

PIERO

Live User Guide

VERSION 20.1

ROSS



Thank You for Choosing Ross

You've made a great choice. We expect you will be very happy with your purchase of Ross Technology.

Our mission is to:

1. Provide a Superior Customer Experience
 - offer the best product quality and support
2. Make Cool Practical Technology
 - develop great products that customers love

Ross has become well known for the Ross Video Code of Ethics. It guides our interactions and empowers our employees. I hope you enjoy reading it below.

If anything at all with your Ross experience does not live up to your expectations be sure to reach out to us at solutions@rossvideo.com.



David Ross

CEO, Ross Video

dross@rossvideo.com

Ross Video Code of Ethics

Any company is the sum total of the people that make things happen. At Ross, our employees are a special group. Our employees truly care about doing a great job and delivering a high quality customer experience every day. This code of ethics hangs on the wall of all Ross Video locations to guide our behavior:

1. We will always act in our customers' best interest.
2. We will do our best to understand our customers' requirements.
3. We will not ship crap.
4. We will be great to work with.
5. We will do something extra for our customers, as an apology, when something big goes wrong and it's our fault.
6. We will keep our promises.
7. We will treat the competition with respect.
8. We will cooperate with and help other friendly companies.
9. We will go above and beyond in times of crisis. *If there's no one to authorize the required action in times of company or customer crisis - do what you know in your heart is right. (You may rent helicopters if necessary.)*

PIERO Live User Guide

- Ross Part Number: 3400DR-030-20.1
- Version: 20.1

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Patents

Patent numbers US 7,034,886; US 7,508,455; US 7,602,446; US 7,802,802 B2; US 7,834,886; US 7,914,332; US 8,307,284; US 8,407,374 B2; US 8,499,019 B2; US 8,519,949 B2; US 8,743,292 B2; GB 2,419,119 B; GB 2,447,380 B; and other patents pending.

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2. **DEFINITIONS.** In this Agreement, in addition to the terms defined elsewhere in this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings set out below:

"**Affiliate**" means, with respect to any Person, any other Person who directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under direct or indirect common control with, such Person. A Person shall be deemed to control a Person if such Person possesses, directly or indirectly, the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of such Person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the term "controlled" and "controlling" shall have a similar meaning.

"**Agreement**" means this End User Software License Agreement including the recitals hereto, as the same may be amended from time to time in accordance with the provisions hereof.

"**Backup System**" means the secondary piece of Designated Equipment upon which the Software is installed and mirrored for the sole purpose of replacing a Primary System in the event such Primary System is not available or functioning properly for any reason.

"**Change of Control**" means (a) the direct or indirect sale, transfer or exchange by the shareholders of a Party of more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting securities of such Party, (b) a merger or amalgamation or reorganization or other transaction to which a Party is party after which the shareholders of such Party immediately prior to such transaction hold less than fifty percent (50%) of the voting securities of the surviving entity, (c) the sale, exchange, or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of a Party.

"Confidential Information" means all data and information relating to the business and management of either Party, including the Software, trade secrets and other technology to which access is obtained or granted hereunder by the other Party, and any materials provided by Ross Video to Licensee; provided, however, that Confidential Information shall not include any data or information which:

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- (ii) is already in the rightful possession of the other Party prior to its receipt from the other Party;
- (iii) is already known to the receiving Party at the time of its disclosure to the receiving Party by the disclosing Party and is not the subject of an obligation of confidence of any kind;
- (iv) is independently developed by the other Party;
- (v) is rightfully obtained by the other Party from a third party; or
- (vi) is disclosed with the written consent of the Party whose information it is.

"Designated Equipment" shall mean (a) the hardware products sold by Ross Video to Licensee on which the Software is installed and licensed for use, as the same may be replaced from time to time by Ross Video; or (b) in the case of Software licensed on a stand-alone basis, the equipment of Licensee on which the Software is to be installed and meets the minimum specifications set out in the Documentation.

"Documentation" shall mean manuals, instruction guides, user documentation and other related materials of any kind pertaining to the Software (whether in electronic, hard-copy or other media format) that are furnished to Licensee by or on behalf of Ross Video in relation to the Software.

"Freeware" means Software that is available free of charge from Ross Video, and includes, without limitation the master control system software known as "DashBoard".

"Governmental Authority" means (a) any federal, provincial, state, local, municipal, regional, territorial, aboriginal, or other government, governmental or public department, branch, ministry, or court, domestic or foreign, including any district, agency, commission, board, arbitration panel or authority and any subdivision of any of them exercising or entitled to exercise any administrative, executive, judicial, ministerial, prerogative, legislative, regulatory, or taxing authority or power of any nature; and (b) any quasi-governmental or private body exercising any regulatory, expropriation or taxing authority under or for the account of any of them, and any subdivision of any of them.

"Improvements" means all inventions, works, discoveries, improvements and innovations of or in connection with the Software, including error corrections, bug fixes, patches and other updates in Object Code form to the extent made available to Licensee in accordance with Ross Video's release schedule.

"License Fee" means the fee(s), if any, payable in respect of the Software in accordance with the relevant invoice(s) or other purchase documents delivered in connection with this Agreement.

"License Period" means the period of time that Licensee will have the rights granted under this Agreement, as may be specified in an Order.

"Modifications" means any enhancements, changes, corrections, translations, adaptations, revisions, developments, upgrades or updates thereto; and "Modify" shall mean the creation of any of the foregoing.

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"Order" means the documents provided by Ross Video to Licensee detailing the Ross Video products contemplated for purchase, the corresponding fees and License Period that may apply to the Software, including any and all quotations, purchase orders, acknowledgments, pro formas, invoices and other purchase documentation.

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"Primary System" means the Designated Equipment upon which the Software is installed and executed to deliver its intended functionality.

"Released Claims" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 9(b).

"Released Parties" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 9(b).

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Either party may disclose certain Confidential Information if it is expressly required to do so pursuant to legal, judicial, or administrative proceedings, or otherwise required by law, provided that (i) such Party provides the other Party with reasonable written notice prior to such disclosure; (ii) such Party seeks confidential treatment for such Confidential Information; (iii) the extent of such disclosure is only to the extent expressly required by law or under the applicable court order; and (iv) such Party complies with any applicable protective or equivalent order.

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The Parties acknowledge and agree that any breach of the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement by one Party may cause significant and irreparable injury to the other Party that is not compensable monetarily, as well as damages that may be difficult to ascertain, and agrees that, in addition to such other remedies that may be available at law or in equity, the other Party shall be entitled to seek injunctive relief (including temporary restraining orders, interim injunctions and permanent injunctions) in a court of competent jurisdiction in the event of the breach or threatened breach by such party of any of the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement. The relief contemplated in this Section shall be available to each Party without the necessity of having to prove actual damages and without the necessity of having to post any bond or other security. Each Party further agrees to notify the other Party in the event that it learns of or has reason to believe that any Person has breached the confidentiality provisions of this Agreement.

13. **LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.** The limitation of liability provisions of this Agreement reflect an informed voluntary allocation of the risks (known and unknown) that may exist in connection with the licensing of the Software or Documentation hereunder by Ross Video, and that voluntary risk allocation represents a material part of the Agreement reached between Ross Video and Licensee. Should Ross Video be in breach of any obligation, Licensee agrees that Licensee's remedies will be limited to those set forth in this Agreement. No action, regardless of form, arising out of this Agreement may be brought by Licensee more than twelve (12) months after the facts giving rise to the cause of action have occurred, regardless of whether those facts by that time are known to, or reasonably ought to have been discovered by, Licensee.

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- (1) Unless terminated earlier in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, the term of this Agreement shall commence upon Licensee's first download, access, installation, or other use of the Software or Documentation and continues until, in the case of Software licensed with Designated Equipment provided by Ross Video, the earliest of (a) the end of the License Period, or (b) if the Designated Equipment is assigned or transferred in accordance with this Agreement, the date on which the Designated Equipment is no longer owned by Licensee;
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 - (a) the other Party fails to pay any fees or other amounts when due hereunder or under any other agreement between the Parties (or any Affiliates of the Parties, as applicable) in connection with the Software and/or Designated Equipment and such breach is not cured within thirty (30) days after written notice of such failure to pay is given to the defaulting Party by the non-defaulting Party;
 - (b) the other Party shall file a voluntary petition in bankruptcy or insolvency or shall petition for reorganization under any bankruptcy law, consent to an involuntary petition in bankruptcy, or if a receiving order is given against it under the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act (Canada) or the comparable law of any other jurisdiction (and such is not dismissed within ten (10) days);

- (c) there shall be entered an order, judgment or decree by a court of competent jurisdiction, upon the application of a creditor, approving a petition seeking reorganization or appointing a receiver, trustee or liquidator of all or a substantial part of the other Party's assets and such order, judgment or decree continues in effect for a period of thirty (30) consecutive days; or
 - (d) the other Party shall fail to perform any of the other material obligations set forth in this Agreement and such default, in the case of a default which is remediable, continues for a period of thirty (30) days after written notice of such failure has been given by the non-defaulting Party or, in the case of a non-remediable default, immediately upon notice.
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 - (b) Licensee shall immediately deliver to Ross Video any of Ross Video's Confidential Information provided hereunder (including the Software and Documentation) then in its possession or control, if any, and shall deliver a certificate of an officer of Licensee certifying the completeness of same;
 - (c) Licensee shall refrain from further use of such Confidential Information; and
 - (d) Licensee shall forthwith pay all amounts owing to Ross Video or any of its Affiliates hereunder.
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Updated: November 1, 2023

Warranty and Repair Policy

Ross Video Limited (Ross) warrants its PIERO systems to be free from defects under normal use and service for the following time periods from the date of shipment:

- PIERO Server — 12 months
- PIERO Software Upgrades — 12 months free of charge
- System and Media hard drives — 12 months

If an item becomes defective within the warranty period Ross will repair or replace the defective item, as determined solely by Ross.

Warranty repairs will be conducted at Ross, with all shipping FOB Ross dock. If repairs are conducted at the customer site, reasonable out-of-pocket charges will apply. At the discretion of Ross, and on a temporary loan basis, plug in circuit boards or other replacement parts may be supplied free of charge while defective items undergo repair. Return packing, shipping, and special handling costs are the responsibility of the customer.

This warranty is void if products are subjected to misuse, neglect, accident, improper installation or application, or unauthorized modification.

In no event shall Ross Video Limited be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages (including loss of profit). Implied warranties, including that of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are expressly limited to the duration of this warranty.

This warranty is TRANSFERABLE to subsequent owners, subject to Ross' notification of change of ownership.

Extended Warranty

For customers that require a longer warranty period, Ross offers an extended warranty plan to extend the standard warranty period by one year increments. For more information about an extended warranty for your PIERO system, contact your regional sales manager.

Environmental Information

The equipment that you purchased required the extraction and use of natural resources for its production. It may contain hazardous substances that could impact health and the environment.

To avoid the potential release of those substances into the environment and to diminish the need for the extraction of natural resources, Ross Video encourages you to use the appropriate take-back systems. These systems will reuse or recycle most of the materials from your end-of-life equipment in an environmentally friendly and health conscious manner.

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol invites you to use these systems.



If you need more information on the collection, reuse, and recycling systems, please contact your local or regional waste administration.

You can also contact Ross Video for more information on the environmental performances of our products.

