> or MultiScreen can include ancillary data if an ME is re-entered onto the background.
- Any format conversion on the input video signal.
- Setting ancillary data to be stripped.

Video Format	Normal Strip/Pass	Long Strip/Pass
480i	19	21
576i	22	24
720p	25	25
1080i	20	20
1080p	41	41

#### Table 1: Last Line of Vertical Ancillary Data

#### **To Strip or Pass Ancillary Data**

Strip or pass ancillary data on video outputs. Video manipulation such as FSFC conversion automatically strips ancillary data from the video signal.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global.



- 2. Click an **Ancillary Mode** button to select whether ancillary data is stripped or passed.
  - **N Strip** ancillary data is stripped
  - **N Pass** ancillary data is passed unmodified
  - L Strip ancillary data and some lines of active video are replaced with black
  - L Pass ancillary data and some lines of active video are passed unmodified

### FlexiClean Clean Feed

FlexiClean clean feed provides a second program output per ME that is derived from a different point in the video layering than the standard program output. The clean feed can be set to come before any key in the video layering for an ME. This allows you to remove particular keys without affecting the primary program output.



#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with clean feeds:

• Recalling a memory register using MemoryAI may cause the clean feed output to look different than expected. MemoryAI allows key elements to be recalled to other keys than originally resulting in different key layering.

#### **To Set Up Clean Feed**

Clean Feed can be taken before any or all of the keyers on an ME. This allows you to have a secondary output of an ME without any branding for re-broadcast or archival.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > ME.



2. Click an **ME** *X* **Clean Feed** button to select which key the clean feed for that ME is taken before.

The selected key, and all keys after it, are not included in the clean feed output.

### **External Layer Mode**

The clean feed for an ME is used to create a composite alpha from the keyers on that ME that is then available as a single alpha source. This allows you to output both the video and alpha from an ME to an external switcher. The key video comes from the output of the ME and the key alpha comes from the clean feed of the ME.

The alphas that are included in the layer mode output are set with the keyer buttons in the next transition area. Toggle a keyer button on to include the alpha from that keyer in the layer mode output.

When layer mode is turned on for an ME, you are restricted to cut, dissolve, and wipe transitions. MediaWipe and DVE transitions are not available.

**Tip:** To use layer mode internally, select the clean feed for the ME that is set to layer mode as the alpha for an auto key on another ME or a MiniME<sup> $\infty$ </sup>.

#### To Set Up Layer Mode

Use the clean feed to output a composite alpha of the keys on that bus.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > ME.



2. Click an ME X Layer Mode button to turn layer mode on (On), or (Off) for that ME.

### **ME Follows**

An ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> can be linked to another ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> so that actions performed on the first are duplicated on the following. Linking can only be set between areas of the same type. You cannot have a MiniME<sup>™</sup> follow an ME.

**Tip:** The ME follows can also be used with the substitution table feature to create multilingual production feeds. For example, you can have ME 2 follow ME 1 to simultaneous produce multiple feeds. When a source is selected on ME 1, the same source is selected on ME 2. With the substitution table you can have it that when camera 1 is selected on ME 1 the follow will select camera 1 on ME 2 but the substitution table substitutes camera 4 for camera 1 on ME 2.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with ME Follows:

- You cannot have a MiniME<sup>™</sup> follow an ME.
- There must be available resources for the following ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
- Memories and resets are also performed on the following ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
- Chroma Key initialization is only performed on the leading ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>. The following ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> get the same chroma key parameters as the leading ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>. If you are substituting the source on the following ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> the chroma key will not be initialized properly for that source.
- You must turn the MultiScreen off to be able to set the follows for the MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
- You cannot cascade/re-enter follows. For example, if MiniME<sup>™</sup> 1 is following MiniME<sup>™</sup> 2, MiniME<sup>™</sup> 2 cannot be set to following anything and no other MiniME<sup>™</sup> can follow MiniME<sup>™</sup> 1.

#### To Set Up an ME Follow

Set an ME or MiniME<sup>m</sup> to follow another ME or MiniME<sup>m</sup>. Actions on the first ME or MiniME<sup>m</sup> are duplicated on the following ME or MiniME<sup>m</sup>.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > ME.

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 Click the ME XFollow or MiniME XFollow button for the ME that you want ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> X to follow.

For example, click **ME 2** in the **ME 1 Follow** row to have actions performed on ME 2 duplicated on ME 1.

**Note:** The MiniME<sup>m</sup> follows are only available if the MiniME<sup>m</sup> is not being used for a MultiScreen. You must turn the MultiScreen off to be able to set the follows for the MiniME<sup>m</sup>.

*Tip:* Select *Off* to have the ME or  $MiniME^{\sim}$  not follow anything.

### **On-Air Setting**

Some switcher outputs can be set to be considered on-air or not. This allows you to set which outputs are tallied, how resource allocation is divided, and how the Roll Clip feature works.

#### To Set the On-Air Status for an Output

Set an output to be on-air to tally sources that are selected on that bus.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > On Air.



2. Click an Always OnAir button for a output to select whether the output is considered on-air (On) or not (Off).

**Tip:** Setting an output to be always on-air tallies sources that are selected on that bus, or are going to be taken on-air with the next transition.

## **MultiViewer**

The MultiViewer allows you to view multiple video sources from a single output. Video inputs or outputs on the switcher, including Program, Preview, and Media-Store channels, can be assigned to any box on the MultiViewer.

A time-clock can be added as an overlay to the MultiViewer showing either system time or time code.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with a MultiViewer:

- The MultiViewer outputs can only be assigned to output BNCs 5 and 6 or the HDMI outputs.
- Inputs are displayed with a red border when they are on-air. A green border is displayed when the input is selected on the Preset bus.

### **MultiViewer Output Formats**

Depending on the format the switcher is operating in, the MultiViewer may output a different video format than the switcher is operating in.

Switcher Video Format	MultiViewer Format
480i	1080i 59.94Hz
576i	1080i 50Hz
720p 50Hz	720p 50Hz
720p 59.94Hz	720p 59.94Hz
1080i 50Hz	1080i 50Hz
1080i 59.94Hz	1080i 59.94Hz
1080pSF 23.98Hz	1080pSF 23.98Hz*
1080pSF 25Hz	1080i 50Hz
1080pSF 29.97Hz	1080i 59.94Hz
1080p 25Hz	1080p 25Hz
1080p 29.97Hz	1080p 29.97Hz
1080p 50Hz	1080i 50Hz
1080p 59.94Hz	1080i 59.94Hz

**Note:** \* For the HDMI<sup>™</sup> output the MultiViewer output is set to 1080p 23.98Hz

### To Set Up a MultiViewer

**Note:** A MultiViewer must be assigned to a video output to be usable.

**Note:** The available layouts and feature depend on the video format the switcher is operating in, the MultiViewer output, and the number of boxes in the layout being used.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewersand click the MultiViewerX button for the MultiViewer you want to set up.

*Tip:* The number of MultiViewers that are available depends on the model of switcher you have.



**2.** Click the **Layout** button and select the arrangement of the boxes that you want to use for the selected MultiViewer.

Layout									×
404	H2-6-6	ULIE	UPogit	Let	Right	αe	DF1/H	ProjUC	skyCut
88888 H255	14.4.4	HQ-4-4	H4:2-4	H4-4-2	₩24.4	V4.4-2	340	наа	GreetL
GUNUR	Gabilit.	Gaster	нз-4	H 4-3	H 2-4	H4-2	н 3-3	H 2-3	Н 3-2
20	H 1-3	H 3-1	н 4	н 1-2	H 2-1	<b>1</b>	на	V 2	н2
tet	VCHT	VCtrB	VCEP1	VOIP2	Усна т	VCNDB			

- **3.** Use the **Transparency** slider to adjust the transparency of the background behind the source label for the selected MultiViewer.
- **4.** Apply an overlay to the MultiViewer as follows:

**Note:** The overlay feature is only available on MultiViewer outputs 1 and 2 when a layout of less than 16 boxes is used and the switcher is not operating in a 3G video format.

 a) Click the Overlay button and click On to turn the overlay on, or Off to turn it off.

*Tip:* The overlay can be used to overlay a camera shot of a shot-clock over the MultiViewer output.

- b) Click the **Source** button for the video source that you want to overlay over the MultiViewer output.
- c) Use the **Clip** slider to adjust the clipping of the overlay source.

At **0%** the overlay source is completely opaque, and at **100%** it is completely transparent.

- 5. Click a **Tally** button to select how boxes on the MultiViewer are tallied.
  - Box red or green border is shown around the outside of the MultiViewer box
  - Label red or green boxes are shown inside the label area of the MultiViewer box
  - Label Reverse the same as Label, but the placement of the tally boxes is swapped
- Click an FS Label button to select whether FSFC is shown on the source labels (On) or not (Off) when a FSFC is applied to the source.
- 7. Click **Shift Panel** and select the panel that you want the MultiViewer shift to be active on. When the **Shift** button is pressed on the assigned control panel the MultiViewer shows the shifted sources.

*Note:* The shift function can only be assigned to a single panel at a time.



*Tip:* When the MultiViewer Shift is active, the box buttons on the layout show the shifted source in brackets.

8. Click on one of the **Boxes** buttons and set up how that box appears on the MultiViewer in the standard and shifted configuration.



- **Physical** the physical inputs to the switcher on the input BNCs.
- **Internal** the internally generated sources of the switcher (ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, chroma key outputs, etc.).
- **Aux Follows** the aux buses.
- **ME Follows** the background, preset, and key buses of each ME.
- MiniME Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MiniME<sup>™</sup>.
- MultiScreen Follows the background, preset, and key buses of each MultiScreen.

**9.** Select how you want that box to appear on the MultiViewer.

**Tip:** Click **Apply to All** to have the settings for the current box applied to all boxes in MultiViewer. This does not include what video source is assigned to the box.

Option	Description
Green Tally	Turn the preview (green) tally for the box on or off.
Red Tally	Turn the program (red) tally for the box on or off.
Border	Turn the border around the box off ( <b>Off</b> ), white ( <b>White</b> ), or black ( <b>Black</b> ). When the border is turned off, some distortion may be visible around the edges of the box. Border is not available for ViewControl layouts.
Aspect	Turn aspect ratio markers for the box on ( <b>Aspect</b> ) or off ( <b>Off</b> ).
Shift Source	Turn the shifted source on ( <b>On</b> ) or off ( <b>Off</b> ) for the selected box. When the MultiViewer is shifted, the source in this box will not change.
Label	Turn source labels for the box off, or on in a selected position.
Display	<ul> <li>Select what name is shows on the label.</li> <li>Fixed — show only the text entered in the Fixed Label field as the name.</li> <li>Switcher — show only the internal mnemonic name.</li> <li>Router — show only the TSL UMD name.</li> <li>Switcher and Router — show both the internal and TSL UMD name</li> <li>Tip: If you select a source on an aux bus that does not have a TSL UMD name, the mnemonic name is used instead on the MultiViewer.</li> </ul>
Label Pos	Select a position for the source label for the box( <b>Bottom</b> or <b>Top</b> ).
MultiSc X	Turn the MultiScreen overlay <b>Off</b> or <b>On</b> . The overlay shows what portions of the image are cropped to fit into the output of the MultiScreen.

### **MultiViewer Clock**

The clock can show the current system time, LTC data being sent to the switcher, or a countdown timer. The clock can only operate in a single mode at one time.

#### To Set Up a MultiViewer Timecode Clock

The timecode clock uses LTC data being sent to the switcher and displays it as (hh:mm:ss:ff).

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewers and select the MultiViewer that you want to apply the clock overlay to.
- 2. Click Clock > Timecode.



- 3. Click a Frame Count button to select whether the number of frames for a timecode is displayed (On) or not (Off).
- **4.** Click the **Position** tab.
- 5. Use the X Position, Y Position, and Size sliders to position the clock and change the size.
- 6. Click the Foreground Color tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the text of the clock.



**7.** Click the **Background Color** tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the background of the clock.

#### To Set Up a MultiViewer System Clock

The clock can show the current system time in 12-hour or 24-hour format (hh:mm:ss).

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewers and select the MultiViewer that you want to apply the clock overlay to.
- 2. Click Clock > System.



- **3.** Click a **Time Display** button to set how the time is displayed.
  - **24 hr** time is displayed in 24-hour format.
  - **12 hr** time is displayed in 12-hour format without am/pm.
  - **12 hr AM/PM** time is displayed in 12-hour format with am/pm.
- 4. Click the **Position** tab.
- **5.** Use the **X Position**, **Y Position**, and **Size** sliders to position the clock and change the size.
- 6. Click the Foreground Color tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the text of the clock.



**7.** Click the **Background Color** tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the background of the clock.

#### To Set Up a MultiViewer Countdown Timer

The clock can show a countdown timer that will count down from a set time to 0, up from 0, or down from a set time to 0 and then up.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewers and select the MultiViewer that you want to apply the clock overlay to.
- 2. Click Clock > Countdown Timer.



**3.** Click a **Timer** button to select which countdown timer you want to use. Each timer can be set up differently.

Note: Timer are shared across all MultiViewers.

- **4.** Click a **Direction** button to select the direction that the times counts in.
  - **Down** enter a time in the **Minutes** and **Seconds** field that the timer will start

counting down from. The timer stops when it reaches 0.

- **Up** the timer counts up from 0 until stopped.
- **Down/Up** enter a time in the **Minutes** and **Seconds** field that the timer will start counting down from. The timer counts down to 0 and then starts counting up until stopped.

*Tip:* You can manually control the countdown timer using the *Start* and *Reset* buttons, or assign these commands to custom controls.

- 5. Click the **Position** tab.
- 6. Use the X Position, Y Position, and Size sliders to position the clock and change the size.
- **7.** Click the **Foreground Color** tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the text of the clock.



8. Click the **Background Color** tab and select the color and transparency you want to use for the background of the clock.

# MultiScreen / MiniME<sup>™</sup>

The MultiScreen allows you to output multiple video signals that can be combined into a single scene. The switcher treats the multiple outputs as a single background and translates the keys across the multiple backgrounds.

*Tip:* For information on pre-tiled sources, refer to *Substitution Table* on page 95.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when setting up a MultiScreen environment.

- The MultiScreen uses MiniME<sup>™</sup> resources to provide the outputs. This allows you to have up to two DVE keys per screen of the MultiScreen. As a key crosses from one screen to the next, a key from either of the MiniME<sup>™</sup> outputs is being used to provide the two halves of the key.
- MultiScreen does not support chroma keys.
- The MultiScreen can either take separate parts of a pre-tiled source, or scale a single source to the size of the MultiScreen output. When you use a pre-tiled source, you must assign sources to each MiniME<sup>™</sup> that is used in the MultiScreen. This substitution table allows you to select a single source on the MultiScreen program bus and the switcher automatically assigns the required source to each MiniME<sup>™</sup>.

### MiniME<sup>™</sup> Assignment

Each MiniME<sup>™</sup> output is pre-assigned to a screen on the MultiScreen layout. MiniME<sup>™</sup> 1 and 2 are assigned to MultiScreen 1 and MiniME<sup>™</sup> 3 and 4 are assigned to MultiScreen 2. If you select a layout that uses more than two screens, the MiniME<sup>™</sup> resources that were assigned to MultiScreen 2 are assigned to MultiScreen 1.

### To Set Up a MultiScreen

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Canvases.

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- **2.** Click **MultiScreen** *X* to select the MultiScreen you want to set up.
- **3.** Click a **Layout** button to select the layout you want to use.

**Note:** The available layouts depend on the number of screens being used by the other MultiScreen.

- 4. Click Yes to confirm.
- **5.** Click a **Background DVEs** button to select how DVE resources are used to scale sources for the MultiScreen screens.
  - Off DVE resources are not allocated to the MultiScreen for scaling of background sources.
  - **On** DVE resources are always allocated to the MultiScreen for scaling of background sources. This reduces the number of available DVE resources to the switcher when a MultiScreen is turned on.
  - **Dynamic** DVE resources are dynamically allocated to the MultiScreen for scaling of background sources if there is no substitution table.

**Note:** If there are no DVE resources to scale the background source across the entire MultiScreen, the switcher needs a substitution table to map separate inputs to the MultiScreen screens or the selected source is repeated in each screen of the MultiScreen.

- 6. Click **OK**.
- 7. Use the **Offset** slider to adjust the placement of the background scaling in the MultiScreen output.

This can be used to adjust for the aspect ratio difference between the input video and the MultiScreen output.

**8.** Click on the button between the two boxes to adjust the size of the edge between those two screens.

Edge Confi	guration
Edge Distance	
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**9.** Use the **Edge Distance** slider to adjust the size of the gap between the MultiScreen screens.

- If you are using monitors for your MultiScreen display, you can use a positive value to compensate for the bezel on the outside of a display.
- If you are using projectors for your MultiScreen display, you can use the negative value to compensate for the amount of overlap of the projected images.
- **10.** If you selected a negative distance, click an **Edge Blending** button to turn edge blending on **(On)** or off **(Off)**.



- **11.** If the edge blending is on, use the **Smoothness** and **Gamma Correction** sliders to correct for the overlap in projected images.
  - **Smoothness** adjust the appearance of the transition area between the overlapping images.
  - **Gamma Correction** adjust the gamma correction applied to the overlapping images to match the output of your projectors.
- **12.** Repeat the edge adjustment for all other edges in your layout.

# Frame Sync and Format Conversion

The switcher has multiple input frame synchronizer / format converter (FSFC) and input de-interlacers that can be used to convert video input signals to the format that the switcher is operating in, as well as correct mistimed, or drifting, video input signal. The frame synchronizers cannot completely correct badly formatted video, mistimed switches, signal drops, or similar issues.

Each FSFC channel maintains a separate setting for different video formats. This lets you change between video formats without losing FSFC channel configurations.

#### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with Frame Synchronizers and Format Converters:

- If a video format not compatible with the currently defined conversion is used, the video image is frozen with the last successfully processed image frame.
- FSFCs create a one-frame delay in the video output of the switcher for the video signal being converted.
- FSFCs strip embedded audio data from the video signal. Ensure that no FSFC channels are assigned to any input or bus you are using with external audio mode.
- FSFCs are fixed to the first 6 input BNCs
- The FSFCs used in the switcher conform to the SMPTE ST 125:2013 standard. Some older equipment may not fully conform to the current standards and can send out-of-spec video to the switcher which can have unexpected results. Ensure that video coming into the switcher conforms to current standards, especially with regard to 480i video signals with variable blanking sizes.

### **Supported FSFC Video Formats**

FSFCs can only convert between specific video formats at a given frequency. The available conversions also depends on the switcher mode you are in.

• The switcher supports synchronized and unsynchronized 1080p and 1080i inputs. The 1080i inputs are converted using a 4-line interpolator and may result in lower quality video.

Table 2: Supported FSFC Input and Output Formats

Input	Switcher	Output
1080p 59.94Hz	1080p 59.94Hz	1080p 59.94Hz
1080i 59.94Hz		
720p 59.94Hz		
1080p 50Hz	1080p 50Hz	1080p 50Hz
1080i 50Hz*		
720p 59.94Hz		
1080p 29.97Hz	1080p 29.97Hz	1080p 29.97Hz
1080p 59.94Hz**		
1080p 25Hz	1080p 25Hz	1080p 25Hz
1080p 50Hz**		
1080i 59.94Hz	1080i 59.94Hz	1080i 59.94Hz
1080p 59.94Hz		
720p 59.94Hz		
480i		
1080i 50Hz	1080i 50Hz	1080i 50Hz
1080p 50Hz		
720p 50Hz		
576i 50Hz		
720p 59.94Hz	720p 59.94Hz	720p 59.94Hz
1080p 59.94Hz		
720p 50Hz	720p 50Hz	720p 50Hz
1080p 50Hz		
576i	576i 50Hz	576i
1080p 50Hz		
1080i 50Hz		
720p 50Hz		
480i	480i 59.94Hz	480i
1080p 59.94Hz		
1080i 59.94Hz		
720p 59.94Hz		

#### Notes

• \* Converted using either a simple line-doubler or 4-line interpolater and may result in lower quality video.
• \*\* Converted by dropping frames and may result in lower quality video.

# To Set Up an Input FSFC

The conversion that is available depends on the format the switcher is operating in and the input that is being converted.

Note: FSFCs are fixed to the first 6 input BNCs

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External.
- **2.** Click the **Configure** button for the input you want to assign an FSFC to.



- **3.** Click a **Type** button to turn on the FSFC.
  - **SDI** no FSFC is applied to the input.
  - **SDI-FS** an FSFC is applied to the input.
- **4.** If required, select the aspect ratio conversion mode you want to use.

The options that are available depend on the video format that the switcher is converting from and to.

- **Full** The video signal is scaled disproportionately to fill the display of the new aspect ratio. Aspect distortion occurs as the image is stretched/compressed to fit in the new aspect ratio.
- **Zoom** The central portion of the video signal is zoomed to fill the display of the new video format. No aspect distortion is introduced but the edges of the video signal may be cropped.
- Letter Box Black bars are added to the top and bottom of a 16:9 image to display correctly in a 4:3 video format.
- **Pillar Box** Black bars are added to the right and left of a 4:3 image to display correctly in a 16:9 video format.

# **Aspect Ratio Conversion**

Converting between standard-definition and high-definition video formats often requires converting between 4:3 and 16:9 aspect ratios. The switcher support Full, Zoom, Letterbox, and Pillarbox conversions. In 480i and 576i video formats you can use either a 4:3 or 16:9 aspect ratio.

### Full

The video signal is scaled disproportionately to fill the display of the new aspect ratio. Aspect distortion occurs as the image is stretched/compressed to fit in the new aspect ratio.



Figure 10: 4:3 to 16:9 Full Aspect Ratio Conversion



Figure 11: 16:9 to 4:3 Full Aspect Ratio Conversion

### Zoom

The central portion of the video signal is zoomed to fill the display of the new video format. No aspect distortion is introduced but the edges of the video signal may be cropped.



Figure 12: 4:3 to 16:9 Zoom Aspect Ratio Conversion



Figure 13: 16:9 to 4:3 Full Aspect Ratio Conversion

### Letterbox

Black bars are added to the top and bottom of a 16:9 image to display correctly in a 4:3 video format.



Figure 14: 16:9 to 4:3 Letterbox Aspect Ratio Conversion

### **Pillarbox**

Black bars are added to the right and left of a 4:3 image to display correctly in a 16:9 video format.



Figure 15: 4:3 to 16:9 Pillarbox Aspect Ratio Conversion

# **Frame Delays**

A delay of up to 16 frames can be added to inputs 1-6. This allows you to delay the timing of an input to compensate for the delay in another source. For example, in a virtual set environment it may take a few frames for the system to track the position of the camera and render the background. In this case you want to delay the foreground cameras to compensate for this delay.

*Note:* The frame sync functionality is disabled when a frame delay is applied to an input.

# To Apply a Frame Delay to an Input

Delay a video signal coming into the switcher.

*Note:* A delay can only be applied to the first 6 input BNC.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External.
- **2.** Click the **Configure** button for the video input (1-6) you want to apply a delay to.
- 3. Click Delay.



**4.** In the **Frame Delay** field enter the amount of delay to apply to the input.

# Audio Breakout Module Setup

The 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABU) provides the audio inputs and outputs for the switcher. A video loop between the switcher and the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit passes all audio signals.

**Important:** Ensure that Phantom Power is turned off for the Analog Input unless you are connecting a microphone that requires phantom power. Connecting the line out from an audio device to the analog input with phantom power on could damage the audio device and/or the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit. For added safety, a TRS phone connecter should be used for line in audio sources.

*Note:* Some TRS jack plug adapters may introduce bleed between the left and right channels.

The system must be set up for the number of 1RU Audio Breakout Units you want to connect (up to three). Each ABU connects to different IN and OUT BNCs on the 4RU Integrated Production System.

### Table 3: ABU Cable Connections

	FRAME IN	FRAME OUT
ABU 1*	OUT 4	IN 12
ABU 2	OUT 3	IN 11
ABU 3	OUT 2	IN 10

**Note:** \* Only the Tally and GPI ports on the first 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABU 1) are available. The Tally and GPI ports on the remaining 1RU Audio Breakout Units are not available for use.

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## To Set Up Multiple 1RU Audio Breakout Units

The system can support up to 3 1RU Audio Breakout Units.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global.



2. Click a **Num RAVE ABMs** button to select the number of 1RU Audio Breakout Units connected to the system.

# Personality

Personality settings allow you to configure how you interact with the control panel and switcher, as well as how the buttons on the control panel appear. All of these settings are stored in the Personality register.

# **Personality Settings**

There are a number of settings for how the switcher will react to different situations, or how switcher elements appear to the operator. All these settings are grouped together into the Switcher Personality. These settings include double-press rates and sleep time, among others.

### **General Settings**

 Click Navigation Menu > Personality > General, or Transition for the transition settings.

		General		
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Personality	Description
Editor Port	Allow the switcher to be controlled by an external editor. The external editor can control the switcher to perform transitions, or recall memories, among the supported commands. This setting is for the frame.
	<ul> <li>On — allow the switcher to be controlled by an external editor.</li> <li>Off — switcher ignores editor commands.</li> </ul>
Button Brightness	Set the overall brightness (0-100%) of all the buttons on any physical control panel connected to the switcher. This setting is unique to the control panel.
Flex Button Brightness	Set the overall brightness (0-100%) of all the buttons on the Flex Control modules of the TD control panels. This setting is unique to the control panel.
Rate	Have the switcher use frames or seconds for transition rates. Rates are entered and displayed in the select selected values. This setting is unique to the control panel.
	<ul> <li>Frames — transition rates are in frames.</li> <li>Seconds — transition rates are in seconds.</li> </ul>

Personality	Description
Sleep Mode	have the switcher go into a sleep mode after a user-defined amount of time (Sleep Minutes) without user interaction. Touching any button, knob, or fader will wake the switcher. The switcher does not act on the button, knob, or fader control that wakes it from sleep mode. During sleep mode, video related hardware is not affected and video signals still pass through the switcher. This setting is unique to the control panel.
	<ul> <li>Fower save — an outcome and displays are turned off and as much power is conserved as possible.</li> <li>Sleep — displays are turned off and buttons light in raindrop pattern.</li> </ul>
Sleep Minutes	The amount of time that the switcher waits without user input before going into sleep mode. Setting the value to $\hat{0}$ (Off) prevents the switcher from entering sleep mode. This setting is unique to the control panel.
Toggle Shift	<ul> <li>Have the Shift button either be latching (toggle) or momentary (off). When in toggle mode, you can press the shift button and then select a source on the shifted bus without having to hold down the shift button. This only affects the bus the shift button is on. This setting is unique to the control panel.</li> <li>Off — the Shift button only stays on as long as you are holding it down.</li> <li>Toggle — when you press the Shift button it stays on until you press a source button on that bus.</li> </ul>
Memory Bank	<ul> <li>Allows you to set how the BANK button behaves when pressed and released. This setting is unique to the control panel.</li> <li>Normal — the keypad is used to enter the bank number directly, followed by the memory (For example, to access memory 3 on bank 2, press BANK &gt; 2 &gt; 3.)</li> <li>Legacy — the next bank is selected every time the button is pressed, cycling through all banks (For example, to access bank 5, press BANK repeatedly until bank 5 is selected.)</li> </ul>
Memory Undo	<ul> <li>A memory recall can be reversed by pressing the memory number a second time after a memory is recalled. This is the same as pressing the UNDO button, if present on your control panel. This setting is unique to the control panel.</li> <li>Off — pressing the memory number again does not undo the recall.</li> <li>On — pressing the memory number again undoes the last memory recall.</li> </ul>

Personality	Description						
CC Mnemonic Row	How you want the mnemonics on each panel row to display the mnemonics for custom controls.						
	<ul> <li>Off — the mnemonics don't change when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.</li> <li>Split — the mnemonics are split (top to cc name and bottom to bus sources) when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.</li> <li>Full — the mnemonics are show only the names of the custom controls when the row is assigned to a custom control bank.</li> </ul>						

### **Transition Settings**

• Click Navigation Menu > Personality > Transition.