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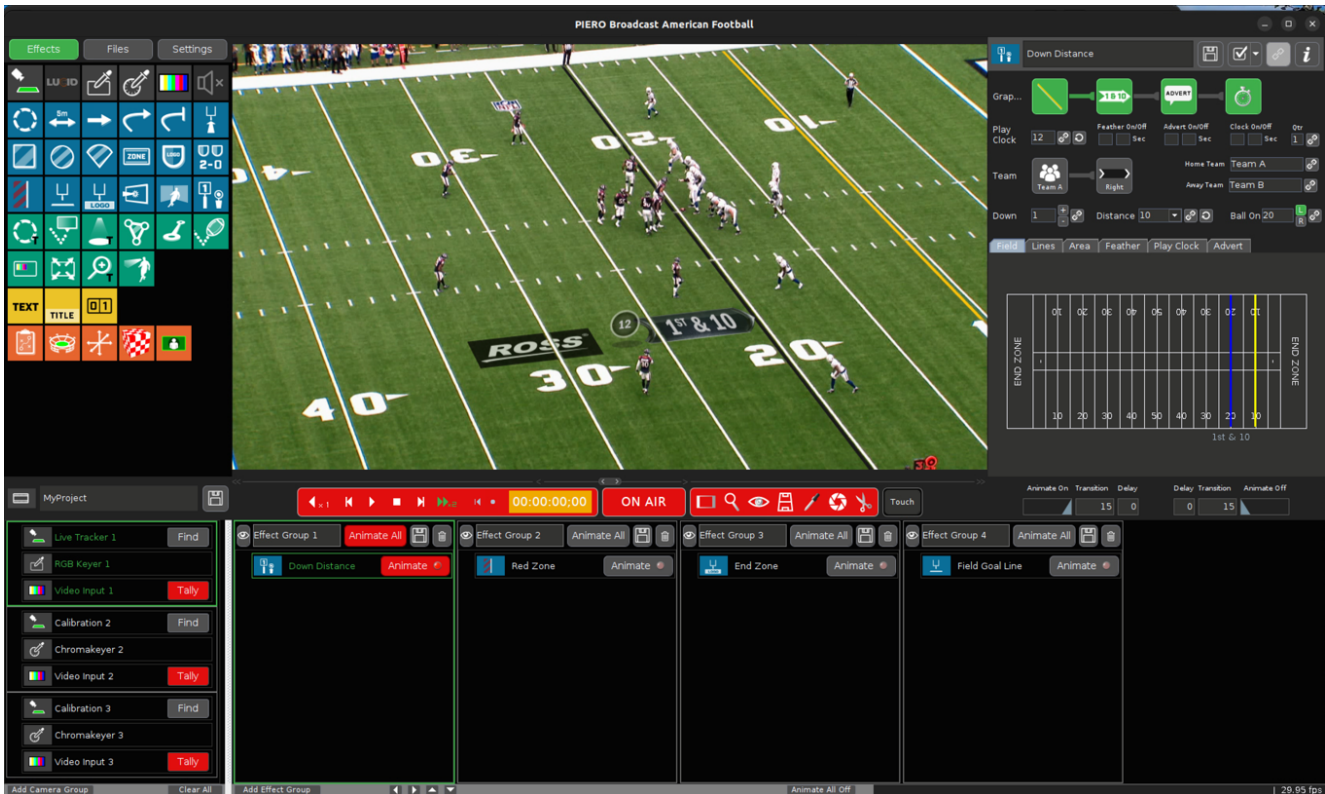
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Introduction

PIERO Live is a studio graphics system powered by an industry-leading sports graphics and analysis engine. Designed for speed, it renders all graphics in real-time and features a user interface optimized for live broadcasts. With support for a wide range of encoded camera heads, PIERO Live connects to data feeds for NFL, soccer, basketball, and baseball, enabling the creation of studio-augmented reality effects, VAR-style offside replays, 1st and 10 markers, distance-to-goal indicators in rugby and soccer, and much more.



PIERO Live User Interface

About This Guide

This guide covers the use of the PIERO system.

If, at any time, you have questions pertaining to the operation of PIERO, please contact us at the numbers listed in the section [Getting Help](#)³. Our technical staff is always available for consultation, training, or service.

Documentation Conventions

Special text formats are used in this guide to identify parts of the user interface, text that a user must enter, or a sequence of menus and sub-menus that must be followed to reach a particular command.

Bold text

Bold text identifies a user interface element such as a dialog box, menu item, or button.

For example:

In the **Slug** column, type a slug name for the story.

Italic text

Italic text is used to identify the titles of referenced guides, manuals, or documents.

For example:

For more information, refer to the *DashBoard User Guide*.

Courier text

Courier text identifies text that a user must type.

For example:

In the **Username** box, type `postgres`.

Menu Sequences

Menu arrows are used in procedures to identify a sequence of menu items that you must follow.

For example:

If a step reads **Server > Save As**, you would select the **Server** menu and then select **Save As**.

[Hypertext](#)

Identifies a hyperlink to a related topic.

Getting Help

PIERO documentation is accessible by selecting the **Documentation** icon in the PIERO Launcher.

Contacting Technical Support

At Ross Video, we take pride in the quality of our products, but if problems occur, help is as close as the nearest telephone.

Our 24-hour Hot Line service ensures you have access to technical expertise around the clock. After-sales service and technical support is provided directly by Ross Video personnel. During business hours (Eastern Time), technical support personnel are available by telephone. After hours and on weekends, a direct emergency technical support phone line is available. If the technical support person who is on call does not answer this line immediately, a voice message can be left and the call will be returned shortly. This team of highly trained staff is available to react to any problem and to do whatever is necessary to ensure customer satisfaction.

Technical Support:

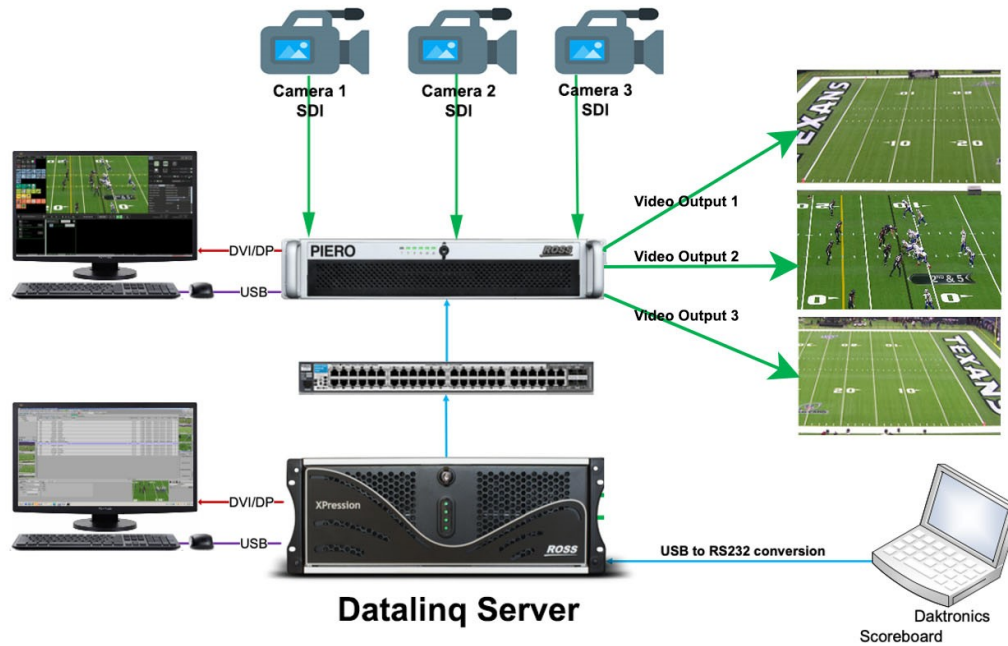
- 1-844-652-0645 (North America)
- +800 3540 3545 (International)
- After Hours Emergency: (+1) 613-349-0006
- E-mail: techsupport@rossvideo.com
- Website: <http://www.rossvideo.com>

Hardware Setup

This section covers configuring the PIERO system hardware, including recommendations for video connections to ensure optimal performance and reliability.

You will need to connect the camera SDI inputs and outputs of PIERO according to your live production requirements.

The below schematic shows a typical three camera setup for a live down and distance PIERO system:



Hardware Schematic - Three Camera Setup

A networked DataLinq server must run on a separate Windows computer to receive data feeds in PIERO Live. Obtain the DataLinq software by contacting Ross Video Technical Support.

Refer to the *PIERO Tech Guide* for detailed instructions on connecting your PIERO computer

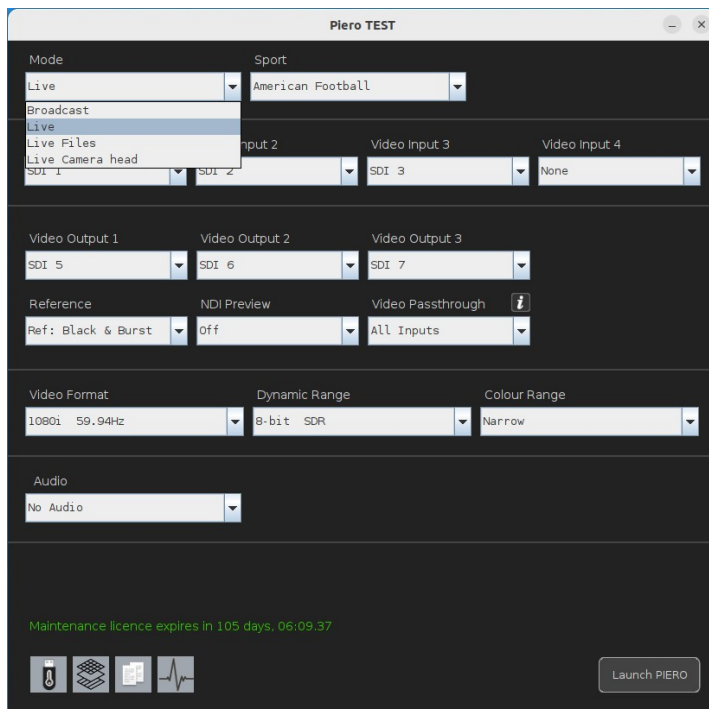
Video Delay

The frames delay added when passing video through PIERO is six frames for non-4K resolutions and seven frames for 4K resolutions.

★ **Note:** sound may have to be delayed by a similar amount when sound is not being passed through PIERO.

PIERO Launcher

Use the PIERO launcher to configure PIERO by double-clicking the PIERO icon on the desktop.



PIERO Launcher

To configure the parameters for Live usage:

- **Mode:** Select **Live**.
- **Sport:** Select a sport compatible with Live usage, such as American football, basketball, baseball, etc.
- **SDI Video Inputs:** Select up to four cameras.
- **SDI Video Outputs:** Select up to three outputs, with or without passthrough.
- **Video Passthrough:** Typically set to **All Inputs** (see the [Video Passthrough](#) section).
- **Reference:** Select the relevant input reference, usually **Ref: Black & Burst**.
- **Video Format:** Choose the appropriate video format for your production, including HDR settings if needed.
- **Audio:** Select whether you want audio to be passed through PIERO or **No Audio** if audio is not required.

To start the PIERO application:

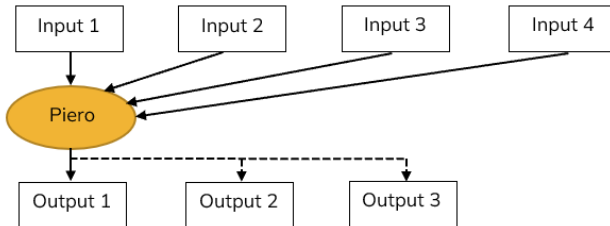
- Select the **Launch PIERO** button.