Transition
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Resident Form CR
Bandy over Transme Bandy over Case
M San Yaw Balah Paur Balah Paur
Ng Jané Jane Rodon Paus Rodon Paus
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Personality	Description					
Transition	Have the next transition reset to a defaul background dissolve after each transition This allows you to prevent the selections from the last transition from being accidentally included with the next transition. This setting is for the frame.					
	<ul> <li>No Reset — the next transition settings are not changed after a transition.</li> <li>Reset — the next transition is reset to a background only transition after a transtiion.</li> </ul>					
Next Transition	Have the next transition buttons on the control panel latch when pressed (toggle). This setting is unique to the control panel.					
	<ul> <li>Off — press and hold all the buttons you want included in the next transition. All buttons must be pressed at the same time.</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>Toggle — press a button to toggle it on or off as being included in the next transition.</li> </ul>					

Personality	Description				
Remove Keys	Have a key removed from the next transition after it has been transitioned off-air using key Cut or Trans buttons. This allows you to transition a key off-air in an emergency and not have it accidentally transitioned back on-air with the next transition. This setting is for the frame.				
	<ul> <li>Off — key can remain part of the next transition when it is independently transitioned off-air.</li> <li>On — key is removed as part of the next transition when it is independently transitioned off-air.</li> </ul>				
Background Double Press	Have a double-press of the next transition background button select the background and all on-air keys as part of the next transition. This setting is unique to the control panel.				
	<ul> <li>Ignore — ignore the double-press of the next transition background button.</li> <li>Transition Clear — set the next transition to include the background and only the on-air keys. If an off-key is selected as part of the next transition it is deselected.</li> </ul>				
ME Auto Trans Double Press	<ul> <li>Set what action is performed when the auto transition button is pressed again during a transition. This setting is for the frame.</li> <li>Halt Forward — the transition is halted and then continues in the same direction when the transition button is pressed again.</li> <li>Reverse — the transition immediately reverses directions when the transition button is pressed.</li> <li>Halt Reverse — the transition is halted and then reverses directions when the transition button is pressed again.</li> <li>Cut — the transition immediately cuts back to the initial state when the transition button is pressed.</li> <li>Ignore — the button press is ignored and the transition continues.</li> </ul>				

Personality	Description
Key Auto Trans Double Press	<ul> <li>Set what action is performed when the independent key auto transition button is pressed again during a transition. This setting is for the frame.</li> <li>Halt Forward — the transition is halted and then continues in the same direction when the transition button is pressed again.</li> <li>Reverse — the transition immediately reverses directions when the transition button is pressed.</li> <li>Halt Reverse — the transition is halted and then reverses directions when the transition button is pressed again.</li> <li>Cut — the transition immediately cuts back to the initial state when the transition button is pressed.</li> <li>Ignore — the button press is ignored</li> </ul>
Roll Clip	Set whether the roll clip feature is always
	on, or must be turned on manually. This setting is for the frame.
	<ul> <li>User — the roll clip feature must be turned on manually.</li> <li>Force — the roll clip feature is always on.</li> </ul>

## **Color Schemes**

The buttons on the control panel glow with different colors specific to their state, function, and assignment. This color can be selected from a list of pre-set color schemes, or a custom color can be selected. Up to four (4) custom color schemes can be saved on the switcher.

### To Select a Color Scheme

ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, aux buses, and keyers can be set to different colors by loading one of the pre-installed color scheme. This setting is unique to the control panel.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Personality > Color Scheme.



**2.** In the **Load Scheme** area, select the color scheme you want to use on the control panel.

**Tip:** You can load a pre-loaded color scheme and then modify the colors and save it as a custom color scheme. You cannot save your modifications back to the pre-loaded color scheme.

### To Create a Custom Color Scheme

A custom color scheme can be created and used instead of one of the pre-loaded color schemes. This setting is unique to the control panel.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Personality > Color Scheme.



2. In the **Modify Scheme** area, click the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, or aux that you want to change the color for.

*Tip:* Click *Change All* to change the color of all the areas at once. They will all use the selected color.

**3.** Use the color picker to select the new color you want to use and click **Ok**.



*Tip:* Click *Live* to have the color changes update in real time on the control panel.

- **4.** In the **Unique Key Color** area select how you want the keyer buttons on the control panel to be colored.
  - Off the keyer buttons use the same color as their ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen.
  - **On** the keyer buttons use the unique colors assigned to each key. Click the key that you want to change the color for and use the color picker to change the color.
- 5. Click a **Custom** *X* button to store your color scheme to that location.
- 6. Click Yes.

## **Bus Maps**

Any video input can be mapped to any source button on the control panel using a bus map. Each source button can have two inputs assigned (a standard source and a shifted source).

### To Create a Bus Map

The bus map assigns video sources to the buttons on the control panel.

**Note:** The bus map is unique to the control panel (Main, Sat 1, Sat 2, or Sat 3) and can only be set for that control panel.

 Click Navigation Menu > Personality > Bus Map.



**2.** Click the source button that you want to assign a source to and select the source you want to assign to that button.

*Tip:* You must assign a button to the Shift function to be able to access those source buttons on the control panel.



**Note:** The sources that are available on your switcher may differ depending on the options you have installed and how your switcher is configured.

### **User Buttons**

These buttons can be assigned to a number of functions, including ME and key selections, custom control, and memories. The number and position of the buttons on the control panel depend on the model of your control panel.

If a button is assigned to an ME, aux bus, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, or chroma key, you can press and hold the button to be able to select a different ME, aux bus, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, MultiScreen, or chroma key from the key bus. If the user button is assigned to an Aux, it will allow you to select a different Aux.

### **To Set A User Button**

1. Click Navigation Menu > Personality > User Select.

*Note:* The menu only shows the user buttons that are available on your control panel.



**2.** Click the user button that you want to assign a function to and select the function you want to assign to that button.

**Tip:** Each row on your control panel can have a separate set of user button assignment. These settings are tied to the row, and not the ME that is assigned to that row.



**Note:** The functions that are available on your switcher may differ depending on the options you have installed and how your switcher is configured.

# **GPI Control**

General Purpose Interface (GPI) is a high/low voltage signalling protocol that allows the switcher to send simple commands to an external device, or receive commands from a device. Each pin on the GPI is set as either high (+5 Volts), or low (0 Volts), and it is the switching between high and low that sends commands to the external device, or to the switcher.

**Note:** The Tally and GPI ports are located on the first 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABM 1). The Tally and GPI ports on the remaining 1RU Audio Breakout Units are not available for use.

# **GPI Trigger Types**

There are four trigger types supported by the switcher. These can be either output triggers, or input triggers.

### Table 4: Trigger Types

Trigger	Descriptio	on
Low Edge	The output level is set high, and momentarily goes low for the trigger.	ab do uration
High Edge	The output level is set low, and momentarily goes high for the trigger.	Duration Junation
Low Level	The output level toggles from the base high level to the low level. The output signal remains at this level until reset.	Trigger
High Level	The output toggles from the base low level to the high level. The output signal remains at this level until reset.	Trigger

## **GPI Setup**

Each GPI pin on the switcher can be configured as either an input, or an output. By default, all GPIs are set as inputs.

### To Set Up a GPI Input

The switcher requires a Low Edge GPI input trigger.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > GPIO / Tally > GPIO.

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- **2.** Click **Edit** for the GPI that you want to configure as an input.
- 3. Click GPI.



- 4. Click a Level button to select that state the GPI should be in to trigger an event. You can have events trigger on both High and Low.
  - **Low** the event is triggered when the GPI goes low.
  - **High** the event is triggered when the GPI goes high.
- 5. Click the **Event** button for the action you want to assign to the selected GPI when it is at the selected level state.

Setting	Description						
none	No you eve stat	No action is taken. Select this option if you do not want the GPI to trigger an event when it is at the selected level state.					
сс	Run a specific custom control:						
	a.	<b>a.</b> Enter the custom control bank in the <b>Bank</b> field.					
	<b>b.</b> Enter the custom control in the <b>CC</b> field.						
Mem	Recall a memory on all MEs:						
Recall	• Enter the memory to recall in <b>Mem</b> field.						

Setting	Description				
FTB	Perform a transition to black on the program ME that also takes all keys off-air. The source originally selected on program is selected on preset				
ME Cut	Perform a background cut on the selected ME:				
	<ul> <li>Click an <b>ME</b> button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen.</li> </ul>				
ME Auto	Perform a background auto transition on the selected ME:				
	<ul> <li>Click an <b>ME</b> button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen.</li> </ul>				
Key Cut	Perform a key cut on the selected ME and key:				
	<ul> <li>a. Click an ME button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen.</li> </ul>				
	<b>b.</b> Click a <b>Key</b> button to select the keyer.				
Key Auto	Perform a key auto transition on the selected ME, MiniME <sup>™</sup> , or MultiScreen and key:				
	<ul> <li>a. Click an ME button to select the ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen.</li> </ul>				
	<b>b.</b> Click a <b>Key</b> to select the keyer number.				
Aux Xpt	Select a video source on an aux bus:				
	a. Click the <b>Aux</b> button and select the aux bus.				
	<b>b.</b> Click the <b>Source</b> button and select the video source.				

### To Set Up a GPI Output

A GPI output can be set as a Normal GPI output, or as a Tally output. As a tally output, the GPI output must be assigned to a video source. A GPI output in tally mode can still be used as a normal GPI output.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > GPIO / Tally > GPIO.



- **2.** Click **Edit** for the GPI that you want to configure as an output.
- 3. Click GPO.



- Click a Level button to select whether you want the GPI to trigger low (Low), or high (High).
- 5. Click a **Trigger** button to select whether you want to use an edge trigger (**Edge**), or a level trigger (**Level**).
- 6. For edge triggers, use the **Duration (fr)** slider to set the length of time (in frames) that the GPI edge output remains triggered.
- **7.** For level triggers, click a **Mode** button to select how you want to GPI output to act.
  - Normal when assigned to a video source and RollClip is active, will trigger with the source going on-air, and back with the source going off-air (pre-delay values are only used when the source is going on-air)
  - **Tally** when assigned to a video source, will trigger with the source going on-air, and back with the source going off-air (RollClip and pre-delay values are ignored)

# **GPI Output Triggers**

Each video source can have a GPI output assigned to it. This GPI can be used to trigger an external device, such as a video server, to play the cued clip when the video sources from the video server are taken on-air.

A GPI trigger can be set up to occur automatically any time the video source is transitioned on-air, or it can be triggered manually.

**Note:** The Next Button Secondary Function must be set to GPO to be able to trigger a GPI output manually using the **NEXT** button on the control panel.

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with GPI output triggers:

- The **Roll Clip** must be set to **On** to trigger a GPI output with a transition.
- Edge triggered GPI outputs remain triggered for the configured duration.
- Level triggered GPI outputs toggle between high and low each time they are triggered.

### To Assign a GPI Output to a Video Source

You can set a pre-delay, or pre-roll, that will specify when the GPI is triggered in relation to taking the video source on-air. This is useful for VTR pre-roll delay and other situations where an input source is not immediately ready to be taken to air.

**Note:** The roll clip function must be set to on to trigger the GPI output with a transition.

- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Inputs > External if you are setting up a physical input, or Internal if you are setting up an internal input.
- 2. Click the **GPO** button for the video source that you want to assign a GPI output to.



When you select this source on a bus, the GPI output will trigger automatically.

*Note:* Not all sources can have a GPI assigned to them.

- **3.** Click the **GPO** button for GPI output that you want to assign to the selected video source. A GPI must be configured as an output to appear on the list.
- **4.** In the **Predelay** field, enter the pre-delay interval (in frames) that the switcher waits after the GPI output is triggered before taking the source on-air.

# Live Edit Decision Lists (LiveEDL)

Edit Decision Lists are files used by non-linear editing (NLE) suites to aid in post-production. Your switcher can capture EDL data in a file that you load into your NLE suite.

# **LiveEDL Setup**

You can configure your switcher to trigger multiple GPI outputs at the start, end, or both, of an EDL data capture to trigger video servers that are recording the feeds coming into the switcher. The EDL data from the switcher can then be paired with the feeds from the video servers, using the timecode data, in the NLE suite to edit or re-cut the show.



**Important:** A control panel is required to configure this feature. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used.

You can also set a pre-delay for each GPI output. EDL data capture does not begin until the highest pre-delay has passed. This is useful when the switcher needs to wait for external equipment to become ready. The example below shows the effects of various triggering and pre-delay settings.

### To Set the LiveEDL Behavior

**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- Press MENU > System > NEXT > NEXT > NEXT > LivEDL Config.
- 2. Use the **GPO** knob to select the GPI output that is connected to your video server. The GPI must be configured as a GPI output before it can be selected.
- **3.** Use the **Triggr** knob to select when the GPI output is triggered.
  - **Off** GPI is not triggered
  - **Start** GPI output is triggered at the beginning of the EDL capture
  - **Stop** GPI output is triggered at the end of the EDL capture

• **Both** — GPI output is triggered at the beginning and end of the EDL capture

If Start or Both is selected, you must set the pre-delay for the GPI.

4. Use the **PreDly** knob to select the pre-delay interval (in frames) that the switcher waits after the GPI output is triggered before starting to capture EDL data.

# **Timecode Setup**

The switcher uses timecode data to mark the EDL file so that it can be used in the non-linear editing suite along with the feeds from the video servers. The timecode data can be either from an external timecode generator, or internally generated. An offset can be applied to both timecode sources.

For an external timecode, an LTC generator must be connected to the LTC port on the back of the frame.

### **To Confirm External LTC Signal**

If you have an external linear timecode generator connected to the switcher, you can confirm that the switcher is receiving timecode data.

- **Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.
- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Status / Power
- **2.** Confirm that the information shown in the **Timecode** field matches the timecode from the timecode generator.

If required, an offset can be applied to the incoming timecode data.

# To Set Up Communications with a TSC-9902



**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- 1. Press MENU > System > NEXT > NEXT > Device Configure.
- 2. Press the Add knob.
- 3. Use the **Slot** knob to select **SP** (serial port).
- 4. Use the **Type** knob to select **LTC**.

- 5. Press NEXT.
- 6. Use the **SubType** knob to select **LTC\_#.#**.
- 7. Press the **SubType** knob.
- 8. Press the **Confrm** knob to save your settings.

### To Set the LTC Timecode Source

If you are using an external timecode generator, an offset, or delay, is applied to the incoming timecode signal before it is stored in the LiveEDL data file. If you are using an internal timecode, the offset is the starting time that the switcher uses for the timecode that is stored in the LiveEDL file.



**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

**Note:** If a valid timecode signal is detected on the LTC port on the frame, the external timecode will be used even if an internal timecode is set.

- 1. Press MENU > System > NEXT > NEXT > NEXT > NEXT > LivEDL Config > NEXT.
- **2.** Use the **Offset** knob to select the source of the timecode data you want to use.
  - **Ext.** the timecode data received on the LTC port is used
  - **Int.** an internal timecode is generated
- **3.** Set the timecode offset for an External timecode as follows:
  - a) Use the **LTCOff** knob to select the offset, in frames, that you want to delay the incoming timecode signal by.
- **4.** Set the starting time for an Internal timecode as follows:
  - a) Use the **Field** knob to select the hours, minutes, or seconds that you want to adjust.

The timecode is shown in the [HH:MM:SS] format.

b) Use the **Value** knob to set the starting time in the selected field.

## LiveEDL Data Capture

Capturing EDL data is manually started and stopped from the switcher. When you select to start capturing EDL data, and GPI outputs set to trigger on start are triggered. If a pre-delay has been set for the GPIs, the switcher does not start capturing EDL data until the pre-delay time has finished.

When you stop capturing EDL data, you have the option to delete the data, or save it to a USB drive. You can also connect to the switcher via FTP and download the files directly to your editing suite. Use the username liveedl and password password to create the FTP connection to the switcher.

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when reviewing the EDL data from the switcher:

- When a MediaWipe is selected as the transition type, the switcher records the transition duration as the cut point frame multiplied by two (2). This is to ensure that the cut point is recorded accurately.
- If you used more than one ME, or Aux bus, in your shot, a separate EDL file is saved for each ME and Aux bus. The ME re-entry is shown as being selected on the first ME, and the source selections on the second ME are saved to the separate LiveEDL file. Aux bus information is only stored to a LiveEDL file when the Aux bus is not in fixed mode.

### To Start Capturing EDL Data

The EDL data can be stored to one of 1000 LiveEDL files stored on the switcher. A separate file is created for each ME when the additional MEs are used.

> **Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- 1. Press MENU > User > LiveEDL.
- 2. Use the **Start** knob to select the LiveEDL file on the switcher that you want to store the EDL data to.

If the LiveEDL file already contains data, you are given the option to delete the data, or save it to a USB.

3. Press the **Start** knob to start recording.

### To Stop Capturing and Save EDL Data



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**Important:** A control panel is required to perform this procedure. If you do not have access to a physical control panel, the SoftPanel can be used. The position of items on the menus on the SoftPanel may not match those of a physical panel.

- **1.** Press **MENU** > **User** > **LiveEDL**.
- 2. Press the **Stop** knob to stop recording.
- **3.** Save the EDL data to a USB as follows:
  - a) Insert your USB drive into the USB Port on the switcher. You must wait 5 seconds for the switcher to recognise the USB drive.
  - b) Press the **Save** knob.
  - c) Press the **Confrm** knob to store the LiveEDL file to the USB drive.

# ViewControl (HD Only)

The ViewControl interface through DashBoard allows you to coordinate the control over the Carbonite switcher and other devices through custom controls and transitions.

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with ViewControl:

- ViewControl requires DashBoard 5.1, or later.
- Only the sources assigned to the MultiViewer boxes are available for direct selection. Custom controls can be used to select other sources.
- The MultiViewer Shift must be set to the main or satellite panel that the DashBoard you are using for ViewControl is assigned to.

## **ViewControl Overview**

The ViewControl interface provides quick access to a number of custom control buttons as well as the transition functionality of the switcher.

### **Custom Control Buttons**

The custom control buttons can be assigned to any custom control on the switcher and given unique names and icons. The button groups on the left (shown below) are organized into groups, or tabs. The buttons along the bottom are constant across all tabs.



### **Bus Selection Buttons**

The bus selection buttons allow you to select the different buses on different ME and  $MiniME^{M}$  outputs of the switcher.



### To Select a Source on a Bus

 Click ME 2 at the top and click the ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> that you want to select a bus on.

**Tip:** If the Shift feature is active the Program and Preview boxes will switch to the selected ME or  $MiniME^{\text{w}}$ .

- **2.** Click the bus you want to select a source on at the lower left.
- **3.** Click on the source (MultiViewer box) that you want to assign to the selected bus.

*Tip:* Click *Shift* to access the sources on the shifted MultiViewer boxes.

### **Keyer Transition Buttons**

The Keyer Transition buttons allow you to perform a cut or dissolve of the keys on the selected ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup>. These buttons act the same as the Keyer Transition Buttons on the control panel.

**Tip:** The Cut buttons tallies when a key is on. Red when the key is on-air or blue when it is on for an ME or  $MiniME^{*}$  that isn't on-air.



### **Transition Buttons**

The transition buttons allow you to select what is included in the next transition, what type of transition is to be performed, and perform the transition. These buttons function similarly to the buttons in the Transition Area on the control panel.

Key 1 Key 2 Key 3 Key 4 BKOD	

### **To Perform a Transition**

- Click the ME 2 button and select the ME or MiniME<sup>™</sup> that you want to perform the transition on.
- 2. Click the **BKGD** and **Key** button over the Preview box to select what to include in the next transition.
- **3.** Click **Diss**, **Wipe**, **DVE**, or **MW** to select the type of transition to perform.

*Tip:* Live Assist will follow the selection to allow you to set the transition parameters.

**4.** Click **Auto** to perform the transition, or **Cut** to perform a cut transition.

## **Custom Control Button Setup**

When you assign a custom control to a button, you can give that button a unique name and assign an icon to it. The images for the icons must be on a USB drive in the frame when you assign them. Once assigned the icons are stored in the frame and the USB can be removed. Each of the tabs can be named.

The configuration of the tabs and custom control assignment to buttons are stored with the switcher personality settings.

### To Set up the Custom Control Buttons

You must assign custom controls from the switcher to the buttons on ViewControl.

If you want to assign icons to the custom control buttons, you must have the images you want to use for the icons stored on a USB drive installed in the frame. After the images have been assigned you can remove the USB drive.

1. Click the 🔀 button.



- **2.** Press the custom control button that you want to set up.
- **3.** Enter a name for the button in the **Button Name** field.

*Tip:* You can change the name of a tab by selecting a button on the tab and then entering a new name in the *Group Name* field.

- 4. Click the **Bank** button and select the number of the bank you want to select a custom control from.
- 5. Click the **CC***X* button and select the number of the custom control you want to assign to the button.
- 6. Navigate the files on the USB drive and click the image you want to assign as the icon for the button.

*Tip:* Press *Default Icon* to switch back to the default icon.

- **7.** Set up additional custom control buttons as required.
- 8. Press Save when you are done setting up custom control buttons.

## **ViewControl Setup**

ViewControl can be set up to use either and external HDMI<sup>™</sup> converter or a direct NDI<sup>®</sup> stream. The NDI<sup>®</sup> stream is only supported on specific MultiViewer layouts.

### Connecting ViewControl over HDMI<sup>™</sup>

ViewControl combines an overlay image from DashBoard with a custom MultiViewer output from the switcher to generate the interface. This requires some external SDI/HDMI video conversion equipment, as well as a touchscreen display.

*Note:* An input FSFC should be applied to the input you are using for ViewControl.



The following connections are required for ViewControl:

- ViewControl is only supported in 1080i or 720p. The switcher must be operating in one of these formats for ViewControl to operate.
- Set the output resolution of the DashBoard computer to either 1920×1080 or 1280×720.
- Use an HDMI to SDI converter to take the output of the DashBoard computer and put it into a resolution that the switcher can use. Ensure that the resolution is not changed.
- Apply a FSFC to the input that is coming from the DashBoard computer.
- Set up a MultiViewer to use a ViewControl layout.
- Use an SDI to HDMI converter to take the output of the switcher and put it into a resolution that the touchscreen monitor can use. Ensure that the resolution is not changed.
- Connect the USB cable for the touchscreen to the DashBoard computer.

# To Set Up the MultiViewer for ViewControl over $\mathbf{HDMI}^{\mathbb{M}}$

ViewControl integrates the MultiViewer output of the switcher with a graphical overlay from DashBoard to provide live video in the ViewControl windows. The MultiViewer must be configured to properly align the video for the buttons on ViewControl.

**Note:** The switcher must be operating in a 1080i or 720p video format for ViewControl to operate.

*Note:* Only the Video Processor MultiViewer can be used for ViewControl.

### Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewers and click MV VP 1.



- 2. Click the Layout button and select a ViewControl layout.
  - VCtrlT (ViewControl Top) places the boxes at the top of the screen.
  - VCtrlB (ViewControl Bottom) places the boxes at the bottom of the screen.

**Tip:** If you want to create a custom ViewControl layout, you can use one of the other MultiViewer layouts to create the look you want, and use PanelBuilder in DashBoard to assign functionality to the layout. Sources can be hidden from a layout by assigning black to the box. For more information on PanelBuilder, refer to the DashBoard documentation.

- **3.** Click the **Overlay** button and click **On** to turn the overlay on.
- 4. Click the **Source** button for the overlay input from DashBoard. This is keyed over the MultiViewer layout.
- **5.** Use the **Clip** slider to adjust the clipping of the overlay source.

At **0%** the overlay source is completely opaque, and at **100%** it is completely transparent.

- 6. Click on one of the **Boxes** buttons and set up how that box appears on the MultiViewer.
- **7.** Click on the source you want to select for the box.

**Note:** The large box on the left should always be assigned to **PV** and the large box on the right assigned to **PGM**.

### **Connecting ViewControl over NDI<sup>®</sup>**

ViewControl combines an overlay image from DashBoard with a custom MultiViewer output from the switcher to generate the interface. This requires a single SDI to NDI<sup>®</sup> converter, as well as a touchscreen display.



**Important:** ViewControl over NDI<sup>®</sup> is not supported on computers running the macOS<sup>®</sup> operating system at this time.



The following connections are required for ViewControl:

- ViewControl is only supported in 1080i or 720p. The switcher must be operating in one of these formats for ViewControl to operate.
- Set the output resolution of the DashBoard computer to either 1920×1080 or 1280×720.
- Use an SDI to NDI<sup>®</sup> converter to take the output of the switcher and make it available to DashBoard.
- Set up a MultiViewer to use one of the ViewControl layouts that support NDI<sup>®</sup>.
- Connect the USB cable for the touchscreen to the DashBoard computer.

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with NDI<sup>®</sup>:

- The MultiViewer must be set to **VCNDIT** or **VCNDIB** for the NDI<sup>®</sup> settings to be available in ViewControl.
- The NDI<sup>®</sup> converter and DashBoard computer running ViewControl should be on the same subnet.
- The NDI<sup>®</sup> Access Manager from the NDI<sup>®</sup> Tools (*ndi.video*) may be required for the NDI<sup>®</sup> stream to appear in ViewControl.
- If required, the NDI<sup>®</sup> Access Manager must be installed on the DashBoard computer running ViewControl.
- When using the NDI<sup>®</sup> Access Manager you will need to add the IP address of the NDI<sup>®</sup> converter to the **Remote Sources** tab.
- You may have to restart the DashBoard computer running the NDI<sup>®</sup> Access Manager before the NDI<sup>®</sup> stream becomes visible to ViewControl.
- You must set the NDI<sup>®</sup> connection in ViewControl every time DashBoard is launched.

# To Set Up the MultiViewer for ViewControl over $\mbox{NDI}^{\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}}$

ViewControl integrates the MultiViewer output of the switcher with a graphical overlay from DashBoard to provide live video in the ViewControl windows. The MultiViewer must be configured to properly align the video for the buttons on ViewControl.

*Note:* The switcher must be operating in a 1080i or 720p video format for ViewControl to operate.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > MultiViewers and click MltViewer 1.



- **2.** Click the **Layout** button and select a ViewControl layout for NDI<sup>®</sup>.
  - VCNDIT (ViewControl Top) places the boxes at the top of the screen.
  - VCNDIB (ViewControl Bottom) places the boxes at the bottom of the screen.

*Tip:* You must select one of the NDI<sup>®</sup> layouts to be able to select the NDI<sup>®</sup> input stream.

**3.** Click **Shift Panel** and select the panel that you will be operating ViewControl from. When the **Shift** button is pressed on the assigned control panel the MultiViewer shows the shifted sources.

**Note:** The shift function must be active for the PRV and PGM boxes on the MultiViewer to switch to the active ME.



*Tip:* When the MultiViewer Shift is active, the box buttons on the layout show the shifted source in brackets.

- **4.** Click on one of the **Boxes** buttons and set up how that box appears on the MultiViewer.
- **5.** Click on the source you want to select for the box.

**Note:** The large box on the left should always be assigned to **PV** and the large box on the right assigned to **PGM**.

### To Set Up ViewControl for NDI<sup>®</sup>

Select the NDI<sup>®</sup> stream that is coming from the switcher that has the MultiViewer video stream.

**Note:** Refer to the documentation that came with your SDI to  $NDI^{\circledast}$  Converter for information on setting it up.

1. Click the 🔛 button.



2. Click **Update NDI Source List** and click the NDI<sup>®</sup> source that has the MultiViewer output from the switcher.

*Note:* The MultiViewer must be set to one of the NDI<sup>®</sup> layouts for the NDI<sup>®</sup> source selection to be available.

- **3.** Click an **NDI Quality** button to select if you want to use the normal (**High**) or low bandwidth (**Low**) stream.
- 4. Click Save.

# **MultiPanel**

Each frame supports up to 3 independent control connections (Main, Satellite 1, Satellite 2). Each connection can be from a control panel, DashBoard, or a combination of the two. Add devices on the same control connection mirror each other.

The independent control connections are selected by the port you connect to on the frame. Multiple panels and DashBoard connections can connect on the same port, but they will all share the same permissions and mirror each other for control.

- Main Panel 5253 (5258 NAT)
- Satellite 1 5255 (5259 NAT)
- Satellite 2 5256 (5260 NAT)
- **SoftPanel** 5257 (5261 NAT)

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with MultiPanel:

- SoftPanel shares the permissions of the Main Panel.
- The assignment of the panel ID is done from the control panel.
- Control panel specific personality settings are stored on the frame for the panel ID and are not tied to the control panel.
- DashBoard automatically follows the main panel but will ignore permissions set for the main panel.
- If you change switcher modes, the MultiPanel permissions may have to be set again.
- An undo of a memory recall ignores panel permissions and will undo the last memory recalled from any panel.
- Bus maps are specific to each control panel. Creating or updating a bus map for one control panel does not change the bus map on another control panel.
- Custom controls ignore control panel permissions and will run events on an ME, MiniME<sup>™</sup>, or MultiScreen that the control panel does not have permission for.