★ If you need to change the parameters after launching PIERO, you will need to close your project and adjust the parameters in the Launcher.

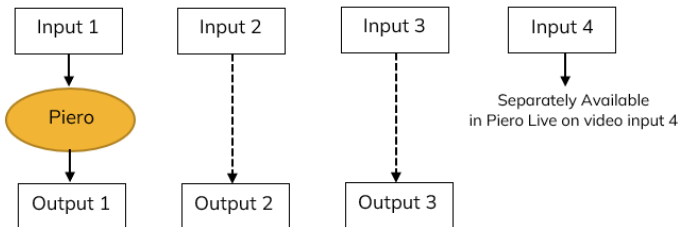
Video Passthrough

PIERO has the capability to output on up to three SDI outputs although only one of these can have optical tracking and graphics active. The outputs are dependent on the video passthrough selection on the launcher. The **i** **Information** button next to the selector displays a diagram summarizing the available options. You should choose the required option for your live scenario (normally **All Inputs** or **Off**).

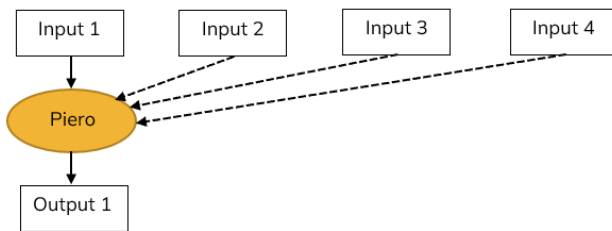
1. **“Off”**: Normal Piero use case - all inputs passed into Piero. Outputs can be optionally duplicated.



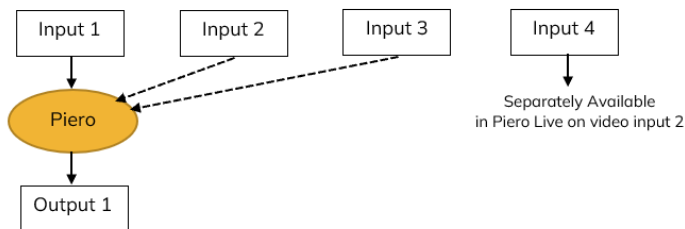
2. **“All Inputs”**: Only active input passed into Piero. Other inputs passed through.



3. **“Single Switched Input”**: Only active input is 'switched' into Piero – other inputs not available.



4. **“Dual Switched Input”**: Only active input is 'switched' into Piero - other inputs not available apart from input 4.



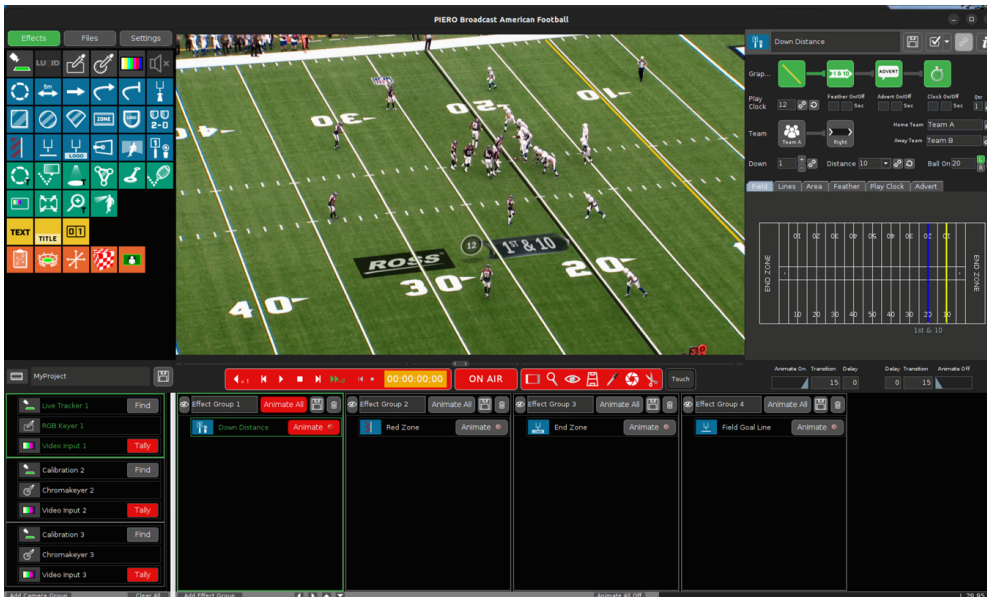
Note changing the Piero active input is achieved by using the video input effect (only available in Piero live).

Video Passthrough Options

Using more than one input or output affects PIERO's performance. Address performance issues, particularly on older PIERO M8s with progressive or HDR formats, by using the 'switched input' passthrough option with only one SDI output.

PIERO Live User Interface

This section provides an overview of the PIERO live user interface, detailing its layout and key components for managing graphics and video inputs during live broadcasts.



PIERO Live User Interface

The interface is divided into the following sections:

Effects Panel

At the top-left of the user interface is the Effects Panel. This section contains multicolor icons representing effects and tools available for use. At the top are grey tool icons, including calibration, keyers, and video switching. Below them are colored icons for graphic effects, such as the **Down and Distance** effect, the **Red Zone** effect, and the **Field Goal Line** effect. The displayed icons depend on the sport chosen in the PIERO launcher.

Video Viewer and Control Bar

In the center of the user interface is the Video Viewer and the Control Bar. This section displays the current input video overlaid with active graphics. The control bar below provides various controls for this video UI. The most critical control is the **ON AIR** button, which users should activate when going live. Refer to the [Control Bar](#) section for further details on these controls.

Properties Panel

At the top-right of the user interface is the Parameter Panel. This area contains the property sheet for the currently selected effect or tool.

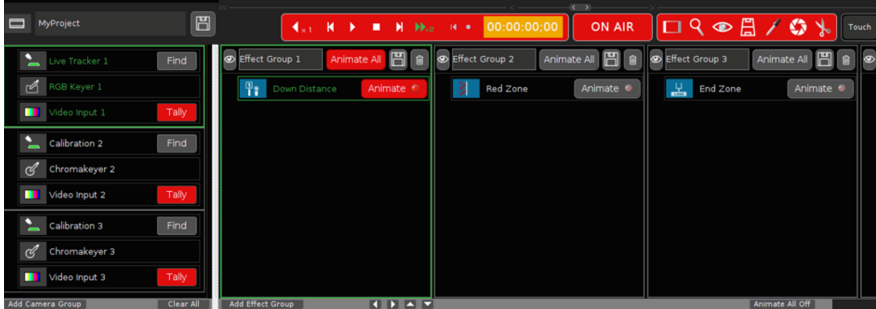
Project Panel

At the bottom of the user interface is the Project Panel. This section displays current tool effects, including calibrations, keyers, and video input switchers. Tools can be grouped by using the **Add Camera Group** button, allowing each group to represent a physical camera input feed into PIERO.

Additionally, in the bottom-right section of the user interface are the columns for active graphic effects, where each column represents a group of effects that can be animated together.

Control Bar

In the Live user interface, effects are switched on and off using buttons rather than time codes, which allows effects to be drawn on-demand. The **ON AIR** highlight indicates whether an effect is visible. When switching between **Analysis** and **Live** modes, all effects will be turned **OFF** to optimize workflow and reduce potential problems when going on air.



Live UI - Control Bar Highlighted in Red

Multi-calibrations

The Live interface allows the use of multiple calibrations simultaneously. Add as many calibrations as needed, depending on the number of live feeds connected to the EVS, and ensure that the **FIND** command can be used on all of them.

The active calibration will be displayed in green, and a **FIND** will be automatically performed each time the user selects a calibration effect, enabling quick switching between cameras and recalibration. In football, this feature is useful when working with both the main match camera and the 18-yard camera.

Cut Detection


Cut detection is useful when working live on an edited feed, as it allows the operator to avoid guessing when the next cut will happen and safely apply graphics to the pitch.

This tool analyzes the live parameters of both the **Calibration** and the **RGB Keyer**.

In order for the cuts to be detected, the **Calibration** and **RGB Keyer** must be active and properly set.

Cut Detection can be turned on at any time, in either **EDIT** or **ON AIR** mode.

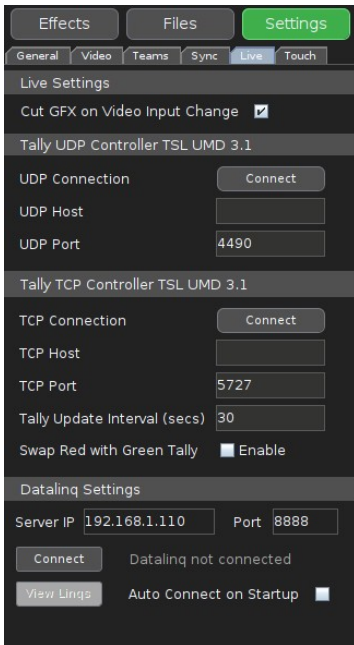
To turn on Cut Detection:

- Select the  **Cut Detection** button in located in the Control Bar.

Once **Cut Detection** is activated, it will begin monitoring the RGB Keyer and Calibration parameters, automatically turning all effects off. Before turning **Cut Detection** on, set the RGB Keyer, Calibration and Tracking.

Settings

The **Settings** tab, which is available at the top left of the PIERO UI, allows for configuration of various PIERO settings. See the *PIERO Broadcast user guide* for more information on these settings. The **Live** sub-tab contains the settings relevant to the live interface, including tally and DataLinq settings. The option **Cut GFX on video input change** allows for the automatic de-animating of all effects on-air when switching video inputs via selecting a camera group.



Settings Tab

Tally Settings

It is possible to connect PIERO to a tally system over UDP or TCP. The tally ID will automatically change according to the selected camera within a camera group on the live UI. This allows a camera operator to view which camera is being output from PIERO.

Setup Tally TSL UMD v3.1

When PIERO is operated in Live mode, **Tally Settings** (found in PIERO's **General Settings**) can be used to specify network details of your tally controllers, how frequently (in seconds) a complete update should be sent, and whether the tally red or tally green is used to indicate a feed is in use by PIERO.

The connection process is manual and required each time the PIERO software is started. If there is an issue with the network, PIERO will not reconnect. The user will need to go back to **Tally Settings** to connect again.

As some tally controller solutions interpret tally red and tally green differently, there is the option to swap the state being set.

★ PIERO reserves the UMD ID values 1 through 8 as a mapping of the SDI inputs 1 through 8. Currently only SDI inputs 1, 2, and, 3 are used. The remaining UMD ID values are reserved for future use.

To set up Tally

1. Enter the host name and port to access the **Tally Controller**.

2. Select the **Connect** button

This will turn green if the network details are valid.

3. If the **Connect** button remains grey, check the user information panel on the lower right of the PIERO operator interface for information.

TSL UMD v3.1 protocol is one-way, which means connection issues may not be reflected immediately.

4. In the **Tally Update Interval** field, enter the number of seconds after which PIERO should refresh the tally state.

To stop PIERO from refreshing the tally state, enter "0".

Tally Workflow

1. While in PIERO's **Live** mode go to **General Settings** and select **Tally Settings**.

2. Confirm the network settings and select **Connect**.

3. Once operating in **Live** mode, **Triple Input**, prepare **Camera Groups** with **Video Input Effects** by selecting the respective SDI inputs.