# **To Set Up MultiPanel Permissions**

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > MultiPanel.



2. Click a Main, Sat 1, or Sat 2 button to select whether that control connection has access to that resource.

*Note:* SoftPanel and Main share the same permissions.

**Note:** A control panel must have permission to at least one ME,  $MiniME^{tm}$ , or MultiScreen.

# **MIDI Controller**

The MIDI controller is used to control the RAVE audio mixer. The controller connects to the switcher through DashBoard.

For these procedures you will need the following files. They are available with these instructions in your download.

- Common:
  - Mapping Wizard.grid
- Generic:
  - Settings-MIDI\_####\_generic.controller
- X-TOUCH:
  - X-TOUCH-map###.controller
  - X-TOUCH-LayerA###.bin
  - X-TOUCH-LayerB###.bin

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Important: The revision numbers (####) of the .controller and .bin files must match for the X-TOUCH.

MIDI and MMA are trademarks of the MIDI Manufacturers Association.

### Compatibility

The MIDI controller and bin files are only compatible with specific versions of switcher software.

X-TOUCH Files	Switcher Software
<ul> <li>Version 1:</li> <li>X-TOUCH-map001.controller</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerA001.bin</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerB001.bin</li> </ul>	Graphite 1.2
<ul> <li>Version 2:</li> <li>X-TOUCH-map002.controller</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerA002.bin</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerB002.bin</li> </ul>	Graphite 2.0
<ul> <li>Version 3:</li> <li>X-TOUCH-map003.controller</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerA003.bin</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerB003.bin</li> </ul>	Graphite 2.2
<ul> <li>Version 4:</li> <li>X-TOUCH-map004.controller</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerA004.bin</li> <li>X-TOUCH-LayerB004.bin</li> </ul>	Graphite 2.3

X-TOUCH Files	Switcher Software
<ul><li>Version 5:</li><li>X-TOUCH-map005.controller</li></ul>	Graphite 2.4 or higher
• X-TOUCH-LayerA005.bin	Ultra 4.0 or higher
• X-TOUCH-LayerB005.bin	Graphite CPC 1.0 or higher

## To Connect a MIDI Controller to DashBoard

DashBoard allows you to configure the MIDI controller connected to RAVE audio mixer.



*Important:* Refer to the documentation that came with your MIDI controller for proper handling and setup instructions.

- 1. Plug the MIDI controller into one of the USB ports on Graphite or the DashBoard computer connected to the switcher.
- **2.** Launch DashBoard.
- **3.** Click **File** > **New** > **Other**.
- 4. Click Input Devices > New MIDI Controller.
- 5. Click Next
- 6. Enter the settings for the MIDI Controller:
  - **Display Name** enter a name for the controller
  - Slot select 1
  - **Controller** select your MIDI controller from the list.
- Click Finish. The MIDI controller appears in the Tree View.

## To Configure the MIDI Controller Interface

A custom DashBoard panel is used to automatically do all the mapping for the MIDI controller.

You will need the Mapping Wizard.grid file that came with your software.

- 1. Launch DashBoard.
- Click File > Open File, navigate to the Mapping Wizard.grid file and click Open.
- **3.** In the **MIDI** field, select your MIDI controller.
- 4. In the Graphite field, select Audio Mixer.

5. Click DO EVERYTHING FOR ME.

# To Map MIDI Controller Buttons to Functions

The map file associates RAVE audio mixer functions to buttons on the MIDI controller.

A generic map file is provided on the product resources disk, or you can customize your own. Refer to *MIDI Device OID List* on page 204 for a list of commands.

- 1. Double-click the **MIDI Controller** node in the DashBoard Tree View.
- 2. In the Device Classes list, select audiomixer.

*Tip:* If *audiomixer* is not in the list, click *Add* and name the new device *audiomixer*.

- 3. Click Load > Browse and select the Settings-MIDI\_v###\_Generic.controller file.
- 4. Click Open > Restore.

## **X-TOUCH COMPACT Configuration**

Configure the X-TOUCH COMPACT to control the audio mixer through DashBoard.

# To Configure the Button Layers on the X-TOUCH COMPACT

The Layer A and Layer B files assign the controls on the X-TOUCH COMPACT to MIDI Commands

Default layer files are provided on the product resources disk, or you can customize your own.

**Note:** The layer files must match the map file that you load in DashBoard.

- **1.** Connect the X-TOUCH COMPACT to the server.
- **2.** Launch the **X-TOUCH Editor** application that came with your controller.
- 3. Click the GLOBAL tab.
- 4. Click LOAD in the PRESETS ON COMPUTER area and click Yes.
- Select the X-TOUCH-LayerA####.bin file and click Open.
- 6. Wait for the file to be loaded and click **Close** on the success dialog box.
- 7. Click **Dump A** in the **TO HARDWARE** area.
- 8. Click **Yes** to start the upload and **Close** on the success dialog box.

 Repeat these steps to load the X-TOUCH-LayerB####.bin file and click Dump B.

### **To Map Buttons to Functions**

The map file associates RAVE audio mixer functions to buttons on the X-TOUCH COMPACT.

A default map file is provided on the product resources disk, or you can customize your own.

- **1.** Double-click the **MIDI Controller** node in the DashBoard Tree View.
- 2. Click Load > Browse and select the X-TOUCH-map####.controller file.
- 3. Click Open > Restore.

### Default X-TOUCH COMPACT Mapping

The default mapping comes from the map and layer files that are included on the Product Resources disk.



**Note:** The **Clear** button clears the Solo selections on Layer A and the PFL selections on Layer B.

### Fader Mapping

The faders are mapped differently on the A and B layer.

Fade	Layer A	Layer B
1	Audio 1	Audio 9
2	Audio 2	Audio 10
3	Audio 3	Audio 11
4	Audio 4	Audio 12
5	Audio 5	Audio 13
6	Audio 6	Audio 14
7	Audio 7	Audio 15
8	Audio 8	Audio 16
9	MAIN	MONITOR

**Note:** The default assignment is based on the default fader configuration. If you change what is assigned to any of the assignable faders (Audio X) used on the default map, the audio sources those faders control also changes. For example, if you assign **Audio 5** to SDI 5, the stripe on the midi panel will control SDI 5 audio instead of the PC input.

### **Equalizer Control**

The **EQ/CL Sel** buttons are used to select which source the EQ is being adjusted for, and the **Layer A/B** buttons are used select what range is assigned to the knobs. The knobs are then used to adjust the EQ values.



### **Compressor / Limiter Control**

The **EQ/CL Sel** buttons are used to select which source the Compressor is being adjusted for, and the **Layer B** knobs are used to adjust the compressor values.



### **Custom Mapping**

You can change the current mapping of functions to the buttons, knobs, and sliders on the X-TOUCH COMPACT. The DashBoard controller lists all the inputs on the MIDI controller and allows you to assign a DashBoard OID to them.



**Important:** Although you can assign different functions to the knobs, sliders, and buttons on the panel, some functions may require changes to the layers in the **X-TOUCH Editor** application. Refer to the documentation that came with your X-TOUCH COMPACT for more information.



Figure 16: Layer A Button IDs

**Note:** Buttons CC27 and CC26 on Layer A are the Foot Switch and Expression Pedal connections on the back of the panel.





**Note:** Buttons CC64 and CC63 on Layer B are the Foot Switch and Expression Pedal connections on the back of the panel.

For the CC knobs and sliders, the top number is the action when the knob or slider is turned or moved, and the second is when it is pushed or touched.

Refer to the documentation that came with your Behringer X-TOUCH COMPACT for more information on how MIDI IDs are assigned to buttons.

### **To Create a Custom Button Mapping**

You can assign any audio mixer function to a button, slider, or knob on the X-TOUCH COMPACT

1. Double-click the **MIDI Controller** node in the DashBoard Tree View.

*Tip:* If you want to start with a blank list, click *Load* > *Factory Default*.

*Note:* The *Value* column shows the current data coming from the connected MIDI controller.

- 2. In the **Continuous Controllers** table, set up the knobs and sliders you want to use on the panel. The numbers for these has the **CC** prefix.
  - a) Locate the **ID** for the knob or slider you want to assign a function to. Refer to *Custom Mapping* on page 131 for a diagram to locate the knob or slider.
  - b) In the **Mapped OID** field, enter the OID for the function you want to assign to the knob or slider. Refer to *MIDI Device OID List* on page 204 for a list of OIDs.
  - c) Click the Transformation list and select the type of action for the knob or slider. Sliders should be set to Volume dB and knobs to Middle Point.
    - **Disabled** the knob or slider is disabled.
    - Volume dB the slider is configured for volume control.
    - Middle Point the knob is configured for a 200 point range value (-100 to 100).
  - d) Change the default parameters for your knob or slider as required.
    - **Name** enter a new custom name for the control.
    - **Min** the minimum value for the selected function. This is the value returned when the knob is at the counter-clockwise stop, or the slider it at the bottom stop.
    - **Max** the maximum value for the selected function. This is the value returned when the knob is at the clockwise stop, or the slider it at the top stop.
    - **Sensitivity** the number of points between the minimum value and the maximum value.
    - **Speed %** 100% (other values not supported at this time)
    - **Invert** invert the min and max stops of the knob or slider.
- **3.** In the **Buttons** table, set up the buttons you want to use on the panel.
  - a) Locate the **ID** for the button you want to assign a function to. Refer to *Custom*

*Mapping* on page 131 for a diagram to locate the buttons.

- b) In the **Mapped OID** field, enter the OID for the function you want to assign to the button. Refer to *MIDI Device OID List* on page 204 for a list of OIDs.
- c) Click the **Action** list and select the type of action for the button.
  - **OFF** (not supported at this time)
  - **Stateless** basic button functionality with no special state.
  - **GPI** (not supported at this time)
  - **Set Value** (not supported at this time)
  - **Toggle** (not supported at this time)
  - **Increment** (not supported at this time)
- d) Change the default parameters for your button as required.
  - **Name** enter a new custom name for the control.
  - Value (Off) 0 (other values not supported at this time)
  - Value (On) 1 (other values not supported at this time)
  - **Min** 0 (other values not supported at this time)
  - **Max** 1 (other values not supported at this time)
  - **Hold** (not supported at this time)
- 4. Click the Force Panel Refresh list and select the how often DashBoard syncs with the panel.
- 5. Click Save.
- 6. Click **Save** again and select a file name and location for your custom controller file.
- 7. Click Save.
- 8. Click Done.

# **Frame Simulator**

The frame simulator uses a VM VirtualBox Virtual Machine to run the Graphite software application. The simulator cannot pass video, but can be used to create offline switcher sets, prepare for upcoming shows, or training.

The simulator must be used along with DashBoard, similar to a physical frame. The simulator provides the frame software and DashBoard the menu interface.

### Keep the following in mind:

Keep the following in mind when working with the frame simulator:

- The simulator uses DHCP to obtain an IP address. If a DHCP server is not available you will not be able to connect to the simulator from DashBoard.
- The IP address assigned to the simulator is shown at the top of the simulator window and is the IP address that you will use to connect to from DashBoard.
- The simulator and DashBoard must be on the same subnet.

## To Install the Frame Simulator

The frame simulator is imported as an appliance into VM VirtualBox.

To install the frame simulator on your computer you need the following:

- Oracle<sup>®</sup> VM VirtualBox 6.1 or higher.
- The Ross graphite-sim-##.#.#.######.ova
- 1. If you have not already done so, download and install the Oracle<sup>®</sup> VM VirtualBox on your computer.
- 2. Launch VM VirtualBox.
- 3. On the Oracle<sup>®</sup> VM VirtualBox Manager, click File > Import Appliance.
- **4.** Navigate to the Graphite Sim OVA file and click **Open**.
- 5. Click Next.

Name  Name  Guest OS Ty  CPU  RAM  DVD  USB Control  Sound Card	د همامه الله (1.2010) ه الأل الله الله (1.40) ع الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
Guest OS Ty CPU RAM OVD VSB Control DVD Sound Card	e 🛃 Uturas (64-bit) 1 405 Mai 20 2
CPU RAM DVD USB Control DVD Sound Card	1 4006 MB 12 12
RAM     DVD     USB Control     DVS Sound Card	4006 MB
<ul> <li>DVD</li> <li>USB Control</li> <li>Sound Card</li> </ul>	Ø
USB Control USB Control Sound Card	
Ound Card	
	CICH AC97
Network Ad	pter Paravitualized Network (virtio-net)
Storage Con	roller (DE) PIX4
🔷 Storage Con	roller (DE) PEX4
👻 🤌 Storage Con	oller (SATA) AHCI
Virtual D	k Image graphite-sim-disk001.vmdk
📙 Base Folder	C:\Users\dcarter\VirtualBox VMs
🚰 Primary Gro	p /

- 6. In the MAC Address Policy list, select Generate new MAC addresses for all network adapters.
- **7.** Click **Import** and wait for the appliance to be imported.
- 8. Click on the Graphite Sim in the Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager.



**9.** Click **Settings**, on the right, and then click **Network** on the **Settings** dialog.

**Note:** You may see an **Invalid settings detected** for at the bottom of the dialog. Follow the directions to resolve and conflict between the VM VirtualBox and your hardware.

Graphite Sim 6.	1.0.19104 - Settings	?	>
E General	Network		
System	Adapter 1 Adapter 2 Adapter 3 Adapter 4		
Display	Enable Network Adapter		
Storage	Attached to: Bridged Adapter 💌		
Audio	Name: Intel(R) Ethernet Connection I219-LM Advanced		•
Network			
Serial Ports			
🔗 USB			
Shared Folde	ers		
User Interfac	e .		
		OK Ca	ncel

- Click Adapter 1 and on the Attached to list select Bridged Adapter. You can leave the Name setting as shown.
- 11. Click OK.

## To Run the Frame Simulator

Run the sim to obtain the IP address that you will point DashBoard to.

- **1.** Launch VM VirtualBox.
- 2. Click on the Graphite Sim in the Oracle VM VirtualBox Manager.



**3.** Click **Start** to start the Graphite SIM.

A separate window will open up as the simulator starts. Wait for the application to finish.

4. When the simulator is up and running the Ubuntu<sup>®</sup> version is shown at the top with the IP address of the simulated Graphite frame (in the example below it is [192.168.1.25]).



# Diagnostics

Switcher status menus and error conditions, installed options, calibration, diagnostics, and logs.

# Switcher Status

The status menu shows information for various components of the frame.



- **Software Version** the current version of the software running on the switcher.
- Video Processor Serial Number the serial number of the video processor card.

**Note:** If you are asked for the Serial Number of your system, it can be found on a label affixed to the chassis. The Video Processor Serial Number is used to identify the video processor card that is installed in the server.

- **Engine Type** the model of frame.
- Video Mode the video format that the switcher is operating in.
- Video Reference Source the source of video reference to the switcher (internal/external).
- **External Reference** the video format of the external reference, if connected.
- **Reference** status of whether the switcher has locked to the reference format.
- **RAVE ABM 1 Status** status of whether ABU 1 is connected.
- **RAVE ABM 2 Status** status of whether ABU 2 is connected.
- **RAVE ABM 3 Status** status of whether ABU 3 is connected.
- **Field Dominance** the switching field.
- Ancillary Mode how ancillary data is handled (strip or pass).
- **Temperature** status of the ambient temperature in the frame.
- **CPU Temperature (C)** the temperature of the frame CPU in degrees Celsius.
- **FPGA Temperature (C)** the temperature of the frame video processor FPGA in degrees Celsius.
- **Timecode** the current timecode being received by the switcher.

- Main Panel DashBoard Port the local and NAT network port that the switcher is listening on for the main panel.
- **Satellite 1 DashBoard Port** the local and NAT network port that the switcher is listening on for the satellite 1 panel.
- **Satellite 2 DashBoard Port** the local and NAT network port that the switcher is listening on for the satellite 2 panel.
- **SoftPanel DashBoard Port** the local and NAT network port that the switcher is listening on for the SoftPanel.
- **RossTalk Server Port** the network port that the switcher is listening on for RossTalk commands.

**Note:** You can disable RossTalk control from the **Global** page (Click **Navigation Menu** > **Configuration** > **System** > **Global**). Click **Disable** for **RossTalk**.

- Allocated DVEs where DVE channels are allocated in the switcher.
- This DashBoard Connection the IP address of the DashBoard system you are currently using to connect to the switcher. The text after the IP address indicates whether the connection is as Main, Satellite, or SoftPanel and the port being used.
- **DashBoard Connections** the IP addresses of all the DashBoard connections to the switcher, including panels. The text after the IP address indicates whether the connection is as Main, Satellite, or SoftPanel and the port being used. Refer to *MultiPanel* on page 128 for more information.

**Note:** The switcher supports a maximum of 20 DashBoard connections at any one time. If there are already the maximum number of connections to a switcher you will not be able to connect to it.

• **Panel Connections** — The role, IP address, and model of all the physical panels connected to the switcher.

# Switcher Logs

Switcher logs can be used to identify and diagnose problems with the switcher. Use this information when contacting Ross Video Technical Support.

A copy of the working set from the switcher is also included with the logs to assist in diagnosing problems.

### To Copy Logs To a USB

Switcher logs can be stored onto a USB to be sent to technical support to diagnose problems with your switcher.

**Tip:** Log can also be exported to your DashBoard computer instead of saving them to the USB. Click **Export As...** in the **Export Logs From Frame** area and select the location on your computer to save the logs file.

**Note:** Logs must be copied before a reboot or power-cycle of the switcher, or the information in them will be lost.

- 1. Insert USB drive into the USB port on the frame. Wait 5 seconds after inserting the USB drive before using it.
- Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Diagnostics.



**3.** Click the **Copy Logs To USB** button to copy the switcher logs to the USB drive.

*Tip:* You can have logs stored directly to the USB drive. Click a **Logs Direct to USB** button to select **Yes**.

The logs have been copied into the \switcher directory on the USB drive.

## **Diagnostic Tests**

Diagnostics consist of a number of tests that are used to confirm the functionality of your equipment.

### **Switcher Restart**

Restart the switcher from DashBoard.

*Tip:* This allows you to restart just the switcher without affect the operation of the server or XPression.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Diagnostics.



2. Click **Restart** to restart the switcher.

### **To Run the Control Panel Test**

Test the functionality of any of the buttons, knobs or fader and positioner on the control panel.



**Important:** This test disrupts the functionality of the control panel. If you are running this test from a remote computer, ensure that the control panel is available before performing the test.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Diagnostics.



2. Click Start Control Test. The button remains lit as long as the test is running.

The 3-knob menu of the control panel shows the current button, knob, positioner, or fader being used.

**3.** Test the button, knob, positioner, and fader you want to check.

**Note:** On the TouchDrive control panel the displays show a touch pattern. Tap on the happy face to test the touch sensitivity and calibration. If the tap registers on the happy face, the happy face disappears. If the tap does not register on the happy face, a green X is shown where the tap was registered.



4. Click **Stop** or press **MENU** and **NEXT** on the control panel to end the test.

### To Run the LED Test

Test the color range of all the LEDs on the control panel.

- **Important:** This test disrupts the functionality of the control panel. If you are running this test from a remote computer, ensure that the control panel is available before performing the test.
- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Diagnostics.

System Disgnation
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ingknes hold no.
Main Nat Print

**2.** Click **Start P-LEDs Test**. The button remains lit as long as the test is running.

All the buttons and indicators on the control panel cycle through different colors.

**3.** Click **Stop** or press **MENU** on the control panel to end the test.

### To Run the Display Test

Test the displays on the control panel.



**Important:** This test disrupts the functionality of the control panel. If you are running this test from a remote computer, ensure that the control panel is available before performing the test.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > Diagnostics.



2. Click **Start Display Test**. The button remains lit as long as the test is running.

On the TouchDrive the displays and the mnemonics cycle colors.

On the Carbonite Black a series of letters, numbers, and symbols scroll across the displays and the mnemonics cycle colors.

**3.** Click **Stop** or press **MENU** on the control panel to end the test.

## **Error Messages**

The switcher will show an error message on the control panel display when a problem is detected.

The following error messages may appear on the control panel display when starting your switcher.

### Table 5: Switcher Error Messages

Error	Description	Solution
DDR 0 Not Found; DDR 1 Not Found; or DDR 0 & 1 Not Found	There is a problem with the switcher DDR memory. The switcher may be used but many features will be limited or disabled.	Re-start your switcher. If the problem persists, contact Ross Video Technical Support for assistance.
Panel/Frame Mismatch	Your switcher control panel is connected to the wrong frame type.	Connect your switcher control panel to the proper frame and re-start the switcher.
Upgrade PMC?	Your switcher requires a Panel Module Controller (PMC) upgrade as part of a software upgrade. The switcher may be used without the PMC upgrade but may respond in an unpredictable manner.	Allow the PMC upgrade to proceed. Contact Ross Video Technical Support for assistance if you are unsure about upgrading your switcher.
Unknown panel type Please upgrade	The frame does not recognise the control panel. This could be caused by an unsupported panel being connected to the frame, or a problem with the panel module controlled or the configuration files.	Ensure that you have the correct control panel connected to the frame. If the problem persists, download the latest upgrade file from and force an upgrade of the switcher. Contact Ross Video Technical Support for assistance if you are unsure about upgrading your switcher.

## **Switcher Reset**

If required, the switcher can be reset to return it to a user-defined default setting (RState), or the factory default state. A reset can be performed for the entire switcher, or individual components, such as keys.

### **Custom Reset Settings (RState)**

You can customize many of the default switcher parameters and save them as a user-defined reset settings. These custom reset settings can then be recalled when you want to return the switcher to a previous state.

### **To Save a Custom Reset Setting**

The Custom Reset Setting, or RState, saves how you want the switcher to be configured when it

powers up, or when you recall the RState manually.

1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > RState.



# 2. Click AuxX, MediaX, MiniMEX,

**MultiScreen***X*, and audio layers to select the buses, channels, or audio outputs that are reset with a switcher reset.

**Note:** If **Disable Audio Memories** is set to **On** (Click **Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Global**) the audio memory attributes are disabled.

*Tip:* Click the *All* button to select or de-select all the items in that category.

3. Click Save RState and Yes.

### To Load a Custom Reset Setting (RState)

The Custom Reset Setting, or RState, is recalled every time the switcher is powered on, or it can be recalled manually.

- 1. Click Navigation Menu > Live Assist > Memory > RState.
- 2. Click Load RState and Yes.

*Tip:* Click *Default RState* to load the default RState settings.

### **Factory Default Settings**

You can restore all or part of the switcher to the factory default state. A factory default returns all installation and personality settings are reset.

### **To Factory Reset the Switcher**

Return the switcher to the factory default settings.

 Click Navigation Menu > Configuration > System > Reset.



**2.** Click a reset or clear button to return that feature to the factory default sate.

- **Clear Memories** clear all memory registers on the switcher.
- Clear CCs clear all custom controls on the switcher.
- **Default Bus Map** return the bus map to the default mapping.
- **Factory Reset** return the installation and personality registers to the default settings.

# **Specifications**

Switcher resources, video specifications, power rating, and port pinouts.

## **Specifications**

The information is this section is subject to change without notice.

### **Switcher Resources**

The number of resources specific to your switcher depends on the options installed.

Resource	Graphite			
Audio				
Audio Mixer Faders	48			
Mix Layers	13			
Max 1RU Audio Breakout Unit	3			
ABU Input Audio Delay (Max Frames)	14			
Video				
2D DVE Channels	4			
Chroma Keys per ME	2 (floating)			
Custom Controls	256 (8 Banks × 32 CCs)			
Keyers per ME	4			
Matte Generators per ME	2			
Media-Store CACHE	2 GB			
Media-Store Channels (Max)	4			
Memories per ME	100			
MEs (Max)	2			
MiniME <sup>™</sup> Engines	4			
MultiScreen Generators	2 <sup>1</sup>			
MultiViewer Boxes	16 (32 with Shift)			
MultiViewer Layouts	47			
MultiViewer Outputs	2			
Pattern Generators per ME	2			
Input FSFCs	6 (inputs 1-6 only)			
Frame Delay (Max Frames)	16 (inputs 1-6 only)			
Output Format Converters	0			
GPI I/Os <sup>2</sup>	24			
Tallies <sup>2</sup>	16			
Aux Buses	20			

Resource	Graphite
SDI Inputs (HD-BNC)	12
Video Inputs (HDMI)	1
SDI Outputs (HD-BNC)	6
Video Outputs (HDMI)	2
LTC Input (HD-BNC)	1
Reference Input (HD-BNC)	1
Carbonite IP	192.168.0.123
XPression IP	192.168.0.113
Panel/CarboNET IP	192.168.0.129

### Notes

<sup>1</sup> Each MultiScreen consumes MiniME<sup>™</sup> engines to generate the output. The number of MultiScreen outputs that are available depends on the number of MiniME<sup>™</sup> engines that are available.

<sup>2</sup> The Tally and GPI connectors are only present on the optional 1RU Audio Breakout Unit.

Table 6: Audio Mixer Available Audio Channels

	0 ABU	1 ABU	2 ABU	3 ABU
Analog	0	4 stereo pairs	8 stereo pairs	12 stereo pairs
AES	0	1 stereo pair	2 stereo pairs	3 stereo pairs
SDI (1-12) <sup>3</sup>	96 stereo pairs	88 stereo pairs	80 stereo pairs	72 stereo pairs
Media-Store (1-2)	2 stereo pairs	2 stereo pairs	2 stereo pairs	2 stereo pairs
PC Audio	8 stereo pairs	8 stereo pairs	8 stereo pairs	8 stereo pairs
XPression (1-4)	32 stereo pairs	32 stereo pairs	32 stereo pairs	32 stereo pairs
Total Channels	138 stereo pairs	135 stereo pairs	132 stereo pairs	129 stereo pairs

### Notes

<sup>3</sup> When the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit is connected to the switcher, the HD-BNCs used

for the SDI-Audio Loop are not available for embedded audio. This uses one SDI input and one SDI output.

### **Hardware Weights**

Hardware	Weight
Graphite 4RU	62 lbs (28.1 kg)
Graphite PPC	42 lbs (19.05 kg)

### **Video Input Specifications**

Input Specification	Value
Equalization (using Belden	>50m @ 3Gb/s
1694 Cable)	>100m @ 1.5 Gb/s
	>300m @ 270 Mb/s (5°-40°C)
Impedance	75 ohm, terminating
Video Inputs, SDI	SMPTE 259M/292M/424M (non-looping)
Video Inputs, HDMI	HDMI 1.4
	High Speed HDMI Cable (Max 10m)
Reference Inputs (75 ohm, terminated)	Standard Definition — analog black
	High Definition — tri-level sync

### **Video Output Specifications**

Output Specification	Value
Return Loss (w/o bypass)	>15dB 5Mb/s to 1.5Gb/s
	>10dB 1.5Gb/s to 3Gb/s
Return Loss (w/ bypass)	>13dB 5Mb/s to 1.5Gb/s
	>10dB 1.5Gb/s to 3Gb/s
Rise and Fall Time	800ps ±10% (SD)
	240ps ±10% (HD)
Signal Level	800mV ±10%
DC Offset	0 Volts
Overshoot	<10%
Video Outputs, SDI HD Mode	10-bit SMPTE-292M/424M serial digital
Video Outputs, HDMI	HDMI 1.4
	High Speed HDMI Cable (Max 10m)

### **Bypass Relay Loop**

If the switcher subsystem is not running there is a pair of loop-through bypass replays.

- IN1 OUT1
- IN3 OUT3

**Note:** The cable length for the loop-through depends on the equipment you are using.

### **ABU Analog Audio Input Specifications**

Analog audio inputs on the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit.

Specification	Value	
Input Impedance	XLR: 2K ohm	
	¼" Jack: 10K ohm	
Maximum Level	+24dBu	
Frequency Response	±0.3dBu (22Hz to 20kHz @ Fs = 48kHz)	
<ul><li>Signal to Noise Ratio</li><li>"A" Weighting</li><li>CCITT Weighting</li></ul>	-95dB -98dB -107dB	
THD	>93dB or <0.002%	
Amplitude Linearity	<0.8dB @ -100dBFS	
Crosstalk	-94dB	

### **ABU Analog Audio Output Specifications**

Analog audio outputs on the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit.