4. Select a **Camera Group** containing a **Video Input Effect** or select that **Video Input Effect** itself, to trigger a tally event.

The **Video Input Effect** entry has a **Tally** button which turns red when active.

5. Click the **Tally** button to toggle the current state of that **Video Input Effect** and notify the tally system of its status.

Any other **Video Input Effects** sharing the same SDI input number will also reflect the same **Tally** button state.

6. Click the **Connect** button a second time to disconnect from the controller.

TSL UMD v3.1 Support

PIERO can send out tally using the Tally TSL UMD v3.1 protocol, which is triggered when a **Video Input Effect** is made active. This is useful in installations where cameras can be tallied when the PIERO operator has selected their feed. It is assumed the tally delegation and distribution is handled by the customer's tally controller.

DataLinq Settings

Ross Video's DataLinq technology allows connection of PIERO to live data feeds such as scoreboards and play clocks. Operation requires a separately available DataLinq Windows PC server which needs to be configured with the relevant data feed from the scoreboard. Supported scoreboard feeds include OES and Daktronics. Configuring the DataLinq PC server is beyond the scope of this document – further information is available from Ross Video support.

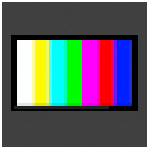
Connecting PIERO to the DataLinq server is achieved using the **DataLinq Settings** section found in the **Live** tab of PIERO Settings as shown above. The correct hostname or IP address and port (default 8888) must be entered before pressing the **Connect** button. An option to **Auto Connect** is available should you wish to automatically connect to the DataLinq server on PIERO startup.

Once DataLinq is successfully connected it is possible to preview the DataLinq tables and fields using the **View Linqs** button under the DataLinq settings. This presents the available feeds and tables that can be used within PIERO. Connecting to one of these DataLinq table fields is described in the **Down and Distance** section further below.

Camera Setup

PIERO Live can accept up to 3 SDI camera inputs designed to be used for each of the three physical cameras in the stadium. Using normal camera terminology in US American Football stadiums, camera 2 is the center (50 yard) camera, camera 1 is left 20 yard and camera 3 is the right 20 yard.

Switching camera inputs within PIERO live is managed using the **Video Switcher** tool, represented by an icon with the color bars available in the effects panel.



Video Switcher Tool

Adding a video switcher tool will place a row into the tools column at the bottom left of the UI (see example below). The relevant SDI input (usually SDI-1, SDI-2 or SDI-3 which you previously setup in the launcher) should be selected from the video switcher property sheet.

The concept is to add a **Video Switcher** tool for each camera, resulting in three rows at the bottom left of the UI. Selecting the relevant video input switcher row from this UI will automatically switch the video input of PIERO.

Camera Grouping

In regular use, it is more practical to group tools together so that each group represents a physical stadium camera. Clicking anywhere within that group will then switch the PIERO video input, key and calibration for that camera. You may also use the hot keys **F1**, **F2**, **F3** etc to quickly choose the camera group 1, 2, 3 etc. You can have up to 7 camera groups.



Add Camera Group

To set up a camera group:

1. Use the **Add Camera Group** button at the very bottom left of the UI.
2. Then add a **Video Input Switcher Tool**, a **Calibration Tool** and a **Keyer Tool** which will represent the physical camera setup.

For additional information, see the sections on [Calibration](#)^[14] and [Keying](#)^[12].

★ **Note:** it can be useful to name the tools according to their camera ID to help you identify them during live use, as shown above. The property sheet on the top right of the live UI can be used to rename effects.

Keying

Keying is used in PIERO to make the players appear to walk over the graphics. It is also used within a calibration tool to help identify lines. The concept is to key the color of the grass or court (and not colors found on the players) for each physical camera. Logos physically painted on the floor present a problem and for this reason the **RGB Keyer** tool is normally recommended for use, as it can cope with multiple sets of colors.



The **RGB Keyer** allows a selection of RGB colors to be keyed.

To set up an RGB keyer:

1. Add an **RGB Keyer** tool by selecting the tool icon shown above.
2. In the keyer property sheet on the top right of the UI, select the **Clear** button.

This will empty the key of any default colors. By default when adding an **RGB keyer** it will try to calculate a useful key using the input video. However, this approximation is often too general for live use, so clearing the initial selection is recommended.

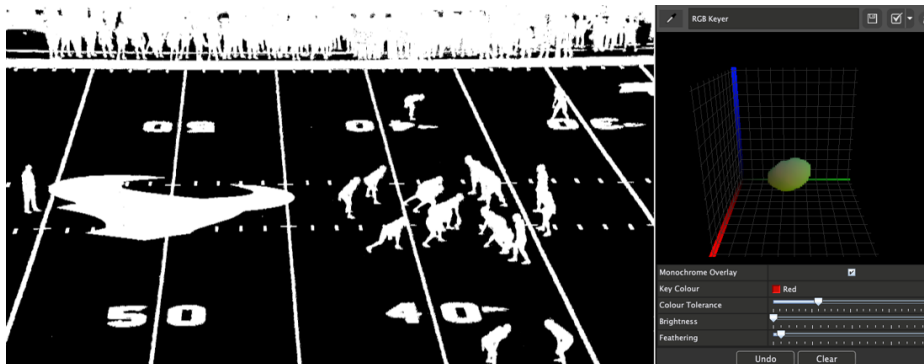
3. Use the mouse to drag a rectangle over some grass in the video window.

You can repeatedly do this until a successful key has been achieved. Try to add all potential grass colors such as players shadows, stadium dirt or adverts physically on the field if you wish graphics to appear above these adverts.

4. Use the **Monochrome Overlay** property to ensure all grass has been keyed correctly - see the example below.

★ **Note:** the shortcut key for a monochrome overlay is the **TAB** key.

5. Adjust the color tolerance, brightness, and feathering as needed to account for differing lighting levels over a game. See the *PIERO User Guide* for further details on these properties.



RGB Keyer

6. Use **Feathering** to further improve the keyer. Feathering adds softness to the edge of the key. Its default value is 3 pixels.
7. Use **Environmental Luminance** to improve keying over shadows on a football field. This is off by default but can be enabled to add a different style of blending to the keyed graphics.

★ Hot keys are available in PIERO live to quickly access the keyers for the different camera inputs. **Shift+F1** will quickly access the first keyer, **Shift+F2** will quickly access the second keyer and so on up to **Shift+F7**.

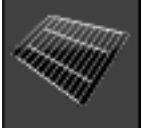
ChromaKeying



An alternative keyer is the **Vectorscope** tool which offers a hue based approach to keying. It can be more useful for outdoor stadiums but its use is currently limited to a single hue which is usually the green grass. Therefore it is only recommended in certain scenarios with rapidly changing weather conditions. See the *PIERO User Guide* for more information on its configuration.

American Football Calibration

PIERO uses real-time optical tracking for American Football to detect camera movements, including panning, tilting, and field of view changes. This method relies on a relative-only mathematical algorithm, which requires an initial camera position to enable accurate optical tracking. The calibration process to determine each camera's position in the stadium should be completed before the game, as described below.



The following topics are covered in this section:

[Before the Game](#) 15

[Calibrating Center Camera](#) 16

[Calibrating Left Camera](#) 20

[Calibrating Right Camera](#) 21

[Calibration Usage During the Game](#) 22

[Correcting Tracking with Click-Find](#) 23

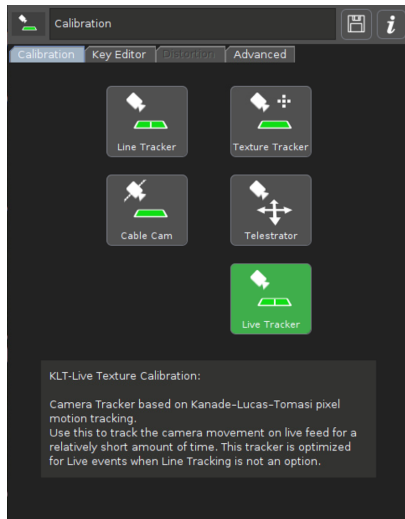
[Correcting Tracking with Line-Find](#) 24

Before the Game

Once a physical camera has been rigged in its final position, a live calibration process should be performed to determine its location within the stadium.

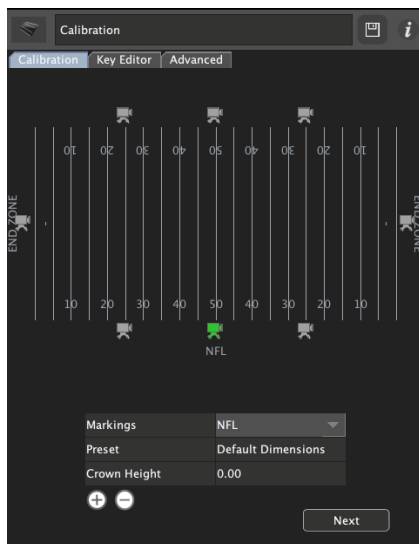
To carry out a live calibration process:

1. Add a **Calibration Tool**, and in the parameter sheet, select the **Live Tracker**.



Parameter Sheet - Live Tracker

2. In the **Calibration** tab, select where the camera is approximately located in the stadium by selecting the grey camera icons around the field lines.
3. In the **Markings** dropdown, select the type of markings (NFL, college, etc.).
Do not enter a value for the **Crown Height** (not supported in the current release).
4. Select **Next**.



Calibration Tab - Camera Positions

Calibrating Center Camera

Calculate the camera position by capturing three camera shots. For each shot, identify the field lines in the video image and align them with the corresponding field positions in the calibration property sheet. After processing all three shots, approximate the final camera position, then save and use it for the game. The images below show three typical shots for the center camera:

1. Left Goal Line to 30 yards



2. Center 40 to 40 yards



3. Right Goal Line to 30 yards



Camera positions

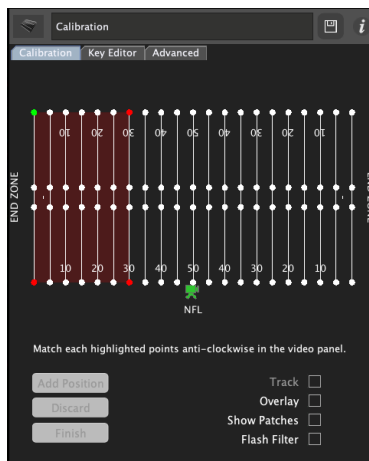
To calibrate the center camera:

1. Instruct the camera operator to obtain an angle of the left side of the field (like that shown above left).

★ **Note:** the field of view should be tight enough to just show the farside and nearside lines, yet also contain the goal line and 30 yard line within shot. (This tighter shot is to minimise lens distortion).

2. In the **Calibration** property sheet, drag the mouse over the same region - from the goal line to the 30 yard line on the left side of the field.

The region is highlighted with four corner points, with one of the corner points highlighted green.



Region Highlighted and Showing Four Corner Points

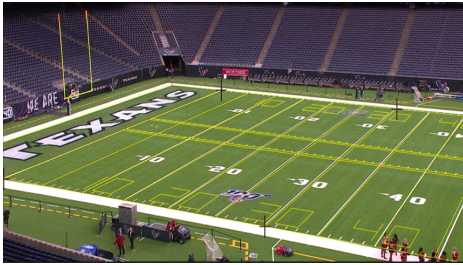
3. Select this same field position in the video UI and a little cross will appear (see the small black crosses in example screen shot below).

Additionally, you can drag this cross if you didn't quite position it right.

The next corner point is now highlighted in green in the property sheet.

4. Select that field position in the video UI and continue until all four corner points have been positioned.

After placing the fourth corner point, yellow field lines should appear on the PIERO video UI, as shown in the screenshot below.



Video UI - Yellow Field Lines

The yellow lines may not align precisely with the real field lines. To correct this, move the mouse to the misaligned point in the video UI and click where it should be. The yellow field lines will then adjust to a closer location. Continue to do this until you are satisfied most of the lines are aligned with the real lines. (Note it may not be possible to get all lines precisely aligned especially at the edges of the video window. This is due to camera lens and field distortion).

- Once satisfied select **Add Position** in the property sheet. You must do this before proceeding to the next shot.

The property sheet will now show the currently calculated camera position.

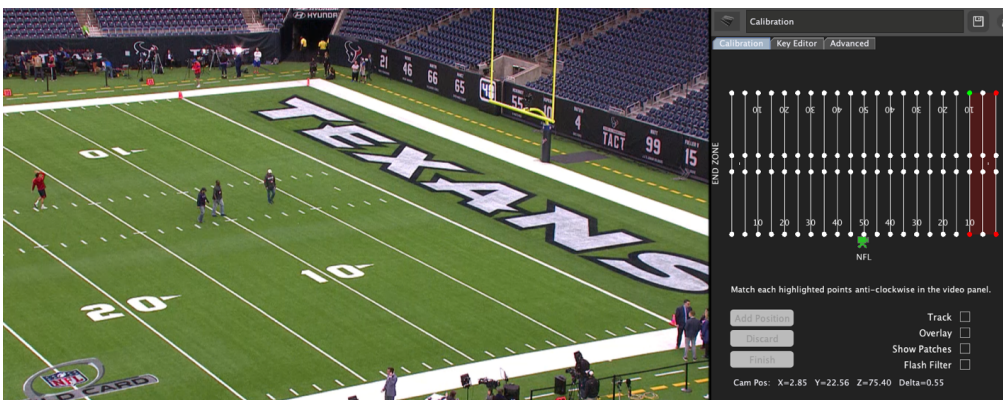
- Repeat the process for the second angle of the center camera (shown below) by dragging the appropriate area on the calibration property sheet (now 40 yard to 40 yard as shown below) and clicking on the relevant points in the video window:



40 Yard to 40 Yard Highlighted

- Correct any misalignment issues and then select **Add Position**.

★ **Note:** The camera position refinement in the property sheet will adjust and the refinement value will probably reduce. The refinement value is the distance between the currently calculated camera position and the previous one. The aim is to get this to reduce towards zero.



10 Yards to Goal Line Highlighted

8. Finally, repeat the same process for the final shot which should be of the right hand side of the field from 30 yards to the goal line.

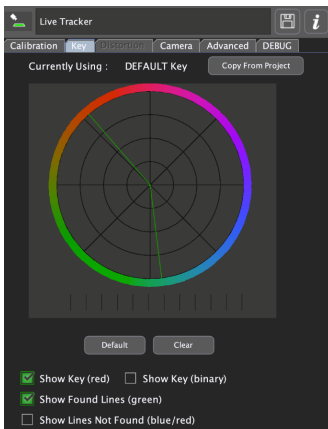
The above screenshot only shows 10 yards to goal line because the cameraman wasn't instructed correctly!

9. Select **Add Position** and then select **Finish**.

PIERO will automatically go into tracking mode and will begin tracking the camera.

Calibration Key

The calibration uses a key to help determine the location of the real field lines. The key is defined in the **Key** tab on the calibration property sheet.



Calibration Property Sheet - Key Tab

The live calibration uses the **DEFAULT Key**, a generic green color, as the default. This is recommended for most American Football use cases, but can be changed if necessary—for example on very muddy grass.

The calibration key can be changed by either [adding new key colors](#) ^[18] or [linking to an existing PIERO](#) ^[18] key.

To add new key colors:

1. In the **Calibration** property sheet, select the **Key** tab.
2. Left-click and drag over the video window to sample and select additional key colors.

To link to an existing PIERO key:

1. In your project, select the **Keyer**.
2. In the **Calibration** sheet, select the **Key** tab.
3. Select **Copy From Project**.

The calibration now uses the selected key instead of the default.

For additional information on maintaining better control over keying, refer to the [Keying](#) ^[12] section.


★ **Important:** Do not leave the **Key** tab active when using the calibration on air, as this could result in accidental changes to the key. It is recommended to have the **Calibration** tab active when using the calibration on air.


Saving

You have now completed the setup for a camera calibration for in game use.

It is recommended you now save this camera calibration.

To save the camera calibration:

1. Select the  **Save** button at the top right of the property sheet.
2. Rename the calibration after its camera number.
3. Test out the calibration before the game by having the camera operator simulate play.

See the section [Calibration During the Game](#)  to test the calibration.

Calibrating Left Camera

Follow the same calibration procedure described in the [Calibrating Center Camera](#)¹⁶ section to determine the camera's physical position on the left 20 yard line. The three camera shots for this camera are shown below. They are also attached full size in the [Camera Calibration Shots](#)²⁵ section.

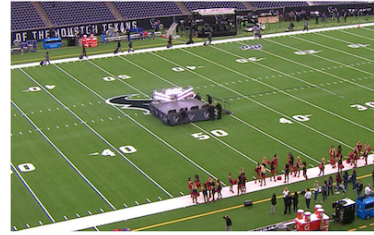
1. Left Goal Line to 20 yards



2. 20 yards to 40 yards



3. 40 yards to 40 yards



Left Camera Shots

Calibrating Right Camera

Follow the same calibration procedure for the camera on the right 20 yard line. The three camera shots recommended for this camera are shown below. They are also attached full size in the [Camera Calibration Shots](#) ²⁵ section.

1. Right Goal Line to 20 Yards



2. 20 yards to 40 yards



3. 40 yards to 40 yards

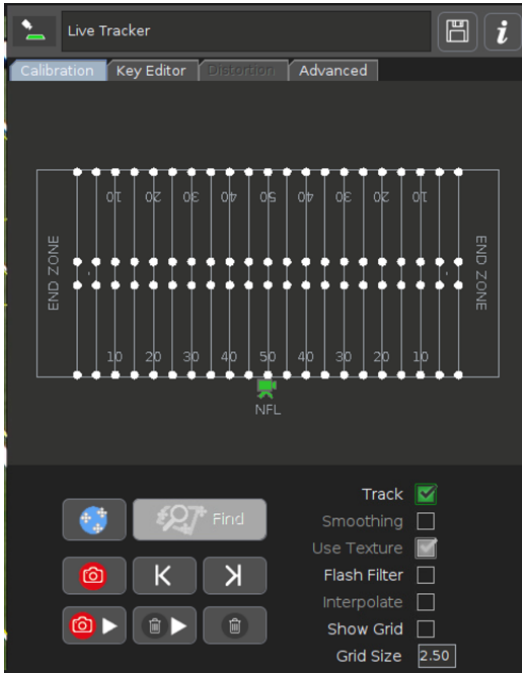


Right Camera Shots

Calibration Usage During the Game

During the game, the current calibration will track assuming the **Track** checkbox is ticked in the calibration property sheet as shown below. The optical tracking algorithm works by tracking small image patches over the field, thereby detecting camera movements in a relative manner. The patches can be viewed by selecting the **Show textures** checkbox in the **Advanced** tab.

Note: it is not recommended to leave this activated as it consumes processor time.



Calibration Tab - Track Enabled

Due to the limitations of relative optical tracking, the calibration needs to be continually reviewed during the game. For this reason, it is recommended that the field lines calibration control button is highlighted during the game. This will then permanently show the yellow field lines overlaid onto the video so the calibration can be constantly reviewed. The **Preview Control** (eye) can also be active, enabling the effect to be previewed before animating on air. Also the eye dropper control on the right can be used to live review the current key.



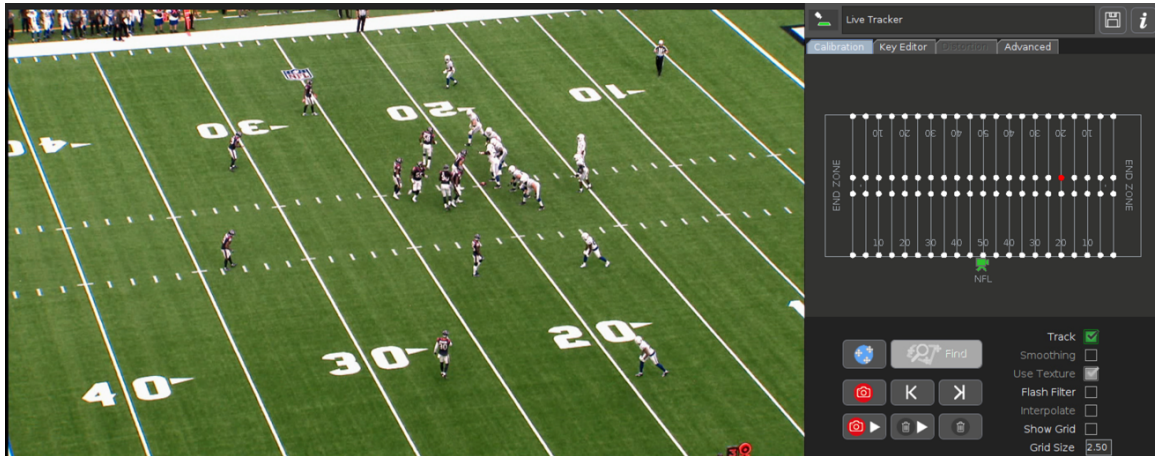
Preview Control (Eye) and Field Lines Calibration Tool Enabled

Correcting Tracking with Click-Find

Because of the relative nature of the optical tracking algorithm, it is necessary to correct the calibration between plays so that the virtual yellow lines are realigned with the real stadium lines.

To correct the calibration between plays:

1. In the **Calibration** tab, select a point on the field close to the first down line.



Calibration Tab - 20 Yard Point Selected

In the example above, the 20 yard point has been selected.

2. Select the same point in the video image.

The virtual lines should realign back to the real field lines.

★ **Note:** to speed up this selection of a calibration point, hotkeys are available. For example, pressing **8** will select the right hand 20 yard point (as shown above), or pressing **1-9** will select any 10 yard point.

Alternatively, pressing **d** will select the closest point to the current ball-on yardage.

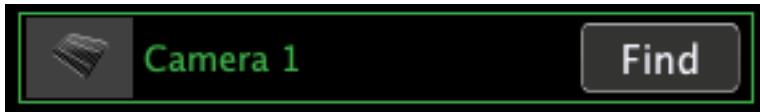
Details of all the hotkeys are shown in the help info **i** button at the top right of the property sheet.

Correcting Tracking with Line-Find

The previously mentioned Click-Find process can be time consuming and may occasionally result in field lines not quite aligning perfectly. In situations where the lines are not quite aligned, a line finding algorithm can be used. This algorithm has limitations and will be improved in the future, but it is useful for close shots where the far side of the field is not visible.

To execute a line find:

- Press the **Find** button in the calibration row on the bottom-left of the live UI.
- ★ The hot key to do this for the current active calibration is **F10**.