Specification	Value
Maximum Level	+24dBu
Frequency Response	±0.4dB (22Hz to 20kHz @ Fs = 48kHz)
Signal to Noise Ratio	-103dB
THD	>93dB
Amplitude Linearity	<0.3dB @ -100dBFS
Crosstalk	-106dB (20Hz to 20kHz)

### Jitter

Specification	Value
HD - Tri-Level Sync	Alignment (> 100KHz) < 0.2UI
	Timing (<10Hz) < 1.0UI
HD - Composite Reference	Performance not guaranteed with composite reference

Specification	Value
SD - Tri-Level Sync	Alignment (> 1KHz) < 0.2UI
	Timing (<10Hz) < 0.2UI
SD - Composite	Alignment (> 1KHz) < 0.2UI
Reference	Timing (<10Hz) < 0.5UI

### System Timing

- All video inputs zero time relative to reference input, auto timing will correct for inputs out of time by up to +/- 0.25 line.
- System delay is less than 1 line.

### **Network Ports**

The following network ports are used:

- DashBoard Main 5253 (5258 NAT)
- DashBoard Sat 1 5255 (5259 NAT)
- DashBoard Sat 2 5256 (5260 NAT)
- DashBoard SoftPanel 5257 (5261 NAT)
- FTP 21
- SFTP 2222
- GVG LUA 2100
- RossTalk 7788
- SLP 427
- SSH 22
- TFTP 69
- TSL 3.1 (TCP, Carbonite) 5727
- TSL 3.1 (TCP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 5727
- TSL 3.1 (UDP, Ultrix<sup> $\mathbb{M}$ </sup>) 4490
- TSL 5.0 (TCP, Carbonite) 5728
- TSL 5.0 (TCP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 5729
- TSL 5.0 (UDP, Ultrix<sup>™</sup>) 4492
- Web Server 1 80
- SideShot-NG 5255

### **Power Consumption — Frame**

	Graphite 4RU	Graphite PPC	1RU Audio Breakout Unit
Power	520W 4.7A 120V	185W 1.5A 120V	45W 3.8A 12V
Input Voltage	100~240VAC, 50-60Hz, 14-7A		

# **Embedded Audio Assignment**

The audio signals are passed back and forth between the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit and 4RU Integrated Production System as embedded audio signals in the SDI loop between the components.

Table 7: Embedded Audio Signals in SDI Stream	From
1RU Audio Breakout Unit	

Group	Channel	Input Signal to Mixer
1	1	Group 1 is passed through from SDI 1
	2	IN unchanged.
	3	
	4	
2	1	Analog Input 1
	2	Analog Input 2
	3	Analog Input 3
	4	Analog Input 4
3	1	Analog Input 5
	2	Analog Input 6
	3	Analog Input 7
	4	Analog Input 8
4	1	AES Input — Left Channel
	2	AES Input — Right Channel
	3	unused
	4	unused

**Note:** All embedded audio streams going to the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit pass through the hardware and are available on the SDI1 OUT.

Table 8: Embedded Audio Signals in SDI Stream To 1RU Audio Breakout Unit

Group	Channel	Output Signal from Mixer
1	1	Main — Left Channel
	2	Main — Right Channel
	3	Aux 1 — Left Channel
	4	Aux 1 — Right Channel
2	1	Aux 2 — Left Channel
	2	Aux 2 — Right Channel
	3	Aux 3 — Left Channel
	4	Aux 3 — Right Channel

Group	Channel	Output Signal from Mixer
3	1	Aux 4 — Left Channel
	2	Aux 4 — Right Channel
	3	Aux 5 — Left Channel
	4	Aux 5 — Right Channel
4	1	Aux 6 — Left Channel
	2	Aux 6 — Right Channel
	3	Monitor — Left Channel
	4	Monitor — Right Channel

### **Ports**

The GPI and tally ports are located on the 1RU Audio Breakout Unit.



### **GPI Port**

The switcher supports 24 GPI I/Os on a female DB25 port.



**Note:** The GPI port are located on the first 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABM 1). The GPI ports on the remaining 1RU Audio Breakout Units are not available for use.

### Table 9: GPI I/O Pinouts

Pin	Signal
1	GPI I/O 1
2	GPI I/O 2
3	GPI I/O 3
4	GPI I/O 4
5	GPI I/O 5
6	GPI I/O 6
7	GPI I/O 7
8	GPI I/O 8
9	GPI I/O 9
10	GPI I/O 10
11	GPI I/O 11
12	GPI I/O 12
13	GPI I/O 13

Pin	Signal
14	GPI I/O 14
15	GPI I/O 15
16	GPI I/O 16
17	GPI I/O 17
18	GPI I/O 18
19	GPI I/O 19
20	GPI I/O 20
21	GPI I/O 21
22	GPI I/O 22
23	GPI I/O 23
24	GPI I/O 24
25	Ground

### **Tally Port**

The switcher supports 16 fixed tallies on a female DB25 port.



**Note:** The Tally port is located on the first 1RU Audio Breakout Unit (ABM 1). The Tally ports on the remaining 1RU Audio Breakout Units are not available for use.

### Table 10: Tally Rating

Specification	Value
Input Voltage	24VAC(rms)/40VDC
Maximum Current	120mA
Impedance	<15 ohm

### Table 11: Tally Pinouts

Pin	Tally #
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10

Pin	Tally #
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	Common
18	Common
19	Common
20	Common
21	Common
22	Common
23	Common
24	Common
25	Common

# **Custom Control Events**

The Custom Control editor in DashBoard allows you to add or edit events in custom controls.

# **Operations Custom Controls**

### MultiScreen (BKGD DVE)

Event	Location	Description	
BKGD DVE Size Switcher > Bkgd DVE > Bkgd DVE Crop Param	Set the size of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.		
	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>		
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Size</b>	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the size you want to apply to the Background DVE.	
<b>BKGD DVE X-Position</b>	Switcher > Bkgd DVE >	Set the X-Position of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
	Bkgd DVE Crop Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.	
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Position</b>	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the position on the X-axis you want to apply to the Background DVE.	
<b>BKGD DVE Y-Position</b>	Switcher > Bkgd DVE >	Set the Y-Position of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
Bkgd DVE Crop Param	<b>1.</b> Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.		
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Position</b>	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the position on the Y-axis you want to apply to the Background DVE.	
BKGD DVE Aspect	Switcher > Bkgd DVE >	Set the aspect ratio of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
	Bkgd DVE Crop Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.	
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Aspect</b>	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the aspect ratio you want to apply to the Background DVE.	
<b>BKGD DVE Border Size</b>	Switcher > Bkgd DVE >	Set the size of the border of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
Bkgd DVE Crop Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.		
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Edge Size</b>	
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.	
		4. In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the size of the border you want to apply to the Background DVE. When a border is set to 0 the border is not visible.	
Event	Location	Description	
---------------------------	--	--	
BKGD DVE Edge Softness	Switcher > Bkgd DVE > Bkgd DVE Crop Param	Set the softness of the edge of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.	
		2. Click the Parameter button and select Edge Softness	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the amount of softness to apply to the edge of the Background DVE.	
BKGD DVE Crop	Switcher > Bkgd DVE > Bkgd DVE Crop Param	Set the amount of cropping you want to apply to each edge of the background DVE for the selected MultiScreen.	
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the Canvas that you want to perform the event on.	
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select the edge you want to crop.	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>In the Value (%) field, enter the amount of cropping you want to apply to the selected edge of the Background DVE.</li> </ol>	

### **Custom Control Events**

Event	Location	Description
Cancel All CC	Custom Control > Cancel All	Stop all running custom controls.
Cancel CC	Custom Control > Cancel CC	Stop a particular custom control. The specific custom control is set when the cancel is inserted.
		1. Click the <b>Bank</b> button and select the custom control bank you want to cancel a custom control on.
		2. Click the <b>CC</b> button and select the custom control you want to cancel.
Hold CC	Custom Control > Hold	Insert a command in a custom control that will stop the custom control at the hold event. You must press the custom control button again, or use a GPI trigger, to continue the custom control.
Loop CC	Custom Control > Loop	Have a custom control run continuously until stopped, or a Cancel/Cancel All custom control command is executed from another custom control.
Pause CC	Custom Control > Hold	Insert a command in a custom control that will stop a custom control at the pause event. The length of the pause is set when the pause is inserted. <b>1.</b> Enter the length of the pause in the <b>Pause (fr)</b> field.
Play CC	Custom Control > Play CC	Play a custom control. <b>Note:</b> The Play CC command applies to a target custom control button only. If you move the contents of the custom control from the button selected in the Play CC to another button, the Play CC command will not follow and will continue to play the custom control assigned to the original button.
		1. Click the <b>Bank</b> button and select the custom control bank you want to play a custom control on.
		2. Click the <b>CC</b> button and select the custom control you want to play.
Resume CC	Custom Control > Resume CC	Resume a particular custom control that is at a hold. The specific custom control is set when the resume is inserted. If the target custom control is not at a hold event, the resume command will not start the target custom control.
		<b>1.</b> Click the <b>Bank</b> button and select the custom control bank you want to resume a custom control on.
		2. Click the <b>CC</b> button and select the custom control you want to resume.

Event	Location	Description
Resume All CCs	Custom Control > Resume All	Resume all custom control that are at hold. The specific custom control is set when the resume is inserted. If a custom control is not at a hold event, the resume command will not start the a custom control.
State, Insert	Custom Control > State	Embed the state of the switcher into a custom control. A state in a custom control behaves just like a memory.
		<ol> <li>Click State Attributes and select the inclusions and attributes that you want to include in the state of the switcher when it is stored to the custom control. If Disable Audio Memories is set to On (Click Navigation Menu &gt; Configuration &gt; System &gt; Global) the audio attributes are disabled.</li> </ol>

## Keyer

Event	Location	Description
Key Only Transition	Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Trans	<ul> <li>Perform a key only transition for the selected area.</li> <li>1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>3. Click the Action button and select the type of transition to perform.</li> <li>Cut — cut transition <ul> <li>Auto — auto transition</li> <li>Reset Rate — reset the transition rate to default</li> <li>Cut On — cut the key on-air</li> <li>Cut Off — cut the key off-air</li> <li>Auto Trans Off — auto transition the key off-air</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Key Trans Rate	Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Trans Rate	<ol> <li>Set or reset the keyer transition rate of the selected area.</li> <li>Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter a new transition rate, in frames, for the key in the Value (fr) field.</li> </ol>
Chroma Key, Initialize	Switcher > Keyer > Chroma Key Init	<ol> <li>Initialize a chroma key for the selected key for the selected area.</li> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
Chroma Key Auto Adjust	Switcher > Keyer > CK Auto Adjust	<ol> <li>Select the chroma key auto adjustments that you want to turn on.</li> <li>Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click a Parameter button to select whether to toggle Auto Re-Spill Color or Auto Edge Luma.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Click the Value button and select whether to turn the parameter On or Off.</li> </ol>
Chroma Key Color	Switcher > Keyer > Chroma Key Color	<ol> <li>Select the color you want to key out for the selected key for the selected area.</li> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click <b>Color</b> and select the color you want to key out.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Chroma Key Measurement Source	Switcher > Keyer > CK Measurement Source	Select the video source that you want to use for the automatic adjustment of the chroma key.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Value button and select video source you want to use.
Chroma Key Re-spill	Switcher > Keyer > CK	Select the re-spill color for the chroma key.
Color	Color (Preset Color)	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the re-spill color.
Chroma Key Re-spill	Switcher > Keyer > CK	Select the re-spill saturation for the chroma key.
Saturation	Color (HSL Color)	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Component</b> button and select <b>Sat</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the new value you want to enter for the selected component.
Chroma Key Setup	Switcher > Keyer > UCHR Param	Select the various advanced chroma key settings for the selected key for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>UCHR Controls</b> button and select the parameter you want to adjust.
		3. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the new value you want to enter for the selected parameter.
DVE Freeze	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Freeze	Turn the DVE freeze feature on or off for the selected key for the selected ME, MiniME <sup>™</sup> , or MultiScreen.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the Value button and select whether to freeze the video and appearance of a key (On) or not (Off). When a key is frozen, the DVE attribute are disabled and you can not move the key.
DVE Key Aspect	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the aspect ratio for the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Aspect</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter an aspect ratio in the Value (%) field.

Event	Location	Description
DVE Key Border Color (HSL)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Border Color (HSL)	Select the custom color you want to apply to the border of the DVE key of the selected area. Each component of the HSL color must be inserted individually.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Component button and select the HSL component you want to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a value for the selected component in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Border Color (Preset)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Border Color (Preset)	Select the preset color you want to apply to the border of the DVE key of the selected key for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the preset color you want to apply to the border.
DVE Key Border	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the size of border for the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Edge Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a size for the border in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Crop (Bottom Edge)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the amount of cropping on the bottom edge of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Bottom Edge</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the amount of cropping in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Crop (Dual Edge)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Crop Param	Select the amount of cropping on both horizontal or vertical edges of the DVE key of the selected key for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select the edges you want to crop.
		<ol> <li>Enter the amount of Left or Top cropping you want to apply in the Value % field.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Enter the amount of Right or Bottom cropping you want to apply in the Other Value % field.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
DVE Key Crop (Left Edge)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the amount of cropping on the left edge of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Left Edge</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the amount of cropping in the Value (%) field.
DVE Key Crop (Right Edge)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the amount of cropping on the right edge of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Right Edge</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the amount of cropping in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Crop (Top Edge)	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the amount of cropping on the top edge of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Top Edge</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the amount of cropping in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Edge Softness	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the amount of softness to apply to the edge of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Edge Softness</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter an amount of softness for the DVE key or border in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
DVE Key Size	Switcher > Keyer > DVE	Select the size of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.	
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.
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Event	Location	Description
DVE Key X-Position	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the x-axis position of the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
DVE Key Y-Position	Switcher > Keyer > DVE Param	Select the y-axis position for the DVE key on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
Fly Key (DVE)	Switcher > Keyer >	Assign DVE resources (Fly) to the selected key for the selected area.
	Keyer Fly	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether DVE resources are assigned to the key (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Key, Make Linear	Switcher > Keyer >	Make the selected key linear on the selected area.
	Keyer Make Linear	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to make linear.
Key Active	Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Active	Transition a key (or include it in the next transition) on or off-air for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Parameter button and select a cut (Cut Key) or auto transition (Trans Key) for the key, or have to key included in the next transition (Include Key).</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button to select whether the key is transitioned on-air / included in the next transition to go on-air (On) or off-air / included in the next transition to go off-air (Off).</li> </ol>
Кеу Сору	Switcher > Keyer >	Copy the contents of one key to another key the same or a different area.
	Keyer Copy	1. Click the <b>Target ME</b> button and select where you want to copy the key to.
		2. Click the <b>Target Keyer</b> button for the key you want to copy to.
		3. Click the <b>Source ME</b> button and select where you want to copy the key from.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Source Keyer</b> button for the key you want to copy from.

Key Invert       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer invert       Turn the key invert feature on or off for the selected key for the selected area.         1       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reverse the polarity of the key alpha instead of bright areas.         3       Click the Key alpha instead of bright areas.         4       Click value button to turn key invert on (On) or off (Off).         Key Mode       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Mode         5       Select the mode for the selected key for the selected area.         1       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2       Click the Me button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         3       Click the Meyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         4       Click the Meyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         5       Click the Meyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         6       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the key (Normal), as adultive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).         Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Settings         6       Select the, gain, and transparency, settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perfo	Event	Location	Description
Keyer Invert       1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reverse the polarity of the key alpha so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key alpha instead of bright areas.         3. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Assolute) or reset (Rescy the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.         Key Mode       Switcher > Keyer >         Keyer Mode       Switcher > Keyer >         Keyer Mode       Click the Meyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         1. Click the Mger button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Mger button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/while (Full).         Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer >         Keyer Settings       Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/while (Full).         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer >         Keyer Settings       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Meyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer bype bor	Key Invert	Switcher > Keyer >	Turn the key invert feature on or off for the selected key for the selected area.
key SettingsSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer StringsReset the parameter for the key you want to reserve the polarity of the key alpha instead of bright areas.Key ModeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer ModeSelect the mode for the selected key for the selected area.Key SettingsSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset the parameter.Select the mode for the selected key for the selected area.Key ResetSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset the parameter.Reset the parameter.Key ResetSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset the parameter.Reset the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Key ResetSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset ParamsReset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.Key SettingsSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsReset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Key SettingsSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsSelect clip, gain, and transparency, invert, and mask for.Key SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapSelect clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.Click the Change Type button a		Keyer Invert	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
Select tip (Surprise)SurpriseSelect tip (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.Key ModeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer ModeSelect the mode for the selected key for the selected area.1.Click a Value button to turn key invert on (On) or off (Off).Key ModeSelect the mode for the selected key for the selected area.2.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).Key ResetSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset ParamsKey Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsKey SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsSwitcher > Keyer > Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsKey SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapKey Swap </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to reverse the polarity of the key alpha so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key alpha instead of bright areas.</th>			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to reverse the polarity of the key alpha so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key alpha instead of bright areas.
Key Mode       Switcher > Keyer Mode       Select the mode for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click a Mode button to have the key set as shaped/unshaped from the key (Normal). as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).         Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer Params       Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Settings       Select cling, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Change Type button and select the area that you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.         Key Swap       Switcher > Keyer >       Swap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.			<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
Key Mode       Switcher > Keyer Node       Select the mode for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key set as shaped/unshaped from the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).         Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset Params       Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Settings       Select cling, agin, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.         Key Swap       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer > Keyer Swap       Swap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.         1. Click the 1st ME button and select where the first key you want to swap.       2. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap.         2. Click the 1st ME button and select where the second k			<b>4.</b> Click a <b>Value</b> button to turn key invert on ( <b>On</b> ) or off ( <b>Off</b> ).
Key F Mode       1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click a Mode button to have the key set as shaped/unshaped from the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).         Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset Params       Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reset the clip, gain, transparency, invert, and mask for.         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Settings       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         4. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         5. Click the Keyer Swap       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Swap       Swap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.	Key Mode	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the mode for the selected key for the selected area.
2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3. Click the Keyer button to have the key set as shaped/unshaped from the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).Key ResetSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Reset ParamsReset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reset the clip, gain, transparency, invert, and mask for.Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > 		Keyer Mode	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on</li> </ol>
Switcher > Keyer > (Absolute)Select clip, gain, and transparency for the selected key for the selected area.Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsSelect clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the key for the selected key for the selected key for the select			<ol> <li>Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
Key Reset       Switcher > Keyer       Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.         1.       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reset the clip, gain, arransparency, invert, and mask for.         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer Settings       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1.       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key in the Value area.         2.       Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.       Switcher > Keyer Swap         Key Swap       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Swap       Swap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.         1.       Click the 1st ME button and select where the first key you want to swap is.       Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.         2.			<ol> <li>Click a Mode button to have the key set as shaped/unshaped from the key (Normal), as additive for a shaped source (Additive), or alpha to fully opaque/white (Full).</li> </ol>
Keyer Reset Params       1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to reset the clip, gain, transparency, invert, and mask for.         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)       Switcher > Keyer >         Switcher > Keyer Settings       Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.         1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.       3. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.         4. Enter a value for the clip, gain, or transparency for the key in the Value field.         Key Swap       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Swap       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Type       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Type       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Type       Click the 1st Keyer button for the second key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap.         3. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.         4. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to per	Key Reset	Switcher > Keyer >	Reset the parameters for the selected key for the selected area.
Letter a valueSwitcher > Keyer > Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsSelect clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.1.Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.1.Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.2.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.2.Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set 		Keyer Reset Params	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)Switcher > Keyer > Keyer SettingsSelect clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.1.Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.2.Click the Change Type button for the key you want to perform the event on.3.Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.Key SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapKey SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapKey SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapKey TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeKey TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeKey TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Click the Change Type button for the second key you want to swap.3.Click the Stager button for the second key you want to swap.4.Click the Change Type button for the second key you want to swap.5.Click the Stager button for the second key you want to swap.6.Click the Change Type button for the second key you want to swap.7.Click the Change Type button for the second key you want to swap.8.Click the Change Type button for the second key you want to perform the event on.8.Switcher > Keyer Type8.Switcher > Keyer Type8.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.9.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.9.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to reset the clip, gain, transparency, invert, and mask for.
Key SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapSwap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area. 1. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap is. 2. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap. 3. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap. 3. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeAssign a key type for a key for the selected area. 1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the selected area. 1. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.	Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency)	Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Settings	Select clip, gain, and transparency settings for the selected key for the selected area.
Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeClick the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeKey TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeClick the Change Type button and select where the second key you want to swap.Click the Seyer TypeSwitcher > Keyer > 			<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
Switcher > Keyer > Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeSwitcher > Keyer > 			<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
Key SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapSwap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.1. Click the 1st ME button and select where the first key you want to swap is.2. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap.3. Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.3. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeAssign a key type for a key for the selected area.1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.			<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
Key SwapSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer SwapSwap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.1.Click the 1st ME button and select where the first key you want to swap is.2.Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap.3.Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.4.Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer Type4.Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.2.Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.			<b>4.</b> Enter a value for the clip, gain, or transparency for the key in the <b>Value</b> field.
Keyer Swap1. Click the 1st ME button and select where the first key you want to swap is.2. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap.3. Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.4. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.Key TypeSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer TypeAssign a key type for a key for the selected area.1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.	Key Swap	Switcher > Keyer >	Swap the contents of one key with another key the same or a different area.
2. Click the 1st Keyer button for the first key you want to swap.         3. Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.         4. Click the 2nd Keyer button for the second key you want to swap.         Key Type       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer > Keyer Type         Assign a key type for a key for the selected area.         1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.		Keyer Swap	1. Click the <b>1st ME</b> button and select where the first key you want to swap is.
Switcher > Keyer >       Assign a key type for a key for the selected area.         Key Type       Switcher > Keyer >         Key Type       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.			2. Click the <b>1st Keyer</b> button for the first key you want to swap.
Key Type       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Type       Assign a key type for a key for the selected area.         1. Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.			<ol> <li>Click the 2nd ME button and select where the second key you want to swap is.</li> </ol>
Key Type       Switcher > Keyer > Keyer Type       Assign a key type for a key for the selected area.         1.       Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.         2.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.			<b>4.</b> Click the <b>2nd Keyer</b> button for the second key you want to swap.
<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>	Кеу Туре	Switcher > Keyer >	Assign a key type for a key for the selected area.
2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.		keyer Type	<ol> <li>Click the ME button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
3. Click a <b>Type</b> button to assign the key type to the selected key.			<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Type</b> button to assign the key type to the selected key.
Mask, Force         Switcher > Keyer >         Apply a mask to the selected key for the selected ME.           Mask Force         Mask Force         Mask Force	Mask, Force	Switcher > Keyer > Mask Force	Apply a mask to the selected key for the selected ME.
<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the <b>Kever</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>			<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the <b>Kever</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set</li> </ol>			<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set</li> </ol>
( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.			(Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select whether to force the area inside the mask region to the foreground ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> ).			<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether to force the area inside the mask region to the foreground (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>

Mask, Invert       Switcher > Keyer > Mask Invert       Invert the mask of the selected key for the selected ME.         1. Click the ME button for the ME haty ou want to perform the event on.       Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or resel (Reset) the parameter.         2. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or resel (Reset) the parameter.       Click the Value button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or resel (Reset) the parameter.         3. Click the Value button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or resel (Reset) the parameter.       Click the Value button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or resel (Reset) the parameter.         4. Click the Veger button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3. Click the ME button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3. Click the ME button for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3. Click the Arameter button and select Weith parameter.       Select the apolice of the selected ME.         4. Click the WE putton for the key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.       Select the position for the key you want to perform the event on.         6. Click the ME button for the Key button and sel	Event	Location	Description
Mask Invert       1. Click the ME button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.         Mask (Box) - Bottom Edge Position       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Softness       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Mask (Box) - Edge       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Softness       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Click the ME button for the Key you want to perform the event on.       Click the Change Type button and select Matcher you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.         Softness       Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param       Select the Box most on the Selected Key for the selected ME.	Mask, Invert	Switcher > Keyer >	Invert the mask of the selected key for the selected ME.
12Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 33Click the Kapar by button and select whether you want to set (Abolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. 3Mask (Box) - Bottom Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer 10Mask (Box) - Edg SoftnessSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer 10Mask (Box) - Edge SoftnessSwitcher > Keyer > Keyer 		Mask Invert	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
3. Click the Change Type button and select whether, Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter to invert the masked area (M) or not (Off).         Mask (Box) — Bottom Mask Param       Switcher > Keyer > Box Select the you button for the bottom edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.         1. Click the ME button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.       2. Click the Keyer button for the key ow want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button and select Whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available wheny our reset (thegott) the arankee the parameter. Some			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
Image: Click the Value button and select whether to invent the masked area with the unmasked area (On) or not (Off).Mask (Box) - Bottom Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the position for the bottom edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.1. Click the WE button for the ME that you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button and select Bottom Edge.4. Click the Change Type button and select Whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the position for the left edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME. Solution or the ME that you want to perform the event on. Solution or the ME that you want to perform the event on. Solit the traneer you want			<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
Mask (Box) — Bottom Edge Position         Switcher > keyer > Box Mask Param         Select the position for the bottom edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.           1         Click the ME button for the Key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.           2. Click the Parameter button and select. Bottom Edge.         4. Click the Parameter button and select. Bottom Edge.           4. Click the Parameter button and select. Bottom Edge.         5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.           Mask (Box) — Edge Softness         Switcher > keyer > Box Mask Param         Select the amount of softness to apply to the edges of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.           1. Click the WE button for the key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Parameter button and select Edge Softness.           4. Click the Parameter button and select Gdge Softness.         4. Click the Parameter button and select Hey you want to perform the event on.           3. Click the Parameter button and select Edge Softness.         5. Enter a new softness amount in the Value (%) field.           Mask (Box) — Left Edge Position         Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param         Select the position for the left edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.           1. Click the Keyer button for the Key you want to perform the event on.         2. Click the Keyer button for the Key you want to perform the event on.           2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the			4. Click the <b>Value</b> button and select whether to invert the masked area with the unmasked area ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> ).
Image: Constraint of the second sec	Mask (Box) — Bottom Edge Position	Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param	Select the position for the bottom edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
A click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.3. Click the Parameter button and select Bottom Edge.4. Click the Change Type button and select Whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.Mask (Box) - Edg SoftnessSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Mask ParamSelect the amount of softness to apply to the edges of the box mask on the selected key for the selected Key.Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Alsolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.8. Enter a new softnessSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Click the Keyer button for the Key to want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Change Type button and select Edge Softness.4. Click the ParameterSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Alsolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.5. Enter a new softness amount in the Value (%) field.Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Mask ParamMask (Box) - Right Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Dox Alsolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.9. Click the Karper button and select Left Edge.Click the Farameter button and select Left Edge.1. Click the Barby Type Sotton for the key to us and select Mether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.2. Click the Karper button and select Mether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.3. Click the Parameter button and select Mether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter.4. Click the Barby Type Sotton for the key you want to perform the event on.2. Click			1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
Ask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the anount of softness to apply to the edges of the box mask on the selected ME.Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the amount of softness to apply to the edges of the box mask on the selected ME.1Click the Wager button of the ME that you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the Key you want to perform the event on. 3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 3. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 3. Click the Keyer button and select Whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter. 5. Enter a new softness amount in the Value (%) field.Mask (Box) - Left Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the position for the left edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME. 1. Click the Keyer button for the ME that you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on. 2. Click the Keyer button for the key up arameter. 5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.Mask (Box) - Right Edge PositionSwitcher > Keyer > Box Mask ParamSelect the position for the right edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME. 1. Click the Keyer button for the Key to parameter. 5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.Mask (Box) - SizeSwitcher > Keyer > Box Ma			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
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Image: here is the select of	Mask (Box) — Edge Softness	Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param	Select the amount of softness to apply to the edges of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
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<ul> <li>3. Click the Parameter button and select Right Edge.</li> <li>4. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.</li> <li>Mask (Box) – Size</li> <li>Switcher &gt; Keyer &gt; Box Mask Param</li> <li>Select the size of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.</li> <li>1. Click the ME button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>2. Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>3. Click the Parameter button and select Size.</li> <li>4. Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>5. Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.</li> </ul>			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
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Mask (Box) — Size       Switcher > Keyer > Box       Select the size of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.         1.       Click the ME button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.         2.       Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.         3.       Click the Parameter button and select Size.         4.       Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.         5.       Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.			5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
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<ol> <li>Click the Keyer button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the Parameter button and select Size.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.</li> </ol>		Mask Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
<ol> <li>Click the Parameter button and select Size.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.</li> </ol>			2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.</li> </ol>			3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Size</b> .
5. Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.			<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
			5. Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.