Calibration Row - Find Button

With sufficient experience, operators can determine the optimal conditions for utilizing this algorithm effectively, as well as when to rely on the more precise but time-intensive [Click-Find method](#)²³.

Camera Calibration Shots Summary

Ensure camera shots are zoomed tight on nearside/farside lines to minimize distortion.

Right Camera Calibration Shots

1. Right Goal Line to 20 Yards



2. 20 yards to 40 yards



3. 40 yards to 40 yards



Right Camera Calibration Shots

Center Camera Calibration Shots

1. Left Goal Line to 30 yards



2. Center 40 to 40 yards



3. Right Goal Line to 30 yards



Center Camera Calibration Shots

Left Camera Calibration Shots

1. Left Goal Line to 20 yards



2. 20 yards to 40 yards



3. 40 yards to 40 yards



Left Camera Calibration Shots

Basketball Calibration

Basketball can utilize the Line Tracker feature, even on courts without traditional white lines. To enable accurate tracking on the court's more complex surface, a few additional setup steps are required for optimal results.

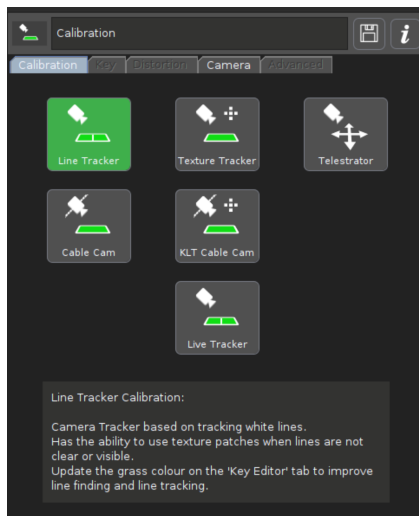
This chapter offers a detailed guide to configuring a line tracker for basketball, illustrated with an example of a basketball court as seen in the image below. Notice the non-white lines and varied color blocks in the accompanying image, which will be referenced throughout this walkthrough.



Example Basketball Court

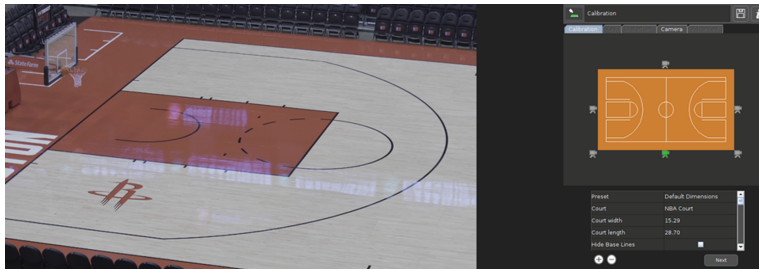
To calibrate for basketball:

1. In the **Calibration** parameter sheet, select **Line Tracker**.



Calibration Parameter Sheet

The model of the world it will track is displayed in the property sheet.



Calibration Tab

★ When calibrating, you still want to 'pose' the calibration model at each end of the court separately, which means aligning it to match specific points in the video, as is the standard procedure

In the Calibration Property sheet image above, we can see that the court seen in the video window does not match the model on the property sheet. As we go through the calibration procedure with basketball, the model on the property sheet will change.

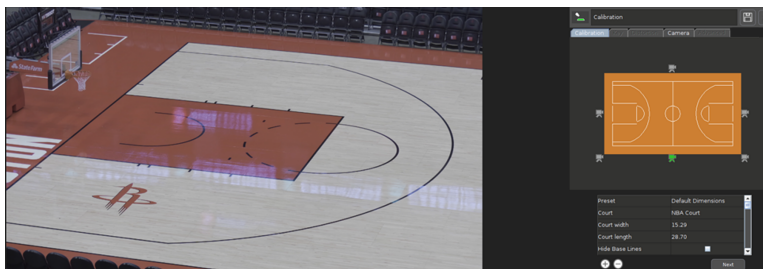
2. Remove any lines in the model that do not exist in the video.

In this step, it is important that the Court property matches the court type. In this case, it is set to NBA, as this is the general layout of the court. For example, the inner lane lines are not visible in the video, so they must be removed from the model. This can be done in two different ways.

The two ways are:

- Scroll down the list of properties in the table below the model and find the **Inner Lane Line** property and change its value to **NONE**.
- Right-click on the line on the model that is not present in the video and a pop-up menu will appear where you can select **NONE**.

Either of these two methods will remove a line from the model, so now your model should look like that in the image below, with the inner lane lines removed from the model.



Calibration Tab - Model with Inner Lane Lines Removed

★ Note: at this point the skeleton of the model matches the layout seen in the video but the line colors do not match.

3. Select **Next**.



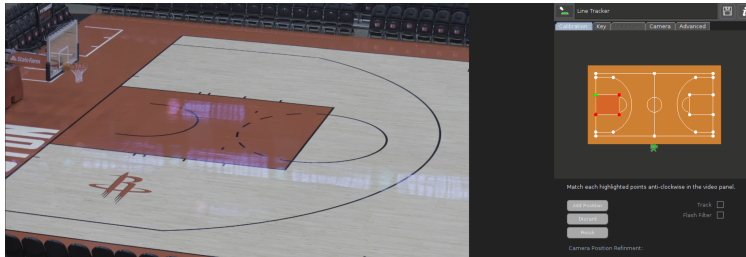
Video - Line Colors Not Matching

4. Continue with [To use the point method](#) ²⁸ to pose a basketball calibration.

To use the point method:

1. Select a number of white calibration points on the model that are visible in the video window.
2. In the video window, select the point that matches the green highlighted point on the model.

Once added, the green point moves on the model to indicate to the user which point in the video window should be added next.



Calibration Tab - Model Showing Green Point

Once all the calibration points have been placed in the video window, the calibration will snap to a pose.

3. Ensure the yellow lines lie over the actual lines of the court or match as close as possible.

Refine the alignment by clicking on line intersections in the video image where small pink dots appear to finely adjust the lining up of the model over the video.



Yellow Lines Matching Court

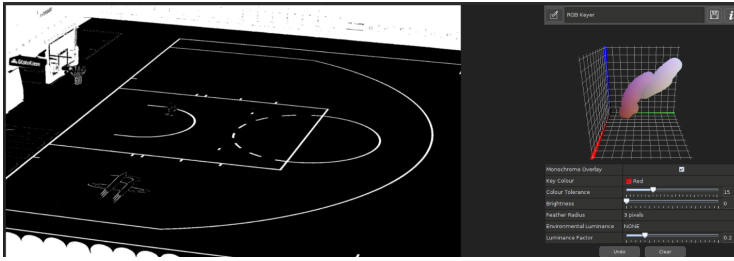
★ **IMPORTANT:** do not press **Add Position** at this stage! Once **Add Position** is selected, the basketball model will try to optimize for the lines that lie under the yellow overlaid lines, and it needs the **Key** to be correct to do this optimally.

4. Go to the [To set up the Key](#) procedure.

To set up the Key:

1. Add an **RGB Keyer** effect to your project.
2. In the video window, click and drag a box around different regions of the court.

Ideally, add only the court to the key, excluding the lines. Additionally, this **Key** can also be used for graphics.



Key Operated in the Monochrome Overlay Mode

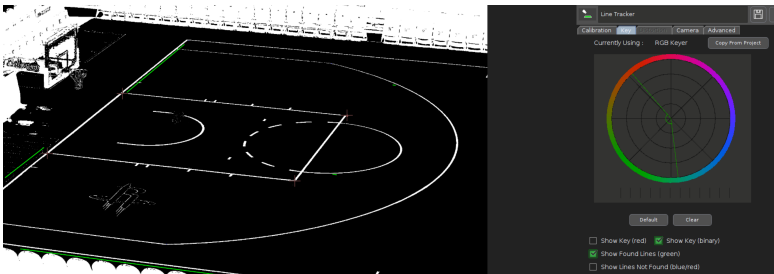
The image above shows the key setup for the example. Notice how the court is set to black in monochrome overlay mode while the lines are not included in the key and appear white. Aim for a key that resembles white lines on a black background, with the white lines matching those in your model.

3. Re-select the calibration effect and select the **Key** tab, then select the **Copy From Project** button.

The values in the **RGB Keyer** are copied into the calibration's internal key.

4. Select the **Show Key (binary)** checkbox.

The key is displayed in the **Calibration** effect and the property sheet displays **Currently Using: RGB Keyer**.



Key Copied From the RGB Keyer Effect

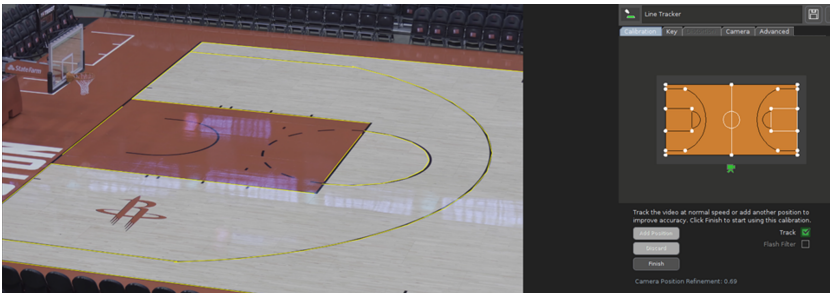
At this point, you may notice only a few (if any) green lines in the video window. This is expected, as it indicates that the line finder is not yet identifying the desired lines. To confirm, select the **Show Lines Not Found** checkbox. Blue lines will appear where lines are expected, but the fact they are blue, not green, means the line finder did not detect them. This is where line optimization is required.

5. Go to the [Optimization of Lines](#) ²⁹ section.

Optimization of Lines

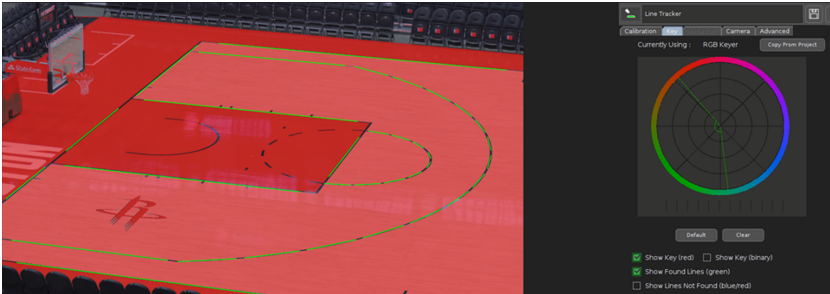
Once the model has been initially aligned and the key set, the user can select the **Add Position** button.

In basketball, selecting this button adds the pose to the system for camera position refinement as usual, while also scanning the image along the yellow overlay lines to find the optimal line-finding parameters for each line in the model. Once completed, the model on the property sheet updates to visually reflect the different types of lines. The system can only optimize lines currently visible in the video window. However, accounting for certain symmetries in the court, it can predict lines not in view. As shown in the image below, where the initial model had all white lines, some have now changed to black, and an edge has appeared around the court.



The Model Displaying the Optimized Lines

Selecting the **Key** tab now displays all the expected lines being found.