Event	Location	Description
Mask (Box) — Top Edge Position	Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param	Select the position for the top edge of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Top Edge</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new position in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
Mask (Box) — X-Position	Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param	Select the x-axis position of the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Box) — Y-Position	Switcher > Keyer > Box Mask Param	Select the y-axis position for the box mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Pattern) — Aspect Ratio	Switcher > Keyer > Pattern Mask Param	Select the aspect ratio for the pattern mask for the selected ME.
Aspect Natio		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Aspect</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter an aspect ratio in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Pattern) — Border Size	Switcher > Keyer > Pattern Mask Param	Select the size of border for the pattern mask on the selected key for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Border Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a size for the border in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Pattern) — Edge	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the amount of softness to apply to the edge of the mask for the selected
Softness	Pattern Mask Param	ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Softness</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter an amount of softness for the pattern or border in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Mask (Pattern) — Horizontal	Switcher > Keyer > Pattern Mask Param	Select the number of times you want to multiply the pattern mask horizontally for the selected ME.
Multiplication		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Horizontal Mult</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the number of times the pattern is multiplied in the <b>Value</b> field.
Mask (Pattern) —	Switcher > Keyer >	Reset the mask for the selected ME.
Reset	Pattern Mask Reset	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click Reset Params.
Mask (Pattern) —	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the rotation for the pattern mask for the selected ME.
Rotation	Pattern Mask Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Rotation</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a rotation in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Pattern) — Size	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the size of the pattern mask for the selected ME.
	Pattern Mask Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new size in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
Mask (Pattern) — Vertical Multiplication	Switcher > Keyer > Pattern Mask Param	Select the number of times you want to multiply the pattern mask vertically for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Vertical Mult</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the number of times the pattern is multiplied in the <b>Value</b> field.
Mask (Pattern) —	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the x-axis position of the pattern mask for the selected ME.
X-Position	Position Pattern Mask Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
Mask (Pattern) —	Switcher > Keyer >	Select the y-axis position for the pattern mask for the selected ME.
Y-Position	Pattern Mask Param	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.

Event	Location	Description
Mask	Switcher > Keyer > Mask Type	<ol> <li>Apply a mask to the selected key for the selected ME.</li> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the <b>Keyer</b> button for the key you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click a <b>Mask Type</b> button to apply a pattern mask (<b>Pattern</b>), box mask (<b>Box</b>, or turn the mask off (<b>Off</b>).</li> </ol>

### **Media-Store**

Event	Location	Description
Auto Play	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select whether an animation plays automatically when taken on-air for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Auto Play</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the animation plays automatically (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Capture Alpha	Switcher > Media-Store > Capture Alpha	Select whether to include the alpha with a capture on the selected Media -Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Capture Alpha</b> button and select whether the alpha is captured with the source ( <b>Yes</b> ) or not ( <b>No</b> ).
Capture Alpha Source	Switcher > Media-Store > Capture Alpha Source	Select the alpha source you want to capture for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<b>2.</b> Click <b>Source</b> and select the alpha source that you want to capture.
Capture	Switcher > Media-Store	Capture a still to the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Capture	1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click a Capture Type button to select whether the Media-Store captures the media to a file name (Capture) or the next available capture number (Capture+).</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> If you selected <b>Capture</b> , enter the name you want use for the capture file in the <b>Capture File Name</b> field. If a file with the same name exists it will be overwritten.
Capture Mode	Switcher > Media-Store	Select the capture mode for the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Capture Display	1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click a Capture Display button to select whether the capture is in electronic-to-electronic "E/E" (End to End) or playback "P/B" (Playback) mode.</li> </ol>
Capture Source	Switcher > Media-Store > Capture Source	Select the video source you want to capture for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click <b>Source</b> and select the video source that you want to capture.

Event	Location	Description
Clear Channel	Switcher > Media-Store	Clear the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Channel Action	<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on</li> </ol>
		2. Click Clear Channel.
Cut Frame	Switcher > Media-Store	Select the point, in frames, from the start of the media item that the
	> Attributes	MediaWipe background cut occurs for the selected Media-Store channel.
		<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Cut Frame</b> .
		<ol> <li>Enter the frame in the media item that you want to cut to occur for the MediaWipe in the Value field.</li> </ol>
Delete Capture	Switcher > Media-Store	Delete a captured still.
	> Delete Media Capture	1. Enter the number of the capture file you want to delete in the <b>Capture File</b> field.
Media-Store Load	Switcher > Media-Store	Load a media item into the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Load	1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Location button to select whether the media item you want to load is located on the internal storage (Internal) or on the USB (USB).</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter the number of the media item you want to load in the <b>Media Number</b> field.
Looping	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select whether an animation will loop at the end for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Looping</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the animation loops at the end (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Move To Frame	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Move to a specific frame in the media item for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Move To Frame</b> .
		<b>4.</b> Enter the frame that you want to jump to in the media item in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Mute	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select whether the associated audio is turned on or off during playback for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Mute</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the audio plays (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Play	Switcher > Media-Store	Start an animation playing for the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Channel Action	<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on</li> </ol>
		2. Click Toggle Play.
Play Speed	Switcher > Media-Store	Select the speed for an animation to play at on the selected Media-Store
	> Playback Speed	channel.
		<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Playback Speed</b> .
		<ol> <li>Enter the speed, faster or slower than 100%, that you want the animation to play at in the Value (%) field.</li> </ol>
Reset Media	Switcher > Media-Store	Reset the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Channel Action	<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Reset Media.
Reverse	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select whether an animation plays in reverse for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Reverse</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the animation plays in reverse (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Rewind	Switcher > Media-Store	Rewind an animation to the first frame for the selected Media-Store channel.
	> Channel Action	<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on</li> </ol>
		2. Click Move to Frame 1.
Shaped	Switcher > Media-Store	Select whether the alpha of the media item should be shaped or ushaped for
	> Attributes	the selected Media-Store channel.
		<ol> <li>Click the MediaStore Channel button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Shaped</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the alpha of the media item is shaped (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Thumb Frame	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select the point, in frames, from the start of the animation that is used as the thumbnail for the media item.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the Parameter button and select Thumb Frame.
		4. Enter the frame in the media item that you want to use as the thumbnail.
X-Position	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select the x-axis position for the media item for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Pos</b> .
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new position in the <b>Value</b> field.
Y-Position	Switcher > Media-Store > Attributes	Select the y-axis position for the media item for the selected Media-Store channel.
		1. Click the <b>MediaStore Channel</b> button for the Media-Store channel you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Pos</b> .
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new position in the <b>Value</b> field.

## Matte

Event	Location	Description
Matte Color, Reset	Switcher > Matte > Matte Color Reset	<ul> <li>Reset the matte color for the selected ME or aux.</li> <li>1. Click the ME/Matte button for the ME or aux that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>2. For an ME, click the Matte button and select Matte.</li> </ul>
Matte Color (HSL)	>Switcher > Matte > Matte Color (HSL)	<ol> <li>Select the custom matte color for the selected ME or aux. Each component of the HSL color must be inserted individually.</li> <li>Click the ME/Matte button for the ME or aux that you want to perform the event on.</li> <li>Click the Matte button and select Matte.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Click the Component button and select the HSL component you want</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Chick the Component button and select the HSL component you want to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.</li> <li>Enter a value for the selected component in the Value (%) field.</li> </ol>
Matte Color (Preset)	>Switcher > Matte > Matte Color (Preset)	<ul> <li>Select a preset matte color for the selected ME or aux.</li> <li>Click the Matte button and select Matte.</li> <li>Click the Color button and select the color you want to use.</li> </ul>

Event	Location	Description
Wash Color (HSL)	>Switcher > Matte > Wash Color (HSL)	Select the custom matte color for the selected ME or aux. Each component of the HSL color must be inserted individually. This is the second color of the wash, the first color is set from the matte color.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Matte</b> button and select <b>Wash</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Component button and select the HSL component you want to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter a value for the selected component in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
Wash Color (Preset)	>Switcher > Matte > Wash Color (Preset)	Select a preset wash color for the selected ME. This is the second color of the wash, the first color is set from the matte color.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Matte button and select Wash.
		3. Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the color you want to use.
Wash Color Reset	>Switcher > Matte > Wash Color Reset	Reset the matte color for the selected ME. This is the second color of the wash, the first color is set from the matte color.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Matte button and select Wash.
Wash Generator —	>Switcher > Matte >	Disable the wash generator for the selected ME.
Disable	Wash Enabled Reset	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
Wash Generator —	>Switcher > Matte >	Enable the wash generator for the selected ME.
Enable	Wash Enabled	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Wash button and select whether the wash generator is enabled (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>

### Sequencer

Event	Location	Description
Load	Sequencer > Load	Load a sequence into the selected Sequencer.
		<ol> <li>Click the Sequencer button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> In the <b>Value</b> field, enter the sequence number for the sequence you want to load in the selected Sequencer.
Reload	Sequencer > Reload	Reload the sequence currently loaded into the selected Sequencer.
		<ol> <li>Click the Sequencer button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
Clear	Sequencer > Clear	Unload the sequence currently loaded into the selected Sequencer.
		1. Click the <b>Sequencer</b> button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.
Next	Sequencer > Next	Run the next event in the selected Sequencer.
		<ol> <li>Click the Sequencer button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Up	Sequencer > Up	Move the next event highlight (green) up one event in the sequence loaded into the selected Sequencer.
		1. Click the <b>Sequencer</b> button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.
Down	Sequencer > Down	Move the next event highlight (green) down one event in the sequence loaded into the selected Sequencer.
		<ol> <li>Click the Sequencer button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
Link	Sequencer > Link	Turn Link on or off for the selected Sequencer.
		<ol> <li>Click the Sequencer button and select the Sequencer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click a Value button to turn link On or Off.

## Special

Event	Location	Description
Row ME Assignment	Special > Row ME Assignment	Assign a control panel row to an ME, MiniME <sup>™</sup> , or MultiScreen on a particular panel.
		1. Click the <b>Panel</b> button for the control panel that you want to assign a row from.
		2. Click the <b>Row</b> button for the row on the control panel that you want to assign to an ME.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>ME</b> button as select the area that you want to assign the control panel row to.

## **Switcher Operation**

Event	Location	Description
Bus Source Copy Swi	Switcher > Bus Source	Copy the contents of one bus to another.
	Сору	1. Click the <b>Source ME</b> button and select the location containing the bus you want to copy from.
		2. Click the <b>Source Bus/Keyer</b> button and select the bus that you want to copy.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Destination ME</b> button and select the location containing the bus you want to copy to.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Dest. Bus/Keyer</b> button and select the bus that you want to copy to.
Bus Source Select	Switcher > Bus Source	Select a source on the selected bus for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to select a bus on.
		2. Click the <b>Bus/Keyer</b> button and select the bus that you want to select a source on.
		<b>3.</b> If you selected a key bus, click a <b>Bus</b> button to select whether you are selecting a source for the fill ( <b>Video</b> ) or the alpha ( <b>Alpha</b> ) of the key.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Source</b> button and select the source that you want on the selected bus.

Event	Location	Description
МЕ Сору	Switcher > ME Copy	Copy the contents of one area to another.
		1. Click the <b>Target ME</b> button and select the location that you want to copy to.
		<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Source ME</b> button and select the location that you want to copy from.
Memory Recall	Switcher > Memory	Recall a memory for the selected area.
	Recall	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Include</b> button and select all the locations that you want to perform the memory recall on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Bank</b> button and select the bank that you want to recall the memory on.
		3. Click the <b>Memory</b> button and select the memory that you want to recall.
RState, Load	Switcher > Load RState	Load the custom reset settings for the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>Include</b> button and select all the locations that you want to recall the custom reset settings on.
Memory Recall	Switcher > Memory	Recall a memory for the selected area.
Recall	Recall	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Include</b> button and select all the locations that you want to perform the memory recall on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Bank</b> button and select the bank that you want to recall the memory on.
		3. Click the <b>Memory</b> button and select the memory that you want to recall.

## Transitions

Event	Location	Description
Combined Transition Ev	vent	
Transition Action - Sw	Switcher > Transition >	Set up a dissolve transition with a single custom control event.
Dissolve	Transition Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click Dissolve.
		<ol> <li>Click the Toggle, Include On, and Include Off buttons to set up what is included with the next transition. Something must always be selected for the toggle inclusion. Key toggle and on/off inclusions are mutually exclusive.</li> </ol>
		<ul> <li>Toggle — select the background and any keys that you want included with the transition. This is the same as using the next trans buttons on the Transition area of a control panel.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Include On — select that keys that you want to transition on-air with the next transition. If a key is already on-air it is ignored.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Include Off — select that keys that you want to transition off-air with the next transition. If a key is already off-air it is ignored.</li> </ul>
		<ol> <li>Click an Auto Trans button to select whether the transition is performed with the custom control (On) or if the custom control only sets up the next transition but does not perform it (Off).</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Enter a rate for transition in the Trans Rate (fr) field. A rate of 0 is performed as a cut.</li> </ol>
		6. Click a Diss/Flash button to select whether the transition is performed as a dissolve (Dissolve) or a WhiteFlash (Flash). The existing onset, offset, and color values for the ME are used for the WhiteFlash.

Event	Location	Description
Transition Action -	Switcher > Transition >	Set up a wipe transition with a single custom control event.
Wipe	Transition Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click Wipe.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Toggle</b> , <b>Include On</b> , and <b>Include Off</b> buttons to set up what is included with the next transition. Something must always be selected for the toggle inclusion. Key toggle and on/off inclusions are mutually exclusive.
		<ul> <li>Toggle — select the background and any keys that you want included with the transition. This is the same as using the next trans buttons on the Transition area of a control panel.</li> </ul>
		• <b>Include On</b> — select that keys that you want to transition on-air with the next transition. If a key is already on-air it is ignored.
		<ul> <li>Include Off — select that keys that you want to transition off-air with the next transition. If a key is already off-air it is ignored.</li> </ul>
		<b>4.</b> Click an <b>Auto Trans</b> button to select whether the transition is performed with the custom control ( <b>On</b> ) or if the custom control only sets up the next transition but does not perform it ( <b>Off</b> ).
		<ol> <li>Enter a rate for transition in the Trans Rate (fr) field. A rate of 0 is performed as a cut.</li> </ol>
		6. Click the <b>Pattern</b> button and select the wipe pattern you want to use for the transition.
Transition Action - DVE	Switcher > Transition >	Set up a DVE wipe transition with a single custom control event.
	Transition Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click DVE.
	3. 4. 5.	<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Toggle</b> , <b>Include On</b> , and <b>Include Off</b> buttons to set up what is included with the next transition. Something must always be selected for the toggle inclusion. Key toggle and on/off inclusions are mutually exclusive.
		• <b>Toggle</b> — select the background and any keys that you want included with the transition. This is the same as using the next trans buttons on the Transition area of a control panel.
		• <b>Include On</b> — select that keys that you want to transition on-air with the next transition. If a key is already on-air it is ignored.
		• <b>Include Off</b> — select that keys that you want to transition off-air with the next transition. If a key is already off-air it is ignored.
		<b>4.</b> Click an <b>Auto Trans</b> button to select whether the transition is performed with the custom control ( <b>On</b> ) or if the custom control only sets up the next transition but does not perform it ( <b>Off</b> ).
		<ol> <li>Enter a rate for transition in the Trans Rate (fr) field. A rate of 0 is performed as a cut.</li> </ol>
		<b>6.</b> Click the <b>DVE Effect</b> button and select the DVE wipe pattern you want to use for the transition.

Event	Location	Description
Transition Action -	Switcher > Transition >	Set up a MediaWipe transition with a single custom control event.
MediaWipe	Transition Action	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click MediaWipe.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Toggle</b> , <b>Include On</b> , and <b>Include Off</b> buttons to set up what is included with the next transition. Something must always be selected for the toggle inclusion. Key toggle and on/off inclusions are mutually exclusive.
		• <b>Toggle</b> — select the background and any keys that you want included with the transition. This is the same as using the next trans buttons on the Transition area of a control panel.
		<ul> <li>Include On — select that keys that you want to transition on-air with the next transition. If a key is already on-air it is ignored.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Include Off — select that keys that you want to transition off-air with the next transition. If a key is already off-air it is ignored.</li> </ul>
		<ol> <li>Click an Auto Trans button to select whether the transition is performed with the custom control (On) or if the custom control only sets up the next transition but does not perform it (Off).</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Click the <b>Layer</b> button to select what the MediaWipe animation covers.
		<ol> <li>Click a Location button for the drive that the animation to use for the MediaWipe is stored on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Enter the media number for the animation you want use for the MediaWipe in the Media Number field.</li> </ol>
		8. Click a <b>Channel</b> number to select the Media-Store channel you want to use for the MediaWipe.
Individual Transition Ev	vents	
Auto Trans	Switcher > Transition >	Performs an auto transition on the selected area.
	ME Trans Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Action button and select Auto Trans.
Cut	Switcher > Transition >	Performs a cut on the selected ME.
	ME Trans Action 1.	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the Action button and select Cut.
DVE Wipe, Reset	Switcher > Transition > DVE Wipe Reset	Reset the parameters or direction and flip-flop for the DVE wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click <b>Reset</b> to reset the DVE wipe parameters.
DVE Wipe Direction (Flip-Flop)	Switcher > Transition > DVE Wipe Direction	Select whether the DVE wipe reverses direction for every second transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click Flip-Flip.
		4. Click <b>On</b> or <b>Off</b> to select whether Flip-Flop is on ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> ).

Event	Location	Description
DVE Wipe Direction	Switcher > Transition >	Select the direction for the DVE wipe transition of the selected ME.
	DVE Wipe Direction	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click Direction.
		<ol> <li>Click Forward or Reverse to select whether the DVE wipe moves in a forward (Forward) or reverse (Reverse) direction.</li> </ol>
DVE Wipe Pattern	Switcher > Transition > DVE Wipe Effect	Select the pattern you want to use for a DVE wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol><li>Click the Effect button and select the pattern you want to use for the DVE wipe.</li></ol>
MediaWipe — Channel	Switcher > Transition > Media Wipe Channel	Select which Media-Store channel will be used for the MediaWipe transition of the selected ME.
		<b>1.</b> Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click <b>M1</b> or <b>M2</b> to assign that Media-Store channel to the MediaWipe.
MediaWipe Cut Point, Set	Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Sets the cut point for a MediaWipe transition for the selected area. You must select the point in the transition that you want to place the cut before running this event.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the
		<ol> <li>Click the Action button and select Set Media Cut.</li> </ol>
MediaWine —	Switcher > Transition >	Select whether the MediaWine reverses direction for every second transition
Direction, Flip-Flop	DVE Wipe Direction	of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click Flip-Flip.
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether Flip-Flop is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MediaWipe —	Switcher > Transition >	Select the direction for the MediaWipe transition of the selected ME.
Direction	DVE Wipe Direction	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click Direction.
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the MediaWipe moves in a forward (Forward) or reverse (Reverse) direction.</li> </ol>
MediaWipe — Layer	Switcher > Transition > ME Media Trans Layer	Select which Media-Store channel will be used for the MediaWipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Layer button to select what the Mediawipe animation covers.
MediaWipe Trans End Point, Set	Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Sets the ending point for a MediaWipe transition for the selected area. Use the fader to move through the animation to the point you want to end the transition and run this CC to save that point.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Action button and select Set Media Trans End.

Event	Location	Description
MediaWipe Trans Start Point, Set	Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Sets the starting point for a MediaWipe transition for the selected area. Use the fader to move through the animation to the point you want to start the transition and run this CC to save that point.
		<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Action button and select Set Media Trans Start.</li> </ol>
MediaWipe Trans	Switcher > Transition >	Sets the starting point for a MediaWipe transition for the selected area.
Thumbnail	ME Trans Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the
		<ol> <li>Click the Action button and select Set Media Thumb.</li> </ol>
ME Dissolve Type	Switcher > Transition >	Select the type of dissolve transition (WhiteFlash or Dissolve) you want to use.
	ME Dissolve Type	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click a <b>Type</b> button to select a Dissolve ( <b>Dissolve</b> ) or WhiteFlash ( <b>Flash</b> ) transition.
ME Trans Rate	Switcher > Transition >	Set or reset the background transition rate of the selected area.
	ME Trans Parameter	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>ME Trans Rate</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new transition rate, in frames, in the <b>Value (fr)</b> field.
ME Trans Type	Switcher > Transition >	Select the transition type for a background transition of the selected area.
	ME Trans Type	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Type</b> button for the type of transition you want to use.
ME WhiteFlash Color	Switcher > Transition >	Select color for the WhiteFlash transition.
	Color (Preset)	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the preset color you want to use.
ME WhiteFlash Offset	Switcher > Transition >	Select time for the offset of the WhiteFlash transition.
	ME Trans Value	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Flash Offset.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a new offset position in the Value (%) field.
ME WhiteFlash Onset	Switcher > Transition >	Select time for the onset of the WhiteFlash transition.
	ME Trans value	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click Flash Onset.</li> <li>Click the Change Type butten and select whether you want to set</li> </ol>
		(Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new onset position in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
Reset	Switcher > Transition >	Resets the transition area of the selected area.
		<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the Action button and select Reset.

Event	Location	Description
Roll Clip	Switcher > Transition >	Turn the Roll Clip feature on or off for the selected area.
	конспр	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether roll clip is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Trans Clear	Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Configures the next transition area of the selected area to take all keys off-air with the next transition.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the
		<ol> <li>Click the Action button and select Trans Clear.</li> </ol>
Trans Delay	Switcher > Transition >	Applies the pre-delay to the transition.
	ME Trans Action	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Action button and select Delayed Auto Trans.
Trans Elements	Switcher > Transition >	Select the elements to be included in the next transition of the selected area.
	ME ITAIIS Element	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Elements</b> button and select background and/or the keys that you want to include in the next transition.
Trans Limit — On/Off	Switcher > Transition >	Turn the transition limit feature on or off for the selected area.
	ME Trans Limit	<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether trans limit is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Trans Limit — Reset	set Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Resets the transition limit point of the selected area.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Action button and select Reset Limit.
Trans Limit — Set	Switcher > Transition > ME Trans Action	Sets the transition limit point of the selected area. You must select the point in the transition that you want to place the limit before running this event.
		<ol> <li>Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the Action button and select Set Limit.
Trans Limit — Value	Switcher > Transition >	Select the limit point for the trans limit of the selected area.
	ME Trans value	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click Trans Limit.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter the point in the transition that you want to place the trans limit in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Wipe Direction (Flip-Flop)	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Direction	Select whether the wipe reverses direction for every second transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Pattern button and select Wipe.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Flip-Flip</b> .
		5. Click the Value button and select whether Flip-Flop is on (On) or off (Off).
Wipe Direction	Switcher > Transition >	Select the direction for the wipe transition of the selected ME.
	Wipe Direction	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Pattern</b> button and select <b>Wipe</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Direction</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the wipe moves in a forward (Forward) or reverse (Reverse) direction.</li> </ol>
Wipe Pattern — Aspect Ratio	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the aspect ratio for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		<b>1.</b> Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Aspect</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter an aspect ratio in the Value (%) field.
Wipe Pattern — Border Color (HSL)	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Border Color (HSL)	Select the custom color you want to apply to the border of the pattern for the wipe transition of the selected ME. Each component of the HSL color must be inserted individually.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Matte button and select Wipe Border.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the <b>Component</b> button and select the HSL component you want
		to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.
		<b>5.</b> Enter a value for the selected component in the <b>value (%)</b> field.
Wipe Pattern — Border Color (Preset)	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Border Color	Select the preset color you want to apply to the border of the pattern for the wipe transition of the selected ME.
	(Preset)	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the Matte button and select Wipe Border.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the preset color you want to apply to the border.
Wipe Pattern — Border Size	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the size of border for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Border Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter a size for the border in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Wipe Pattern — Edge Softness	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the amount of softness to apply to the edge of the pattern or border for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Softness</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter an amount of softness for the pattern or border in the Value (%) field.
Wipe Pattern — Horizontal	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the number of times you want to multiply the wipe pattern horizontally for the wipe transition of the selected ME.
Multiplication		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Horizontal Mult</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the number of times the pattern is multiplied in the <b>Value</b> field.
Wipe Pattern —	Switcher > Transition >	Select the pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
Pattern	Wipe Effect	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Pattern</b> button and select the pattern you want to use for the wipe.
Wipe Pattern — Rotation	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the rotation for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Rotation</b> .
		3. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		4. Enter a rotation in the Value (%) field.
Wipe Pattern — Size	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the size for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Size</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a new size in the Value (%) field.
Wipe Pattern — Vertical Multiplication	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the number of times you want to multiply the wipe pattern vertically for the wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Vertical Mult</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the number of times the pattern is multiplied in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Wipe Pattern — X-Position	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the x-axis position for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>X-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter a new position in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
Wipe Pattern — Y-Position	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Param	Select the y-axis position for the wipe pattern you want to use for a wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Y-Pos</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter a new position in the Value (%) field.
Wipe Reset	Switcher > Transition > Wipe Reset	Reset the parameters or direction and flip-flop for the wipe transition of the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click <b>Reset Params</b> to reset the wipe parameters or <b>Reset Direction</b> to reset the wipe direction and flip-flop.

# Personality Custom Controls

## Personality

Event	Location	Description
Personality — Auto Remove Key Switcher Personal Auto Remove Key	Switcher Personality > Auto Remove Key	Have a key removed from the Next Transition area, so that it is not included in the next transition, after it has been transitioned off-air using the <b>KEY</b> <i>X</i> <b>CUT</b> or <b>KEY</b> <i>X</i> <b>AUTO</b> buttons.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the personality option is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Personality — Auto Trans Second Press (Key) Press	Switcher Personality > Key Auto Trans 2nd Press	Select how the switcher reacts when the <b>KEY AUTO</b> button is pressed during a transition.
		1. Click the <b>Second Auto</b> button and select how the switcher reacts to pressing the button during a transition.
		<ul> <li>Ignore — the buttons are ignored during the transition</li> <li>Halt Forward — halt the transition and move forward through the transition when pressed again</li> <li>Halt Reverse — halt the transition and move backwards through the transition when pressed again</li> <li>Reverse — reverse the transition immediately</li> </ul>
		• <b>Cut</b> — cut the transition to the end

Event	Location	Description
Personality — Auto Trans Second Press	Personality — Auto Frans Second Press ME) Switcher Personality > ME Auto Trans 2nd Press	Select how the switcher reacts when the <b>AUTO TRANS</b> button is pressed during a transition.
(ME)		1. Click the <b>Second Auto</b> button and select how the switcher reacts to pressing the button during a transition.
		<ul> <li>Ignore — the buttons are ignored during the transition</li> <li>Halt Forward — halt the transition and move forward through the transition when pressed again</li> <li>Halt Reverse — halt the transition and move backwards through</li> </ul>
		the transition when pressed again
		Reverse — reverse the transition immediately
		• Cut — cut the transition to the end
Personality — Next Trans Reset	Switcher Personality > Auto Reset Trans	Have the transition area reset to a default background dissolve after each transition.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button and select whether the personality option is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Personality — Roll Clip	Switcher Personality > Roll Clip Force	Select whether the Roll Clip functionality is always on.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that you want to adjust the roll clip for.
		<ol> <li>Click a Roll Clip button to select whether Roll Clip is always on (Force) or must be turned on manually (User).</li> </ol>

# **Installation Custom Controls**

## **Switcher Installation**

Event	Location	Description
AES Output Switcher I Output > A	Switcher Installation > Output > AES	<ol> <li>Assign an audio stream to an AES output.</li> <li>Click the AES button for the AES output you want to assign an audio stream to.</li> <li>Click the Value button and select the audio stream you want to assign</li> </ol>
		to the AES output.
Ancillary Data Mode	Switcher Installation >	Select how the switcher will strip or pass ancillary data.
	Ancillary Mode	<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether ancillary data is stripped (Strip), or passed (Pass).</li> </ol>
Clean Feed	Switcher Installation > ME > ME Clean Feed	Select the clean feed location for the selected ME.
		1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Before Keyer</b> button and select the key you want the clean feed output to be taken before.
Color Corrector Color	Switcher Installation >	Reset the values for the selected color corrector color channel(s).
Reset	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector B/G/B Beset	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to reset.
		<ol> <li>Click the Color button and select the individual color component (Red, Green, Blue) you want to adjust, or RGB for all of them.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Color Corrector Enable	Switcher Installation >	Enable a Color Corrector for a video input or output.
Proc Am Correcto	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that you want assign a Color Corrector to.
	Corrector Enable	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Value</b> button to select whether to enable the color corrector ( <b>On</b> ) or disable the color corrector ( <b>Off</b> ).
Color Corrector Gain	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Gain for the selected color corrector.
	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.
		<ol> <li>Click the Color button and select the individual color component (Red, Green, Blue) you want to adjust, or RGB for all of them.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Gain</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new gain value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Color Corrector	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Offset for the selected color corrector.
Gamma	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector Param	<ol> <li>Click the Input/Output button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Color button and select the individual color component (Red, Green, Blue) you want to adjust, or RGB for all of them.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the Parameter button and select Gamma Value.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new gamma value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Color Corrector	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Gamma Offset for the selected color corrector.
Gamma Offset Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.	
		<ol> <li>Click the Color button and select the individual color component (Red, Green, Blue) you want to adjust, or RGB for all of them.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Gamma Offset</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter the new gamma offset value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Color Corrector Lower	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Lower Offset for the selected color corrector.
Offset Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.	
		2. Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the individual color component ( <b>Red</b> , <b>Green</b> , <b>Blue</b> ) you want to adjust, or <b>RGB</b> for all of them.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Lower Offset</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new lower offset value in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Color Corrector Offset	Color Corrector Offset Switcher Installation > Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Color Corrector Param	Adjust the Offset for the selected color corrector.
		<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Color button and select the individual color component (Red, Green, Blue) you want to adjust, or RGB for all of them.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Offset</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter the new offset value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Color Corrector Reset	Switcher Installation >	Reset the values for the selected color corrector.
	Corrector > Color Corrector Reset	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the color corrector assigned to it that you want to reset.</li> </ol>
Color Gamut, Input	Switcher Installation >	Select the color gamut that video input is in.
	Gamut	1. Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to set the color gamut for.
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select the whether the input is in BT.709 (709) or BT.2020 (2020).</li> </ol>
Color Gamut, Output	Switcher Installation >	Select the color gamut that video output is in.
	Output > Output Color Gamut	1. Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to set the color gamut for.
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select the whether the output is in BT.709 (709) or BT.2020 (2020).</li> </ol>
Color Gamut, Switcher	Switcher Installation >	Select the color gamut that the switcher will operate in.
	Color Gamut	<ol> <li>Click a Gamut button to select the whether the switcher operates in BT.709 (709) or BT.2020 (2020).</li> </ol>
Disable Audio	Switcher Installation >	Disable the inclusion of audio attributes in memories.
Memories	Disable Audio Memories	<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether audio is included with memory recalls (On), or not (Off).</li> </ol>
Dynamic Range, Input	Switcher Installation >	Select the dynamic range that a video input is in.
	Input > Input Dynamic Range	<ol> <li>Click the Input button and select the input BNC that you want to set the dynamic range for.</li> </ol>
		<b>2</b> . Click a <b>Value</b> button to select the dynamic range that the input is in.
Dynamic Range,	Switcher Installation >	Select the dynamic range that a video output is in.
Ουτρυτ	Dynamic Range	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to set the dynamic range for.</li> </ol>
		2. Click a <b>Value</b> button to select the dynamic range that the output is in.
Dynamic Range,	Switcher Installation >	Select the dynamic range that the switcher will operate in.
Switcher	Reference > Switcher Dynamic Range	1. Click a <b>Dynamic Range</b> button to select the dynamic range that the switcher operates in.
Frame Delay	Switcher Installation >	Assign a Frame Delay to an input.
	Input > Frame Delay	1. Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to assign an frame delay to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Value</b> field, enter the value of the frame delay you want to apply.

Event	Location	Description
FSFC Assignment	Switcher Installation > Input FSFC Assign	Assign an FSFC to an input BNC. This event is only available if you have fewer FSFCs than inputs.
		<ol> <li>Click the FSFC button and select the FSFC resource that you want to assign to an input.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Assignment</b> button and select the input that you want to assign the selected FSFC to.
Input FSFC Assignment	Switcher Installation >	Assign an FSFC to an input.
	Input > Input Type	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to assign an FSFC to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a ValueType button to assign an FSFC to the input or select (SDI Off) to turn the FSFC off.</li> </ol>
Input FSFC Framing	Switcher Installation >	Select the video framing that is applied to the converted video input.
		<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to assign the framing to.</li> </ol>
		2. Click a <b>Type</b> button for the input FSFC that is being used.
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Value</b> button to assign a type of framing to the input.
Input Scaler Mode	Switcher Installation >	Select the format of the video input to be converted.
(on birth only)	Mode	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to assign the scaler to.</li> </ol>
		<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the format of the video input.
Layer Mode	Switcher Installation >	Select whether external layer mode is active for the selected ME.
	ME > ME Layer Mode	1. Click the <b>ME</b> button for the ME that you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether external layer mode is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
ME Follow	Switcher Installation >	Select whether an ME or $MiniME^{T}$ follows another ME or $MiniME^{T}$ .
	ME > ME FOIIOW	<ol> <li>Click the ME button and select the area you want to have follow another area.</li> </ol>
		2. Click a <b>Follow</b> button to select the ME or MiniME <sup>™</sup> that you want to follow the selected area.
Output Assignment	Switcher Installation >	Assign a source to the selected output BNC.
	Output > Output Assignment	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to assign a source to.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Source</b> button and select the source that you want to assign to the selected output BNC.
Output FSFC Video	Switcher Installation >	Select a video format for the output FSFC conversion.
Format	mat Output > Output UHD Mode	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to select a different video format for.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the format you want the output video signal converted to.
Proc Amp/Color	Switcher Installation >	Reset the values for the selected proc amp or color corrector.
Corrector Reset	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp / Color Corrector Reset	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp or color corrector assigned to it that you want to reset.

Event	Location	Description
Proc Amp Enable	Switcher Installation >	Enable a Proc Amp for a video input or output.
Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that you want assign a Proc Amp to.	
	Enable	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether to enable the proc amp (On) or disable the proc amp (Off).</li> </ol>
Proc Amp Gain	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the gain of a color component for the selected proc amp.
	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.
		<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Component</b> button and select the color component you want to adjust the gain for.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Gain</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new gain value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Proc Amp Gamma	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Gamma for the selected proc amp.
	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.
		2. Click the <b>Component</b> button and select <b>YCrCb</b> .
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Gamma</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new gamma value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Proc Amp Gamma	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Gamma for the selected proc amp.
Offset	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Param	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.
		2. Click the <b>Component</b> button and select <b>YCrCb</b> .
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Gamma Offset</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter the new gamma offset value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Proc Amp Hue Rotation	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the Hue for the selected proc amp.
	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Hue Rot	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter a new hue rotation value in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Proc Amp Offset Switcher Installation > Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Param	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the offset of a color component for the selected proc amp.
	1. Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to adjust the parameter for.	
		2. Click the <b>Component</b> button and select the color component you want to adjust the offset for.
		3. Click the <b>Parameter</b> button and select <b>Offset</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter the new offset value in the <b>Value</b> field.
Proc Amp Reset	Switcher Installation >	Reset the values for the selected proc amp.
	Proc Amp/Color Corrector > Proc Amp Reset	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input/Output</b> button and select the input or output BNC that has the proc amp assigned to it that you want to reset.</li> </ol>
Reference Source	Switcher Installation >	Select the reference source for the switcher.
	Reference > Video Reference	<ol> <li>Click a Reference Source button to select whether to use an internal (Internal) or external (External) reference source.</li> </ol>
Rotation Mode, Output	Switcher Installation >	Enable video rotation on a selected output.
	Rotation Mode	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to apply rotation to.</li> </ol>
		<b>2.</b> Click a <b>Value</b> button to select the amount of rotation to apply to the output.
Rotation Zoom, Output	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the size of the rotated output image.
	Rotation	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to adjust the rotation for.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Zoom.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter new size in the <b>Value</b> field.
Rotation X-Position,	Switcher Installation >	Adjust the rotated image along the x-axis.
Ουτρυτ	Rotation	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to adjust the rotation for.</li> </ol>
		2. Click X-Pos.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter new x-axis offset in the <b>Value</b> field.
Rotation Y-Position,	Switcher Installation > Output > Output Rotation	Adjust the rotated image along the y-axis.
Output		<ol> <li>Click the <b>Output</b> button and select the output BNC that you want to adjust the rotation for.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Y-Pos.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter new y-axis offset in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
Source Substitution,	Source Substitution, Bus Source Substitution > Source Bus Subst	Set a bus source substitution for the substitution table.
Bus		1. Click the <b>Source</b> button and select the source that you want to set a substitution for.
		2. Click the <b>ME</b> button and select the area that the bus you want to set up the substitution for is on.
		3. Click the <b>Bus/Keyer</b> button and select the bus ( <b>Background</b> or <b>Preset</b> ) or keyer for the substitution.
		<ol> <li>If you selected Keyer, click the Bus button and select the video (Video) or alpha (Alpha) bus that you want to substitute for</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Click the <b>Subst</b> button and select the source you want to substitute for the selected source.
Source Substitution, Delete	Switcher Installation > Source Substitution > Delete Subst Table	Delete the entire substitution table.
Source Substitution,	Switcher Installation >	Set an ME source substitution for the substitution table.
ME	Source Substitution > Source ME Subst	1. Click the <b>Source</b> button and select the source that you want to set a substitution for.
		<ol> <li>Click the ME button and select the MiniME<sup>™</sup> that you want to assign a substitution source to.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Subst</b> button and select the source you want to substitute for the selected source.
Switching Field	Switcher Installation >	Select the field that a video transition will be performed on.
	Field Dominance	<ol> <li>Click a Switch Field button to select whether video transitions are performed on field 1 only (Field 1), field 2 only(Field 2), or the current field (Both).</li> </ol>
TSL Address	Switcher Installation >	Assign a TSL id to an input.
	Input > TSL Address	1. Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to set the TSL id for.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter the TSL id in the <b>Value</b> field.
TSL Tally MultiViewer	Switcher Installation >	Assign a TSL id to an input.
Display Mode (Name)	Input > TSL Tally Mode	<ol> <li>Click the <b>Input</b> button and select the input BNC that you want to set the TSL mode for.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a TSL Tally button to select whether the MultiViewer shows the Mnemonic name (Name Only), TSL name (Tally Only), or both (Both).</li> </ol>
Video Mode	Switcher Installation > Reference > Video Format	<ul><li>Select the video format that the switcher will operate in.</li><li>Click the Video Mode button and select the video format for the switcher.</li></ul>

### **MultiViewer**

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer Box — Apply to All	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Apply To All	Apply the configurations for the selected box to all boxed on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		3. Click Apply to All.

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer Box — Aspect Ratio Markers	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Aspect Ratio	Select whether aspect ratio markers are shown for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		3. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether aspect ratio markers are shown (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Box — Border	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Border Mode	Select the type of border you want to apply to the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		3. Click a <b>Border Mode</b> button and select whether the border around the selected box is white ( <b>White</b> ), black ( <b>Black</b> ), or if there is no border ( <b>Off</b> ).
MultiViewer Box — Green Tally (Preview)	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Preview Tally	Select whether a green (preview) tally is shown for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether a green tally is shown on the selected box (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Box — Label	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Label	Select whether the source label is on or off for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether the label on the selected box is on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Box — Label Mode	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Label Mode	Select what source name is shown on the label for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer. This event only applies to the Carbonite eXtreme.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click a <b>Label Mode</b> button and select whether the name comes from the switcher ( <b>Switcher</b> ), the router ( <b>Router</b> ), or both are shown ( <b>Both</b> ).

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer Box — Label Position	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box Label Position	Select the position of the source label for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether the label on the selected box is at the top (Top) or bottom (Bottom).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Box — Label Transparency	MultiViewer > MV Label Transp	Select transparency for the background behind the source labels on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter the amount of transparency in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
MultiViewer Box — Red Tally (On-Air)	MultiViewer > Box > MV Box On-Air Tally	Select whether a red (on-air) tally is shown for the selected box on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether a red tally is shown on the selected box (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Box —	MultiViewer > Box >	Assign a source to one of the boxes on the selected MultiViewer.
Video Source	MV Box Source	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Box</b> button and select the box that you want perform the event on.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the source that you want to assign to the box.
MultiViewer — Clip	MultiViewer > MV Keyer Clip	Select the amount of clipping to be applied to the overlay source on the selected MultiViewer.
		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter the amount of clipping to be applied in the <b>Value</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer Clock — Background Color	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock (HSL Color)	Select the custom color for the background of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
(HSL)		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the Clock Area button and select Background.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Component</b> button and select the HSL component you want to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.
		<b>5.</b> Enter a value for the selected component in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
MultiViewer Clock — Background Color	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock (Preset	Select a preset color for the background of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
(Preset)	Color)	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Background.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the color you want to use.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select the direction you want to countdown timer to count in.
Direction	Direction	<b>1.</b> Click the <b>Timer</b> button and select the timer you want to configure.
		<ol> <li>Click a Timer Direction button to select whether the timer counts down from a preset value (Down), up from zero (Up), or down from a preset value and then up from zero (Down &gt; Up).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Reset the selected timer.
Countdown Timer Reset	Countdown Timer Reset	1. Click the <b>Timer Reset</b> button and select the timer you want to reset.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select the direction you want to countdown timer to count in.
State	State	1. Click the <b>Timer</b> button and select the timer you want to configure.
		<ol> <li>Click a Timer State button to select whether to send the pause (Pause), or start (Run) command to the timer.</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Clock — Foreground Color	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock (HSL Color)	Select the custom color for the lettering of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
(HSL)		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click the <b>Clock Area</b> button and select <b>Foreground</b> .
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Component</b> button and select the HSL component you want to assign a value to. A value should be applied to all three components.
		5. Enter a value for the selected component in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select a preset color for the lettering of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
Foreground Color (Preset)	MV Clock (Preset Color)	1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click Foreground.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Color</b> button and select the color you want to use.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock Format	Select the hour format for the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
Format		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether the clock shows 24-hour (24-Hours), 12-hour with am/pm (12-Hour AM/PM), or simple 12-hour (12-Hour) clock.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer Clock — Mode	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock Mode	Select whether the clock shows timecode or system time on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Clock Mode button and select whether the clock shows timecode (Timecode), system time (System), a countdown timer (CountDown), or is off (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select which countdown timer you want a MultiViewer to use.
MV limer	MV limer	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Timer</b> button and select the timer (1-5) that you want to assign to the selected MultiViewer.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select the size of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
Size	MV Clock Param	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Clock Size.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Enter the size of the clock in the Value (%) field.
MultiViewer Clock — Timecode Frame Count	MultiViewer > Clock > MV Clock Frame Count	Select whether number of frames for a timecode are shown on the selected MultiViewer.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button and select whether the frame count is shown (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Set the starting time in minutes for the timer.
Timer Set Time (Minutes)	Timer Set Times	1. Click the <b>Timer</b> button and select the timer you want to configure.
. ,		2. Click Set Time (Minutes).
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value</b> field, enter the number of minutes that you want to start the timer at.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Set the starting time in seconds for the timer.
Timer Set Time (Seconds)	Timer Set Times	1. Click the <b>Timer</b> button and select the timer you want to configure.
(5000103)		2. Click Set Time (Seconds).
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> In the <b>Value</b> field, enter the number of seconds (0-59) that you want to start the timer at. If you want a value that is larger than 59 seconds you must insert a command for minutes and then a command for seconds.
Event	Location	Description
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MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select the horizontal position of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
X-Position	MV Clock Param	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Clock X-Pos.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the horizontal position of the clock in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
MultiViewer Clock —	MultiViewer > Clock >	Select the vertical position of the clock on the selected MultiViewer.
Y-Position	MV Clock Param	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click Clock Y-Pos.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the vertical position of the clock in the <b>Value (%)</b> field.
MultiViewer — Follow	MultiViewer > MV	Select whether a MultiViewer follows the layout of a MultiScreen.
	Follow	1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click a Follow button to select which MultiScreen the MultiViewer will follow or select Off to have the MultiViewer operate normally.</li> </ol>
MultiViewer — FSFC Label	MultiViewer > MV FSFC Label	Select whether FSFC is shown on the label on the selected MultiViewer when a source has an FSFC applies to it.
		<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether FSFC is shown on the label (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer — Layout	MultiViewer > MV	Select a layout for the selected MultiViewer.
	Layout	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		2. Click the <b>Layout</b> button and select the layout you want to use.
MultiViewer — Overlay	MultiViewer > MV	Select whether the MultiViewer overlay is turned on or not.
	Overlay	<ol> <li>Click a MultiViewer button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether the overlay is turned on (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer — Shift	MultiViewer > MV Shift	Select whether the sources on the selected MultiViewer are shifted, or not.
		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click a Value button to select whether the MultiViewer shows the shifted sources (On) or not (Off).

Event	Location	Description
MultiViewer — Shift Panel	MultiViewer > MV Shift Panel	Select which control panel the MultiViewer shift is following. When <b>Shift</b> is press on the selected panel, the selected MultiViewer shifts.
		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		2. Click <b>Panel</b> and click the control panel you want to shift to follow or click <b>Off</b> to have shift not follow any panel.
MultiViewer — Tally	MultiViewer > MV Tally Display	Select how the tallies are shown on the selected MultiViewer.
Display		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click a Tally Display button to select whether tallies are shown as a border around the box (Box), as boxes on either side of the label (Label), or as boxes on either side of the label but swapped (Label Reverse).</li> </ol>
MultiViewer —	MultiViewer > View Control Shift	Select whether the ViewControl sources are shifted, or not.
ViewControl Shift		1. Click a <b>MultiViewer</b> button to select which MultiViewer you want to perform the event on.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether ViewControl shows the shifted sources (On) or not (Off).</li> </ol>

# **RAVE Audio Mixer Custom Controls**

## Audio Mixer (RAVE)

#### **Channel Events**

Event	Location	Description
AFV	Audio Mixer > Channel > AFV Enable	Turn on Audio Follow Video (AFV) for a channel.
		1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button to turn on AFV for the selected channel (On), or turn it off (Off).</li> </ol>
AFV Volume	Audio Mixer > Channel	Set the level for AFV for a channel.
	> AFV Volume	1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. In the <b>AFV Volume (dB)</b> field, enter the level for the selected channel.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Aux Pre/Post	Audio Mixer > Channel > Aux Pre/Post	Set whether the source on an aux is take before or after the fader.
		1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Value</b> button to set the aux source to post-fader ( <b>Post</b> ), or pre-fader ( <b>Pre</b> ).
		4. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.

Event	Location	Description
Balance/Pan	Audio Mixer > Channel	Set the balance or pan for the selected channel.
	> Balance/Pan	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> In the <b>Value (%)</b> field, enter the balance or pan you want to apply.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Input Volume	Audio Mixer > Channel	Set the level for the selected channel.
	> volume	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. In the Volume (dB) field, enter the level you want to set.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Mute	Audio Mixer > Channel	Mute the selected channel.
	> Mute	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click the <b>Value</b> button to mute the selected channel ( <b>On</b> ), or un-mute it ( <b>Off</b> ).
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
PFL	Audio Mixer > Channel	Set Pre Fader Listen (PFL) for a channel.
	> PFL	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button to turn on PFL for the selected channel (On), or turn it off (Off).</li> </ol>
Solo	Audio Mixer > Channel	Set the selected channel to solo.
> Solo	> Solo	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Value button to solo the selected channel (On), or un-solo it (Off).</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>

#### Noise Gate Events

Event	Location	Description
Attack	Audio Mixer > Noise Gate > Attack	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when the noise gate is triggered to open (pass the threshold) and the attenuation being fully released.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the time for the event in the <b>Transition Time (ms)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Bypass	Audio Mixer > Noise	Bypass the noise gate.
	Gate > Bypass	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click a Value button to turn bypass on (On) or off (Off).
Default All NG	Audio Mixer > Noise Gate > Default All NG	Default the NG for all audio channels.
Default NG Channel	Audio Mixer > Noise	Default the NG for a selected audio channel.
	Gate > Default NG Selection	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Depth	Audio Mixer > Noise Gate > Attack	Select the level that the audio signal must go below the threshold before the noise gate is triggered to close.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Hold	Audio Mixer > Noise Gate > Hold	Select the amount of time (s) between when the noise gate is triggered to close (level is below the Depth) and the Release is applied.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the time for the event in the <b>Transition Time (ms)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Release	Audio Mixer > Noise Gate > Release	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the gate is fully closed (full Reduction is applied).
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the time for the event in the <b>Transition Time (ms)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Threshold	Audio Mixer > Noise	Select the level (-dB) at which the noise gate opens.
	Gate > Inreshold	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>

#### **Ducking Events**

Event	Location	Description
Attack	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when ducking is triggered to apply (pass the threshold) and the attenuation being fully applied to the mix.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Default All Ducking	Audio Mixer > Mixer	Default the ducking for all audio channels.
	Ducking > Ducking Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Default Ducking	Audio Mixer > Mixer	Default the ducking for a selected audio channel.
Channel	Ducking > Ducking Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		3. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Depth	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Select the level that the audio signal must go below the threshold before the ducking is removed.
Mode		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Ducking Mode	Audio Mixer > Mixer	Turn on Ducking for the selected channel.
	Ducking > Ducking Mode	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		2. Click Ducking Mode.
Hold	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking	Select the amount of time (s) between when ducking is triggered to release (level is below the Depth) and the Release is applied.
	Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Mix Reduction	on Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Select the amount of attenuation/gain (dB) that you want to reduce the mix by when the ducking is applied (above threshold).
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		3. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.

Event	Location	Description
Release Audio M Ducking Mode	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the ducking is fully released (mix back to normal levels).
	Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Threshold	Audio Mixer > Mixer	Select the level (-dB) at which the ducking is applied to the mix.
Duckir Mode	Ducking > Ducking Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>

#### Talkback Events

Event	Location	Description
Attack	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass between when talkback is triggered to apply and the attenuation being fully applied to the mix.
	Mode	1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Default All Talkback	Audio Mixer > Mixer	Default the talkback for all audio channels.
	Ducking > Ducking Mode	1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Default Talkback	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Default the talkback for a selected audio channel.
Channel		1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Hold	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Select the amount of time (s) between when talkback is released (Talkback button is released) and the Release is applied.
		1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the Gain (dB) field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.

Event	Location	Description
Mix Reduction	Reduction Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	<ul><li>Select the amount of attenuation/gain (dB) that you want to reduce the mix by when the talkback is applied (Talkback button held).</li><li>1. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set</li></ul>
		( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Release	Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking	Select the amount of time (ms) you want to pass after the Hold is applied and the talkback is fully released (mix back to normal levels).
	Mode	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Talkback Mode	e Audio Mixer > Mixer Ducking > Ducking Mode	Turn on Talkback for the selected channel.
		1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		2. Click Talkback Mode.

#### **Equalizer Events**

Event	Location	Description
Default All EQ	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	Default the equalizer for all audio channels. 1. Click <b>Default All EQ</b> .
Default Selected EQ	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	<ul> <li>Default the equalizer for a selected audio channel.</li> <li>1. Click Default EQ Selection.</li> <li>2. Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ul>
EQ Bypass	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	<ol> <li>Bypass equalizer.</li> <li>Click Bypass.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Click the Value button to turn bypass on (On), or off (Off).</li> </ol>
High Shelf Gain	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	<ol> <li>Adjust the gain of the high frequency band.</li> <li>Click High Shelf 1 Gain.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter the new gain value in n the Gain (dB) field.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
High Shelf Min Freq	Audio Mixer >	Set the high shelf minimum frequency.
	Equalizer	1. Click High Shelf Min Freq.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Frequency (Hz)</b> field, enter the new frequency setting.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Low Shelf Gain	Audio Mixer >	Adjust the gain of the low frequency band.
	Gain	<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		2. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		3. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Midrange 1 Center	Audio Mixer >	Set the midrange 1 center frequency.
Freq	Equalizer	1. Click Midrange 1 Center Freq.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Frequency (Hz)</b> field, enter the new frequency setting.
		4. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Midrange 1 Gain	Audio Mixer >	Adjust the gain of a midrange frequency band.
		1. Click Midrange 1 Gain.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		4. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Midrange 1 Q	Audio Mixer >	Set the midrange 1 Q.
	Equalizer	1. Click Midrange 1 Q.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the Value (%) field, enter the new Q setting.
		4. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Midrange 2 Center	Audio Mixer >	Set the midrange 2 center frequency.
Freq	Equalizer	1. Click Midrange 2 Center Freq.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Frequency (Hz)</b> field, enter the new frequency setting.
		4. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.

Event	Location	Description
Midrange 2 Gain	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	<ol> <li>Adjust the gain of a midrange frequency band.</li> <li>Click Midrange 2 Gain.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter the new gain value in n the Gain (dB) field.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Midrange 2 Q	Audio Mixer > Equalizer	<ol> <li>Set the midrange 2 Q.</li> <li>Click Midrange 2 Q.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>In the Value (%) field, enter the new Q setting.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>

#### Compressor Limiter Events

Event	Location	Description
Attack	Audio Mixer >	Set the attack for CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Attack.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Transition Time (ms)</b> field, enter the new attack time setting.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Channel AFV Fade	Audio Mixer > Config	Select whether AFV transitions use a fade or a cut.
		1. Click Channel AFV Fade.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether AFV transition use a fade (On) or a cut (Off).</li> </ol>
Channel Position	Audio Mixer > Config	Move a fader stripe left or right on the mix layer in the RAVE audio mixer.
		1. Click Channel Position.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click an Action button to move the stripe to the left of the layer (Up) or to the right (Down).</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Channel Processing	Audio Mixer > Config	Select the EQ and CL processing order for specific fader.
Order (EQ/CL)		1. Click Channel Processing Order.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Component</b> button to select whether you are assigning the order for the EQ ( <b>EQ</b> ) or CL ( <b>CL</b> ).
		<ol> <li>Click a <b>Position</b> button to select whether the EQ or CL processing is applied first (1) or last (2).</li> </ol>
Channel Visible	Audio Mixer > Config	Select whether AFV transitions use a fade or a cut.
		1. Click Channel Visible.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether the selected fader is visible on the mixer (On) or a not (Off).</li> </ol>
CL Bypass	Audio Mixer >	Bypass CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Bypass.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button to turn bypass on ( <b>On</b> ), or off ( <b>Off</b> ).
Clear PFL	Audio Mixer > Output	Clear Pre Fader Listen (PFL).
		1. Click Clear PFL.
Clear Solo	Audio Mixer > Output	Clear solo for an output.
		1. Click Clear Solo.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Compression	Audio Mixer >	Set the compression ratio for CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Compression.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the <b>Ratio (:1)</b> field, enter the new ratio for the compression setting.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
Default All CL	Audio Mixer >	Default All CL setting.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Default All CL.
Default Selected CL	Audio Mixer >	Default CL settings.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Default CL Selection.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.

Event	Location	Description
Makeup	Audio Mixer >	Set the makeup level for CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Makeup.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Output Volume	Audio Mixer > Output	Set the output volume.
		1. Click Volume.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. In the Volume (dB) field, enter the level you want to set.
Pad	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Turn pad power on or off on a ABU.
		1. Click Pad.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button to turn pad on ( <b>On</b> ), or off ( <b>Off</b> ).
Phantom Power	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Turn phantom power on or off on a ABU.
		1. Click Phantom Power.
		<ol><li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li></ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the Value button to turn phantom power on (On), or off (Off).
Pre-Amp Gain	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Set the pre-amp gain on a ABU analog input.
		1. Click Gain.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
Processing Order	Audio Mixer > Config	Select the EQ and CL processing order for all faders.
(EQ/CL)		1. Click Processing Order.
		2. Click a <b>Component</b> button to select whether you are assigning the order for the EQ ( <b>EQ</b> ) or CL ( <b>CL</b> ).
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Position</b> button to select whether the EQ or CL processing is applied first (1) or last (2).