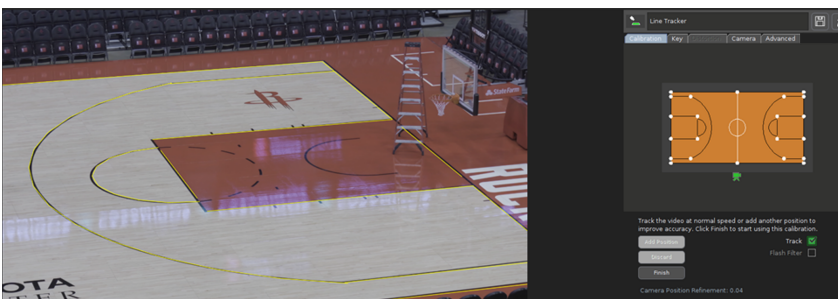


Expected Lines Shown in Green

After optimization, all expected lines are now shown in green, indicating they have been successfully detected and can be used for tracking the scene.

This single view of the court has initiated the optimization process for the model. In this example, the calibration will now be posed at the opposite end of the court to allow the tracker to detect additional lines and further refine the model.

Repeating the posing procedure at the opposite end of the court optimizes additional lines, as shown in the image below.



Calibration - Opposite End of the Court

At this stage of the calibration process, two views of the environment have been incorporated into the calibration. These views are used to calculate a consistent camera position. The halfway line remains white, although it should be black based on the video. This is because the calibration has not yet detected this line for optimization. Manual optimization of visible lines can be achieved by pressing the **O Shortcut Key**. Since the line tracker is active and the **Finish** button has not been selected, lines can continue to be optimized manually with the **O Shortcut Key**, while the calibration simultaneously tracks through the video and refines the camera position.

In this scenario, play the video until the center line appears in view (or request the camera operator to pan to the center of the court for live video). Once the center line is visible, press the **O Shortcut Key** to correctly set the center line. At the bottom of the calibration property sheet, the **Camera Position Refinement** value is displayed. As the camera pans around the court, this value should decrease and eventually stabilize. Once it stabilizes, the calibration is complete.

Saving the Calibration

After completing your calibration, saving it will add a new value called **Last Dimensions** to the **Preset** property for future calibrations. Alternatively, to ensure the model you've optimized is saved, you can follow these steps:

1. Rename the calibration effect to something new.
2. Press the **U Shortcut Key**.

Any new calibration will now include the updated name of the calibration in its **Preset** property list.

American Football Effects

This chapter provides a comprehensive guide to configuring and operating American football effects in PIERO. It covers the **Down and Distance** effect in detail, including setup instructions, operational guidelines, shortcut keys, and DataLinq integration for automatic updates. Additionally, the chapter offers an overview of other essential effects for football broadcasts, such as the **Red Zone**, **Field Goal Line**, **End Zone**, and **Scores and Badges**, to enhance viewer engagement and deliver accurate, dynamic in-game graphics.

[Down and Distance](#)  33

[Red Zone](#)  38

[Field Goal Line](#)  39

[End Zone](#)  39

[Scores and Badges](#)  40

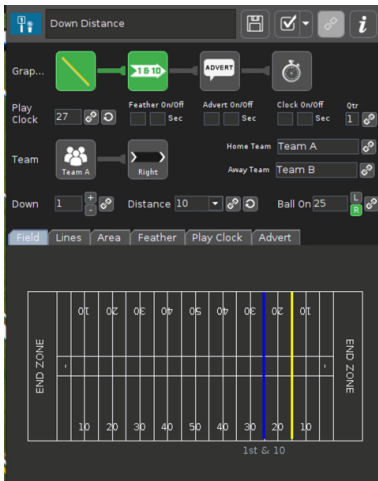
Down and Distance Effect

Once cameras, keyers and calibrations have been set up, the Down and Distance effect can be added using the following effect icon (available at the top-left of the PIERO UI):



Down and Distance Icon

The Down and Distance property sheet will then be shown on the top-right of the UI:



Down and Distance Property Sheet

This property sheet consists of (from top to bottom from example above):

- Four graphic buttons representing the down lines, feather, advert and play clock in that order. These can be toggled where green means active. Note the inter-connecting line icons which can also be toggled to allow the parent graphic to automatically control the visibility of the child graphic.
- Beneath this are the current play clock settings and on/off triggers. The triggers allow each graphic (feather, play clock, or advert) to be automatically animated on or off at the inputted play clock seconds value. See [Animating Graphics On/Off](#) for information on how to animate these graphics.
- Current team in play and play direction. Note these can be connected if desired.
- Current down, distance and ball yardage (sometimes called "ball on").
- Beneath this are further property tabs which allow control of line styles, area styles, feather, play clock and adverts.
- At the bottom of the property sheet is an overview of the field showing the current position of first down and scrimmage lines.

Animating Graphics On/Off

The current play clock settings and on/off triggers allow you to control the animation timing for each graphic, such as a feather, play clock, or advert. By entering specific play clock values in the on/off trigger textboxes, you can automatically animate graphics at the desired times. When the connecting line of the preceding graphic is activated, trigger seconds are calculated relative to the moment the parent graphic was manually clicked.

To animate graphics on/off:

- In the **On/Off** trigger text boxes, enter the desired play clock values to set the automated animation timing for the desired graphic, such as feather, play clock, or advert.

Alternatively, if no values are entered in the trigger boxes, the graphic must be animated manually by pressing the relevant button.

For example: Automatically animate an advert on when the play clock reaches 20 by entering "20" into the "on" trigger textbox, and animate it off when the play clock resets by entering "40" into the "off" trigger textbox. These trigger seconds are interpreted differently when the connecting line of the preceding graphic is activated. In this scenario, the seconds become relative to when the parent graphic was manually clicked.

Configuration

Before play, configure the following settings for the Down and Distance effect:

- Enter team names into the home/away text fields of the property sheet. These can be [DataLinq](#).³⁴
- Set the desired line style and colors using the "Lines" tab on the property sheet.
- Set the desired area style (which is drawn between the scrimmage line and the first down line) by using the **Area** tab of the property sheet.
- Set the home/away feather graphics by using the **Feather** tab on the property sheet. Feathers can be images (PNG recommended) or TGA sequences.
- Set the home/away play clock graphic by using the **Play Clock** tab on the property sheet.
- Configure the adverts in the **Advert** tab. Adverts can be images (recommended PNG files) or movies (TGA folders). Adverts can be configured per down.

Once the down and distance effect is configured, save the effect.

DataLinq

DataLinq can be used to automatically drive the down and distance properties using a DataLinq connection to the stadium score board. Attempting to drive the down and distance manually is possible but will need a lot of concentration! There are seven parameters that can be connected to the relevant DataLinq score board fields. They are: down, distance, yardage (or ball-on) play clock, quarter, home team name and away team name.

To use DataLinq:

1. Connect using the **PIERO Settings** tab as described in the [DataLinq configuration](#)³⁴ section.
2. Then click on one of the chain icons in the property sheet.

A popup window will appear.



DataLinq Pop-Up Window

3. Select the relevant cell in the table that matches with the property you wish to link to in the property sheet.

For example, to connect the **Down** property, select the second column table cell that has a matching down value. Do not select the text description cell in the first column – it must be the number value in the second column.

Unfortunately, scoreboards don't generally know which side of the field play is currently on. In American Football the ball yardage of 50 to 0 appears on both sides of the field. For this reason the operator must check which side of the field play is currently on and manually set the left/right buttons accordingly in the down and distance property sheet:



Down and Distance Property Sheet - Left / Right Buttons

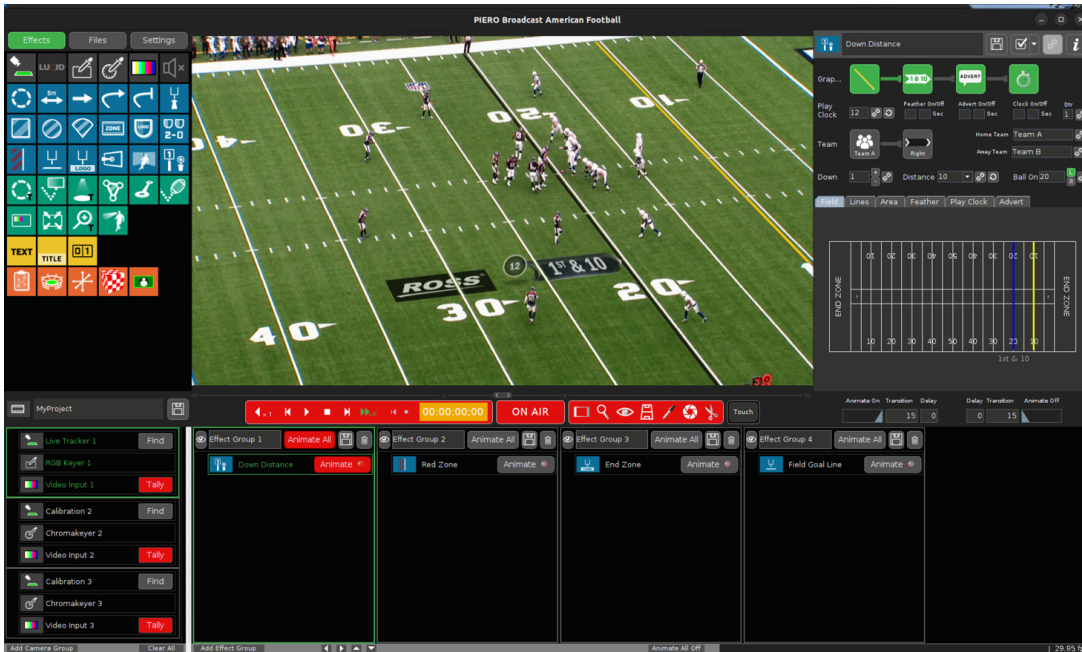
Shortcut Keys

There are a number of shortcut keys available for the down and distance effect the most important of which are summarised below. A complete list of hot keys and mouse usage are available in the "i" help icon at the top right of the property sheet.

Hot key	Behaviour
2 Digit numbers	Typing two digits can be used to quickly choose the current ball on yardage. For example typing "21" will choose the 21st yard.
l	Selects the left side of the field
r	Selects the right side of the field
,	Increases down number
.	Decreases down number
d	Resets to 1st down and 10 yards

Live Down and Distance Operation

Live operational use of the down and distance effect (with 3 cameras) should look like the following:



Down and Distance - Live Operational Use

For each play, the following steps should be executed:

1. Ensure that you are "ON AIR" with the preview and field control buttons active.

This will allow you to preview the calibration and graphics before you animate on anything.



ON AIR, Preview, and Field Control Buttons Activated

2. Select the current active camera (center, left or right) by clicking on the relevant camera group that you previously set up on the bottom-right of the PIERO UI.

★ Hot keys are available to do this: "F1" will select the first camera, "F2" the second camera, and "F3" the third etc.

3. Ensure the calibration is correct using the yellow field lines as a visual guide.
4. If it is incorrect then use the calibration find procedures outlined in the [calibration section](#).

The F1, F2 or F3 hotkeys will automatically select the calibration effect for fast workflow use.

5. Ensure the keying is correct using the eye dropper tool (on the left of the field lines tool) to show the current key.

★ Hot keys Shift+F1, Shift+F2 etc. can be used to quickly select the relevant keyer for camera 1, 2 etc.

6. Ensure the down and distance effect is positioned correctly and showing the correct information.

Use the "eye" preview tool to show the effect in the video window to ensure the down and distance effect is positioned correctly and showing the correct information.

Using the preview tool will not send the effect to air on the SDI output.

Use the hotkey F8 to automatically select the down and distance effect.

7. If the calibration and graphic look OK then you're ready to animate on the down and distance effect.

Use the animate button to do this (or press the space bar hotkey if the effect is selected) – it will go red when active:



Animate Button

8. When play has completed, animate off the graphic by pressing the "Animate" button again (or press space again).
9. As each play restarts repeat steps 2 to 6.