Event	Location	Description
Release	Audio Mixer >	Set the release for CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Release.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> In the <b>Transition Time (ms)</b> field, enter the new release time setting.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Source AFV Input	Audio Mixer > Config	Select the video source that you want a fader to follow.
		1. Click Source AFV Input.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the video source that you want the audio fader to follow.
Source Audio Channel	Audio Mixer > Config	Select the audio channels to be assigned to a fader.
		1. Click Source Audio Channel.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the channels you want to assign to the fader.
Source Audio Input	Audio Mixer > Config	Select the audio source to be assigned to a fader.
		1. Click Source Audio Input.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button and select the audio source you want assigned to the fader.
Threshold Control	Audio Mixer >	Set the threshold control for CL.
	Compressor Limiter	1. Click Threshold Control.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Video Out Audio Mix	Audio Mixer > Output	Set what audio is embedded in an video output.
		1. Click Video Out Audio Mix.
		2. Click the <b>Output</b> button and select video output that you want to set up.
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Value</b> button to select which audio is embedded in the selected output video stream.
Video Out Custom	Audio Mixer > Output	Set what audio is embedded in an video output.
Audio Mix		1. Click Video Out Custom Audio Mix.
		2. Click the <b>Output</b> button and select video output that you want to set up.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the stereo pair that you want to embed audio on.
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Audio Mix</b> button and select the mix that you want to embed on the selected channels.

#### Output Audio Events

Event	Location	Description
ABM Input Delay	Audio Mixer > ABM	Add a delay to the audio inputs on the ABU.
	Input > Delay	1. Click Pad.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the amount of delay (0-16) in the <b>Value</b> field.
Clear PFL	Audio Mixer > Output > Clear PFL	Clear Pre Fader Listen (PFL).
Clear Solo	Audio Mixer > Output	Clear solo for an output.
	> Clear Solo	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
Output Volume	Audio Mixer > Output	Set the output volume.
	> Volume	<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerOutput button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. In the Volume (dB) field, enter the level you want to set.
Pad	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Turn pad power on or off on a ABU.
		1. Click Pad.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput</b> button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		4. Click the Value button to turn pad on (On), or off (Off).
Phantom Power	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Turn phantom power on or off on a ABU.
		1. Click Phantom Power.
		<ol><li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li></ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Click the <b>Value</b> button to turn phantom power on ( <b>On</b> ), or off ( <b>Off</b> ).
Pre-Amp Gain	Audio Mixer > PreAmp	Set the pre-amp gain on a ABU analog input.
		1. Click Gain.
		<ol><li>Click the InnerAudioMixerAnalogInput button and select the analog input you want to send the command to.</li></ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the new gain value in n the <b>Gain (dB)</b> field.
Video Out Audio Mix	Audio Mixer > Output	Set what audio is embedded in an video output.
	> video Out Audio Mix	1. Click the <b>Output</b> button and select video output that you want to set up.
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select which audio is embedded in the selected output video stream.</li> </ol>

Event	Location	Description
Video Out Custom Audio Mix > Video Out Audio Mix	Audio Mixer > Output	Set what audio is embedded in an video output.
	> Video Out Custom	<b>1.</b> Click the <b>Output</b> button and select video output that you want to set up.
		<b>2.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the stereo pair that you want to embed audio on.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Audio Mix</b> button and select the mix that you want to embed on the selected channels.

## **Configuration Audio Events**

Event	Location	Description
Channel AFV Fade	Audio Mixer > Config >	Select whether AFV transitions use a fade or a cut.
	Channel AFV Fade	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		3. Click a <b>Value</b> button to select whether AFV transition use a fade ( <b>On</b> ) or a cut ( <b>Off</b> ).
<b>Channel Position</b>	Audio Mixer > Config >	Move a fader stripe left or right on the mix layer in the RAVE audio mixer.
	Channel Position	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>
		3. Click an <b>Action</b> button to move the stripe to the left of the layer ( <b>Up</b> ) or to the right ( <b>Down</b> ).
Channel Processing	Audio Mixer > Config >	Select the EQ and CL processing order for specific fader.
Order (EQ/CL)	Processing Order	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		2. Click a <b>Component</b> button to select whether you are assigning the order for the EQ ( <b>EQ</b> ) or CL ( <b>CL</b> ).
		<b>3.</b> Click a <b>Position</b> button to select whether the EQ or CL processing is applied first (1) or last (2).
Channel Visible	Audio Mixer > Config > Channel Visible	Select whether a channel is available on the selected layer.
		1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		3. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		<ol> <li>Click a Value button to select whether the selected fader is visible on the mixer layer (On) or a not (Off).</li> </ol>
Channel Disable	Audio Mixer > Config >	Select whether a channel is disabled on the selected layer.
	Channel Visible	1. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerOutput</b> button and select the mixer output that you want to send the command to.
		2. Click the <b>InnerAudioMixerChannel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		3. Click the <b>Change Type</b> button and select whether you want to set ( <b>Absolute</b> ) or reset ( <b>Reset</b> ) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.
		4. Click a <b>Value</b> button to select whether the selected fader is disabled on the mixer layer ( <b>On</b> ) or a not ( <b>Off</b> ).

Event	Location	Description
Processing Order (EQ/CL)	Audio Mixer > Config > Channel Processing Order	<ol> <li>Select the EQ and CL processing order for all faders.</li> <li>Click a Component button to select whether you are assigning the order for the EQ (EQ) or CL (CL).</li> <li>Click a Position button to select whether the EQ or CL processing is applied first (1) or last (2).</li> </ol>
Source AFV Input	Audio Mixer > Config > Source AVF Input	<ol> <li>Select the video source that you want a fader to follow.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Value button and select the video source that you want the audio fader to follow.</li> </ol>
Source Audio Channel	Audio Mixer > Config > Source Audio Channel	<ol> <li>Select the audio channels to be assigned to a fader.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Value button and select the channels you want to assign to the fader.</li> </ol>
Source Audio Input	Audio Mixer > Config > Source Audio Input	<ol> <li>Select the audio source to be assigned to a fader.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Value button and select the audio source you want assigned to the fader.</li> </ol>
Test Tone Frequency	Audio Mixer > Config > Test Tone Frequency	<ol> <li>Select the test tone frequency for the selected audio channel.</li> <li>Click the InnerAudioMixerChannel button and select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Frequency (Hz) button and select the audio frequency you want to use for the test tone.</li> </ol>

## **Device Custom Controls**

#### Audio Mixer (Device)

Event	Location	Description
Audio Mixer Pan	Devices > Audio Mixer	Set the pan level for the selected channel on the selected device.
		1. Click Audio Pan.
		2. Click the <b>Audio Mixer</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new pan level in the <b>Pan Left/Right (%)</b> field.
Audio Mixer Volume	Devices > Audio Mixer	Set the level for the selected channel on the selected device.
		1. Click Audio Volume.
		2. Click the <b>Audio Mixer</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the new audio level in the <b>Volume (%)</b> field.

#### Camera

Event	Location	Description
Robotic Camera — Halt	Devices > Camera	Send the halt command to the selected camera.
All		1. Click Camera Halt All.
		2. Click the <b>Camera</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
Robotic Camera —	Devices > Camera	Recall a shot on the selected camera at the rate/speed set in the shot.
Recall Shot		1. Click Recall Shot.
		2. Click the <b>Camera</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the shot number you want to recall from in the <b>Shot</b> field.
Robotic Camera —	Devices > Camera	Recall a shot on the selected camera as quickly as possible.
Recall Shot Fast		1. Click Recall Shot (Fast).
		2. Click the <b>Camera</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>5.</b> Enter the shot number you want to recall from in the <b>Shot</b> field.
Robotic Camera —	Devices > Camera	Store a shot on the selected camera.
Store Shot		1. Click Store Shot.
		2. Click the <b>Camera</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Channel</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		5. Enter the shot number you want to store to in the <b>Shot</b> field.

#### GPI

Event	Location	Description
GPI Output — Edge	Devices > GPO	Set up the type of edge trigger for the GPI output.
Trigger Setup		1. Click GPO Edge Duration
	3.	<ol><li>Click the GPO button and select the GPI output that you want to configure.</li></ol>
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>
		<b>4.</b> Enter the duration of the edge trigger in the <b>Duration (fr)</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
GPI Output — Level Trigger Setup	Devices > GPO	<ol> <li>Set up the type of level trigger for the GPI output.</li> <li>Click GPO Level Config</li> <li>Click the GPO button and select the GPI output that you want to configure.</li> <li>Click a Level to select whether the level trigger uses a high (High) or low (Low) level trigger.</li> </ol>
GPI Output — Mode	Devices > GPO	<ol> <li>Select whether the level trigger GPI output act as a tally.</li> <li>Click GPO Mode</li> <li>Click the GPO button and select the GPI output that you want to configure.</li> <li>Click a Mode button to select whether the level trigger GPI output, when assigned to video source, acts as a roll clip (Normal) or as a tally (Tally) for the selected source.</li> </ol>
GPI Output — Trigger	Devices > GPO	<ul> <li>Trigger a GPI output.</li> <li>1. Click GPO Trigger</li> <li>2. Click the GPO button and select the GPI output that you want to trigger.</li> </ul>
GPI Output — Trigger Type	Devices > GPO	<ol> <li>Select the type of trigger for the GPI output.</li> <li>Click GPO Trigger Configuration</li> <li>Click the GPO button and select the GPI output that you want to configure.</li> <li>Click a Trigger to select whether the GPI output uses a level (Level) or edge (Edge) trigger.</li> </ol>

#### **PBus II**

Event	Location	Description	
PBus — Recall	Devices > PBus	Recall a register on the selected PBus device.	
		1. Click PBus Recall Register.	
		2. Click the <b>PBus</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.	
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Device</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		5. Enter number of the register you want to recall in the <b>Register</b> field.	
PBus — Trigger	Devices > PBus	Trigger a function on the selected PBus device.	
		1. Click PBus Trigger Function.	
		2. Click the <b>PBus</b> button and select the device you want to send the command to.	
		<b>3.</b> Click the <b>Device</b> button and select the channel you want to send the command to.	
		<ol> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> </ol>	
		<b>5.</b> Enter the number of the function you want to trigger in the <b>Function</b> field.	

#### RossTalk

#### Table 12: RossTalk (XPression)

Event	Location	Description	
RossTalk CC Devices > RossTalk		Send the simulated custom control to the selected device.	
	(XPression) > CC	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the bank of the custom control in the <b>Bank</b> field.	
		<b>3.</b> Enter the number of the custom control in the <b>Custom</b> field.	
RossTalk Clear All	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Clear All command to the selected device.	
	(XPression) > Clear All	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
RossTalk Clear Channel	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Clear Framebuffer command to the selected device.	
	(XPression) > Clear Channel	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.	
RossTalk Clear Layer	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Clear	Send the Clear Framebuffer command for a framebuffer and layer to the selected device.	
	Layer	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.	
		3. Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the Layer field.	
RossTalk — Cue Channel	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Cue (2)	Send the Cue command for a specific item and framebuffer to the selected device.	
		1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.	
		<b>3.</b> Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.	
RossTalk — Cue	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Cue command to the selected device.	
Current	(XPression) > Cue	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
RossTalk — Cue Item	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Cue command for a specific item to the selected device.	
	(XPression) > Cue (1)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.	
RossTalk — Cue Layer	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Cue command for a specific item and location to the selected device.	
	(XPression) > Cue (3)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.	
		<b>3.</b> Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.	
		<b>4.</b> Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Layer</b> field.	
RossTalk Custom Command	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > RossTalk	Send a manual RossTalk string to XPression. Each string has CRLF (carriage return line feed) appended to the end.	
	Custom Cmd(CRLF)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		2. Enter the RossTalk string in the <b>Custom Cmd</b> field.	

Event	Location	Description	
RossTalk — Focus	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Focus	<ol> <li>Send the Focus command for a specific item to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — GPI	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > GPI	<ol> <li>Send the simulated GPI input to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the GPI you want to simulate triggering in the <b>GPI</b> field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Layer Off	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > layer Off	<ul> <li>Send the Layer Off command for a specific framebuffer and layer to the selected device.</li> <li>1. Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>2. Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the Channel field.</li> <li>3. Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the Layer field.</li> </ul>	
RossTalk — Next	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Next	<ul> <li>Send the Next command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> </ul>	
RossTalk — Read Current	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Read	<ul> <li>Send the Read command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> </ul>	
RossTalk — Read Item	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Read (1)	<ol> <li>Send the Read command for a specific item to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Read Layer	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Read (2)	<ol> <li>Send the Read command for a specific item and layer to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the Take ID field.</li> <li>Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the Layer field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Resume Channel	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Resume Channel	<ol> <li>Send the Resume command for a framebuffer to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the Channel field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Resume Layer	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Resume Layer	<ol> <li>Send the Resume command for a framebuffer and layer to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the Channel field.</li> <li>Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the Layer field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Sequencer Down	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Sequencer Down	<ul> <li>Send the Sequencer Down command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> </ul>	
RossTalk — Sequencer Up	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Sequencer Up	<ul><li>Send the Sequencer Up command to the selected device.</li><li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li></ul>	

Event	Location	Description
RossTalk — Swap	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Swap command for a specific framebuffer to the selected device.
Channel	(XPression) > Swap (1)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.
RossTalk — Swap	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Swap command to the selected device.
Current	(XPression) > Swap	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
RossTalk — Swap Layer	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Swap (2)	Send the Swap command for a specific framebuffer and layer to the selected device.
		1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Layer</b> field.
RossTalk — Take Channel	Devices > RossTalk (XPression) > Take (2)	Send the Take command for a specific item and framebuffer to the selected device.
		1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.
RossTalk — Take Item	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Take command for a specific item to the selected device.
	(XPression) > Take (1)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.
RossTalk — Take Layer	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Take command for a specific item and location to the selected device.
	(XPression) > Take (3)	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.
		<b>3.</b> Enter the framebuffer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Channel</b> field.
		<b>4.</b> Enter the layer that you want to perform the action on in the <b>Layer</b> field.
RossTalk — Take	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Take Offline command for a specific item to the selected device.
Offline	Offline	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.
RossTalk — Up Next	Devices > RossTalk	Send the Next command for a specific item to the selected device.
	(XPression) > Up Next	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.
		2. Enter the take item id of the item you want to perform the action on in the <b>Take ID</b> field.

Event	Location	Description
RossTalk CC	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > CC	<ol> <li>Send the simulated custom control to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the bank of the custom control in the <b>Bank</b> field.</li> <li>Enter the number of the custom control in the <b>Custom</b> field.</li> </ol>
RossTalk Custom Command (CRLF)	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > RossTalk Custom Cmd(CRLF)	<ul> <li>Send a manual RossTalk string to the selected device. Each string has CRLF (carriage return line feed) appended to the end.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the RossTalk string in the Custom Cmd field.</li> </ul>
RossTalk Custom Command (LF)	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > RossTalk Custom Cmd(LF)	<ul> <li>Send a manual RossTalk string to the selected device. Each string has LF (line feed) appended to the end.</li> <li>1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>2. Enter the RossTalk string in the <b>Custom Cmd</b> field.</li> </ul>
RossTalk Custom Command (CR)	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > RossTalk Custom Cmd(CR)	<ul> <li>Send a manual RossTalk string to the selected device. Each string has CR (carriage return) appended to the end.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the RossTalk string in the <b>Custom Cmd</b> field.</li> </ul>
RossTalk Custom Command (no CRLF)	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > RossTalk Custom Cmd(No CRLF)	<ul> <li>Send a manual RossTalk string to the selected device. CRLF (carriage return line feed) is not appended to the end of the string.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the RossTalk string in the <b>Custom Cmd</b> field.</li> </ul>
RossTalk — GPI	Devices > RossTalk (Generic) > GPI	<ol> <li>Send the simulated GPI input to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the GPI you want to simulate triggering in the GPI field.</li> </ol>

#### Table 13: RossTalk (Generic)

#### Table 14: RossTalk (Ultrix<sup>™</sup>)

Event	Location	Description	
RossTalk Custom	Devices > RossTalk	Send a manual RossTalk string to the selected device.	
Command	(Ultrix) > RossTalk Custom Cmd	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		<b>2.</b> Enter the RossTalk string in the <b>Custom Cmd</b> field.	
RossTalk — MV Clock	Devices > RossTalk	Send the end selected clock command to the selected device.	
End (Ultrix) > MV Clock End	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.		
		2. Enter the number of the clock you want to perform the action on in the <b>MV Clock</b> field.	
RossTalk — MV Clock	Devices > RossTalk	Send the pause selected clock command to the selected device.	
Pause (U Pa	(Ultrix) > MV Clock Pause	1. Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.	
		<ol> <li>Enter the number of the clock you want to perform the action on in the MV Clock field.</li> </ol>	

Event	Location	Description	
RossTalk — MV Clock Run	Devices > RossTalk (Ultrix) > MV Clock Run	<ol> <li>Send the run selected clock command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the <b>RossTalk Device</b> button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the number of the clock you want to perform the action on in the <b>MV Clock</b> field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — MV Clock Stop	Devices > RossTalk (Ultrix) > MV Clock Stop	<ol> <li>Send the stop selected clock command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>Enter the number of the clock you want to perform the action on in the MV Clock field.</li> </ol>	
RossTalk — Salvo	Devices > RossTalk (Ultrix) > Salvo	<ul> <li>Send the fire salvo command to the selected device.</li> <li>1. Click the RossTalk Device button and select the device you want to send the RossTalk command to.</li> <li>2. Enter the salvo you want to fire in the SALVO field.</li> </ul>	

#### Video Server

Event	Location	Description	
Video Server — Cue	Video Server > <b>Cue</b>	<ol> <li>Send the Cue command and name of clip to cue to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Enter the identifier of the clip in the Cue field.</li> </ol>	
Video Server — Get Clips	Video Server > <b>Get Clips</b>	<ul> <li>Query the selected device for a list of clips.</li> <li>1. Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>2. Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ul>	
Video Server — Jog	Video Server > <b>Jog</b>	<ol> <li>Send the jog command to the selected device. The Jog command is not supported by the internal Clip Player at this time.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter the amount you want to jog in the Jog field.</li> </ol>	
Video Server — Loop Off Video Server — Loop On	Video Server > <b>Loop Off</b> Video Server > <b>Loop On</b>	<ol> <li>Send the Loop Off command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Send the Loop On command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the the command to.</li> </ol>	

Event	Location	Description	
Video Server — Play	Video Server > <b>Play</b>	<ol> <li>Send the Play command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>	
Video Server — Record	Video Server > <b>Record</b>	<ul> <li>Send the eject command to the device, followed by the record command. The clip is given the name recording_DATE_TIME.</li> <li>1. Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>2. Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>3. Enter a name for the clip in the Record field.</li> </ul>	
Video Server — Shuttle	Video Server > <b>Shuttle</b>	<ol> <li>Send the shuttle command to the selected device. The Shuttle command is not supported by the internal Clip Player at this time.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click the Change Type button and select whether you want to set (Absolute) or reset (Reset) the parameter. Some selections will not be available when you reset the parameter.</li> <li>Enter the speed you want to shuttle in the Shuttle field.</li> </ol>	
Video Server — Stop	Video Server > <b>Stop</b>	<ol> <li>Send the Stop command to the selected device.</li> <li>Click the Video Server button and select the device you want to send the command to.</li> <li>Click a Channel button to select the channel you want to send the command to.</li> </ol>	

# **MIDI Device OID List**

The OID for the MIDI device is made of a number of parts separated by a period. These parts identify things like the device class (audiomixer), audio source, audio destination, and control function.

For example, the OID audiomixer.aux.2.sdi2.volume translates to device class (audiomixer), audio destination (aux.2), audio source (sdi2), and control function (volume). This is a continuous input that allows you to control the volume of SDI 2 on the Aux 2 out.

*Note:* As this interface has not been tested with many MIDI controllers, unpredictability can arise. In some cases it may help to restart the switcher or reset the OIDs by altering the OID, press **Enter**, and then set the OID back.

Target	Syntax	Description
Volume		
Assignable Audio Channels	audiomixer.main.audio1.volume	Volume for assignable audio channel 1 input on the Main layer. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel you want to set the volume for. Replace main with the Aux layer you want set the volume for (aux.1-aux.12).
Output Mix	audiomixer.output.main.volume	Primary volume for the Main layer. Replace main with the Aux layer you want set the volume for (aux.1-aux.12) or the Monitor output (monitor).
Balance/Pan		
Assignable Audio Channel	audiomixer.main.audio1.pan	Balance for assignable audio channel 1 input on the Main layer. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel you want to set the balance for. Replace main with the Aux layer you want set the balance for (aux.1-aux.12).
Equalization (EQ	)	
EQ Channel Select	audiomixer.eqchannelselect	Select the audio channel that you want to set the EQ for. This oid is assigned to a button on the same strip as that audio channel you want to EQ. This tells the mixer that the EQ values are to be applied to the selected audio channel.
EQ Bypass	audiomixer.eqbypasscommon	Bypass the equalization for the selected audio channel.
Low Shelf Gain	audiomixer.lowshelfgaincommon	Gain setting for the Low Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel.
Midrange 1 Gain	audiomixer.midrange1gaincommon	Gain setting for the Midrange 1 EQ of the selected audio channel.
Midrange 2 Gain	audiomixer.midrange2gaincommon	Gain setting for the Midrange 2 EQ of the selected audio channel.
High Shelf Gain	audiomixer.highshelfgaincommon	Gain setting for the High Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel.
Low Shelf Max Frequency (linear)	audiomixer.lowshelfmaxfreqcommon	Maximum Frequency setting for the Low Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a linear scale.
Midrange 1 Center Frequency (linear)	audiomixer .midrange1centerfreqcommon	Center Frequency setting for the Midrange 1 EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a linear scale.

Table 15: Audio Mixer OIDs

Target	Syntax	Description
Midrange 2 Center Frequency (linear)	audiomixer .midrange2centerfreqcommon	Center Frequency setting for the Midrange 2 EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a linear scale.
Midrange 1 Q (linear)	<pre>audiomixer.midrange1qcommon</pre>	Q Ratio setting for the Midrange 1 EQ of the selected audio channel. Ratio selection is performed on a linear scale.
Midrange 2 Q (linear)	audiomixer.midrange2qcommon	Q Ratio setting for the Midrange 2 EQ of the selected audio channel. Ratio selection is performed on a linear scale.
High Shelf Minimum Frequency (linear)	audiomixer.highshelfminfreqcommon	Minimum Frequency setting for the High Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a linear scale.
Low Shelf Max Frequency (scaled)	audiomixer .lowshelfmaxfreqscaledcommon	Maximum Frequency setting for the Low Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
Midrange 1 Center Frequency (scaled)	audiomixer .midrange1centerfreqscaledcommon	Center Frequency setting for the Midrange 1 EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
Midrange 2 Center Frequency (scaled)	audiomixer .midrange2centerfreqscaledcommon	Center Frequency setting for the Midrange 2 EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
Midrange 1 Q (scaled)	<pre>audiomixer.midrange1qscaledcommon</pre>	Q Ratio setting for the Midrange 1 EQ of the selected audio channel. Ratio selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
Midrange 2 Q (scaled)	<pre>audiomixer.midrange2qscaledcommon</pre>	Q Ratio setting for the Midrange 2 EQ of the selected audio channel. Ratio selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
High Shelf Minimum Frequency (scaled)	audiomixer .highshelfminfreqscaledcommon	Minimum Frequency setting for the High Shelf EQ of the selected audio channel. Frequency selection is performed on a non-linear scale.
Compressor / Lir	miter (C/L)	
C/L Channel Select	audiomixer.clchannelselect	Select the audio channel that you want to set the C/L for. This oid is assigned to a button on the same strip as that audio channel you want to C/L. This tells the mixer that the C/L values are to be applied to the selected audio channel.
C/L Threshold	audiomixer.thresholdscaledcommon	The level at which the compressor starts to be applied.
C/L Attack	audiomixer .attackcontrolscaledcommon	The amount of time you want to pass between the level surpassing the threshold and the full compression ratio being applied
C/L Compression	audiomixer.compressionscaledcommon	The ratio for the amount of compression you want to apply.
C/L Release	audiomixer .releasecontrolscaledcommon	The amount of time you want to pass between the level falling below the threshold and the compression ratio returning to 1:1 (no compression applied).
C/L Makeup	audiomixer.makeupgainscaledcommon	Increase the gain of the audio after compression.
C/L Bypass	audiomixer.clbypasscommon	Bypass the equalization for the selected audio channel.

Target	Syntax	Description
Gain		
Analog	audiomixer.abm.1.1.gain	Gain for the Analog 1 input. Replace abm.1.1 with the analog port on the ABU you want to set the gain for (abm.1.1-abm.3.8). For example, abm.2.5 is the Analog 5 input port on ABU 2.
Pad		
Analog	audiomixer.abm.1.1.pad	Toggle pad for analog 1 input on ABU 1. Replace abm.1.1 with the analog port on the ABU you want to set pad for (abm.1.1-abm.3.8). For example, abm.2.5 is the Analog 5 input port on ABU 2.
Phantom Power		
Analog	audiomixer.abm.1.1.phantompower	Toggle phantom power for the analog 1 input port on ABU a. Replace abm1.1 with the analog port on the ABU you want to set phantom power for (abm.1.1-abm.3.8). For example, abm.2.5 is the Analog 5 input port on ABU 2.
Mute		
Assignable Audio Channel	audiomixer.main.audio1.mute	Toggle mute for assignable audio channel 1 input on the Main layer. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel want to set mute for. Replace Main with the Aux layer you want set mute for (aux.1-aux.12).
Solo		
Assignable Audio Channel	audiomixer.main.audio1.solo	Toggle solo for assignable audio channel 1 input on the Main layer. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel input you want to set solo for. Replace main with the Aux layer you want set solo for (aux.1-aux.12).
Clear Solo	-	
Main	audiomixer.output.main.clearsolo	Clear solo for all sources on Main layer.
Monitor	audiomixer .output.monitor.clearsolo	Clear solo for all sources on Monitor layer.
Aux	<pre>audiomixer.output.aux.1.clearsolo</pre>	Clear solo for all sources on the Aux layers. Replace Aux . 1 with the Aux layer you want set solo for (aux . 1-aux . 12).
Pre/Post		
Assignable Audio Channel	audiomixer.aux.1.audio1.pre	Toggle pre fader for assignable audio channel 1 input on the Aux 1 layer. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel input you want to set pre for. Replace aux . 1 with the Aux layer you want set pre for (aux . 1-aux . 12).
PFL		
Assignable Audio Channel	audiomixer.audio1.pfl	Toggle PFL for assignable audio channel 1. Replace audio1 with the assignable audio channel input you want to set solo for (Sdi1-Sdi12).
Clear PFL		
All	audiomixer.clearpf1	Clear PFL on all sources.

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

## **Dmalloc - Debug Malloc Library**

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## FreeType font driver for BDF fonts

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#### Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Version 2, June 1991

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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### Whetstone

Converted Whetstone Double Precision Benchmark

Version 1.2 22 March 1998

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Converted by Rich Painter, Painter Engineering, Inc. based on the www.netlib.org benchmark/whetstoned version obtained 16 March 1998.

A novel approach was used here to keep the look and feel of the FORTRAN version. Altering the FORTRAN-based array indices, starting at element 1, to start at element 0 for C, would require numerous changes, including decrementing the variable indices by 1. Instead, the array E1[] was declared 1 element larger in C. This allows the FORTRAN index range to function without any literal or variable indices changes. The array element E1[0] is simply never used and does not alter the benchmark results.

The major FORTRAN comment blocks were retained to minimize differences between versions. Modules N5 and N12, like in the FORTRAN version, have been eliminated here.

An optional command-line argument has been provided [-c] to offer continuous repetition of the entire benchmark. An optional argument for setting an alternate LOOP count is also provided. Define PRINTOUT to cause the POUT() function to print outputs at various stages. Final timing measurements should be made with the PRINTOUT undefined.

Questions and comments may be directed to the author at r.painter@ieee.org

### **ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY**

zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library version 1.3, August 18th, 2022

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## Glossary

### Interlaced

An Interlaced video format starts at the top of the screen and draws all the odd number scan lines and then all the even number scan lines in sequence. This results in half the image being drawn in one pass and the other half of the image being drawn in the second. These two passes are called Fields, where the first pass is called Field 1 and the second pass is called Field 2. When both Field 1 and Field 2 have been drawn, resulting in a complete image, you have a single Frame.

#### Progressive

A Progressive scan video format draws each scan line in sequence, starting from the top of the screen and working to the bottom. Unlike Interlaced, with Progressive scan the entire image is drawn at one time, in a single pass. This means that there are no fields in a Progressive scan image.

### **Auto Key**

A pairing of two video signals, a key video and a key alpha, to create a key. In the switcher, you associate the fill and alpha so that the switcher knows which alpha to use when the video is selected.

### **Auto Transition**

An automatic transition in which the manual movement of the fader handle is simulated electronically. The transition starts when the **AUTO TRANS** button is pressed and takes place over a pre-selected time period, measured in frames.

### Chroma Key

Chroma Key is a key in which the hole is cut based on a color value, or hue, rather than a luminance value or alpha signal. The color is removed and replaced with background video from another source.

#### Cut

An instantaneous switch from one video signal to another.

### Dissolve

A transition from one video signal to another in which one signal is faded down, while the other is simultaneously faded up. The terms mix or cross-fade are often used interchangeably with dissolve.

### Field

One half of a complete picture (or frame) interval containing all of the odd, or all of the even, lines in interlaced scanning. One scan of a TV screen is called a field; two fields are required to make a complete picture (which is a frame).

#### Force, Mask

An effect that forces the masked region to the foreground but is not bound by the key. For example, if you have a key and apply a mask to it. The masked area is bound by the edges of the key. When force is turned on, the masked area is filled with the video from the key (nothing appears masked) but you can move the mask outside of the key and the key video is still filling the masked region.

#### Frame

One complete picture consisting of two fields of interlaced scanning lines.

#### File Transfer Protocol

A network protocol that is used to transfer files from one host computer to another over a TCP-based network.

#### Gain

Gain represents the range of signal values present in a video signal from a lowest to a highest point (from black to white for example). Increasing gain expands this range, while decreasing gain compresses this range. Clipping occurs if applied gain changes cause output signal values to fall outside the allowable range. Generally, increasing the gain for a specific color component causes the video signal colors to become increasingly saturated with that color. Similarly, decreasing the gain for a specific color component progressively removes that color component from the output video signal.

#### Gamma

Gamma corrections introduce non-linear corrections to a video signal. A gamma

correction can be described as taking a point on the output versus input video signal line and pulling it perpendicularly away from the line. The result is a Bezier curve between the start, the new point, and the end point. Generally, increasing the gamma value adds more of the component to the video signal in the location of the gamma offset point. Decreasing the gamma value reduces the amount of the component in the video signal in the location of the gamma offset point. Moving the gamma offset point allows you to select which part of the input video signal receives the gamma correction. For example, if you increase the red gamma correction to the part of the video signal that has no red component you will add red to those areas while having little effect on areas that already contain a significant amount of red. This allows you to add a red tint to the image while minimizing the amount of red-clipping that occurs.

#### **General Purpose Interface**

A simple high/low signal that is used to trigger an action either on an external device or on the switcher. A GPI can be an input or an output to the switcher.

### **High Definition**

A high definition (720p, 1080i, or 1080p/3G) video signal.

#### Hue

The characteristic of a color signal that determines whether the color is red, yellow, green, blue, purple, etc. (the three characteristics of a TV color signal are chrominance, luminance, and hue). White, black, and gray are not considered hues.

#### **Hue Rotation**

Hue rotate affects the color of the entire video signal by rotating the input video hues. This produces an output video signal with colors that are shifted from their original hues. By rotating colors around the wheel, hue values will shift. For example, a clockwise rotation where yellows become orange, reds become magenta, blues become green. The more rotation applied, the further around the wheel colors are shifted.

### Key

An effect produced by cutting a hole in the background video, then filling the hole with video or matte from another source. Key source video cuts the hole, key fill video fills the hole. The video signal used for cut and fill can come from the same, or separate, sources.

### Key Alpha

The video signal which cuts a hole in the background video to make a key effect possible. Also called Key Video or Source. In practice, this signal controls when a video mixer circuit will switch from background to key fill video.

### Key Invert

An effect that reverses the polarity of the key source so that the holes in the background are cut by dark areas of the key source instead of bright areas.

### **Key Mask**

A keying technique in which a shape is combined with the key source to block out unwanted portions of the key source.

### **Key Video**

A video input which is timed to fill the hole provided by the key source video. An example of key video is the video output of a character generator.

#### **Linear Key**

Linear keys make it possible to fully specify the transparency of a key from opaque, through transparent, to fully off. The transparency is specified by the key alpha that is associated with the key video. A keyer capable of a linear key converts the key signal voltage directly to the transparency effect on the screen.

#### **Mnemonics**

A green, orange, or yellow display used to show the names of a source above or below the source button or used as a custom command or pattern button.

#### Offsets

Offsets shift the video signal by a set amount. Depending on the offset applied, different parts or all of the video signal may be affected. Clipping occurs if applied offsets cause output signal values to fall outside the allowable range.
#### **Pre-Delay**

A pre-delay is a delay that is inserted into a transition between the triggering of a GPI output and performing the transition. The length of the pre-delay is usually the length of time your video server requires to start playing a clip or your character generator required to load a page.

#### RossTalk

An ethernet based protocol that allows the control over Ross devices using plain english commands.

#### **Standard-Definition**

A standard definition (480i or 576i) video signal.

#### Self Key

A key effect in which the same video signal serves as both the key signal and key fill.

#### **Shaped Key**

An additive key where the Key Alpha cuts a hole based on the monochrome value of the alpha. Shades of gray are translated into either white or black, giving the key a hard edge. Shaped Key alphas are sometimes used with Character Generators to cut very precise holes for the fill.

#### **Split Key**

A Split key allows you to assign a different alpha source for a key than the fill/alpha associations that are set up during configuration or to use a separate alpha source for a Self key.

#### Tally

An indicator which illuminates when the associated button, or control, is selected or is on-air.

#### **Unshaped Key**

A multiplicative key where the Key Alpha cuts a hole based on the gradient values of the alpha. Shades of gray are translated into transparency levels, giving the key a soft edge. Unshaped Key alphas can also be considered true linear alphas.

# Index

# A

ABM 112 Access Control 21 AFV 57 AFV Set. Audio 56 Allocated DVEs 135 Ancillary Data 99 Ancillary Mode 135 Animations 71 Aspect Ratio Conversion 109 Full 109 Letterbox 109 Pillarbox 110 Zoom 109 Audio 62-63, 71 Audio Auxes 59 Audio Breakout Module 112 Audio Delay 60 Audio Fader, Disable 59 Audio Fader, Visible 59 Audio Follow Video 56 Audio Mixer 20, 56 DashBoard 20 AudioDucking 62 AudioTalkback 63 Auto Follow 94 Custom Pages 94 Auto Key 93 Auto Select Keys 42 Auto Transition 35-37 Aux Bus 26 Source Selection 26

#### В

Balance, Audio 56 BG Source 30 Bus Copying 31 Bus Hold 51 Bus Map, Default 138 Bus Maps 115 Bus Select Buttons, ViewControl 123 Buses 24 Ultritouch 24 Bypass CL 65 Bypass EQ 64 Bypass Noise Gate 61

## С

Cache Manager 72 Canvas 26 Source Selection 26 Capture 74 CC, See Custom Controls CC Events. See CC Pause 76 Chroma Kev **43**, **45** Advanced Mode 45 Basic Mode 43 Chroma Key Modes 43 Clean Feed 28, 100 Layer Mode 100 Clear Custom Controls 138 Clear Memories 138 Clock, MultiViewer 103 Color Background 30 Color Schemes 115 Colors, Memory Recall 52 Compressor 64-65 Bypass 65 Copy Buses 31 Copy Keys 31 Copy Logs 136 Copy MEs 31 CPU Temperature 135 Custom Control Buttons, ViewControl 123 Custom Control Event 144, 176 ABM Input Delay 193 AES Output 170 Ancillary Data Mode 170 Audio Pan 195 Audio Volume 195 Auto Trans 163 BKGD DVE Aspect 144 BKGD DVE Border Size 144 BKGD DVE Crop 145 BKGD DVE Edge Softness 145 BKGD DVE Size 144 BKGD DVE X-Position 144 BKGD DVE Y-Position 144 Box Mask Edge Position 152 Box Mask Edge Softness 152 Bus Copy 160 Bus Source 160 Cancel All CC 145 Cancel CC 145 Channel AFV Fade 194 Channel Disable 194 Channel Position 194 Channel Processing Order 194 Channel Visible 194 Chroma Key Auto Adjust 146 Chroma Key Color 146 Chroma Key Initialize 146 Chroma Key Measurement Source 147 Chroma Key Parameters 147 Chroma Key Re-Spill Color 147 Chroma Key Re-Spill Saturation 147 CL Attack 189 CL Channel AFV Fade 189

CL Channel Position 189

Custom Control Event (continued) CL Channel Processing Order 190 CL Channel Visible 190 CL CL Bypass 190 CL Clear PFL 190 CL Clear Solo 190 CL Compression 190 CL Default All CL 190 CL Default Selected CL 190 CL Makeup 191 CL Output Volume 191 CL Pad 191 CL Phantom Power 191 CL Pre-Amp Gain 191 CL Processing Order 191 CL Release 192 CL Source AFV Input 192 CL Source Audio Channel 192 CL Source Audio Input 192 CL Threshold Control 192 CL Video Out Audio Mix 192 CL Video Out Custom Audio Mix 192 Clean Feed 170 Clear PFL 193 Clear Solo 193 Color Corrector Color Reset 170 Color Corrector Enable 171 Color Corrector Gain 171 Color Corrector Gamma 171 Color Corrector Gamma Offset 171 Color Corrector Lower Offset 171 Color Corrector Offset 172 Color Corrector Reset 172 Color Gamut 172 Cut Transition 163 Delay Auto Trans 166 Disable Audio Memories 172 Ducking Attack 185 Ducking Default All 185 Ducking Default Channel 185 Ducking Depth 185 Ducking Hold 185 Ducking Mix Reduction 185 Ducking Mode 185 Ducking Release 186 Ducking Threshold 186 DVE Freeze 147 DVE Key Aspect 147 DVE Key Border 148 DVE Key Border Color (HSL) 148 DVE Key Border Color (Preset) 148 DVE Key Crop (Bottom Edge) 148 DVE Key Crop (Dual Edge) 148 DVE Key Crop (Left Edge) 149 DVE Key Crop (Right Edge) 149 DVE Key Crop (Top Edge) 149 DVE Key Edge Softness 149 DVE Key Size 149 DVE Key X-Position 150 DVE Key Y-Position 150 DVE Wipe Direction 164

Custom Control Event (continued) DVE Wipe Direction (Flip-Flop) 163 DVE Wipe Pattern 164 DVE Wipe, Reset 163 Dynamic Range 172 EQ Default All EQ 187 EQ Default Selected EQ 187 EQ EQ Bypass 187 EQ High Shelf Gain 187 EQ High Shelf Min Freq 188 EQ Low Shelf Gain 188 EQ Midrange 1 Center Freq 188 EQ Midrange 1 Gain 188 EQ Midrange 1 Q 188 EQ Midrange 2 Center Freq 188 EQ Midrange 2 Gain 189 EQ Midrange 2 Q 189 Field Dominance 176 See also Switching Field Fly Key (DVE) 150 FSFC Input Assignment 173 GPI Output — Edge Trigger Setup 196 GPI Output — Level Trigger Setup 197 GPI Output — Mode 197 GPI Output — Trigger 197 GPI Output — Trigger Type 197 Hold CC 145 Input Color Gamut 172 Input Dynamic Range 172 Input Frame Delay 172 Input FSFC Assignment 173 Input FSFC Framing 173 Input Scaler Mode 173 Key Active 150 Key Copy 150 Key Invert 151 Key Mode 151 Key Only Transition 146 Key Settings (Clip, Gain, Transparency) 151 Key Trans Rate 146 Key Type 151 Key, Make Linear 150 Key, Reset **151** Layer Mode 173 Loop CC 145 Mask 155 Mask (Box) — Left Edge Position 152 Mask (Box) — Right Edge Position 152 Mask (Box) — Size 152 Mask (Box) — Top Edge Position 153 Mask (Box) — X-Position 153 Mask (Box) — Y-Position 153 Mask (Pattern) — Aspect Ratio 153 Mask (Pattern) — Border Size 153 Mask (Pattern) — Edge Softness 153 Mask (Pattern) — Horizontal Multiplication 154 Mask (Pattern) — Reset 154 Mask (Pattern) — Rotation 154 Mask (Pattern) — Size 154 Mask (Pattern) — Vertical Multiplication 154 Mask (Pattern) — X-Position 154

Custom Control Event (continued) Mask (Pattern) — Y-Position 154 Mask, Force 151 Mask, Invert 152 Matte Color (HSL) 158 Matte Color (Preset) 158 Matte Color, Reset 158 ME Copy **161** ME Dissolve Type 165 ME Follow 173 ME Trans Rate 165 ME Trans Type 165 ME WhiteFlash Color 165 ME WhiteFlash Offset 165 ME WhiteFlash Onset 165 Media Cut Point, Set 164 Media Trans End Point, Set 164 Media Trans Start Point, Set 165 Media Trans Thumbnail 165 Media-Store — Auto Play 155 Media-Store — Capture 155 Media-Store — Capture Alpha 155 Media-Store — Capture Alpha Source 155 Media-Store — Capture Mode 155 Media-Store — Capture Source 155 Media-Store — Clear Channel 156 Media-Store — Cut Frame 156 Media-Store — Delete Capture 156 Media-Store — Load 156 Media-Store — Looping 156 Media-Store — Move To Frame 156 Media-Store — Mute 157 Media-Store — Play 157 Media-Store — Play Speed 157 Media-Store — Reset Media 157 Media-Store — Reverse 157 Media-Store — Rewind 157 Media-Store — Shaped 157 Media-Store — Thumb Frame 158 Media-Store — X-Position 158 Media-Store — Y-Position 158 MediaWipe — Channel 164 MediaWipe — Direction 164 MediaWipe — Direction, Flip-Flop 164 MediaWipe — Layer 164 Memory Recall 161 MultiViewer — Clip 178 MultiViewer — Follow 181 MultiViewer — FSFC Label 181 MultiViewer — Layout 181 MultiViewer — Overlay 181 MultiViewer — Shift 181 MultiViewer — Shift Panel 182 MultiViewer — Tally Display 182 MultiViewer — ViewControl Shift 182 MultiViewer Box — Apply to All 176 MultiViewer Box — Aspect Ratio Markers 177 MultiViewer Box — Border 177 MultiViewer Box — Green Tally (Preview) 177 MultiViewer Box — Label 177 MultiViewer Box — Label Mode 177

Custom Control Event (continued) MultiViewer Box — Label Position 178 MultiViewer Box — Label Transparency 178 MultiViewer Box — Red Tally (On-Air) 178 MultiViewer Box — Video Source 178 MultiViewer Clock — Background Color (HSL) 179 MultiViewer Clock — Background Color (Preset) 179 MultiViewer Clock — Countdown Timer Direction 179 MultiViewer Clock — Countdown Timer Reset 179 MultiViewer Clock — Countdown Timer State 179 MultiViewer Clock — Foreground Color (HSL) 179 MultiViewer Clock — Foreground Color (Preset) 179 MultiViewer Clock — Format 179 MultiViewer Clock — Mode 180 MultiViewer Clock — MV Timer 180 MultiViewer Clock — Size 180 MultiViewer Clock — Timecode Frame Count 180 MultiViewer Clock — Timer Set Time (Minutes) 180 MultiViewer Clock — Timer Set Time (Seconds) 180 MultiViewer Clock — X-Position 181 MultiViewer Clock — Y-Position 181 NG Attack 184 NG Bypass 184 NG Default All 184 NG Default Channel 184 NG Depth 184 NG Hold 184 NG Release 184 NG Threshold 184 Output BNC Assignment 173 Output Color Gamut 172 Output Dynamic Range 172 Output FSFC Video Format 173 Output Rotation Mode 175 Output Rotation X-Position 175 Output Rotation Y-Position 175 Output Rotation Zoom 175 Output Volume 193 Pad 193 Pause CC 145 PBus — Recall 197 PBus — Trigger 197 Personality — Auto Remove Key 169 Personality — Auto Trans Second Press (Key) 169 Personality — Auto Trans Second Press (ME) 170 Personality — Next Trans Reset 170 Personality — Roll Clip 170 Phantom Power 193 Play CC 145 Pre-Amp Gain 193 Proc Amp Enable 174 Proc Amp Gain 174 Proc Amp Gamma 174 Proc Amp Gamma Offset 174 Proc Amp Hue Rotation 174 Proc Amp Offset 175 Proc Amp Reset 175 Proc Amp/Color Corrector Reset 173 Processing Order 195 **RAVE AFV** 182 RAVE AFV Volume 182

Custom Control Event (continued) RAVE Aux Pre/Post 182 RAVE Bal/Pan 183 RAVE Input Volume 183 RAVE Mute 183 RAVE PFL 183 RAVE Solo 183 Reference Source 175 Reset 165 Resume All CC 146 Resume CC 145 Robotic Camera — Halt All 196 Robotic Camera — Recall Shot 196 Robotic Camera — Recall Shot Fast 196 Robotic Camera — Store Shot 196 Roll Clip 166 RossTalk — CC 198, 201 RossTalk — Clear All 198 RossTalk — Clear Channel 198 RossTalk — Clear Layer 198 RossTalk — Cue Channel 198 RossTalk — Cue Current 198 RossTalk — Cue Item 198 RossTalk — Cue Layer 198 RossTalk — Focus 199 RossTalk — GPI 199, 201 RossTalk — Layer Off 199 RossTalk — MV Clock End 201 RossTalk — MV Clock Pause 201 RossTalk — MV Clock Run 202 RossTalk — MV Clock Stop 202 RossTalk — Next 199 RossTalk — Read Current 199 RossTalk — Read Item 199 RossTalk — Read Layer 199 RossTalk — Resume Channel 199 RossTalk — Resume Layer 199 RossTalk — Salvo 202 RossTalk — Sequencer Down 199 RossTalk — Sequencer Up 199 RossTalk — Swap Channel 200 RossTalk — Swap Current 200 RossTalk — Swap Layer 200 RossTalk — Take Channel 200 RossTalk — Take Item 200 RossTalk — Take Layer 200 RossTalk — Take Offline 200 RossTalk — Up Next 200 RossTalk Custom Command 198, 201 Row ME Assignment 160 RState, Load 161 Sequencer Clear 159 Sequencer Down 160 Seguencer Link 160 Sequencer Load 159 Sequencer Next 159 Sequencer Reload 159 Sequencer Up 160 Source AFV Input 195 Source Audio Channel 195 Source Audio Input 195

Custom Control Event (continued) Source Bus Substitution 176 Source ME Substitution 176 Source Substitution, Delete 176 State, Insert 146 Talkback Attack 186 Talkback Default All 186 Talkback Default Channel 186 Talkback Hold 186 Talkback Mix Reduction 187 Talkback Mode 187 Talkback Release 187 Test Tone Frequency 195 Trans Clear 166 Trans Elements 166 Trans Limit — On/Off 166 Trans Limit — Reset 166 Trans Limit — Set 166 Trans Limit — Value 166 Transition Action Dissolve 161 Transition Action DVE 162 Transition Action MediaWipe 163 Transition Action Wipe 162 TSL Address 176 TSL Tally MultiViewer Display Mode 176 Video Mode 176 Video Out Audio Mix 193 Video Out Custom Audio Mix 194 Video Server — Cue 202 Video Server — Get Clips 202 Video Server — Jog 202 Video Server — Loop Off 202 Video Server — Loop On 202 Video Server — Play 203 Video Server — Record 203 Video Server — Shuttle 203 Video Server — Stop 203 Wash Color (HSL) 159 Wash Color (Preset) 159 Wash Color Reset 159 Wash Generator — Disable 159 Wash Generator — Enable 159 Wipe Direction 167 Wipe Direction (Flip-Flop) 167 Wipe Pattern — Aspect Ratio 167 Wipe Pattern — Border Color (HSL) 167 Wipe Pattern — Border Color (Preset) 167 Wipe Pattern — Border Size 167 Wipe Pattern — Edge Softness 168 Wipe Pattern — Horizontal Multiplication 168 Wipe Pattern — Pattern 168 Wipe Pattern — Rotation 168 Wipe Pattern — Size 168 Wipe Pattern — Vertical Multiplication 168 Wipe Pattern — X-Position 169 Wipe Pattern — Y-Position 169 Wipe Reset 169 Custom Controls 19, 24, 76-79, 144-146, 155, 158-161, 169-170, 176, 182, 195-198, 202 Audio Events 195 BKGD DVE Events 144

Custom Controls (continued) Camera Events 196 CC Events 145 CC Pause 76 Combined Transition Events 161 Copy/Paste 79 DashBoard 19 Deleting 78 Editing 76 GPI Events 196 Individual Transition Events 161 Installation Events 170 Keyer Events 146 Matte Events 158 Media Events 155 MultiViewer Events 176 Naming 78 Pause Mode 77 PBus Events 197 Personality Events 169 Rave Audio Events 182 Recording 76 RossTalk Events 198 Run Event 76 Running 77 Sequencer 80 Sequencer Events 159 Special Events 160 Switcher Events 160 Ultritouch 24 Video Server Events 202 Custom Controls, Default 138 Custom Pages 19, 94–95 Auto Follow 94 Cut Transition 35-37 Cut Transitions 38

# D

Dante 66 DashBoard 18-20, 22, 85 Audio Mixer 20 Configuration 18 Connecting 85 Custom Controls 19 Devices 18 Live Assist 18 MediaManager 19 Panel 22 PaneLINK 18 Personality 19 Status 18 ViewControl 19 DashBoard Menus 18 Default 138 Factory 138 Default Bus Map 138 Delays 111 Delete Media Item 71 Delete Memory 54 Delete Still 73

Deleting a Still 71 Device 18 Device Control 14 Device Name 18 Diagnostics 136 Copy Logs 136 Disable FTP 86 Disable RossTalk 135 Disable Web Media-Store 71 Disable, Audio Fader 59 **Dissolve Transitions 38** Ducking 62–63 DVE 47-48 Key 47-48 Cropping 48 DVE Freeze 48 DVE Transitions 39

# Е

EDL 120 Eject Media Item 71 Engine Type 135 EQ, See Equalization EQ Bypass 64 Equalization 63–64 Bypass 64 High Shelf 64 Low Shelf 64 Midrange 64 Events, Custom Control 144 Exporting Sets 69 Exporting Working Set 69 External Reference 135

# F

Factory Default 138 Fade to Black 117 Fader, Audio 56 Field Dominance 135 FlexiClean 28, 100 Fly Key 47 Follows, ME 101 Format Conversion 108 FPGA Temperature 135 Frame Delay 111 Frame Synchronizer 108 Freeze 48 FSFC 108-109 Input 109 OuadFS 109 SDI-FS 109 FTP 86 FTP Disable 86

# G

Gain, Audio 59 Gate 61 Glow 115 GPI 93, 117 Assign to Source 93 Setup 117 GPO Tally 118

#### Η

HDMI 90 Formats 90 Help 20 High Shelf, EQ 64

#### I

Input FSFC 109

## Κ

Key Preview 42-43, 48 Key RATE 38 Key Swap 32 Keyer Transition Buttons, ViewControl 123 Keying 42–43, 45, 47–50 Auto Select 42 Chroma Key 43 Chroma Key, Advanced 45 Chroma Key, Basic 43 Cropping 48 DVE 47-48 Key Priority 42 Mask 49 Self Key 42 Split 43 Split Keys 50 Keys 31 Copy <u>31</u>

## L

Layer Mode 100 Layers, Audio 56 Limiter 64 Live Assist 18–19, 95 Custom Pages 19, 95 PaneLINK 18 LiveEDL 120–121 Capture 121 Store 121 Loopback 57 Low Shelf, EQ 64

#### Μ

Mask 49 Matte 30 ME 26 Source Selection 26 ME Copying 31 ME Follows 95, 101 Substitution Table 95 Media Transitions 40 Media-Manager 73 Delete Media Item 73 Media-Store 71–72, 74 Animations 71 Audio 71 Cache Manager 72 Capture 74 Clear Channel 71 Delete Database Entry 71 Disable Web 71 Eject 71 File Specifications 72 Loading 72 MediaManager 19 DashBoard 19 Memories 51-54 As Stored Attribute 52 Attributes 53 Bus Hold 51 Delete 54 No Recall Attribute 52 Recall Attribute 52 Recall Colors 52 Storing 51 Memories, Default 138 Memory Names 54 Midrange, EQ 64 MiniME 16, 26, 33, 106 Assignment 106 Source Selection 26 Transitions 33 MiniME Chroma Key 47 Mixer Layer Names 59 Mnemonic Source Names 91 Mnemonics 54, 92 Memory 54 MultiPanel 24, 128 Ultritouch 24 MultiScreen 95, 106 MiniME Assignment 106 Substitution Table 95 MultiViewer 29, 102–103 Ancillary Source 102 Clock 103 Embedded Audio 102 Formats 102 Time-Clock 102 Mute, Audio 56

#### Ν

NDI 126 Network Ports 84, 141 Network Setup 84 Next Trans Buttons 35–37 Noise Gate 61 Bypass 61

# 0

On-Air Setting 101 Outputs 97 Video 97

#### Ρ

PAD, Audio 59 Pan. Audio 56 PanelBuilder 125 PaneLINK 18 Pause Mode, Custom Control 77 Performance Meter 18 Personality 19, 113 DashBoard 19 PFL 56 Phantom Power, Audio 59 Popup keyboard shortcut 18 Ports, Network 141 Pre Fader Listen 56 Pre-Tiled Sources 95 Preamp 59 Preview 29 Preview, Transitions 35-37

# Q

QuadFS 109

# R

Rate, Transition 33 RBAC 21 Re-Entry 27 Re-Entry Timing 27 Reference 88–89 External 88 Internal 88 Video Switching Field 89 Reference OK 135 Reference Source 135 Remove Media-Store Item 72 Reset 137 Custom 137 Saving 137 Restart 136 ROLL CLIP 35-37 RossLing 86 RossTalk Disable 135 RossTalk Port 135 RState 137 RState, Save 137

## S

Save Custom Reset 137 SDI-FS 109 Self Key 42

Sequencer 80-82 Copy/Paste 82 Creating 80 Deleting 82 Editing 80 Loading 81 Naming 81 Running 81 Serial Number 135 Sets 68 Exporting 69 Loading 68 Storing 68 Setup, XPression 83 Show Alpha 42–45, 48–49 Simple Mixer Layer 59 Simulator, Frame 133 SoftPanel 22–23 Bus Area 23 Control Area 22 Menu Area 22 User Area 22 Software Version 135 Solo Clear, Audio 56 Solo, Audio 56 Source Names 91 Sources 27 Layering 27 Re-Entry 27 Specifications 139, 142 GPI I/O 142 Tallv 142 Split Key 50 Split Keys 43 State Attributes 146 Status 24, 135 Ultritouch 24 Storing Memories 51 Substitution Table 95 MultiScreen 95 Substitution Tables 95 Switcher Status 135 Switching Field 89

## Т

Talkback 63 Tallies 94, 118 GPO 118 Temperature OK 135 Time-Clock 102 Timecode 120, 135 Timing Windows, Re-Entry 27 Trans Preview 35–37 Transition Buttons, ViewControl 123 Transitions 33, 35–40 Auto Transition 35–37 Cut 35–37 Cuts 38 Direction 33 Dissolves 38

Transitions (continued) DVE 39 Flip Flop 33 from Panel 35–37 from Touchscreen Menu 33 GPO Trigger 118 Media 40 MiniME 33 Pause 33 Preview 35-37 Rate 33 Roll Clip 33 Trans Preview 33 Whiteflash 38 Wipes 39 Transitions Limit 33 Trigger GPO 118 TSL UMD 91 TSL UMD Port 135

# U

Ultritouch 24 Buses 24 Custom Controls 24 MultiPanel 24 Navigation Menu 24 Status 24 User Buttons 116

# V

Video Inputs 90–91, 93 Auto Key 93 GPI Device Control 93 HDMI 90 Names 91 Video Layering 27 Video Mode 88, 135 Setup 88 Video Output 97, 99–100, 102 Ancillary Data 99 Clean Feed 100 MultiViewer 102 Video Processing and Flow 25 Video Source 26, 115 Bus Map **115** Video Sources 26 External 26 Follows 26 Internal 26 Selecting 26 Selecting on DashBoard 26 ViewControl 19, 123–124, 126 Bus Selection Buttons 123 Button Setup 124 Custom Control Buttons 123 Keyer Transition Buttons 123 NDI 126 Transition Buttons 123 Virtual Outputs 97 VirtualBox 133 Visible, Audio Fader 59

# W

Web Media Manager Disable 71 Whiteflash 38 WhiteFlash 38 Windows Audio 65 Wipe Transitions 39 Working Set 69 Export 69

# Х

XPression Setup 83