Live Shortcut Keys

To speed up live operation a number of hot keys are available, the most important of which are shown below. A complete list of available hot keys in the live UI can be seen using the **Shortcuts** button in the general settings of the PIERO UI. Hot keys specific for each effect can be seen using the "i" icon in the effect property sheet at the top right of the live UI.

Hot key	Behaviour
F1, F2, F3 etc	Selects the camera group and calibration for camera 1, 2, 3 etc.
Shift+F1, Shift+F2 etc	Selects the keyer for camera 1, 2, 3 etc
F8	Selects Down and Distance effect (or if D&D effect not found, then the first effect in effect group 1).
F9	Toggles key overlay.
F10	Executes a "Find" on the current calibration.
<Space>	Animates on/off the selected effect.
'd'	Selects the nearest calibration click-find point to the current ball-on yardage from the down and distance effect (only when calibration selected).

Other Effects

The following effects are covered in this section:

[Red Zone](#) 

[Field Goal Line](#) 

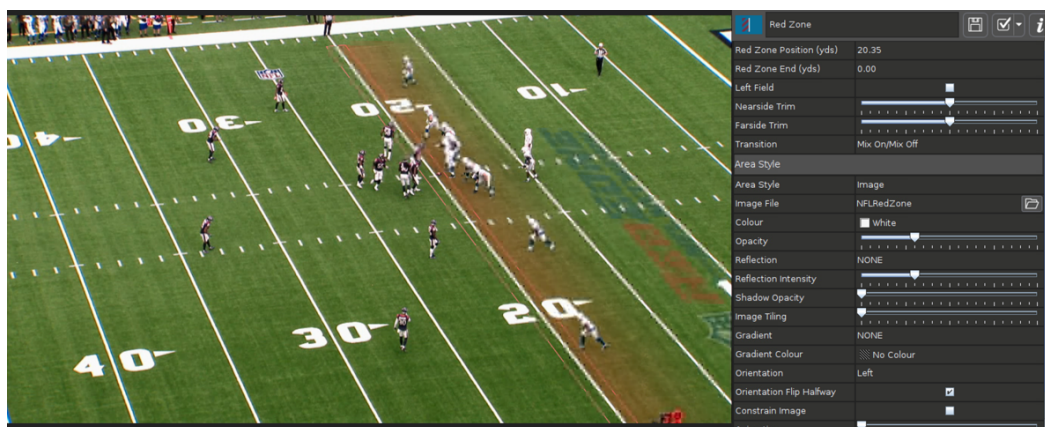
[End Zone](#) 

[Scores and Badges](#) 

Red Zone



The red zone effect paints a 20 yard area of the field in red (or a user selectable image as shown below). The start and end position of the red zone can be chosen in the property sheet. Shortcut keys are available – see the “i” help info icon.

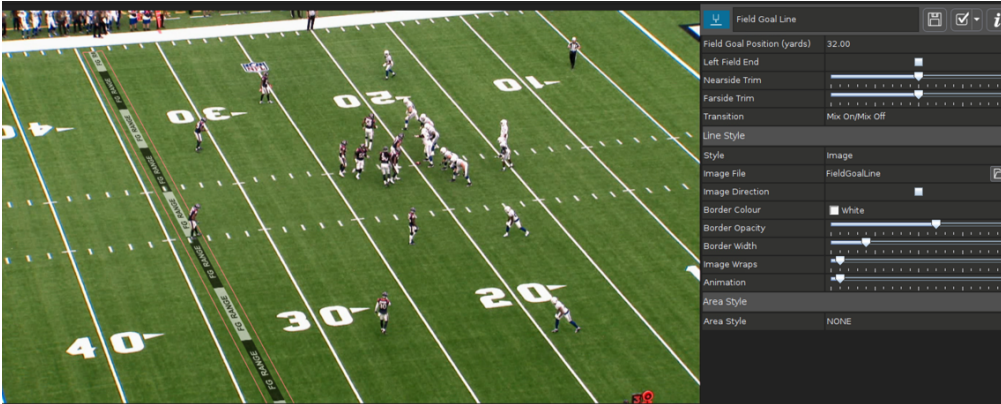


Red Zone

Field Goal Line



The field goal line represents the theoretical distance a goal kicker can kick a field goal during play. It can be placed anywhere along the field. The line style animation can be changed using the property sheet. Shortcut keys are available – see the “i” help info icon.

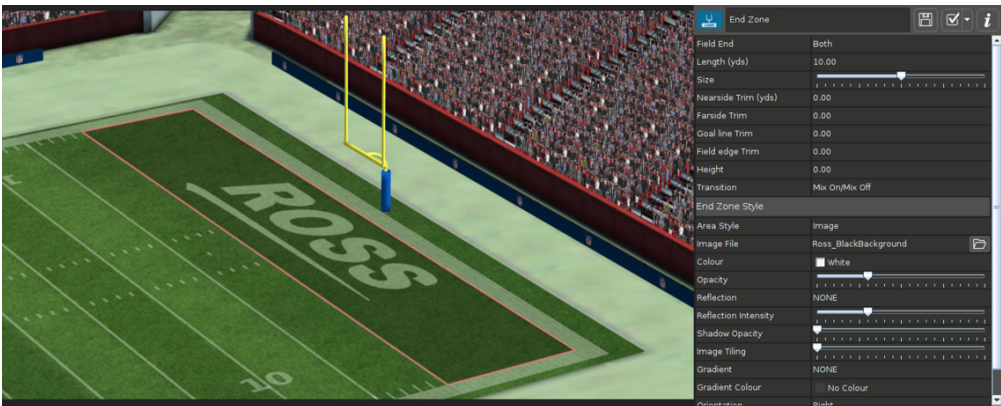


Field Goal Line

End Zone



An end zone graphic can be added to either or both sides of the field using the end zone effect. This could be used for an advert or a team logo. Shortcut keys are available – see the “i” help info icon.



End Zone

Scores and Badges



The scores and badges effect allows the current score and the team logos to be placed onto the field to inform viewers of the score. The scores can be connected to the scoreboard via DataLinq using the chain icons in the property sheet (ensure you're connected to DataLinq first). The logos can also be changed in the property sheet.



Scores and Badges

Basketball Effects

This chapter provides an overview of essential basketball effects, including the **Shot Clock** and **3-Point Line**, aimed at captivating viewers and presenting precise, dynamic in-game visuals.

[Shot Clock](#) 

[3 Point Line](#) 

3-Point Line



The **3-point Line** effect for basketball highlights the 3-point line with customizable styles, such as laser or glow effects, adding visual impact to enhance the audience's viewing experience.

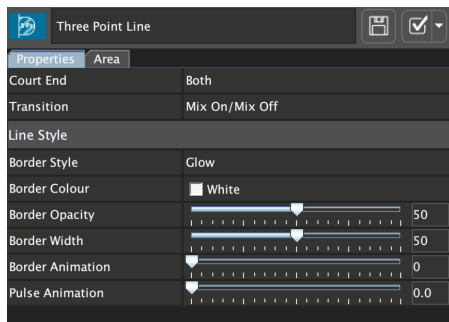
The **3-Point Line effect** requires [calibration](#)^[14] and a [key](#)^[12].



Three Point Line Effect

To use the 3-Point Line effect:

1. In the Launcher, select basketball for the sport mode.
2. Add the **3-point Line** effect to the project.
3. Select which end of the court you want the effect to appear on.
4. In the parameter sheet, from the **Transition** drop-down, select an animate option (**On**, **Off**, **Mix On/Mix Off**).



Three Point Line Effect Parameters

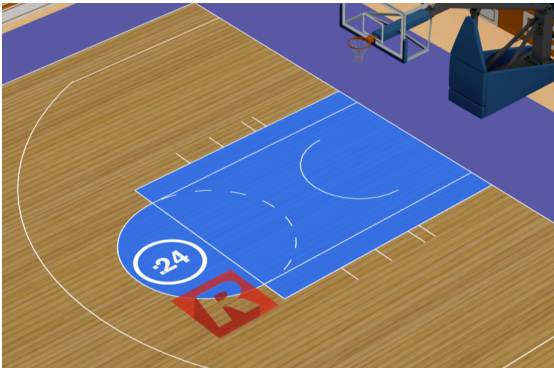
5. In the **Line Style** section of the parameter sheet, adjust the desired styles for the line.

★ The **Pulse Animation** slider controls the rate at which the border pulses.

Shot Clock



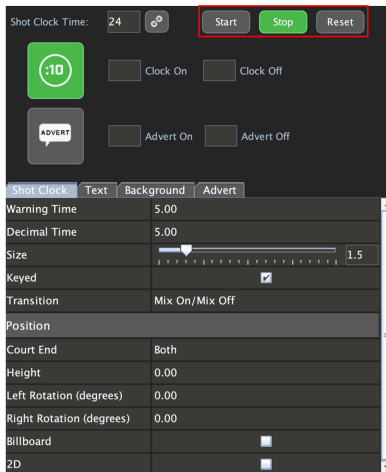
The **Shot Clock** effect draws a countdown clock graphic at each end of the court (or field for other sports). It is mainly used for basketball, but can be used for other sports. Optional advert properties are available, should an advert need to be placed beneath the shot clock.



Shot Clock

To manually control the Shot Clock:

1. Add the **Shot Clock** effect to the project.
2. In the effect's parameter sheet, control the time of the clock by selecting the **Start**, **Stop**, and **Reset** buttons.

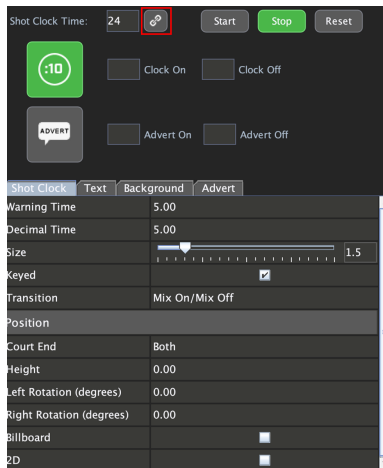


Shot Clock Parameter Sheet - Control Buttons

To enable automatic control of the Shot Clock:

★ Requires DataLinq integration.

1. Ensure DataLinq is configured.
2. In the **Shot Clock** parameter sheet, select the  **Linq** button next to the **Shot Clock Time** field.





Shot Clock Parameter Sheet - Linq Button

The **Shot Clock** can now be driven automatically from a DataLinq feed.

Additional Shot Clock Properties

This section describes the available options for customizing the shot clock's appearance, behavior, and accompanying elements through various tabs in the user interface.

Shot Clock Tab

- Control graphics using the  **Shot Clock** and  **Advert** buttons on the top-left of the property sheet.
- Trigger animations with the **Clock On/Off** or **Advert On/Off** text boxes.
Entering a time (in seconds) will trigger the graphic to animate at that time.
- Configure visual cues using **Warning Time** and **Decimal Time** settings to change the shot clock's color or display decimals at specified times.
- Customize the Shot Clock using the **Position** options such as height, rotation, and position. For example, the shot clock can be placed at both ends of the court or within a 2D box.

Text Tab

- Customize the style and appearance of the Shot Clock's text, including font, size, and color.

Background Tab

- Configure the background behind the Shot Clock, with options to change its style and appearance. The default background is a white circle.

Advert Tab

- Customize the advert's style, selecting from an image, a movie, or a video input to appear beneath the Shot Clock.



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